## **Assignment 3 - Design Document**

We split the problem into 3 stages of Map-Reduce:

### Job 1 + Job 2:

Calculate the 4 association metrics for each <Lexeme,Feature> pair.

#### Job1

We made a **custom key** class **WordAndTagKey** that holds **a word and a tag**, to be able to calculate the different count metrics: count(L = l), count(L), count(F), in the same job.

### Mapper

Input -> corpus

Output -> < WordAndTagKey, LongWritable >

There are 4 key options:
<lexeme, 'Lex'>, count\_l
<lexeme feature, 'Pair'>, count\_lf
<\*, 'L'>, count\_L
<\*, 'F'>, count\_F

the sorting: F < L < Lex < Pair

### Reducer:

F -> sum all the values and emit to **LFFile** 

L -> sum all the values and emit to **LFFile** 

for each Lexeme the reducer will get the Lex tag for the lexeme and sum all the values to get the count\_l, we will save it as field in the reducer and will get next all the

Pairs with that specific lexeme and emit the

<lexeme,feature>,count\_lf,count\_l

Out1 line: <lexeme,feature> count\_lf, count\_l

outLF file: L Count(L)
F Count(F)

#### Job2

add the count\_f values to each line of out1

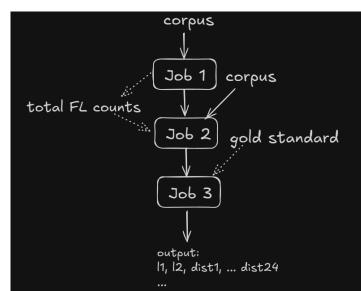
### Mapper:

Input -> corpus + out1

If <u>corpus line</u> -> emit **<feature,"F">, count** if <u>out1 line</u> -> emit **<feature,"out">, line** 

#### Reducer:

Startup -> load F and L values from the FLFolder



The sorting will send **same features** in the key to the **same reducer**, with the **"F"** tag keys **first**.

This will enable us to save local field with the total **count\_f** for a feature and immediately afterwards get all the **lexeme feature** pairs and

For each **<lexeme, feature>** pair in the reducer we will have all of the necessary data to calculate the **4 association metrics**.

Out2 line: <lexeme,feature>, assoc1, assoc2, assoc3, assoc4

## Job3:

Mapper

Input -> out2

Startup -> load gold standard into a hashmap in each mapper

Map -> for each line in output 2

if lexeme in gold standard proceed:

go over all paired words with this lexeme in the gold standard and for each of them emit: key: **lexeme** paired with the **other word** in the correct order appeared in the gold standard and the **current feature**, with all the **association metrics as value**, the value will also contain a **tag "First" or "Second"** indicating the position of the sent word values in the pair

Reduce -> we will receive <lexeme1, lexeme2, feature> key values of type: assoc1, assoc2, assoc3, assoc4

this will allow us to keep **incremental counters** for each part of the distance and similarity equations.

the sorting will make all the features of a specific lexeme1,lexeme2 pair come **sequentially** and once the pair is different we can calculate the distance metrics and emit the <l1, l2> with the 24 metrics.

Close -> emit the last <11,l2> 24 metrics data.

Out3: last <11,12> 24 metrics data.

first 4 metrics will be Manhattan distances, with respect to assoc1, assoc2, assoc3, assoc4.

second 4 will be Euclidian distances and so on up to Jensen-Shannon metric.

# **Estimations:**

```
V1 = set of lexemes, |V1| = n
V2 = set of features, |V2| = m
```

## Job1:

Key-Value pairs: 2 keys for L and F counts, n keys for count\_l, and **O(n\*m)** keys for count\_lf

Memory usage:

```
Mapper -> none
```

Reducer -> O(1), saving 1 long variable in the reducer for current count\_l

# Job2:

Key-Value pairs: each feature have 2 possible tags => 2\*m

Memory usage:

Mapper -> none

Reducer -> **O(1),** saving 1 long variable in the reducer for current count\_f, and 2 longs for count(F) and count(L)

### Job3:

Let us define: F(l) -> number of features of lexeme l that appear in the corpus

Key-Value pairs:

For each lexeme we will iterate over all lexemes that appear with it in the corpus, and emit 1 record for each one of its features -> **Gold-Standard** \* 2 \* **F(l)** 

Memory usage:

Mapper -> gold standard

Reducer -> O(1) for current distances accumulators