PROBABILISTIC METHODS IN ROBOTICS

HOMEWORK III

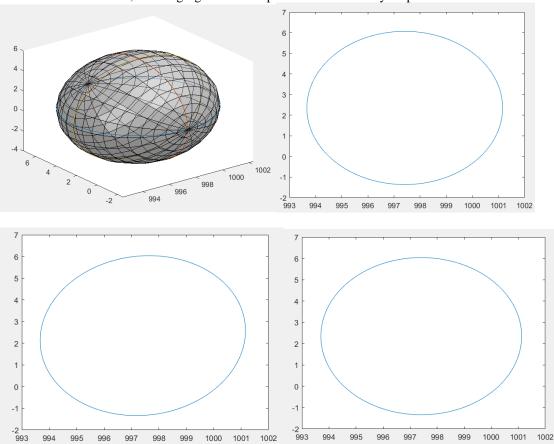
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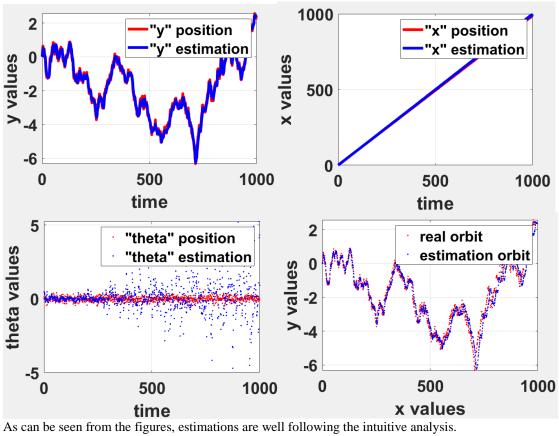
20.10.2019

(c) Draw the uncertainty ellipse of the Gaussian and compare it with your intuitive solution.

Since the dimension is 3, resulting figure is an ellipsoid with uncertainty ellipse.



(d) Now incorporate a measurement. Our measurement shall be a noisy projection of the x-coordinate of the robot, with covariance Q=0.01. Specify the measurement model. Now apply the measurement both to your intuitive posterior, and formally to the EKF estimate using the standard EKF machinery. Give the exact result of the EKF, and compare it with the result of your intuitive analysis.



<u>UKF_main m file</u>

```
clear all;
clc;
xPresent post =[0; 0; 0];
covPresent post=[0.01 0 0;...
                       0.01 0; ...
                  0
                      0 100001;
                  0
xbarPast post = xPresent post;
covPast post= covPresent post;
u t=[];
time=0:1:1000;
Nsamples=length(time);
Xmsaved=[];
Xhsaved=[];
for t = 1:Nsamples
  [xm, ym, theta] = f GetPosUK(t);
                                               % real
value
  [xh, yh, thetah,xbarPresent post,CovPresent post] =
UnKalFilt hkn(covPast post, xbarPast post, u t, [xm; ym;
theta]) % kalman result
  covPast post= CovPresent post
  xbarPast post = xbarPresent post
  Xmsaved(t,:) = [xm, ym, theta];
  Xhsaved(t,:) = [xh, yh, thetah];
end
% Elipsoid
Pxyt=CovPresent post;
figure (5)
h=f error ellipse drawing(Pxyt,xbarPresent post)
% X-A
Pxy=[CovPresent post(1,1) CovPresent post(1,2);
     CovPresent post(2,1) CovPresent post(2,2)];
figure (6)
h=f error ellipse drawing(Pxy,xbarPresent_post)
Pxt=[CovPresent post(1,1) CovPresent post(1,3);
```

```
CovPresent post(3,1) CovPresent post(3,3)];
figure (7)
h=f error ellipse drawing(Pxt,xbarPresent post)
% v-t
Pyt=[CovPresent post(2,2) CovPresent post(2,3);
     CovPresent post(3,2) CovPresent post(3,3)];
figure (8)
h=f error ellipse drawing(Pyt,xbarPresent post)
figure (1)
plot(time, Xmsaved(:,1),'r','linewidth',4) % x value
(real)
hold on
plot(time, Xhsaved(:,1),'b','linewidth',4) % x value
(estimation)
xlabel('time', 'FontSize', 24);
ylabel('x values', 'FontSize', 24);
legend('"x" position','"x" estimation')
set(gca, 'FontSize', 24, 'fontWeight', 'bold')
grid
응
figure (2)
plot(time, Xmsaved(:,2),'r','linewidth',4) % y value
(real)
hold on
plot(time, Xhsaved(:,2),'b','linewidth',4) % y value
(estimation)
xlabel('time', 'FontSize', 24);
ylabel('y values', 'FontSize', 24);
legend('"y" position','"y" estimation')
set(gca, 'FontSize', 24, 'fontWeight', 'bold')
arid
90
figure (3)
plot(time, Xmsaved(:,3),'r.','linewidth',4) % theta
value (real)
hold on
plot(time, Xhsaved(:, 3), 'b.', 'linewidth', 4) % theta
value (estimation)
xlabel('time', 'FontSize', 24);
ylabel('theta values', 'FontSize', 24);
legend('"theta" position','"theta" estimation')
set(gca, 'FontSize', 24, 'fontWeight', 'bold')
grid
```

```
figure (4)
plot(Xmsaved(:,1),Xmsaved(:,2),'r.','linewidth',4)
real values in x,y direction
hold on
plot(Xhsaved(:,1),Xhsaved(:,2),'b.','linewidth',4)%
estimation values in x,y direction
xlabel('x values', 'FontSize', 24);
ylabel('y values', 'FontSize', 24);
legend('real orbit','estimation orbit')
set(gca,'FontSize',24,'fontWeight','bold')
grid
```

