## COMP4021 Internet Computing

## A Quick Look at JSON

Gibson Lam

## **JSON**

- JSON stands for JavaScript Object Notation
- It is an easy-to-use, text-based data format
- Although it has JavaScript in its name, it is language-independent
- It was created based on the structure of JavaScript objects and therefore it looks almost identical to them

### The JSON Format

Let's look at this example JSON content:

```
{
    "series": "Demon Slayer",
    "author": "Koyoharu Gotouge",
    "volumes": 23
}
```

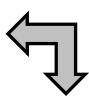
 It is just like making a JavaScript object without a variable name!

# JSON Vs JavaScript Objects

- JSON is different to JavaScript objects as JSON is always stored as a string, i.e.:
  - The keys of JSON can only be strings and they are enclosed by "..." only
  - JSON cannot contain functions or other things that cannot be shown as strings
- JSON can also be an array, rather than an object

```
JavaScript
const devices = {
    phone: ["Cisco", "IPhone"],
    tablet: "Surface",
    notebook: "Thinkpad"
}
```

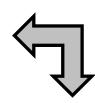
# More JSON Examples



```
JSON
```

```
{"phone":["Cisco","IPhone"],"tablet":"Surface","notebook":"Thinkpad"}
```

```
JavaScript
const rainbow = [
    "Red", "Orange", "Yellow", "Green",
    "Lime", "Blue", "Purple"
];
```



#### **JSON**

```
["Red", "Orange", "Yellow", "Green", "Lime", "Blue", "Purple"]
```

# Using JSON in JavaScript

 You can convert between JSON and JavaScript objects using two JavaScript functions:

JSON.stringify() changes a JavaScript object to a JSON string JSON.parse() changes a JSON string to a JavaScript object

# Using JSON.stringify()

```
const item = {
    series: "Demon Slayer",
    author: "Koyoharu Gotouge",
    volumes: 23
};
const jsonItem = JSON.stringify(item);
It is a
         {"series": "Demon Slayer",
string
          "author": "Koyoharu Gotouge",
           "volumes":23}
```

# Using JSON.parse()

```
const jsonItem =
     '{"series":"Demon Slayer", +
     ' "author":"Koyoharu Gotouge",' +
     ' "volumes":23}';
const item = JSON.parse(jsonItem);
 This is
an object
          {series: "Demon Slayer",
           author: "Koyoharu Gotouge",
           volumes: 23}
```

## Using JSON

- In the course later, you will see JSON used in different ways, e.g.:
  - For storing things in the browsers
  - For storing things on the server
  - As part of the message content in clientserver communication