Programming with C++

COMP2011: Examples on C++ Basics and Controls

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Part I

Count Animals



The Count Animals Problem

- There are two types of animals, pigs and sheeps in a farm.
- Each pig weighs 4.5 units and each sheep weighs 3 units.
- The total weight of animals in a barn should be exactly 36 units.
- List out all possible combinations of bigs and sheeps in the farm.

Solution:

$$0 * 4.5 + 12 * 3 = 36$$

 $2 * 4.5 + 9 * 3 = 36$
 $4 * 4.5 + 6 * 3 = 36$
 $6 * 4.5 + 3 * 3 = 36$
 $8 * 4.5 + 0 * 3 = 36$

First Attempt: What's Wrong?

```
/* File: two-animals-v1.cpp */
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
3
    int main()
5
        float wt_pig = 4.5;
6
        float wt sheep = 3.0;
7
        float total_wt = 36;
        for (int num_pigs = 0; num_pigs * wt_pig <= total_wt;</pre>
10

    num_pigs++)

        {
11
            float remain_wt = total_wt - num_pigs * wt_pig;
12
             int num_sheeps = remain_wt / wt_sheep;
13
            remain_wt = remain_wt % wt_sheep;
14
15
            if (remain_wt == 0)
16
                 cout << num_pigs << " * " << wt_pig << " + "
17
                      << num sheeps << " * " << wt sheep << " = "
18
                      << total wt << endl;
19
20
        return 0:
21
22
```

Second Attempt: Any Problem?

```
/* File: two-animals-v2.cpp */
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
3
    int main()
5
        float wt_pig = 4.5;
6
        float wt sheep = 3.0;
7
        float total_wt = 36;
        for (int num_pigs = 0; num_pigs * wt_pig <= total_wt;</pre>
10
           num_pigs++)
        {
11
            float remain_wt = total_wt - num_pigs * wt_pig;
12
            int num_sheeps = remain_wt / wt_sheep;
13
            remain_wt -= num_sheeps * wt_sheep;
14
15
            if (remain wt == 0)
16
                 cout << num_pigs << " * " << wt_pig << " + "
17
                      << num sheeps << " * " << wt sheep << " = "
18
                      << total wt << endl;
19
20
        return 0:
21
22
```

Problems of Comparing Floating-point Numbers

```
#include <iostream>
                              /* File: float-comparison-v1.cpp */
    using namespace std;
3
    int main()
        float x = 0.1;
        float product = 10.0 * x;
7
        float sum = 0.0:
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
10
             sum += x;
11
12
13
        cout << "sum = " << sum << endl;
        cout << "product = " << product << endl;</pre>
14
        cout << "10.0 * x = " << 10.0 * x << endl:
15
        cout << (sum == product) << endl;</pre>
16
17
        return 0;
18
19
```

Problems of Comparing Floating-point Numbers ..

```
#include <iostream>
                              /* File: float-comparison.cpp */
    using namespace std;
3
    int main()
6
        float x = 0.1;
        float product = 10.0 * x;
        float sum = 0.0:
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
10
11
             sum += x:
12
        // Set output precision to 10 significant figures
13
        cout.precision(10);
14
        // Print boolean outputs as true or false instead of 1 and 0
15
16
        cout << boolalpha;</pre>
17
        cout << "sum = " << sum << endl:
18
        cout << "product = " << product << endl;</pre>
19
        cout << "10.0 * x = " << 10.0 * x << endl;
20
        cout << (sum == product) << endl;</pre>
21
        return 0;
22
23
```

Count Animals: Further Work

- Further check ways to compare floating point numbers here.
- What if the total number of animals is not more than 10.
- What if we have three types of animal instead of two? (You may ignore the constraint on the total number of animals.)
- For those who know recursion, can you work out a recursive solution?

Part II

GPA Calculator



GPA Calculator

• Assume the following letter grade to grade point conversion:

Letter Grade	Grade Point
Α	4.0
В	3.0
С	2.0
D	1.0
F	0.0

 Design a program that calculates a student's GPA (grade point average).

Typical Output

```
No. of credits of your course (0 to stop):
Your letter grade (A, B, C, D or F): A
No. of credits of your course (0 to stop):
Your letter grade (A, B, C, D or F): B
No. of credits of your course (0 to stop): 2
Your letter grade (A, B, C, D or F): E
Invalid input, please enter your grade again!
No. of credits of your course (0 to stop): 2
Your letter grade (A, B, C, D or F): D
No. of credits of your course (0 to stop): 0
You have taken a total of 9 credits ...
and your GPA is 2.88889
```

Program Requirements

- A student first enters the number of credits of his/her course.
- The program stops if the number of credits is ≤ 0 .
- The student then enters the letter grade A, B, C, D or F.
- Invalid letter grades are ignored and the student is prompted to re-enter the grade.
- The program shall calculate the total number of credits earned by the student and his/her GPA according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\textit{grade}_i * \textit{credit}_i \right)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \textit{credit}_i}$$

Program Design

Major components of the program:

- A loop for each taken course to
 - ask for the number of credits
 - ask for the letter grade
 - convert the letter grade to grade points
 - accumulate the total credits and grade points
- 2 Calculate and output the GPA.