Robot Pose m file

```
function [xm, ym, theta] =f GetPosUK(t)
persistent Posxm Posym
if isempty(Posxm)
    Posxm=0;
    Posym=0;
end
d=1:
%% Generate values from a normal distribution with
specified mean vector and covariance matrix.
mu = [0 \ 0 \ 0];
sigma = [0.01 \ 0 \ 0; \ 0 \ 0.01 \ 0; \ 0 \ 0 \ 10000];
R = chol(sigma);
zp = repmat(mu, t, 1) + randn(t, 3) *R;
xn=zp(t,1);
yn=zp(t,2);
theta=zp(t, 3)*pi/1800
xm=Posxm+d*cos(theta);
ym=Posym+d*sin(theta);
Posxm=xm;
                 % true position
Posym=ym;
                 % true position
```

Unscented Kalman Filter function m file

```
function [xh, yh, thetah, xbarPresent post,
CovPresent post] =
UnKalFilt hkn3(covPast post, xbarPast post, u t, z t)
%% %%PARAMETER DEFINITION
n=3;
m=3;
dt=0.01;
z = [z t(1); z t(2); z t(3)]; % 3x1
theta=z t(3)
alpha=1; % 0<alpha<1</pre>
kappa=1; % kappa=>0
lambda= alpha^2*(kappa+n)-n;
beta=2;
H = [1 \ 0 \ 0;
       0 1 0;
        0 0 1];
Q t = 1.0 * eye(3);
R t = 1.0 * eye(3);
%% %%PREDICTION STEP
% 1. Generate Sigma points
%%2. Propagate each sigma-point through prediction
% nx(2*n+1) --> 3x7
[XSigmaPresent prior] = SigPointGen(n, lambda,
xbarPast post, covPast post, theta, dt)
% 3. Compute Mean and Covariance matrix
% Weight for computing the Mean
Wsigma mean(1) = lambda/(n+lambda)
% Weight for computing the Covariance
Wsigma cov(1) = (lambda/(n+lambda)) +1- alpha^2 +beta
for i=1:(2*n)
Wsigma mean(i+1) = 1/(2*(n+lambda)) % 1<k<2n
                                                 Τn
total- [1x(2*n+1)]: 1x7
Wsigma cov(i+1) = 1/(2*(n+lambda)) % 1<k<2n
                                                 Ιn
total- [1x(2*n+1)]: 1x7
end
```

```
[xbarPresent prior, CovPresent prior] = UnsTrans(
XSigmaPresent prior, Wsigma mean, Wsigma cov, R t)
%%%Thus we get 3x1 xbarPresent prior and 3x3
CovPresent prior
%% %% CORRECTION STEP
HSigmaPresent prior=zeros(n,2*n+1)
HSigmaPresent prior(:,1) = xbarPresent prior
MSRpresent =chol( (n+lambda) *CovPresent prior )
chol: To Calculate square root of error covariance
% Calculate mean of estimated output
for i=1:n
HSigmaPresent prior(:,i+1) = xbarPresent prior + (
MSRpresent(i,:)' )
HSigmaPresent prior(:,n+i+1) = xbarPresent prior - (
MSRpresent(i,:)' )
end
% 5. Propogate Sigma points to obtain prediction of the
observation
Zet t k=zeros(m, 2*n+1);
for k=1:2*n+1
    Zet t k(:,k)=hx(HSigmaPresent prior(:,k),theta) %
Zet t k is the transformed sigma points
end
% 6. & 7. Compute estimated observation and covariance
matrix
[zbar t, S t] = UnsTrans( Zet t k, Wsigma mean,
