

```
/******  
/* SAS Code for Chi-square Examples */  
/******
```

```
/* Vacation Destination Preference Example */
```

```
data vacation;  
    input place $ count;  
    datalines;  
Hawaii 119  
Europe 394  
Caribbean 130  
Other 285  
;  
  
proc freq data=vacation;  
    tables place / chisq testp=(18 40 12 30);  
    weight count;  
run;
```

```
/* Chicken Pox Vaccine Side-effects Example */
```

```
data side_effects;  
    input trt $ swelling $ count;  
    datalines;  
vaccine major 54  
vaccine minor 42  
vaccine none 134  
placebo major 16  
placebo minor 32  
placebo none 142  
;  
  
proc freq data=side_effects;  
    tables trt * swelling / chisq nocol norow nocum nopercnt;  
    weight count;  
run;
```

```
/* Satisfaction with Appearance by Age Example */
```

```
data appearance;  
    input age $ satisfied $ count;  
    datalines;
```

```
1 Yes 38
```

```
2 Yes 30
```

```
3 Yes 34
```

```
1 No 10
```

```
2 No 29
```

```
3 No 9
```

```
;
```

```
proc freq data=appearance;  
    tables satisfied * age / chisq nocol norow nocum nopercent;  
    weight count;  
run;
```

```
/* About the PROC FREQ code:
```

```
> CHISQ requests the Chi-square test (test statistic and p-value)
```

```
> The TESTP= option specifies the null proportions for the null distribution in a test of goodness  
of fit; notice that they are ordered to match the alphabetical order of the categories (e.g.  
Caribbean, Europe, Hawaii, Other)
```

```
> The NOCOL ... NOPERCENT options suppress the column, row, cumulative frequencies and  
percentages (this was done for the sake of shortening the output) */
```