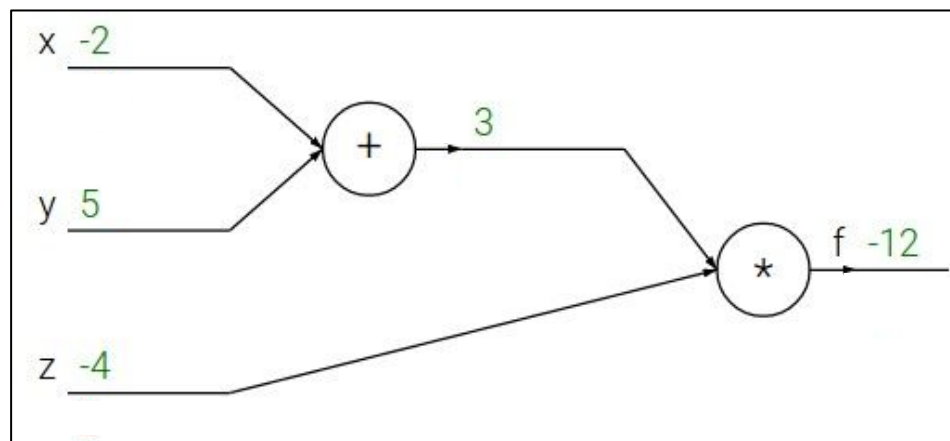


## Backpropagation: a simple example

$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2$ ,  $y = 5$ ,  $z = -4$



## Backpropagation: a simple example

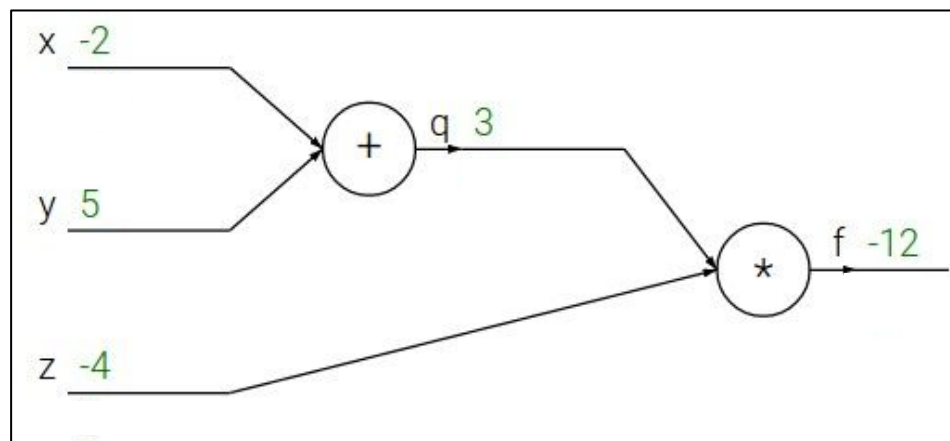
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

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$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



## Backpropagation: a simple example

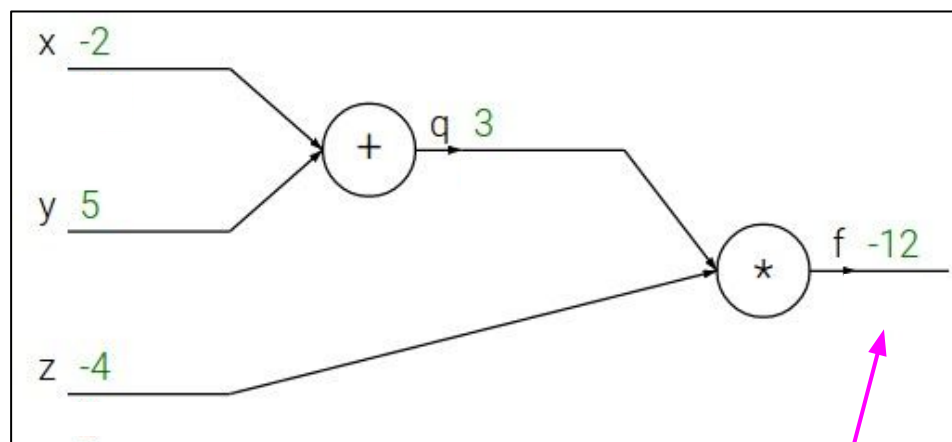
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$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

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Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial f}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

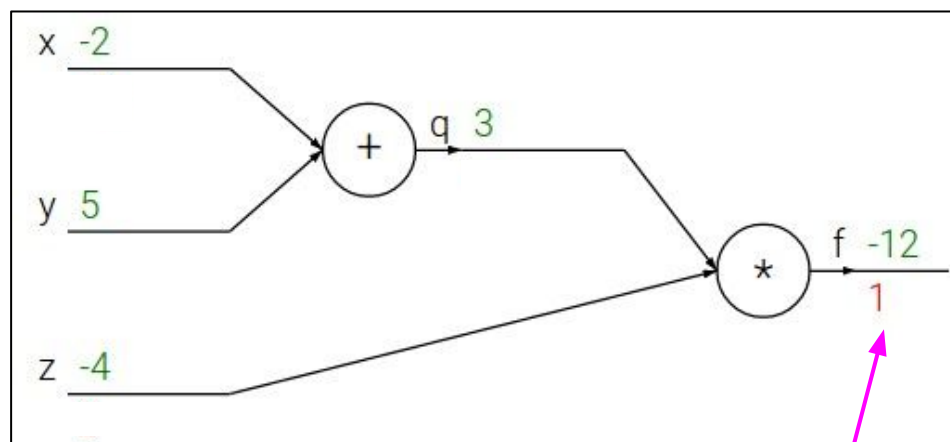
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Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial f}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

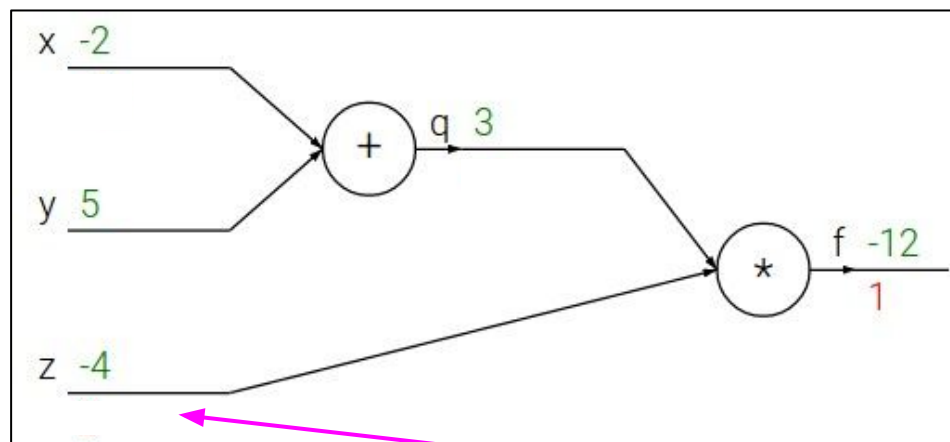
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$

$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

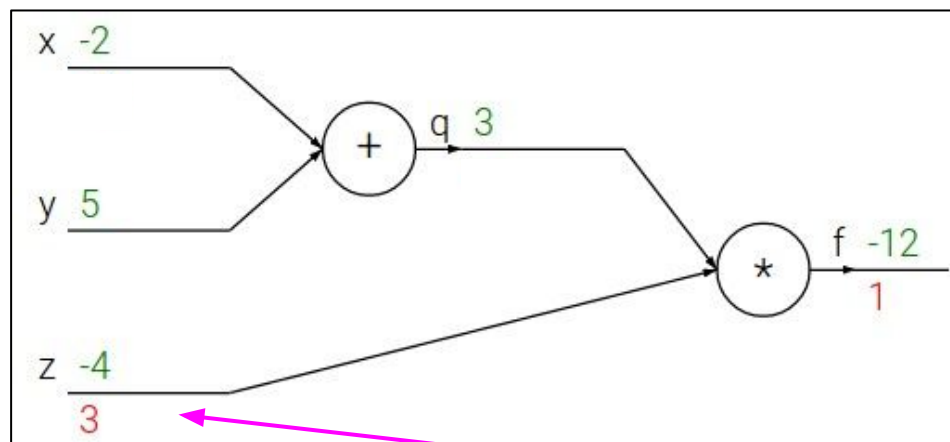
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$

$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

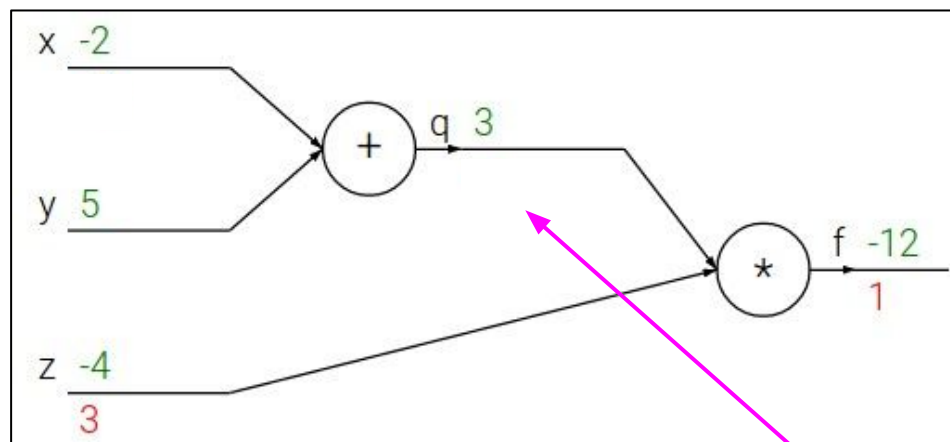
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2$ ,  $y = 5$ ,  $z = -4$

$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial q}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

