## 实验八

本次实验操作比较复杂,利用一下中间结果可以提高运行效率

## 执行下面的语句:

```
create table test8_01 as
select * from (
 select dname, round(avg(max_score) ,0) avg_os_score
 from pub.STUDENT natural join (
   select sid, max(score) max_score
   from pub.STUDENT_COURSE a, pub.COURSE b
  where a.CID = b.CID and b.NAME = '操作系统'
   group by sid)
 where dname is not null
 group by dname
)natural join(
 select dname, round(avg(max_score) ,0) avg_ds_score
 from pub.STUDENT natural join (
   select sid, max(score) max_score
   from pub.STUDENT_COURSE a, pub.COURSE b
  where a.CID = b.CID and b.NAME = '数据结构'
  group by sid)
 where dname is not null
 group by dname
create table test8_02 as
select SID, NAME, DNAME, ds_score, os_score
from pub.STUDENT natural join (
 select sid, max(score) os_score
 from pub.STUDENT_COURSE natural join pub.COURSE
 where NAME = '操作系统'
 group by sid ) natural join (
 select sid, max(score) ds_score
 from pub.STUDENT_COURSE natural join pub.COURSE
 where NAME = '数据结构'
 group by sid)
where DNAME = '计算机科学与技术学院'
create table test8_04 as
select sid, name, dname, (
 select max(score)
 from pub.STUDENT_COURSE natural join pub.COURSE
 where name='数据结构' and sid=pubs.sid
) ds_score, (
```

```
select max(score)
from pub.STUDENT_COURSE natural join pub.COURSE
where name='操作系统' and sid=pubs.sid
) os_score
from pub.STUDENT pubs
where dname = '计算机科学与技术学院'
group by sid,name,dname

-- 先运行 test8_04 再运行这一个
create table test8_03 as
select * from test8_04
where os_score is not null or ds_score is not null
```

## 截图:

