FLU EXPRESS



Flu Express is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office of the Centre for Health Protection. It monitors and summarizes the latest local and global influenza activities.

Local Situation of Influenza Activity (as of Mar 15, 2012)

Reporting period: Mar 4 - 10, 2012 (Week 10)

- The latest surveillance data showed that the overall influenza activity had peaked in mid-February and started to decrease thereafter.
- The Centre for Health Protection has collaborated with the Hospital Authority and private hospitals to monitor influenza associated intensive care unit (ICU) admissions or deaths (aged 18 years or above) since Jan 13, 2012. As of Mar 14, there were 67 cases of influenza associated ICU admissions or deaths, in which 42 of them were fatal.
- As the winter influenza season is expected to last for a few more weeks, target groups are advised to make use of the last opportunity to receive influenza vaccinations.

Influenza-like-illness surveillance among sentinel general outpatient clinics, 2010-12

In week 10, the average consultation rate for influenza-like illness (ILI) among sentinel general outpatient clinics (GOPCs) was 6.9 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 1).

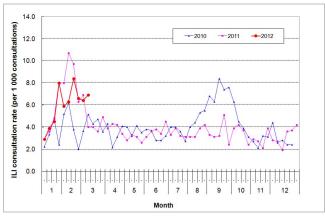


Figure 1 ILI consultation rate at sentinel GOPC, 2010-12

Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel private doctors, 2010-12

In week 10, the average consultation rate for ILI among sentinel private doctors was 50.4 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 2).

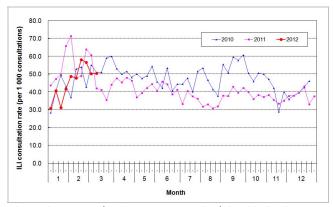


Figure 2 ILI consultation rate at sentinel GP, 2010-12

Influenza virus detections (Laboratory surveillance), 2011-12

In week 10, the number of influenza viruses detected in the Public Health Laboratory Centre was 377, including 298 influenza B viruses, 72 influenza A (H3) viruses, 6 influenza A(H1N1)2009 viruses and 1 influenza A virus (Figure 3).

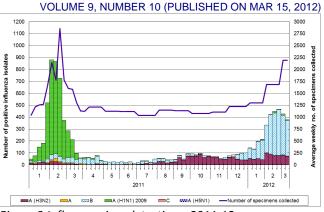


Figure 3 Influenza virus detections, 2011-12

Influenza-like illness outbreak monitoring, 2011-12

In week 10, 39 ILI outbreaks occurring in schools/institutions were recorded (Figure 4). In the first 4 days of week 11 (Mar 11 to 14, 2012), 19 ILI outbreaks occurring in schools/institutions were recorded.

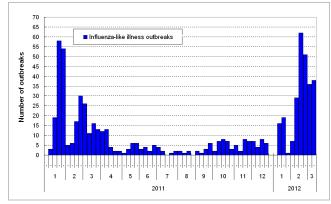


Figure 4 ILI outbreaks, 2011-12

Influenza associated hospital admission rates and deaths based on discharge coding, 2010-12

In week 10, hospital admission rates with principal diagnosis of influenza for persons aged 0-4 years, 5-64 years and 65 years or above were 2.03, 0.10 and 0.66 cases respectively (per 10,000 people in the age group) (Figure 5). Weekly number of deaths with any diagnosis of influenza in public hospitals is also shown on the right hand side.

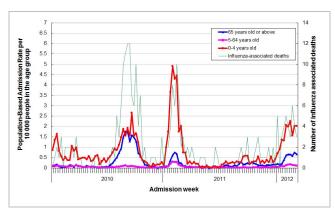


Figure 5 Influenza associated hospital admission rates and deaths, 2010-12

Fever surveillance at sentinel child care centres/kindergartens, 2010-12

In week 10, 1.43% of children in the sentinel child care centres/ kindergartens had fever (Figure 6).