You will need some variables to hold:

- the number of credits
- the letter grade
- the converted grade points
- the sum of credits
- the sum of grade points

Variables

Recall the usual arithmetic conversion rules for binary operations:

- If all operands are int
 - compute using integer arithmetic
- If one operand is double/float
 - convert the other operand to double/float
 - compute using floating-point arithmetic
 - return the result in double/float

GPA Calculator: Using if

```
char grade;
    int num_credits, total_num_credits = 0;
    double total_grade_points = 0;
3
4
    cout << "No. of credits of your course (0 to stop): ";</pre>
5
    cin >> num_credits;
    cout << "Your letter grade (A, B, C, D or F): ";</pre>
    cin >> grade;
    total num credits += num credits; // Update total no. of credits
9
10
    if (grade == 'A') // Convert letter grade to grade point
11
        total_grade_points += num_credits * 4;
12
    else if (grade == 'B')
13
        total_grade_points += num_credits * 3;
14
    else if (grade == 'C')
15
        total grade points += num credits * 2;
16
    else if (grade == 'D')
17
        total_grade_points += num_credits * 1;
18
    else if (grade == 'F')
19
        total grade points += num credits * 0;
20
    else
21
        total_num_credits -= num_credits;
22
```

GPA Calculator: Using switch

```
/*
     * Codes for variables definition and initialization, and inputs
     */
3
    switch (grade)
                             // Convert letter grade to grade point
5
        case 'A':
7
            total grade points += num credits * 4; break;
        case 'B':
            total_grade_points += num_credits * 3; break;
10
        case 'C':
11
            total_grade_points += num_credits * 2; break;
12
        case 'D':
13
            total grade points += num credits * 1; break;
14
        case 'F':
15
            total grade points += num credits * 0; break;
16
        default:
17
            total num credits -= num credits:
18
    }
19
```

GPA Calculator: Using if .. Allowing Small Case

```
* Codes for variables definition and initialization, and inputs
     */
3
4
    if ((grade == 'A') || (grade == 'a'))
5
        total_grade_points += num_credits * 4;
6
7
    else if ((grade == 'B') || (grade == 'b'))
        total grade points += num credits * 3;
9
10
    else if ((grade == 'C') || (grade == 'c'))
11
        total_grade_points += num_credits * 2;
12
13
    else if ((grade == 'D') || (grade == 'd'))
14
        total grade points += num credits * 1;
15
16
    else if ((grade == 'F') || (grade == 'f'))
17
        total_grade_points += num_credits * 0;
18
19
20
    else
        total num credits -= num credits;
21
```

GPA Calculator: Using switch .. Allowing Small Case

```
switch (grade)
                             // Convert letter grade to grade point
    {
        case 'A':
 3
        case 'a':
            total_grade_points += num_credits * 4; break;
        case 'B':
        case 'b':
            total_grade_points += num_credits * 3; break;
        case 'C':
        case 'c':
10
            total_grade_points += num_credits * 2; break;
11
        case 'D':
12
        case 'd':
13
            total grade points += num credits * 1; break;
14
        case 'F':
15
        case 'f':
16
            total_grade_points += num_credits * 0; break;
17
        default:
18
            total num credits -= num credits:
19
20
```

GPA Calculator: Complete Program .. Using constants

```
#include <iostream>
                             /* File: gpa.cpp */
    using namespace std;
    const double A = 4.0; // Definition of Constants
    const double B = 3.0:
    const double C = 2.0:
    const double D = 1.0:
    const double F = 0.0:
8
9
10
    int main()
    { // Variables definition and initialization
11
12
        char grade;
        int num_credits, total_num_credits = 0;
13
        double total grade points = 0;
14
15
16
        do
17
            cout << "No. of credits of your course (0 to stop): ":
18
            cin >> num credits:
19
20
             if (num credits <= 0) // What does this do?
21
22
                 break:
23
            cout << "Your letter grade (A. B. C. D or F): ":
24
            cin >> grade;
25
            total num credits += num credits; // Update total no. of credits
26
27
```

GPA Calculator: Complete Program .. Using constants ..

```
switch (grade) // Convert letter grade to grade point
28
29
30
                 case 'A': // No break here: execute code in case 'a'
                 case 'a':
31
                     total grade points += num credits * A: break:
32
33
                 case 'B':
                 case 'b':
34
                     total_grade_points += num_credits * B; break;
35
                 case 'C':
36
                 case 'c':
37
38
                     total grade points += num credits * C; break;
                 case 'D':
39
                 case 'd':
40
                     total grade points += num credits * D; break;
41
                 case 'F':
42
                 case 'f':
43
                     total grade points += num credits * F; break;
44
                 default:
45
                     cout <<
46
                     → "Invalid input, please enter your grade again!\n";
                     total num credits -= num credits:
47
48
        } while (true); // Why is this not an infinite loop?
49
50
51
52
```

GPA Calculator: Complete Program .. Using constants ..