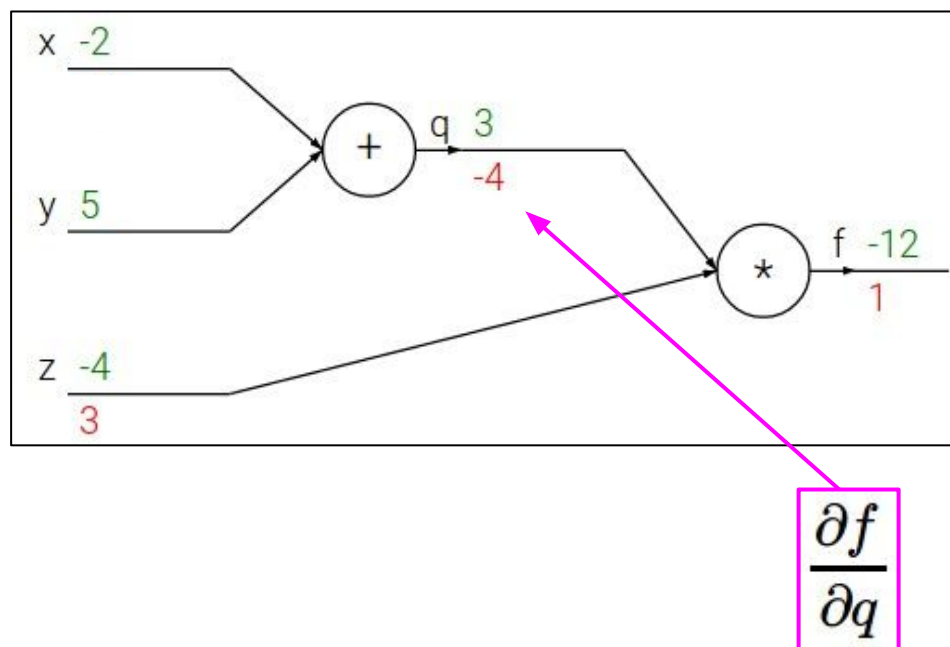
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$

$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$





## Backpropagation: a simple example

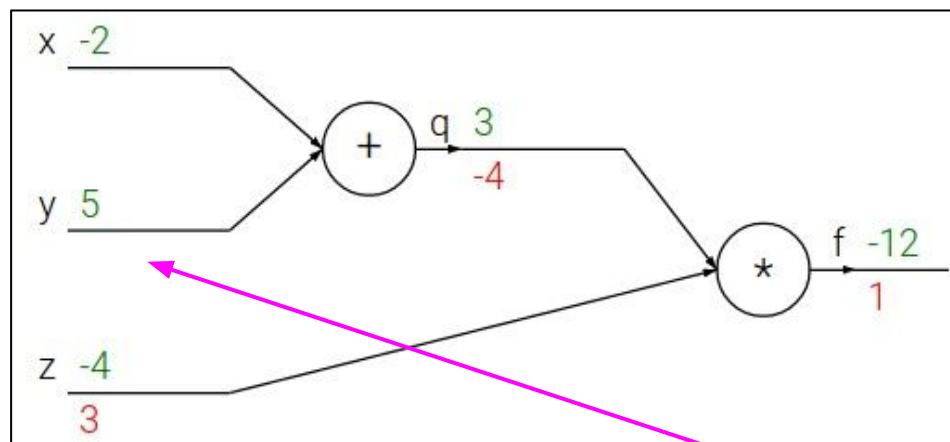
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$

$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

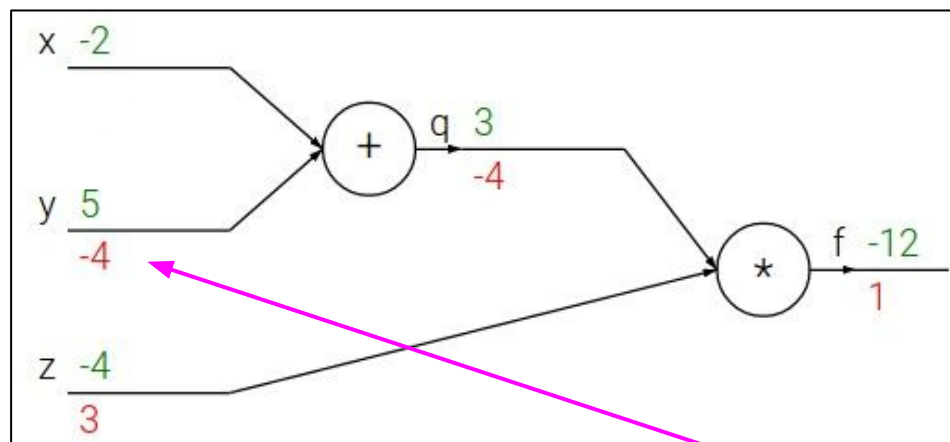
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$

$$q = x + y \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} = 1, \frac{\partial q}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$$

Chain rule:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} \frac{\partial q}{\partial y}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

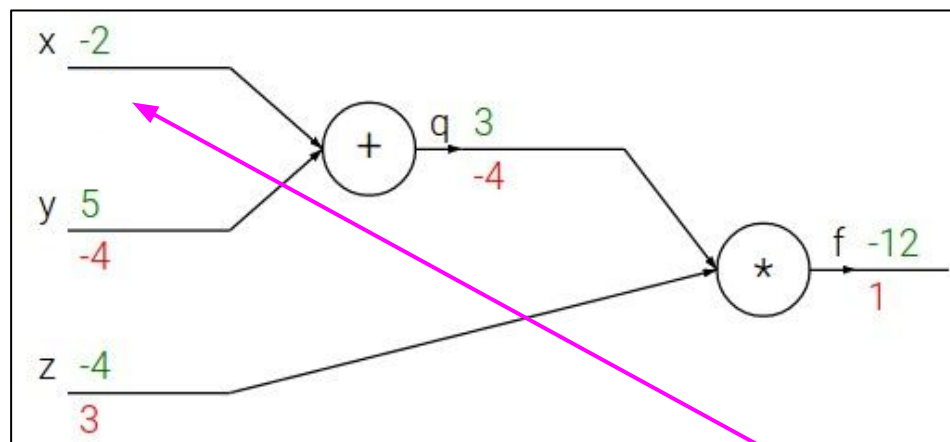
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

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$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$

## Backpropagation: a simple example

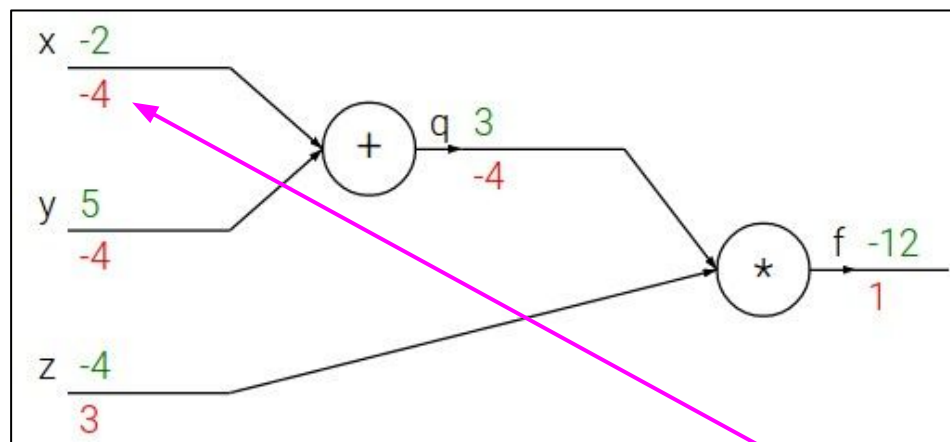
$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$

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$$f = qz \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} = z, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = q$$

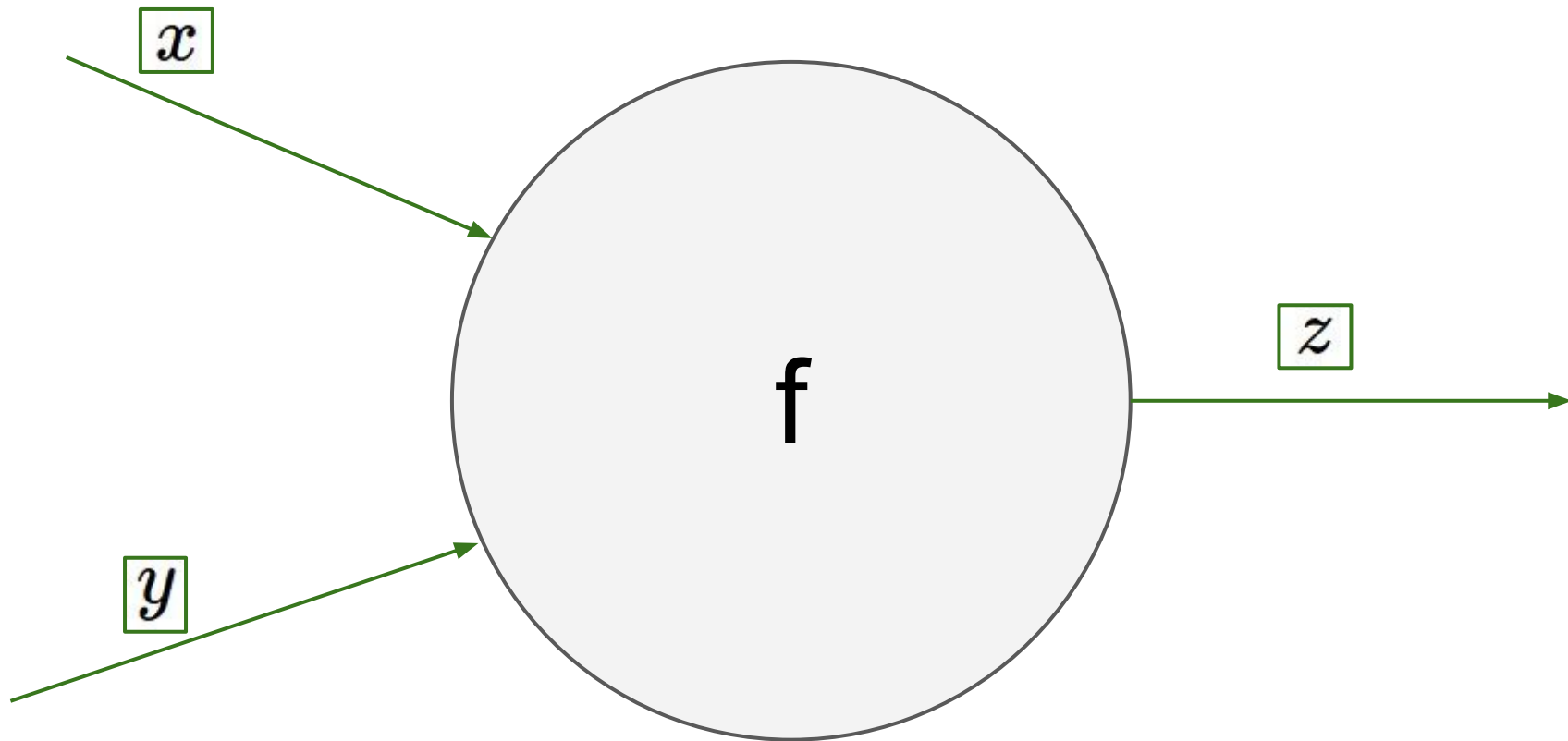
Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$

