## Vim

Cheatsheet for the basic Vim Commands

Raphaele Salvatore Licciardo, B.Sc.

## Modes

• Insert Mode: Entering with i

Visual Mode: Entering with v

Command Mode: Entering with :

Replace Mod: Entering with : s

• Theoretically there are more Modes like x and -y but they are ugly. So don't use them!

## Moving around

- ^d Moving a Page down
- ^u Moving a Page up
- h Moving the Cursor to the left
- 1 Moving the Cursor to the right
- k Moving the Cursor up
- O Adding a line below in Insert Mode
- gk Moving the Cursor up even in line-breaks
- j Moving the Cursor down
- gj Moving the Cursor down even in line-breaks
- b Moving the Cursor one Word back
- Xb Moving the Cursor X Word back
- W Moving the Cursor one Word forward
- Xw Moving the Cursor X Words forward
- Xj Moving the Cursor X lines down
- Xk Moving the Cursor X lines up
- Xh Moving the Cursor X chars left
- X1 Moving the Cursor X chars right
- gg Moving the Cursor to the Beginning of the File
- G Moving the Cursor to the End of the File
- Moving the Cursor to the Beginning of the Line
- \$ Moving the Cursor to the End of the Line
- :abc Go to the Line Number abc
- · H Go to the last Middle on Screen
- M Go to the last Middle on Screen
- L Go to the last Line on Screen
- Go to the previous Sentence
- ) Go to the next Sentence

- > Indent
- < Unindent</li>
- Insert a line above with Insert Mode
- O Insert a line below with Insert Mode
- I moves the cursor to the beginning of the line with Insert Mode
- A moves the cursor to the end of the line with Insert Mode
- i moves the cursor to the beginning of the character with Insert Mode
- i moves the cursor to the end of the character with Insert Mode
- fx moves to the first Character x
- Fx moves to the first Character x backwards
- txves to the first Character x but not on it, just before
- Tx moves to the first Character x but not on it, just before, backwards
- , do it again backwards
- ; do it again forwards
- gf Jumps to an File (e.g. Open an Imported File -> import "path/to/file.lua")

## **Edit Text**

- = Align Selection
- u Make Selection Lowercase
- U Make Selection Uppercase
- rX Replace the current Character with an X
- X Deletes the current Character
- X Deletes the current Character
- dw Deletes the current Word from the actual position
- ciw Deletes the current Word
- db Deletes until Beginning
- ce Deletes the current Word and go to Insert Mode
- dXw Deletes the next X Words
- dd Deletes the current Line
- :x, yd Deletes Line x to y
- d\\$ Deletes the current Line from the actual position
- C Deletes the current Line from the actual position and go to Insert Mode
- ce Deletes the current Line from the actual position and go to Insert Mode
- D Deletes the current Line from the actual position
- J Join current Line with the next Line
- P Put Buffer befor cursor
- p Put Buffer after cursor
- gl Uppercase
- qu Lowercase
- df ( delete everything until the ( Character
- dt ( delete everything before the ( Character
- dF (delete everything until the (Character but backwards)
- dT ( delete everything before the ( Character but backwards
- d, do it again backwards
- d; do it again forwards
- yf ( yank everything until the ( Character

- yt ( yank everything before the ( Character
- yF ( yank everything until the ( Character but backwards
- yT ( yank everything before the ( Character but backwards
- y, do it again backwards
- y; do it again forwards
- vf (select everything until the (Character
- vt ( select everything before the ( Character
- vF (select everything until the (Character but backwards)
- vT (select everything before the (Character but backwards
- v, do it again backwards
- v; do it again forwards
- da) Delete around Brackets
- da} Delete around Curly Brackets
- dap Delete around Paragraph
- vaw Visually select around word

## Exit Vim

- :q! Force to Exit
- : q Exit
- :wq Write and Exit
- :wq Write and Exit with Force

#### Delete

- dl delete character (alias: x)
- diw delete inner word
- daw delete a word
- diW delete inner WORD (see |WORD|)
- daW delete a WORD (see |WORD|)
- dgn delete the next search pattern match
- dd delete one line
- dis delete inner sentence
- das delete a sentence
- dib delete inner '(' ')' block
- dab delete a '(' ')' block
- dip delete inner paragraph
- dap delete a paragraph
- diB delete inner '{' '}' block
- daB delete a '{' '}' block

# Search and Replace

- /abc Search for abc in the Document
- n Go to the next Result
- N Go to the previous Result
- : noh Stop Highlighting the Results
- :%s/foo/bar Search in the complete Document for foo and replace it with bar

- :%s/foo/bar/g Search in the complete Document for foo and replace it with bar, for every result!
- :'<, '>s/foo/bar Search in the actual selection for foo and replace it with bar!
- :'<, '>s/foo/bar/g Search in the actual selection for foo and replace it with bar, for every result!

## Regular Expressions

## this is normaly enough, but see this for more.

- ^# Match the Character #
- \( Start a Group
- \) End a Group
- .\{-}\ Match any character 0 or more times in a non-greedy way
- .\{.\*}\ Match as little as possible, and not as much as possible
- abc Match abc

### Netrw

- % Open a new file in netrw's current directory
- d Make a directory
- D Attempt to remove the file(s)/directory(ies)
- p Preview the File
- R Rename the designated file(s)/directory(ies)
- - Makes Netrw go up one directory