## **Turtle (the module)**

The turtle module contains two types of functions – functions for the actual turtles, and functions for other things, particularly for the turtle screen.

### **Actual turtles (one or more)**

The following functions can be used for the default turtle and any user-created turtles which are created by t = turtle.Turtle().

- up
- down
- goto
- forward
- backward
- left
- right
- home
- dot
- circle
- setheading
- pencolor
- fillcolor
- color
- begin fill
- end fill
- write
- shape
- shapesize
- hideturtle
- showturtle
- xcor
- ycor
- pos
- heading
- width
- speed
- clear
- undo
- onclick
- ondrag

Event handling

### Turtle screen (only one)

('Turtle screen' means 'turtle window').

These are the turtle screen functions you can use.

- colormode
- textinput
- numinput
- addshape
- tracer
- setworldcoordinates
- setup
- bgcolor
- bgpic
- bye
- done
- listen
- onkeypressonscreenclick

Event handling

# Moving and Drawing

#### turtle name.up()

Pulls the pen up, then no drawing when moving.

#### turtle name.down()

Puts the pen down, then have drawing when moving.

#### turtle name.goto(X, Y)

Moves turtle to the absolute position (X, Y) e.g. 0, 0

#### turtle\_name.forward( DISTANCE )

Moves the turtle forward by *DISTANCE*, in the direction of the turtle e.g. 100

#### turtle name.backward( DISTANCE )

Moves the turtle backward by *DISTANCE* e.g. 100

Does not change the direction of the turtle.

#### turtle name.left( ANGLE )

Turns turtle left by ANGLE degrees e.g. 45

#### turtle name.right( ANGLE )

Turns turtle right by ANGLE degrees e.g. 45

#### turtle\_name.setheading( ANGLE )

Sets the turtle's exact direction to *ANGLE*. An angle of 0 means the turtle points right. An angle of 90 means the turtle points up. And so on.

#### turtle name.home()

This is the same as turtle.goto(0, 0)

#### turtle\_name.dot( SIZE )

Draws a filled circle with diameter *SIZE* e.g. 50 The center is at the current position of the turtle. The circle is always filled. Works even if the pen is off the page.

#### turtle\_name.circle( RADIUS, EXTENT )

Draws a circle with given *RADIUS*. If *RADIUS* is positive the circle is drawn to the left of the turtle. If *RADIUS* is negative it is drawn to the right. *EXTENT* is optional. *EXTENT* is an angle that determines how many degrees are drawn.

An example pair of numbers: 200,90

## **Handling Colour**

## turtle\_name.pencolor( PENCOLOR )

Sets the pen color to PENCOLOR e.g. "red"

## turtle\_name.fillcolor(F/LLCOLOR)

Sets the fill color to FILLCOLOR e.g. "blue"

#### turtle name.color( COLOR )

Sets both the pen color and the fill color to *COLOR*. E.g. turtle name.color("red")

#### turtle name.color(

PENCOLOR, FILLCOLOR)

Sets the pen color to *PENCOLOR* and sets the fill color to *FILLCOLOR* e.g.

turtle name.color("red", "blue")

We may or may not have time to consider the following this semester:

#### turtle.colormode( 255 )

Tells the turtle system to accept red (R), green (G), and blue (B) values to represent one colour. Each value is an integer in the range 0...255. For example, after executing

turtle\_colormode (255) the command turtle\_name.pencolor (165, 42, 42) sets the turtle pen colour to brown, because brown can be represented by the RGB values 165, 42, and 42.

# Filling

#### turtle name.begin fill()

Begins the color filling. Put this before the code which draws the shape you want to fill.

#### turtle\_name.end\_fill()

Ends the color filling. Put this after the code which draws the shape you want to fill.

## Text/Number Input & Output

#### 

Writes *TEXT* at the current turtle position, using the **font** information, e.g. font=("Arial", 20, "bold")

#### turtle.textinput( "TITLE", "PROMPT" )

Shows a small window which asks for a user's text input. *TITLE* specifies the text shown at the top of the small window, and *PROMPT* specifies the message shown.

# turtle.numinput("TITLE", "PROMPT", DEFAULT, MIN, MAX)

Shows a small window which asks for a user's numerical input. *TITLE* is the text shown at the top of the small window, *PROMPT* is the message shown. The last three input values are optional: *DEFAULT* specifies the default value, while *MIN* and *MAX* specify the minimum value and maximum value allowed for the user's input.

# Controlling Visibility

#### turtle name.hideturtle()

Hides the turtle, then you cannot see it in the turtle window.

#### turtle name.showturtle()

Shows the turtle, then you can see it in the turtle window.