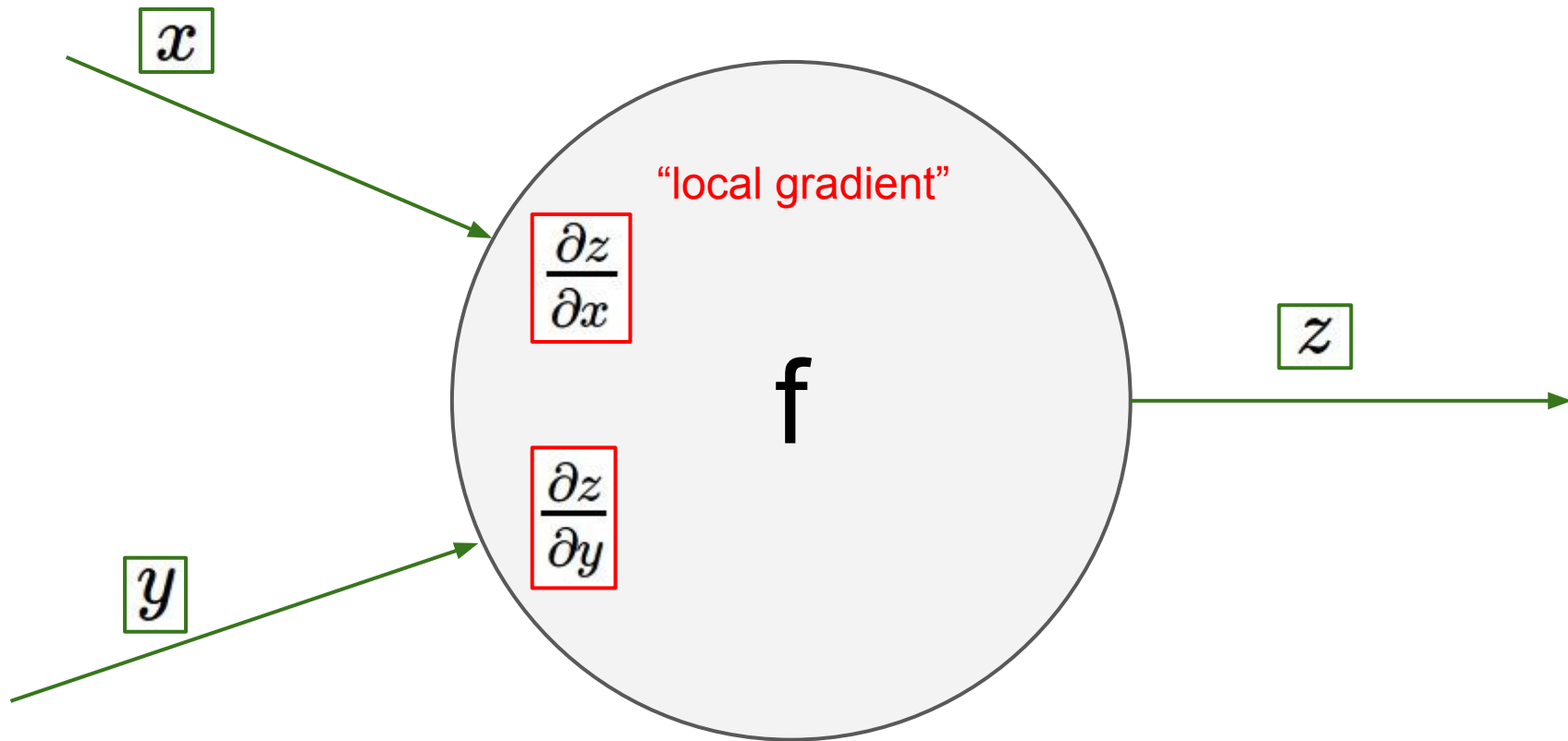


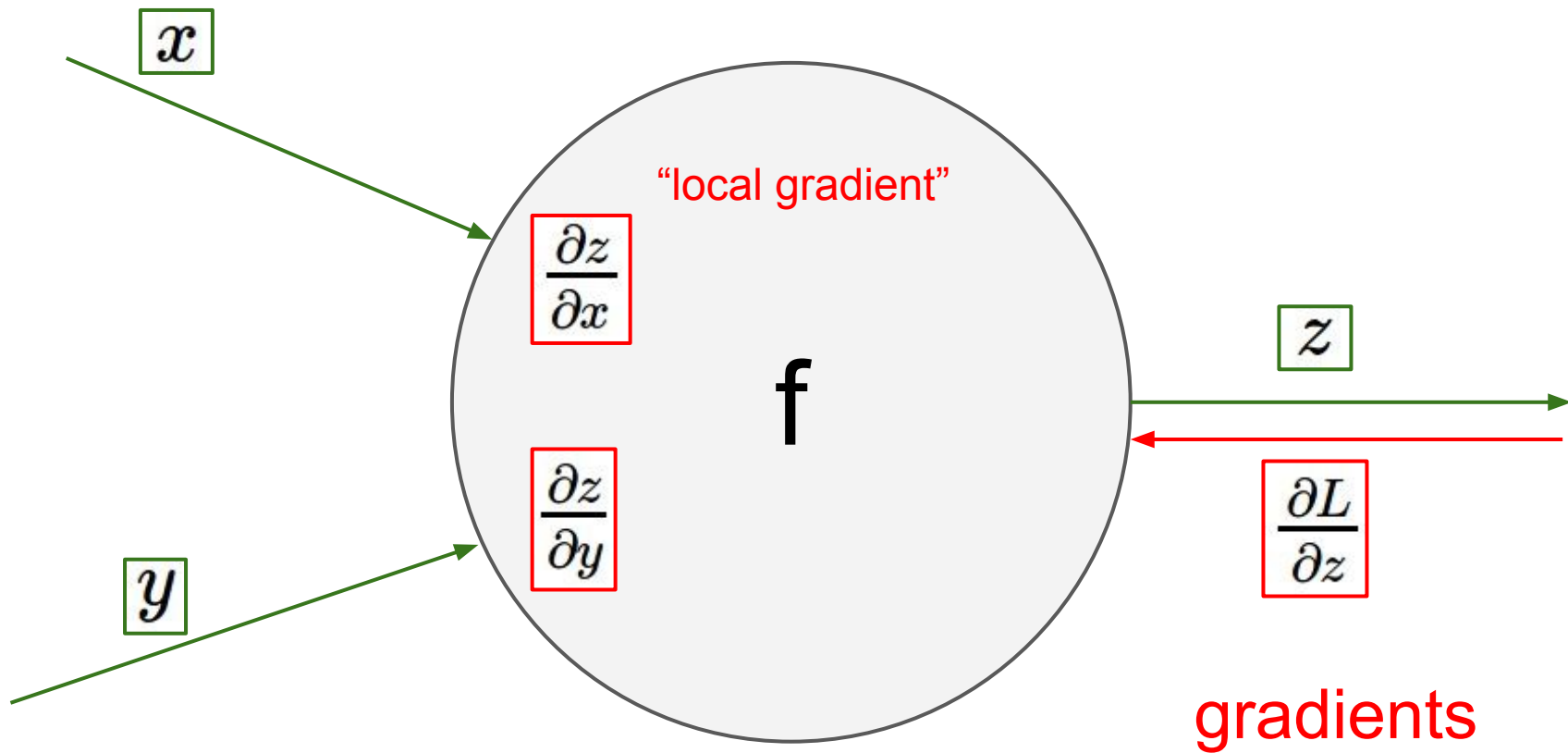
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$

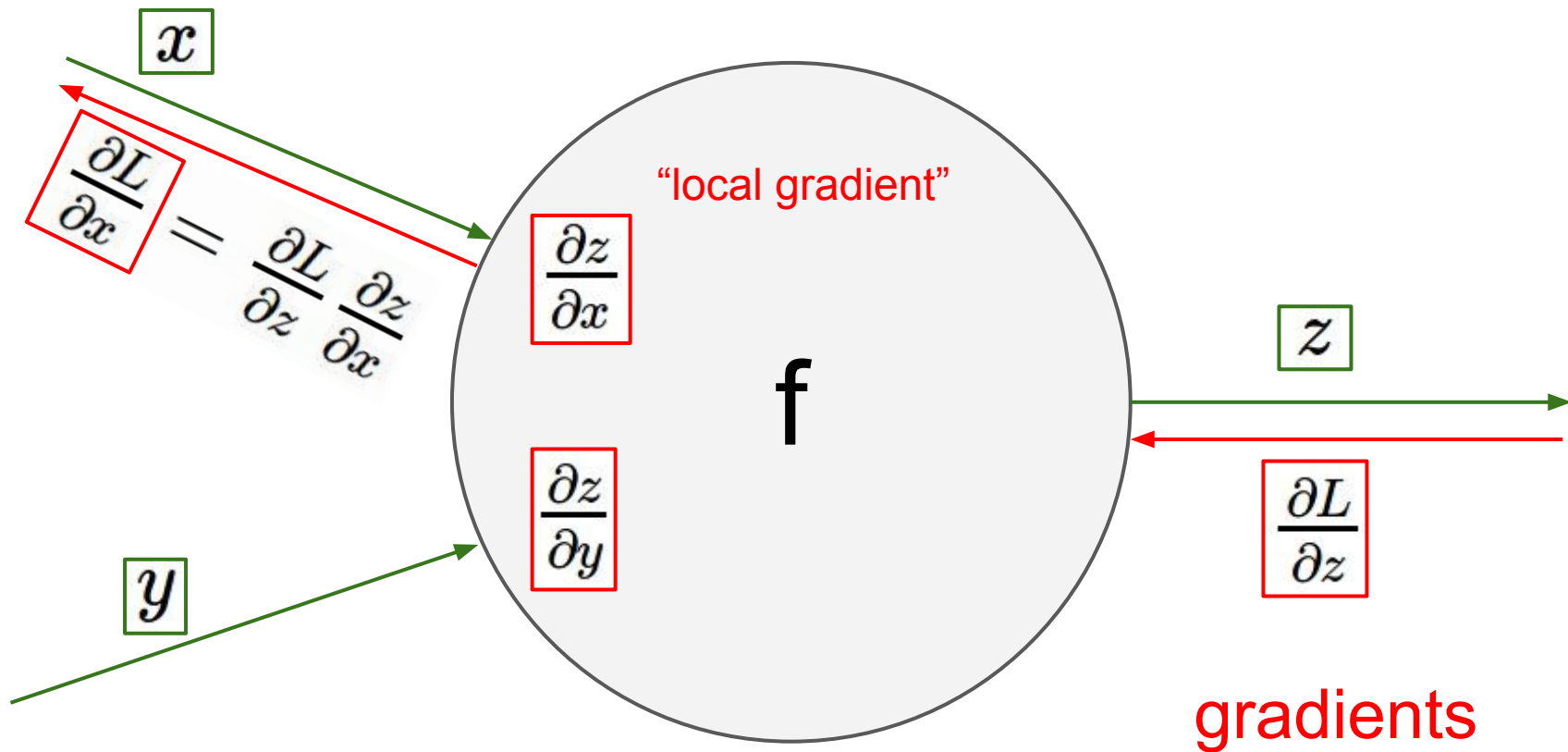
Chain rule:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} \frac{\partial q}{\partial x}$$

