FLU EXPRESS



Flu Express is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office of the Centre for Health Protection. It monitors and summarizes the latest local and global influenza activities.

Local Situation of Influenza Activity (as of Jul 9, 2014)

Reporting period: Jun 29 - Jul 5, 2014 (Week 27)

- The overall influenza activity in this week was similar to that in last week. The influenza
 activity in the recent two weeks has decreased slightly when compared to that in
 mid-June but was still higher than May.
- The CHP has collaborated with the Hospital Authority and private hospitals to reactivate the enhanced surveillance of influenza associated intensive care unit (ICU) admissions or deaths aged 18 years or above since Jun 23. As of Jul 9, there were 12 cases of influenza associated ICU admission, in which 5 of them were fatal.
- Influenza can cause serious illnesses in high-risk individuals and even healthy persons.
 Except for those with contraindications, influenza vaccination is suitable for all members of the public.
- Children (aged between six months and less than 6 years, or attending a kindergarten or child care centre in Hong Kong) and elderly (aged 65 years or above), who are eligible, can be subsidised for seasonal influenza vaccination from enrolled private doctors participating in the Government's vaccination subsidy schemes.

Influenza-like-illness surveillance among sentinel general outpatient clinics, 2012-14

In week 27, the average consultation rate for influenza-like illness (ILI) among sentinel general outpatient clinics (GOPCs) was 4.2 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 1).

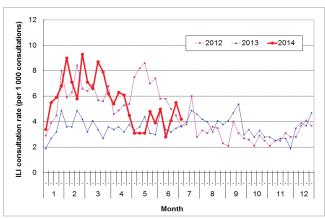


Figure 1 ILI consultation rate at sentinel GOPC, 2012-14

Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel private doctors, 2012-14

In week 27, the average consultation rate for ILI among sentinel private doctors was 32.3 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 2).

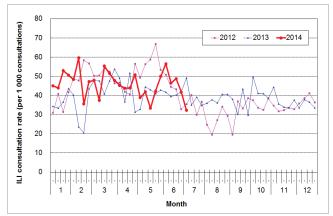


Figure 2 ILI consultation rate at sentinel GP, 2012-14

Influenza virus detections (Laboratory surveillance), 2013-14

For the respiratory specimens received in week 27, 193 (10.3%) were tested positive for seasonal influenza viruses, including 3 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses, 171 influenza A(H3) viruses, 14 influenza B viruses and 5 influenza C viruses(Figure 3).

Percentage positive for influenza viruses, 2013-14

Among the respiratory specimens received in week 27, 0.2% was influenza A(H1N1)pdm09, 9.1% influenza A(H3), 0.7% influenza B, and 0.3% influenza C (Figure 4).

30% of influenza detections 800 25% 600 20% 15% 400 200 ò 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 2013 Week by receipt of specimens ■A (H1N1)pdm09 ■A (H3) ■B ■C Flu % positive

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Figure 3 Influenza virus detections, 2013-14

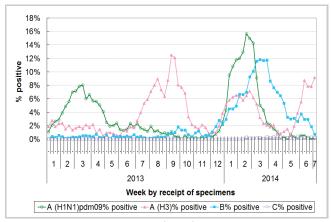


Figure 4 Percentage positive for influenza viruses, 2013-14

Influenza-like illness outbreak monitoring, 2013-14

In week 27, 4 ILI outbreaks occurring in schools/institutions were recorded. In the first 4 days of week 28 (Jul 6 to 9, 2014), 1 ILI outbreak occurring in an institution was recorded (Figure 5).

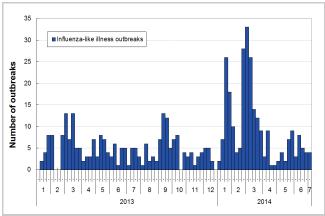


Figure 5 ILI outbreaks, 2013-14

Rate of influenza-like illness syndrome group in accident and emergency departments, 2012-14#

In week 27, the rate of the influenza-like illness syndrome group in the accident and emergency departments (AED) was 159.0 (per 1,000 coded cases) (Figure 6).

#Note: The influenza-like illness syndrome group includes codes such as influenza, upper respiratory tract infection, fever, cough, throat pain, and pneumonia.