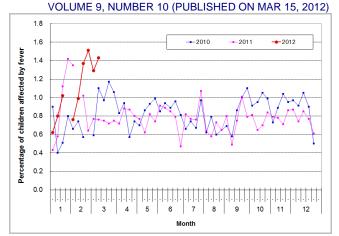


Figure 6 Percentage of children with fever at sentinel CCC/ KG, 2010-12

Fever surveillance at sentinel residential care homes for the elderly, 2010-12

In week 10, 0.16% of residents in the sentinel residential care homes for the elderly had fever (Figure 7).

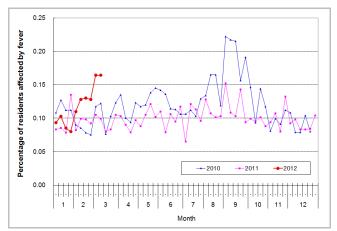


Figure 7 Percentage of residents with fever at sentinel RCHE, 2010-12

Influenza-like illness surveillance among sentinel Chinese medicine practitioners, 2010-12

In week 10, the average consultation rate for ILI among Chinese medicine practitioners was 1.78 ILI cases per 1,000 consultations (Figure 8).

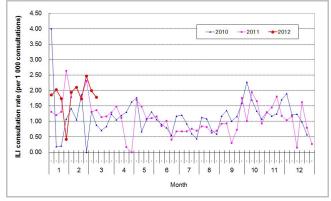


Figure 8 ILI consultation rate at sentinel CMP, 2010-12

Enhanced Surveillance for Severe Seasonal Influenza (Aged 18 years or above)

 From Mar 7, 2012, 12:00 noon to Mar 14, 2012, 12:00 noon, 10 cases of influenza associated ICU admissions or deaths were recorded, in which 6 of them were fatal. In addition, two previously reported cases who required ICU admission passed away during this reporting period.

Note: The data reported are provisional figures and subject to further revision.

Surveillance of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication/death (Aged above one month and below 18 years)

• In week 10, one case of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication involving a girl aged 6 years old who had developed severe pneumonia was reported. She is now in stable condition. Her nasopharyngeal aspirate specimen was tested positive for influenza B. In the first 4 days of week 11 (Mar 11 to 14, 2012), there were no new reports of severe paediatric influenza-associated complication/death.

Note: The data reported are provisional figures and subject to further revision.

Surveillance of Tamiflu resistant influenza A(H1N1)2009 virus infection

• In week 10, there were no new reports of oseltamivir (Tamiflu) resistant influenza A(H1N1)2009 virus infection. In the first 4 days of week 11 (Mar 11 to 14, 2012), one case of oseltamivir (Tamiflu) resistant influenza A(H1N1)2009 virus infection involving a 61-year-old man who had developed severe pneumonia was reported. He had been discharged. The virus strain detected was sensitive to zanamivir (Relenza). There are totally 18 reports of resistance to Tamiflu in strains of influenza A(H1N1)2009 virus detected in Hong Kong since 2009.

Global Situation of Influenza Activity

- In the United States (week ending Mar 3, 2012), influenza activity was elevated in some areas, but influenza-like-illness remained relatively low nationally.
- In Canada (week ending Mar 3, 2012), influenza activity continued to increase this week compared to the previous weeks.
- In the United Kingdom (week ending Mar 4, 2012), the weekly influenza consultation rates in England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland remained low.
- In Europe (as of Mar 4 2012), influenza activity was increasing in 19 countries while the ILI
 consultation rate had peaked and were decreasing in some countries such as Albania,
 Bulgaria, Italy and Spain.
- In Singapore (week ending Mar 10, 2012), the number of consultations for acute respiratory infections was below the warning level.

Sources:

Information have been extracted from the following sources when updates are available: <u>United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention</u>, <u>Public Health Agency of Canada</u>, <u>United Kingdom Health Protection Agency</u>, <u>World Health Organization/Europe Euroflu</u> and <u>Singapore Ministry of Health</u>.