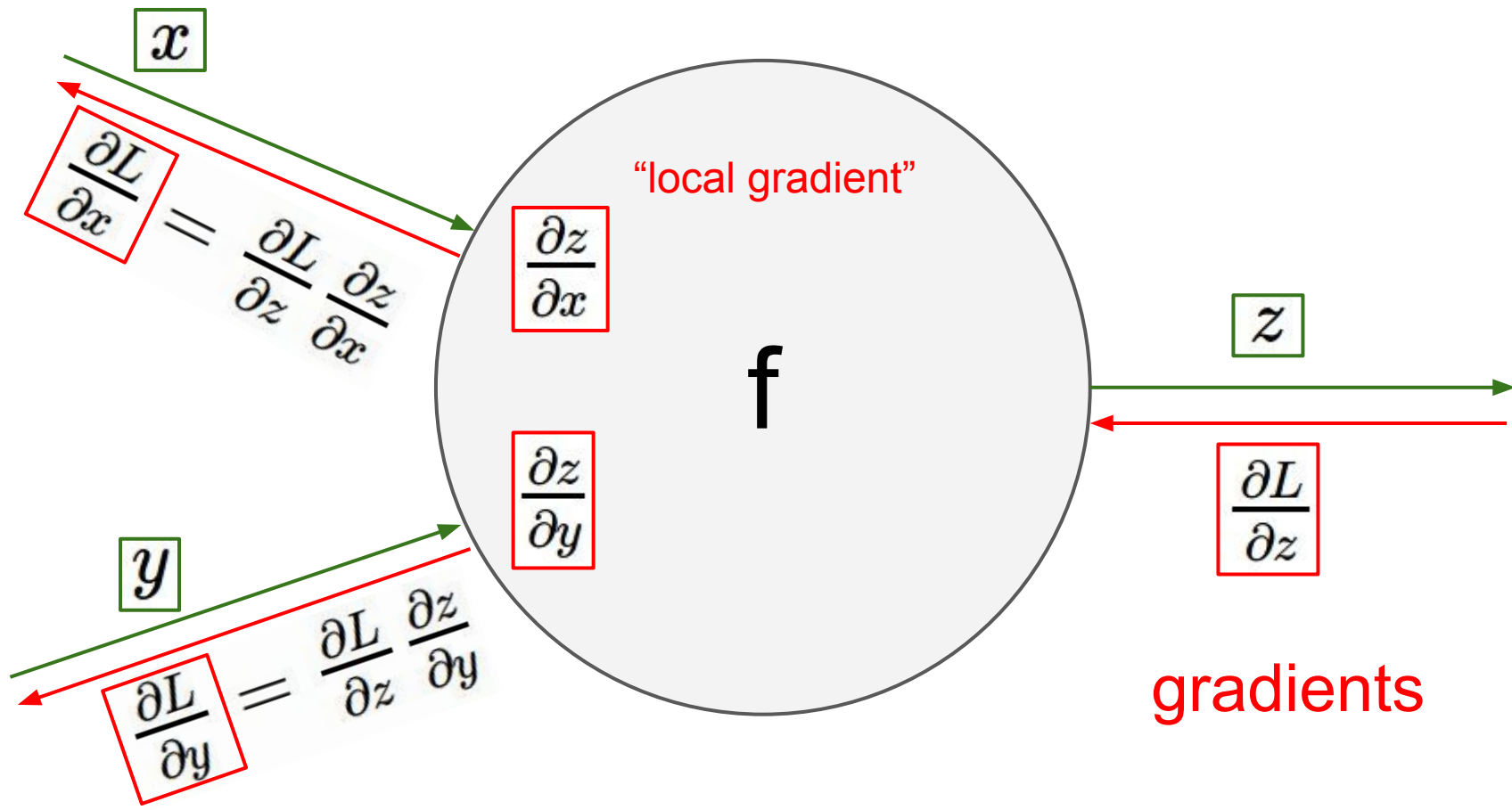


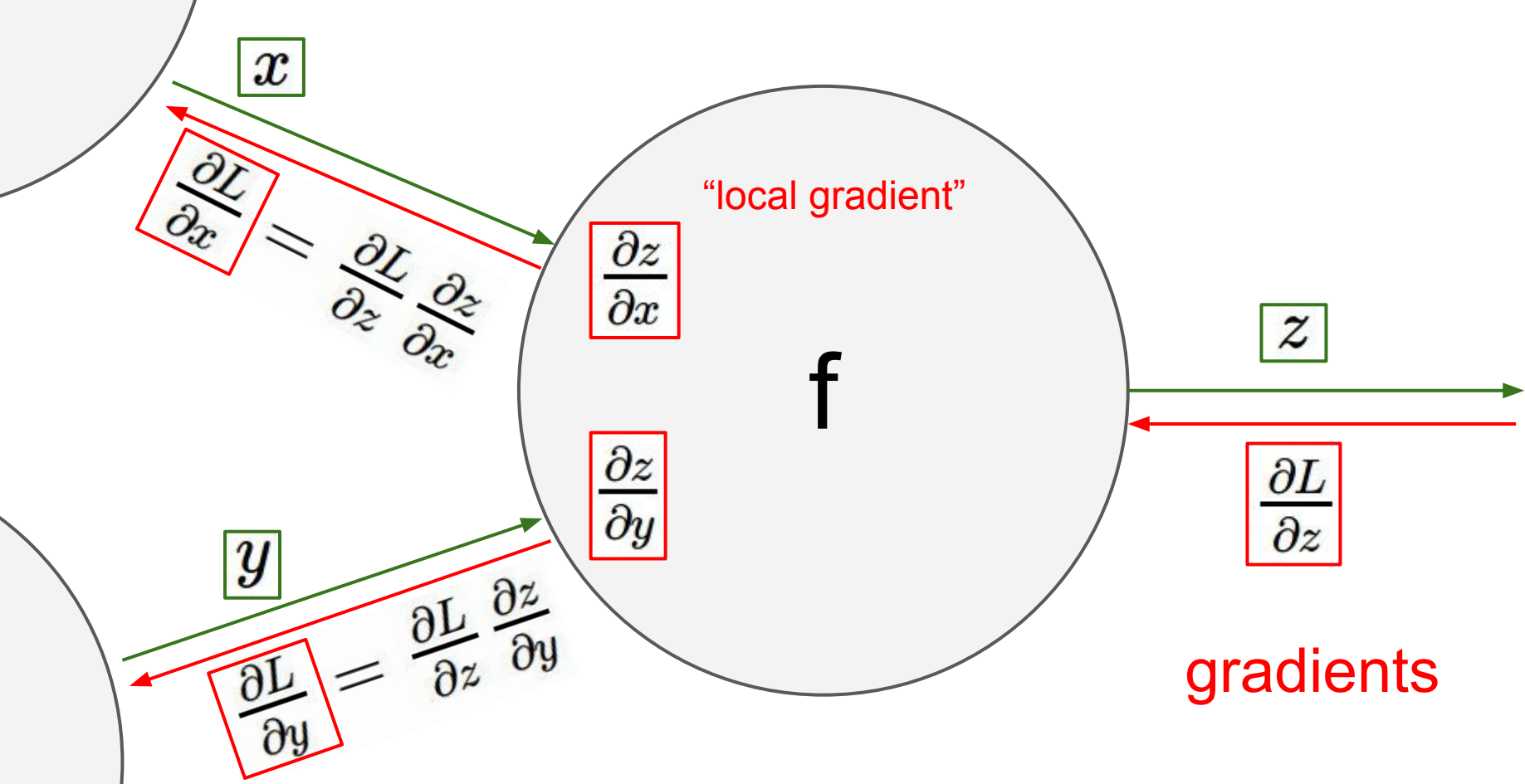






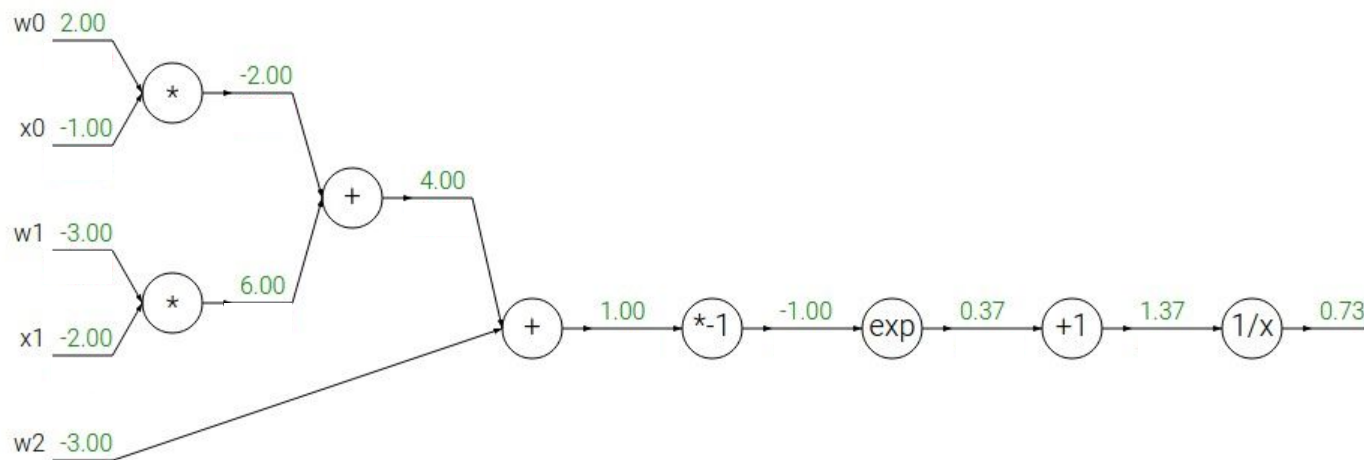






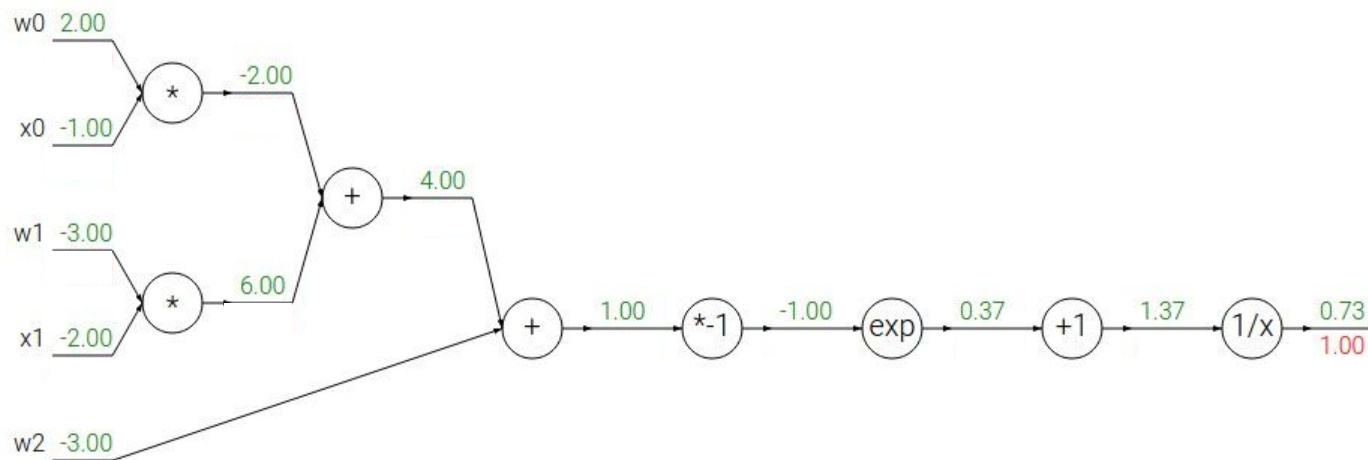
Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$f(x) = e^x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