Wsigma cov, Q t)
% 8. Compute Cross covariance matrix
CrossCovar=zeros(n,m);
for i=1:2*n+1
CrossCovar= CrossCovar+ Wsigma cov(i) * (
XSigmaPresent prior(:,i) - xbarPresent prior ) * (
XSigmaPresent prior(:,i) - zbar t)'
end
% 9. Compute Kalman gain
K t= CrossCovar *inv(S t) % [nxn]:3x3
```

```
% K = PxyCrossCovar/PyyCrossCovar
% 10. Correction of the mean
% xbarPresent post = xbarPresent prior + K t * (z t -
zbar t) % [nx1]:3x1
xbarPresent post = xbarPresent prior + K t * (z t -
xbarPresent prior)
% xbarPresent post22 = xbarPresent prior + K * (z t -
xbarPresent prior)
% 11. Update the Covariance matrix
% CovPresent post = CovPresent prior - K t * S t *
(K t)'
CovPresent post = CovPresent prior - K t * H *
CovPresent prior
% CovPresent post22 = CovPresent prior - K * H *
CovPresent prior
Pe=CovPresent post
xe=xbarPresent post
xh=xbarPresent post(1); yh=xbarPresent post(2);
thetah=xbarPresent post(3)
end
응음 -----
function [XSigmaPresent prior] = SigPointGen(n, lambda,
xbarPast post, covPast post, theta, dt)
% 1. Generate Sigma points
XSigmaPast post=zeros(n, 2*n+1)
XSigmaPast post(:,1) = xbarPast post
MSR = chol ( (n+lambda) *covPast post ) % chol: To
Calculate square root of error covariance
    for i=1:n
    XSigmaPast post(:,i+1) = xbarPast post + (
MSR(i,:)')
    XSigmaPast post(:,n+i+1) = xbarPast post - (
MSR(i,:)')
    end
%%2. Propagate each sigma-point through prediction
%XSigmaPresent prior=eval( g(XSigmaPast post)) %
nx(2*n+1) --> 3x7
XSigmaPresent prior=zeros(n, 2*n+1);
    for k=1:2*n+1
```

```
XSigmaPresent prior(:,k)=fx(XSigmaPast post(:,k),theta,
dt) % XSigmaPresent prior is the transformed sigma
points
    end
end
function xp=fx(x,theta,dt)
Ak = [1 \ 0 \ cosd(theta)/theta;
        0 1 sind(theta)/theta;
        0 0 11;
A=eye(3)+dt*Ak;
xp=A*x;
end
function zpk=hx(x,theta)
zpk(1,1) = x(1) %sin(theta);
zpk(2,1) = x(2) %cos(theta);
zpk(3,1) = x(3);
end
function [xmean, CovMat] = UnsTrans( Sigmapoints, Wmean,
Wcov, NoiseCov)
%[xbarPresent prior, CovPresent prior] = UnsTrans(
XSigmaPresent prior, Wsigma mean, Wsigma cov, R t)
[n, ~] = size (Sigmapoints)
% Calculate mean of predicted state
xmean=0;
for i=1:(2*n+1)
xmean= xmean + Wmean(i) * Sigmapoints(:,i) %
[nx(2*n+1)] : 3x7 * ([1x(2*n+1)] : 1x7)' = [nx1] : 3x1
% Calculate covariance of predicted state
CovMat=0:
for i=1:(2*n+1)
CovMat = CovMat + Wcov(i) * ( Sigmapoints(:,i) - xmean )
* ( Sigmapoints(:,i) - xmean ) ' + NoiseCov % 1 * (
[nx1]: 3x1 - 3x1) * ( [nx1]:3x1 - 3x1) ' + [n,n]:3x3
end
end
```