#### A Project Report on

## **Advanced Encryption Standard Implemented on FPGA**

Submitted in the Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements For the Award of

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Bachelor of Technology}\\ \textbf{in}\\ \textbf{Electronics \& Communication Engineering}\\ By \end{array}$ 

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#### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the work contained in the thesis titled "Advanced Encryption Standard Implemented on FPGA" submitted by Himanshu Kumar(20105014), Kritika Kirthalaya(20105013) and Rohit Prakash(20105022) in the partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of Bachelor of Technology in Electronics and Communication Engineering to the Electronics and Communication Engineering Department, Motilal Nehru National Institute of Technology, Allahabad, is a bonafide work of the students carried out under my supervision.

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#### **Abstract**

AES is the new encryption standard. In this project, we implement a very efficient pipelined hardware implementation of AES-128 cipher. It has a throughput of more than 500Mega bit per second. Besides, improving the encryption throughput, the pipeline can be taken advantage of if the number of rounds (currently 10) must increase for security reasons.

AES is based on a design principle known as a substitution-permutation network, and is fast in both software and hardware. Unlike its predecessor DES, AES does not use a Feistel network. AES is a variant of Rijndael which has a fixed block size of 128 bits, and a key size of 128, 192, or 256 bits. By contrast, the Rijndael specification *per se* is specified with block and key sizes that may be any multiple of 32 bits, both with a minimum of 128 and a maximum of 256 bits.

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