$$f_a(x) = ax$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

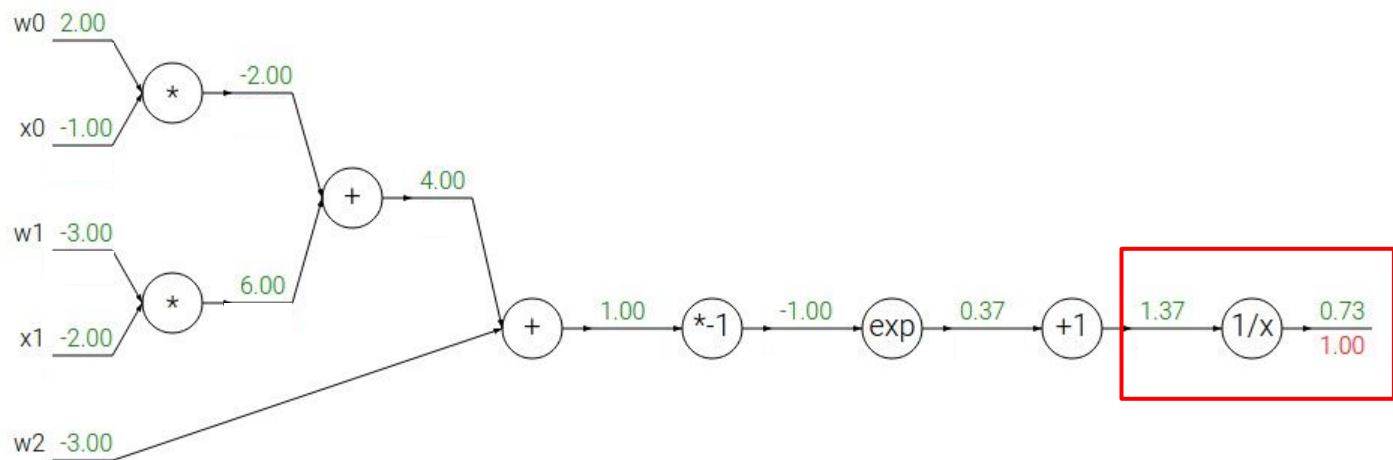
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



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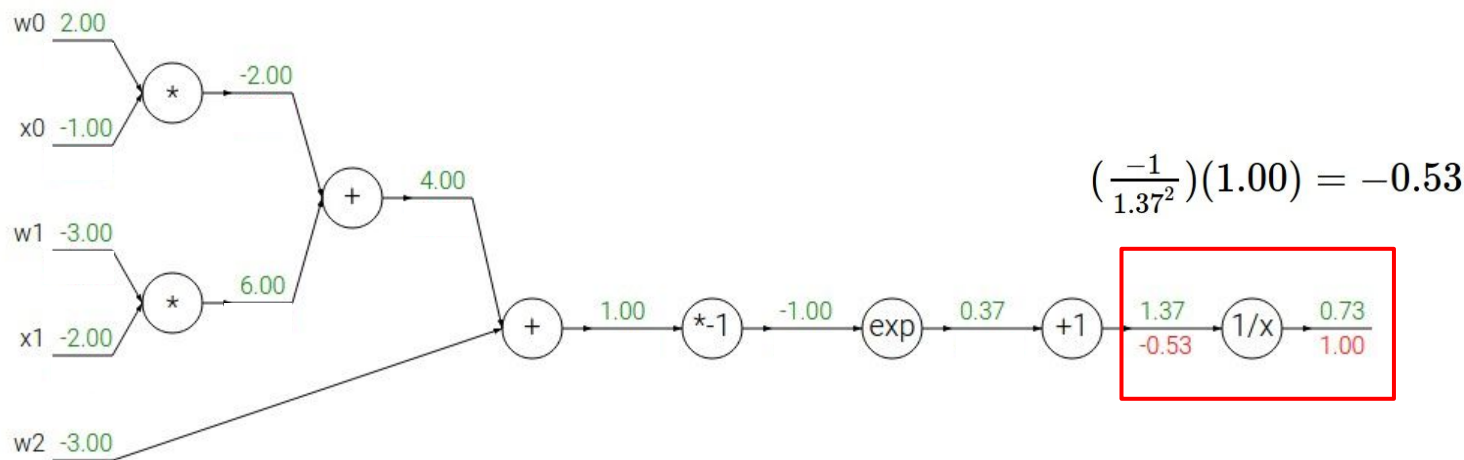
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$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



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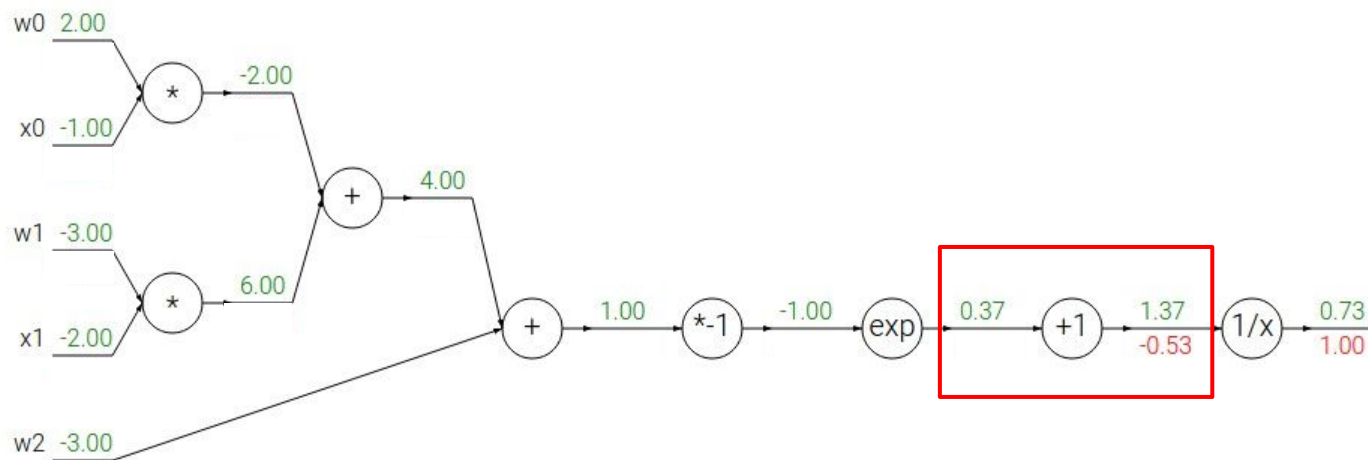
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



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$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

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$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

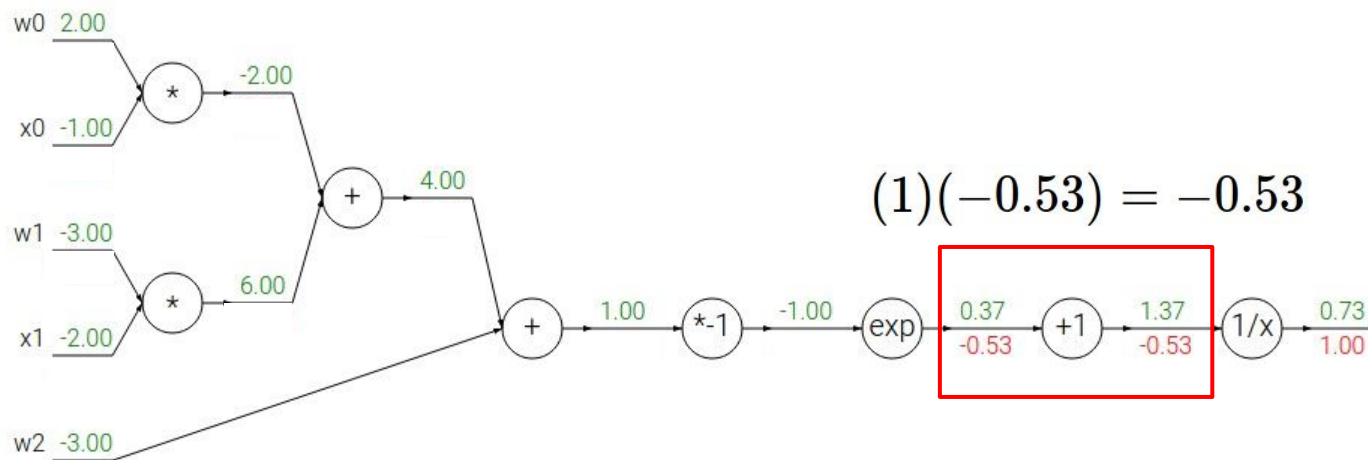
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$(1)(-0.53) = -0.53$$

$$f(x) = e^x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

$$f_a(x) = ax$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

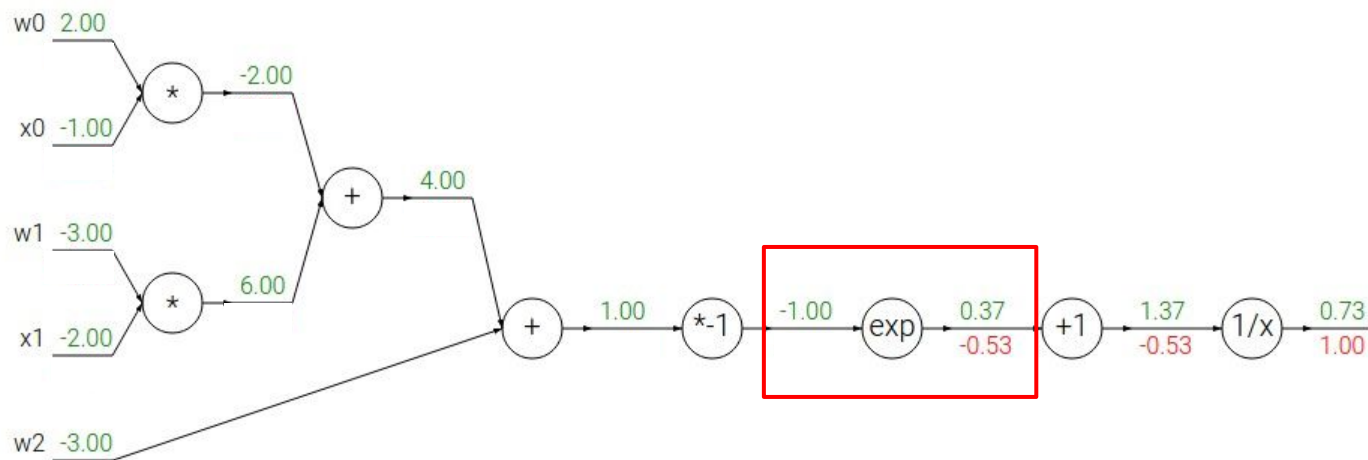
→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$



Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$f(x) = e^x$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

$$f_a(x) = ax$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

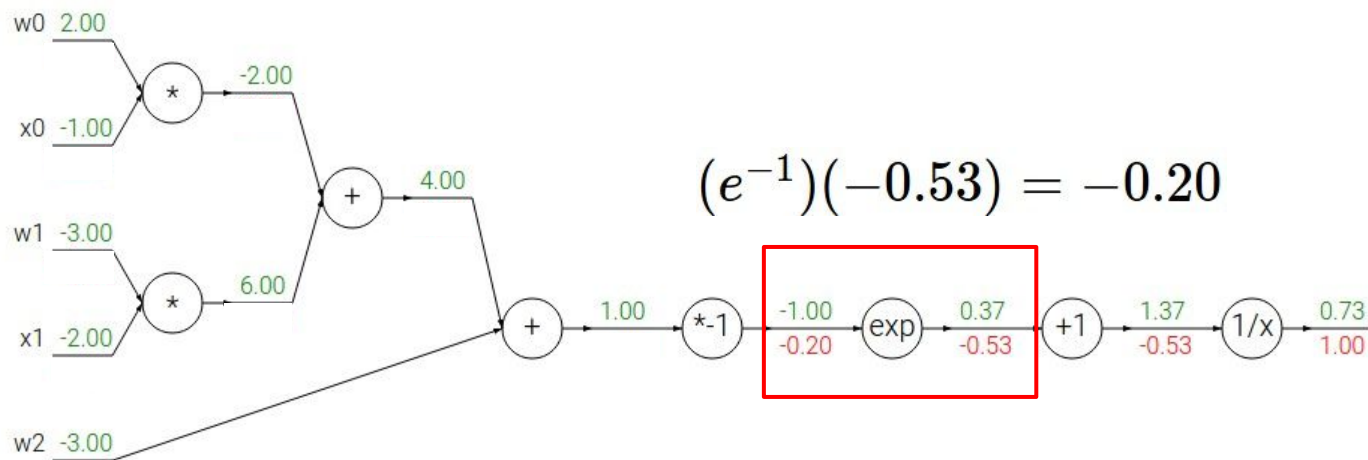
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$(e^{-1})(-0.53) = -0.20$$

$$f(x) = e^x$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

$$f_a(x) = ax$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

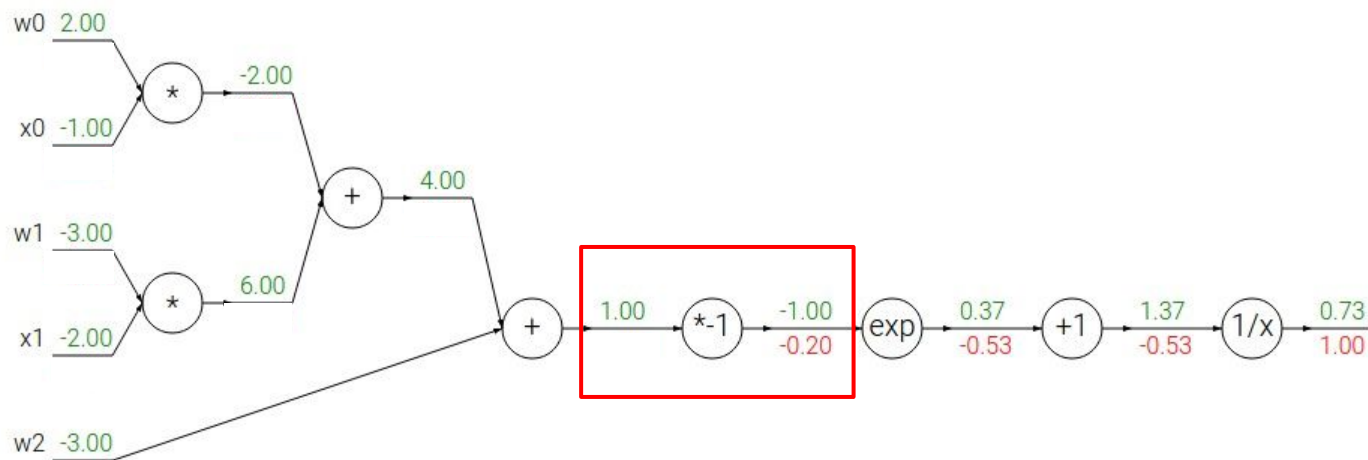
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

$\rightarrow$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$f(x) = e^x \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

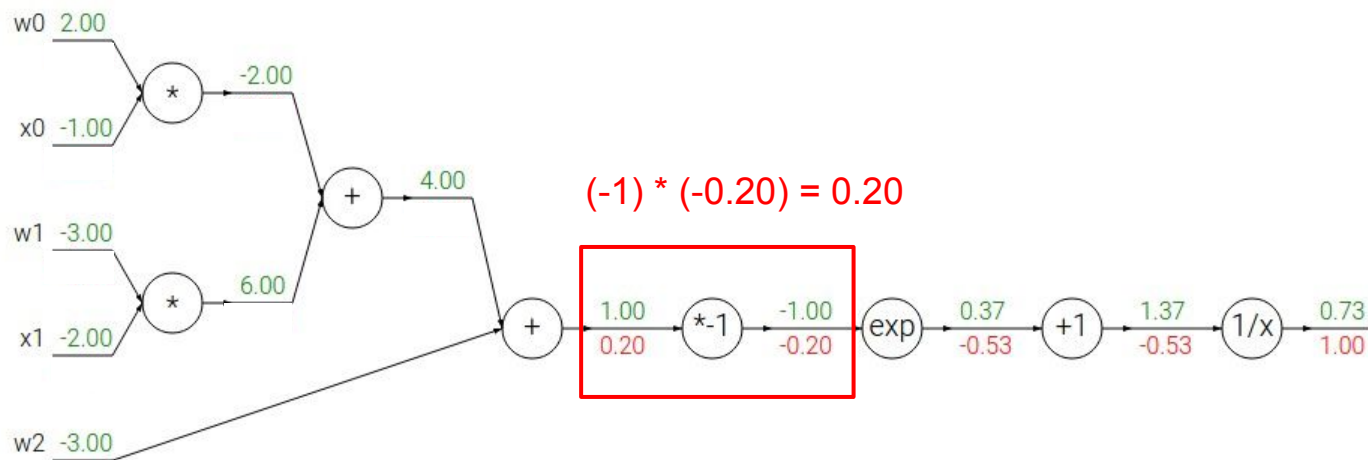
$$f_a(x) = ax \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

$$f_c(x) = c + x \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$f(x) = e^x \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

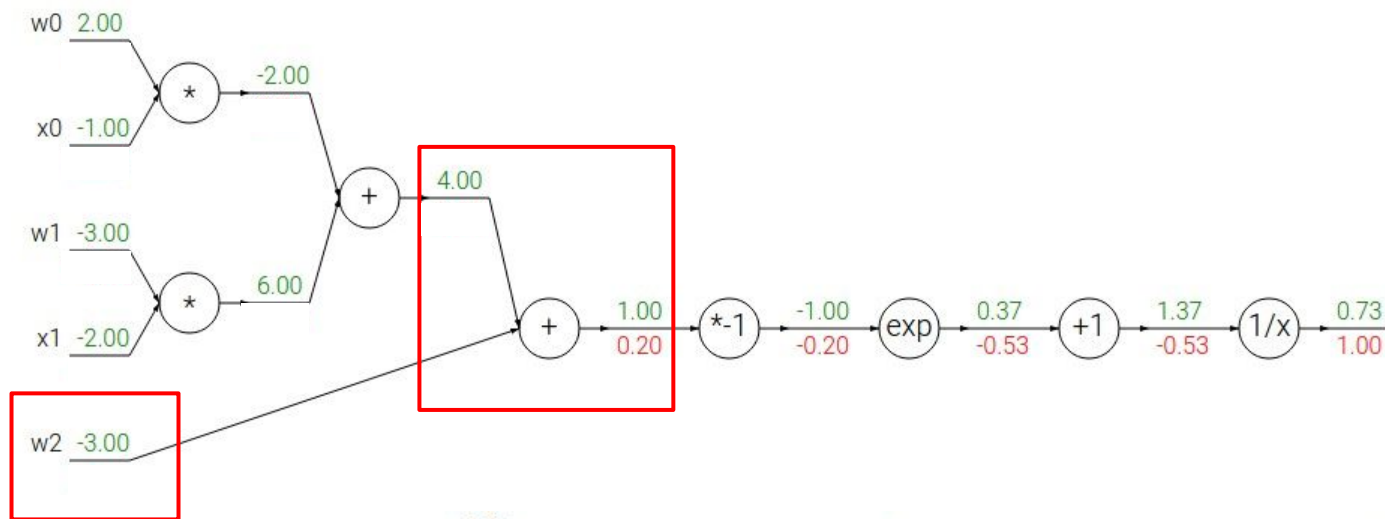
$$f_a(x) = ax \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = a$$

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$$f_c(x) = c + x \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