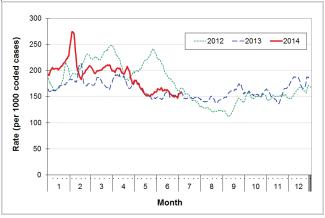


Figure 6 Rate of ILI syndrome group in AED, 2012-14

Influenza associated hospital admission rates and deaths based on discharge coding, 2012-14

In week 27, hospital admission rates with principal diagnosis of influenza for persons aged 0-4 years, 5-64 years and 65 years or above were 1.01, 0.04, and 0.27 cases respectively (per 10,000 people in the age group) (Figure 7). Weekly number of deaths with any diagnosis of influenza in public hospitals is also shown in the figure on the right hand side.

Fever surveillance at sentinel child care centres/kindergartens, 2012-14

In week 27, 0.84% of children in the sentinel child care centres/ kindergartens (CCC/ KG) had fever (Figure 8).

Fever surveillance at sentinel residential care homes for the elderly, 2012-14

In week 27, 0.13% of residents in the sentinel residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) had fever (Figure 9).

Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel Chinese medicine practitioners, 2012-14

In week 27, the average consultation rate for ILI among Chinese medicine practitioners (CMPs) was 2.30 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 10).

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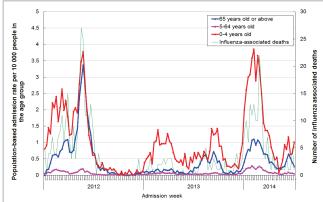


Figure 7 Influenza associated hospital admission rates and deaths, 2012-14

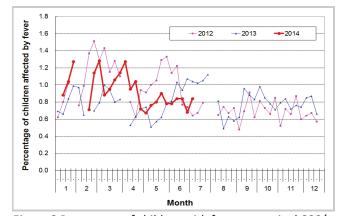


Figure 8 Percentage of children with fever at sentinel CCC/ KG, 2012-14

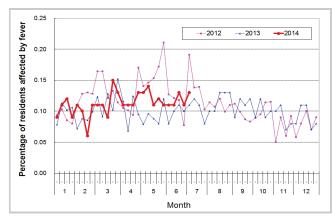


Figure 9 Percentage of residents with fever at sentinel RCHE, 2012-14

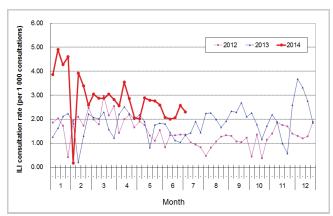


Figure 10 ILI consultation rate at sentinel CMP, 2012-14

Enhanced Surveillance for Severe Seasonal Influenza (Aged 18 years or above)

• From Jul 2, 2014, 12:00 noon, to Jul 9, 2014, 12:00 noon, 6 cases of influenza associated ICU admission/death were recorded, in which 3 of them were fatal.

Note: The data reported are provisional figures and subject to further revision.

Surveillance of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication/death (Aged above one month and below 18 years)

• In week 27, one case of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication was reported, involving a 7-year-old boy who had developed meningoencephalitis. He had been discharged on Jul 10. His respiratory specimen was tested positive for influenza A(H3). In the first 4 days of week 28 (Jul 6 to 9, 2014), there were no new cases of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication/death.

Note: The data reported are provisional figures and subject to further revision.

Surveillance of oseltamivir resistant influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus infection

In week 27 and the first 4 days of week 28 (Jul 6 to 9, 2014), there were no new reports of oseltamivir (Tamiflu) resistant influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus infection. There are totally 47 reports of oseltamivir resistant influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus detected in Hong Kong since 2009.

Global Situation of Influenza Activity

- In the United States (week ending Jun 28, 2014), ILI consultation rate was below the national baseline.
- In Canada (week ending Jun 28, 2014), influenza activity continued to decline and was approaching inter-seasonal level.
- In the United Kingdom (week ending Jun 29, 2014), the weekly influenza consultation rates remained low in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.
- In New Zealand (week ending Jun 29, 2014), the ILI consultation rate has steadily increased in past few weeks but was still below the seasonal threshold.
- In Singapore (week ending Jul 5, 2014), the number of consultations for acute respiratory infections remained low.

Sources:

Information have been extracted from the following sources when updates are available: <u>United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention</u>, <u>Public Health Agency of Canada</u>, <u>United Kingdom Health Protection Agency</u>, <u>New Zealand Ministry of Health</u> and <u>Singapore Ministry of Health</u>.