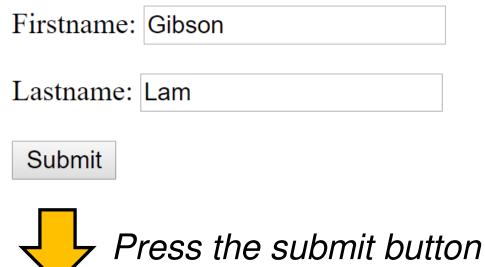
COMP4021 Internet Computing

Posting Form Data

Gibson Lam

Using the GET Method

- In previous discussions, we looked at using the GET method to send HTML form data to the server
- Form data is sent using a query string put at the end of the URL, e.g.:

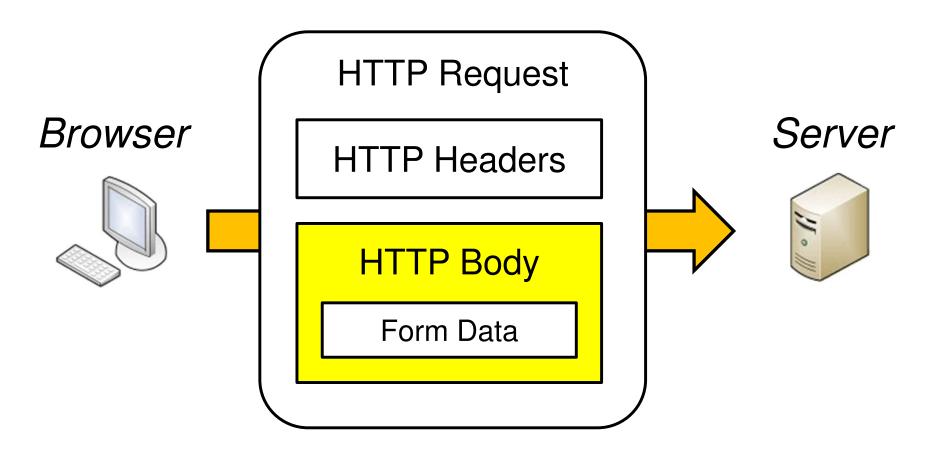


.../target?firstname=Gibson&lastname=Lam

An example query string

Using the POST Method

- The POST method works differently
- Form data is sent to the server as part of the HTTP body



The HTML Form Example

 Here is the same form example with the form method changed to using POST:

```
Firstname:
   Lastname:
    Submit
    The display of the form
    is the same as before
action="/target">
```

Posting the Form

Firstname: Gibson

Lastname: Lam

Submit

 When sending the form using the POST method, the query string is put inside the HTTP body, like this:

```
The length of
POST /target HTTP/1.1
                                  the form data
```

Content-Length: 29

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

firstname=Gibson&lastname=Lam

An example query string

The content type of the form data

Getting POST Data in Express

- You can read the query parameters in an Express server from forms that use the POST method
- To do that, you need to use the urlencoded middleware, as shown below:

```
app.use(
    express.urlencoded({extended: true})
);
```

Using an 'extended' handler for the data

Getting the Query Parameters

- After using the middleware, the query parameters are then available as a JavaScript object from req.body
- The following example can get the form data sent from the previous HTML form:

```
app.post("/target", (req, res) => {
  const { firstname, lastname } = req.body;
  ...
});
  The form data is stored here
```

Handling File Uploads

- Handling file upload in a form is quite different from handling normal input fields
- The HTML form is set up differently so that file content, which can be large, is sent within an HTTP request
- On the server side, you need to use an external npm package as an Express app does not handle file uploads appropriately

The HTML Form

 Here is how you write the <form> tag when you need to upload files:

The encoding type of the form; must be set to multipart/form-data

```
<form enctype="multipart/form-data"
method="post" action="/upload">
```

You must use the POST HTTP method

The File Upload Input Fields

 A file upload input field is a form element, which is written like this:

```
<input type="file" name="myimage">
```

 The element contains a button and the display of the selected file so that the user can browse for the required file by clicking on the button:

Choose File | No file chosen ____



After selecting a file

Choose File

The Encoding Type

- The encoding type to send the form data is multipart/form-data
- It is a MIME type which allows multiple parts of content to be transmitted in the same output
- On the right is the arrangement to put together N content parts

--Separator

Part 1 - Headers

Part 1 - Content

--Separator

Part 2 - Headers

Part 2 - Content

•

--Separator

Part N - Headers

Part N - Content

--Separator--

An Example Multi-Part Request

Here is an HTTP POST request containing a file:

```
POST /upload HTTP/1.1
... some HTTP headers...
Content-Type: multipart/form-data;
               boundary=Boundary-1234567890
--Boundary-1234567890
Content-Type: image/png
Content-Disposition: form-data;
                      filename="me.png";
                      name="myimage"
... content of the file ...
--Boundary-1234567890--
```

The part contains the file content

Handling Multi-Part in Express

- The Express package does not include functions for handling multi-part form data
- You need to install external packages to do that, such as the multer package
- You can install multer using npm, i.e.:

C:\Users\Gibson>npm install multer

Processing a File in Express

 In your Express server, you first need to create the middleware, like this:

```
const multer = require("multer");
const upload = multer({ dest: "uploads/" });
```

 However, you don't usually use the middleware through the Express app

The folder you want to put the uploaded files

Using Multer in a Path

 In your server path, you can use multer if there is any file uploaded to the path, e.g.:

```
app.post("/upload",
                upload.single(| "myimage"
Use multer
 for this
                 (req, res) => {
path only
                                       The name of
           ... Work with the file
                                      the form data
              using req.file...
                                        containing
                                          the file
      });
```

The Uploaded File

- You get the information of the uploaded file using req.file
- Below shows an example content of it:

```
fieldname: 'myimage',
  originalname: 'me.png',
  encoding: '7bit',
  mimetype: 'image/png',
  destination: 'uploads/',
  filename: '3fe1d8b16093c246fc5814f70aa74ba6',
  path: 'uploads\\3fe1d8b16093c246fc5814f70aa74ba6',
  size: 269795
```

Copying the Uploaded File

 After receiving the file, you can choose to copy it somewhere, for example:

This example copies the file to the 'public' folder

And delete the temporary file afterwards:

```
fs.unlink(req.file.path);
```