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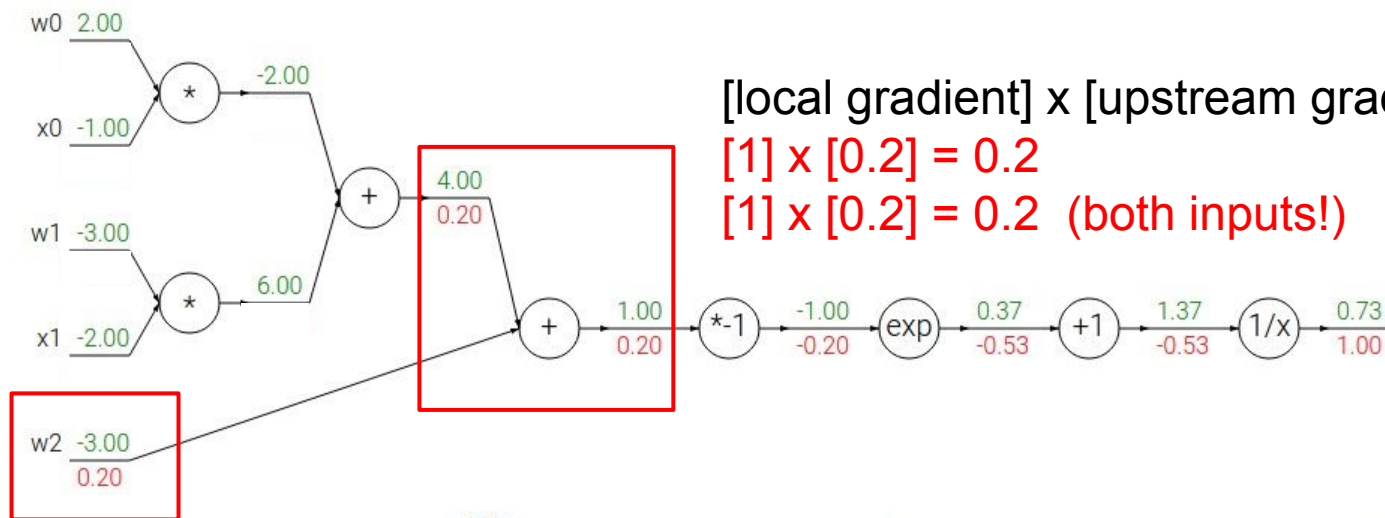
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



[local gradient] x [upstream gradient]

$$[1] \times [0.2] = 0.2$$

$$[1] \times [0.2] = 0.2 \text{ (both inputs!)}$$

$$f(x) = e^x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

$$f_a(x) = ax$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

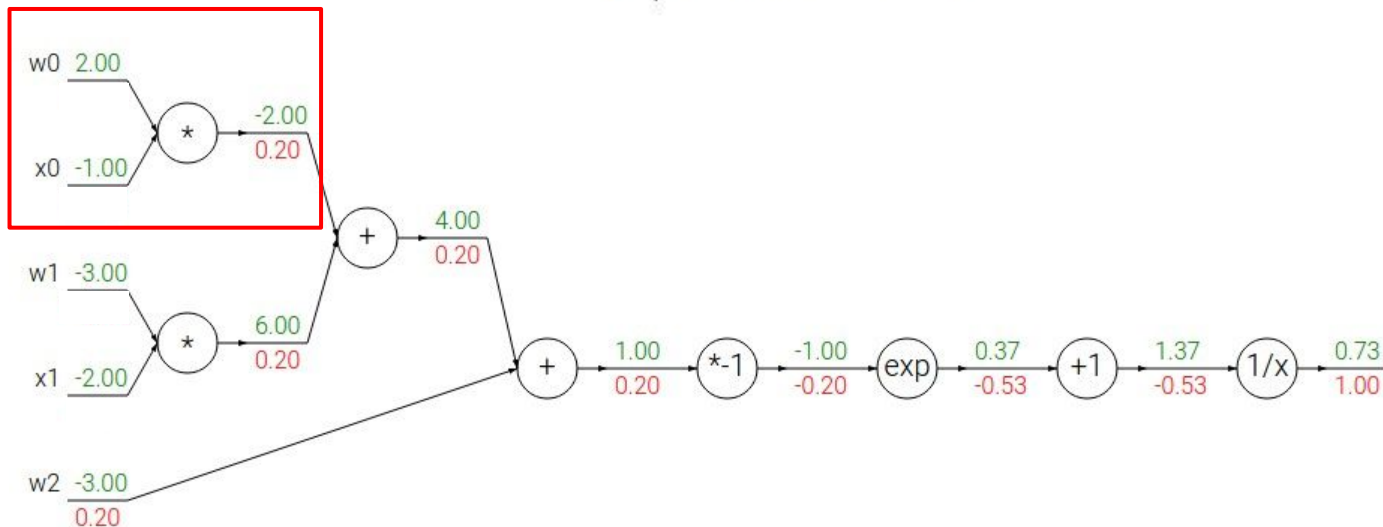
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$$

Another example:

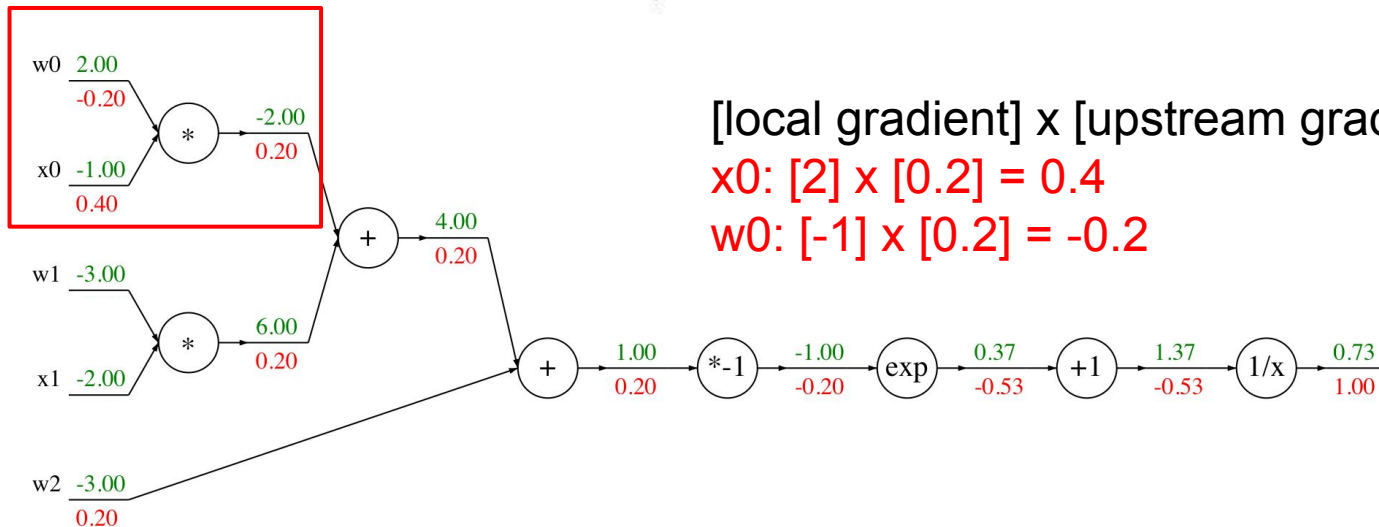
$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$f(x) = e^x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$		$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$
$f_a(x) = ax$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = a$		$f_c(x) = c + x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$

Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



[local gradient] x [upstream gradient]

$$x_0: [2] \times [0.2] = 0.4$$

$$w_0: [-1] \times [0.2] = -0.2$$

$f(x) = e^x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$		$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$
$f_a(x) = ax$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = a$		$f_c(x) = c + x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$

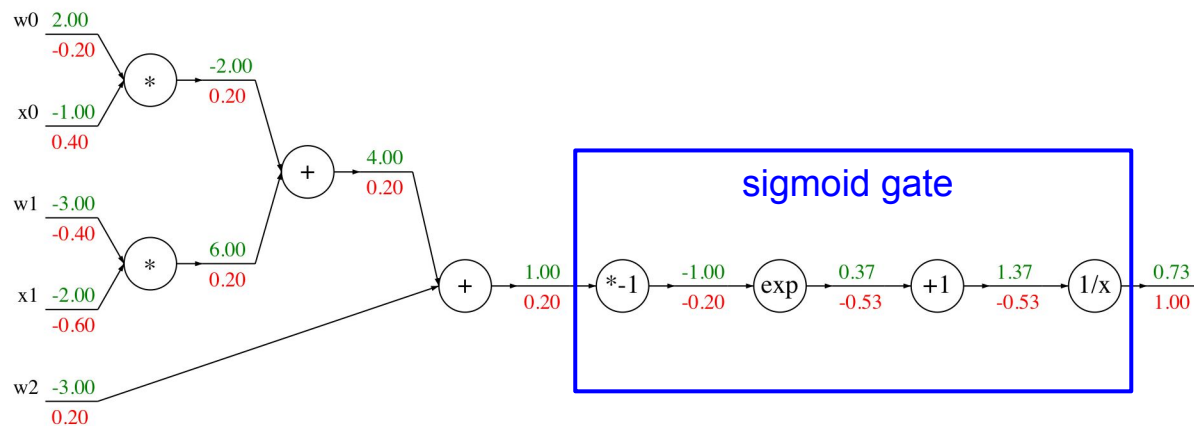


$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2)}}$$

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

sigmoid function

$$\frac{d\sigma(x)}{dx} = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2} = \left( \frac{1 + e^{-x} - 1}{1 + e^{-x}} \right) \left( \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} \right) = (1 - \sigma(x)) \sigma(x)$$