# **Shape Control**

#### turtle.addshape("FILENAME")

Adds a new turtle shape to the turtle system which can then be used by  $turtle\_name.shape()$ . *FILENAME* is the file name of an image file, usually in the same directory as the Python program. The image file must use the GIF format. The image file usually has to be in the same directory as the Python program.

#### turtle name.shape("SHAPE")

Sets the turtle's shape to *SHAPE*. There are the possible shapes: "arrow", "turtle", "circle", "square", "triangle", and "classic". Alternatively, a GIF image can be selected, if it is added to the turtle system first.

#### turtle name.shapesize(

WIDTH\_MULTIPLIER\_FACTOR,
HEIGHT\_MULTIPLIER\_FACTOR )

Multiplies the turtle's shape according to WIDTH\_MULTIPLIER\_FACTOR and HEIGHT\_MULTIPLIER\_FACTOR.

(This command doesn't work if an image is being used for the turtle shape). An example:

turtle name.shapesize(2, 3)

- The first input value (2) multiplies the width of the turtle, i.e. the width is doubled
- The second input value (3) multiplies the length of the turtle, i.e. the length is tripled

## Screen Update Control

#### turtle.tracer(True)

Turns on the automatic screen update. New turtle drawings will appear on the screen as they are drawn.

#### turtle.tracer(False)

Turns off the automatic screen update. Any turtle drawing are not shown - until you subsequently do turtle.tracer(True), then everything is shown all at once.

## **Turtle Window Setup**

turtle.setup( WIDTH, HEIGHT)
Resizes the turtle window to WIDTH x HEIGHT.

#### turtle.bgcolor( BGCOLOR )

Sets the turtle window's background colour to BGCOLOR e.g. "blue".

#### turtle.bgpic("F/LENAME")

Sets the turtle window's background picture. FILENAME is the filename of a GIF image file, which usually has to be in the same directory as the Python program.

We may or may not have time to consider the following command and concept this semester:

# turtle.setworldcoordinates( LEFT, BOTTOM, RIGHT, TOP)

Creates a customized coordinate system for the turtle window. *LEFT* is the x coordinate of the left side of the turtle window. *RIGHT* is the x coordinate of the right side of the window. *BOTTOM* is the y coordinate of the bottom of the turtle window. *TOP* is the y coordinate of the top of the window.

# **Creating Turtles**

turtle\_name = turtle.Turtle()
Creates a new turtle object called turtle name.

## **Getting Turtle Properties**

Here are some examples of extracting information out of a turtle. The variable names shown on the left (x, y, etc) can be any variable name.

x = turtle name.xcor()

Returns the x position of the turtle.

y = turtle\_name.ycor()

Returns the y position of the turtle.

x, y = turtle name.position()

Returns the (*x position*, *y position*) of the turtle – two things are returned at the same time.

h = turtle name.heading()

Returns the angle of the turtle, in degrees.

pc = turtle name.pencolor()

Returns the pen colour that the turtle is using.

fc = turtle name.fillcolor()

Returns the fill colour that the turtle is using.

w = turtle\_name.width()

Returns the width of the turtle line.

# **Event Handling**

# turtle\_name.onclick( EVENT\_HANDLER ) After this, the function EVENT\_HANDLER will be executed when the turtle called turtle\_name is clicked.

turtle\_name.ondrag( EVENT\_HANDLER) After this, the function EVENT\_HANDLER will be executed when the turtle called turtle\_name is dragged.

# turtle.onscreenclick( EVENT\_HANDLER )

After this, the function called *EVENT\_HANDLER* will be executed when the turtle window (not a turtle in the window) is clicked by the user.

#### turtle.onkeypress(

EVENT HANDLER, "KEY" )

After this, the function *EVENT\_HANDLER* will be executed when *KEY* is pressed e.g. "a".

#### turtle.listen()

Tells Windows to switch the focus to the turtle graphics window, so that any key presses go to the turtle window, and not to another window.

#### turtle.done()

This must be included at the end of a turtle program for event handling e.g. to make sure clicking/dragging and key presses work properly.

## Other Turtle Functions

# turtle\_name.width( WIDTH ) Sets the line thickness to WIDTH e.g. 5. turtle\_name.pensize() is the same as turtle name.width()

#### turtle name.speed( SPEED )

Sets the turtle's animation speed to *SPEED* e.g. 5 1 is slow, 10 is fast. 0 means very fast drawing.

#### turtle name.clear()

Deletes everything that the turtle called *turtle\_name* has drawn.

## turtle\_name.undo()

Undoes the last turtle action.

#### turtle.bye()

Closes the turtle window.