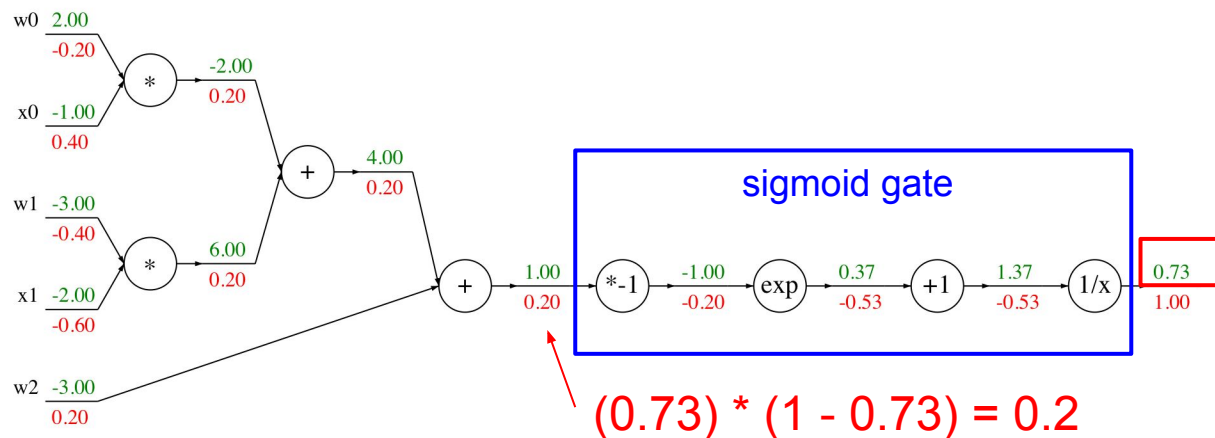


$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2)}}$$

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

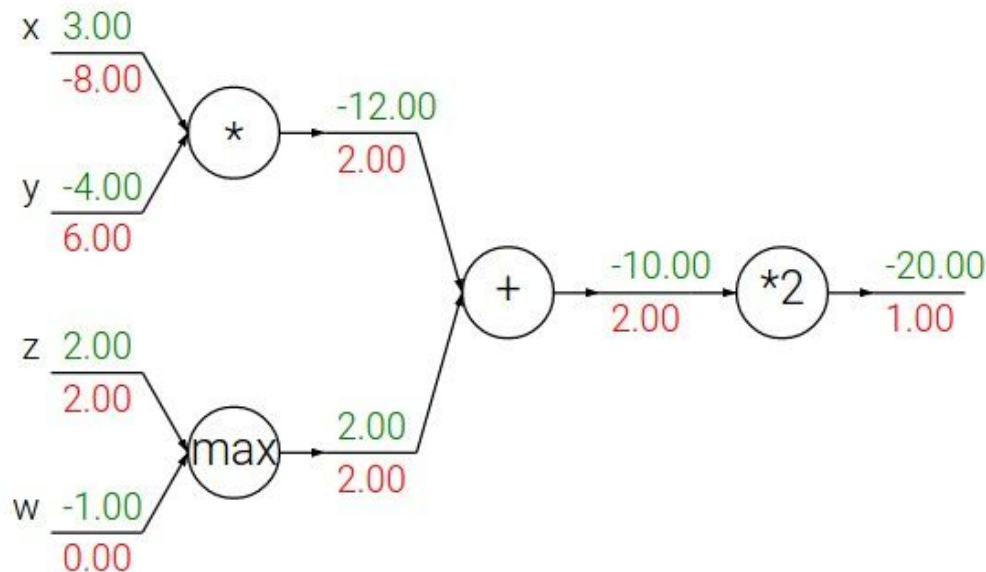
sigmoid function

$$\frac{d\sigma(x)}{dx} = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2} = \left( \frac{1 + e^{-x} - 1}{1 + e^{-x}} \right) \left( \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} \right) = (1 - \sigma(x)) \sigma(x)$$



# Patterns in backward flow

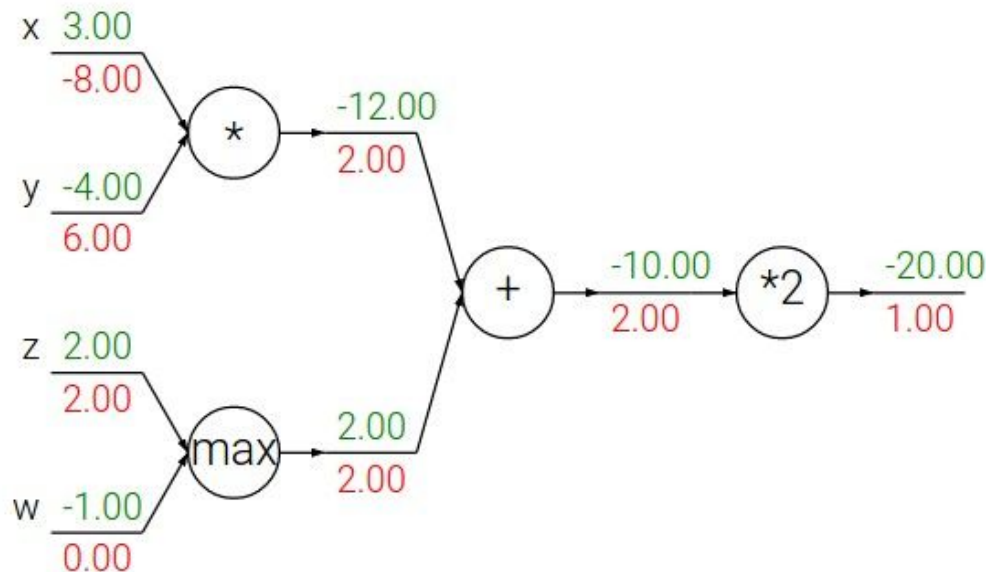
**add** gate: gradient distributor



# Patterns in backward flow

**add** gate: gradient distributor

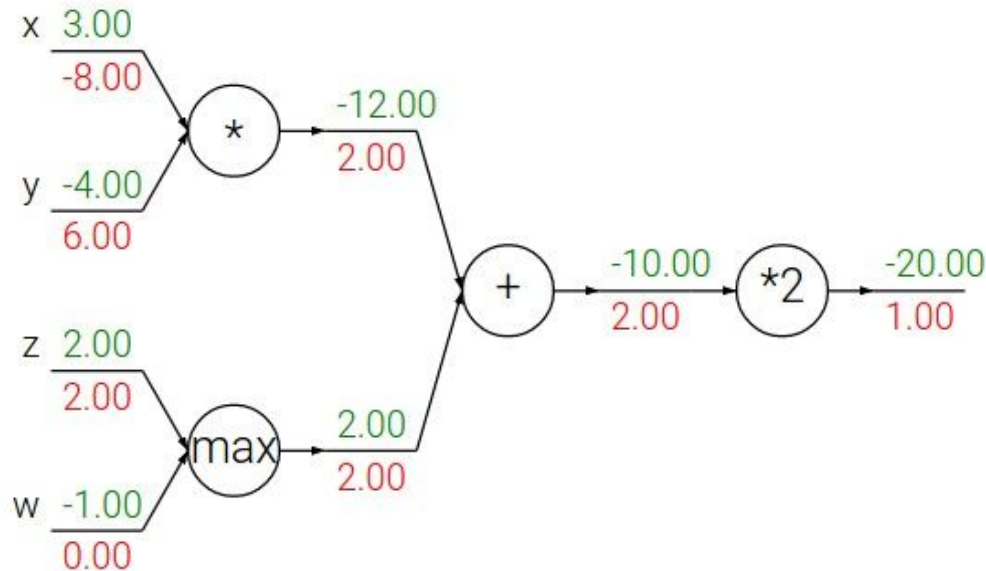
Q: What is a **max** gate?



# Patterns in backward flow

**add** gate: gradient distributor

**max** gate: gradient router

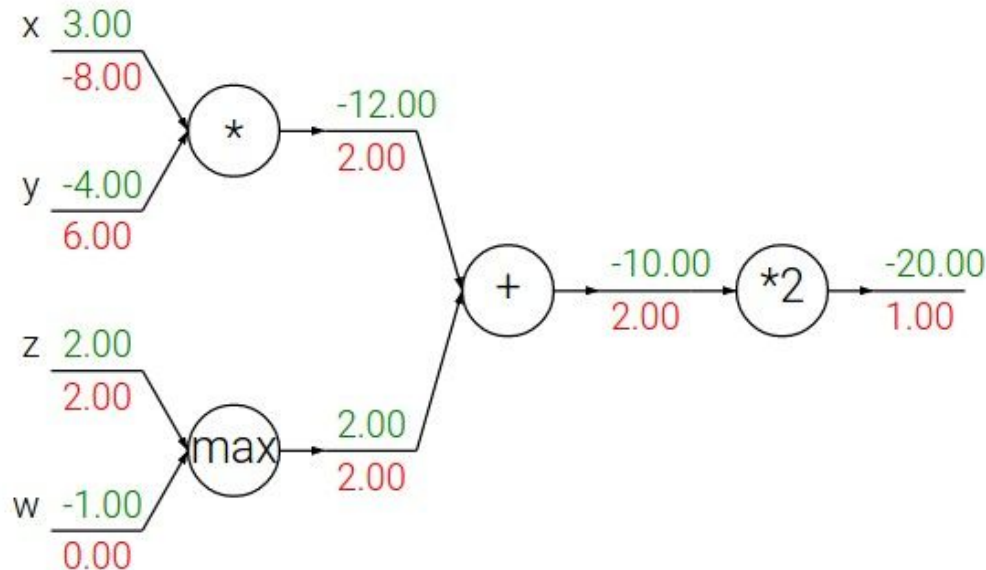


# Patterns in backward flow

**add** gate: gradient distributor

**max** gate: gradient router

Q: What is a **mul** gate?

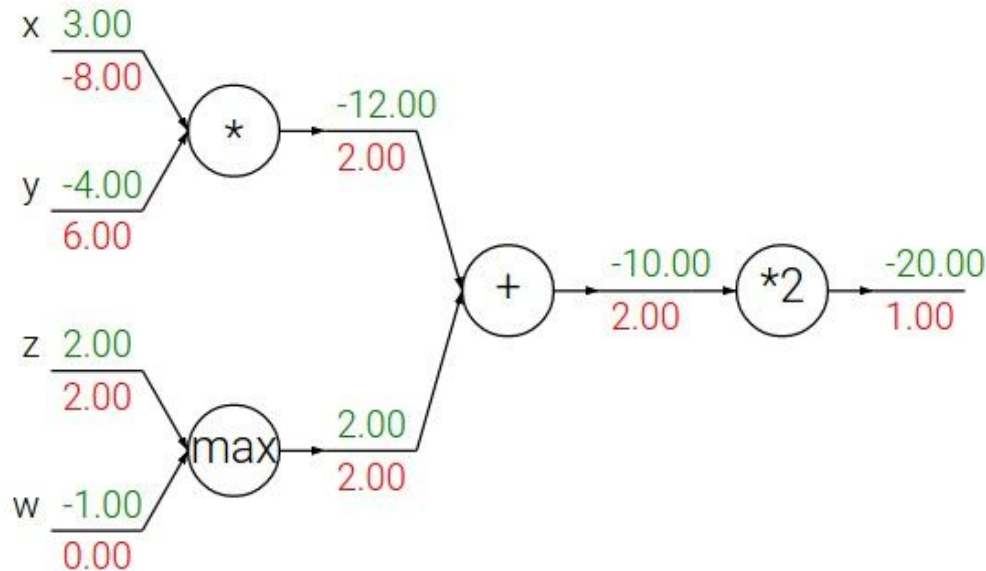


# Patterns in backward flow

**add** gate: gradient distributor

**max** gate: gradient router

**mul** gate: gradient switcher



# Gradients add at branches

