

Day-2

Recap Day-1

- ML
- AI, ML, DL, Gen-AI
- Supervised Learning
- Un-supervised Learning
- Data Splitting \leftarrow Train, Test, Validate
- ML Life cycle

Animated Quiz

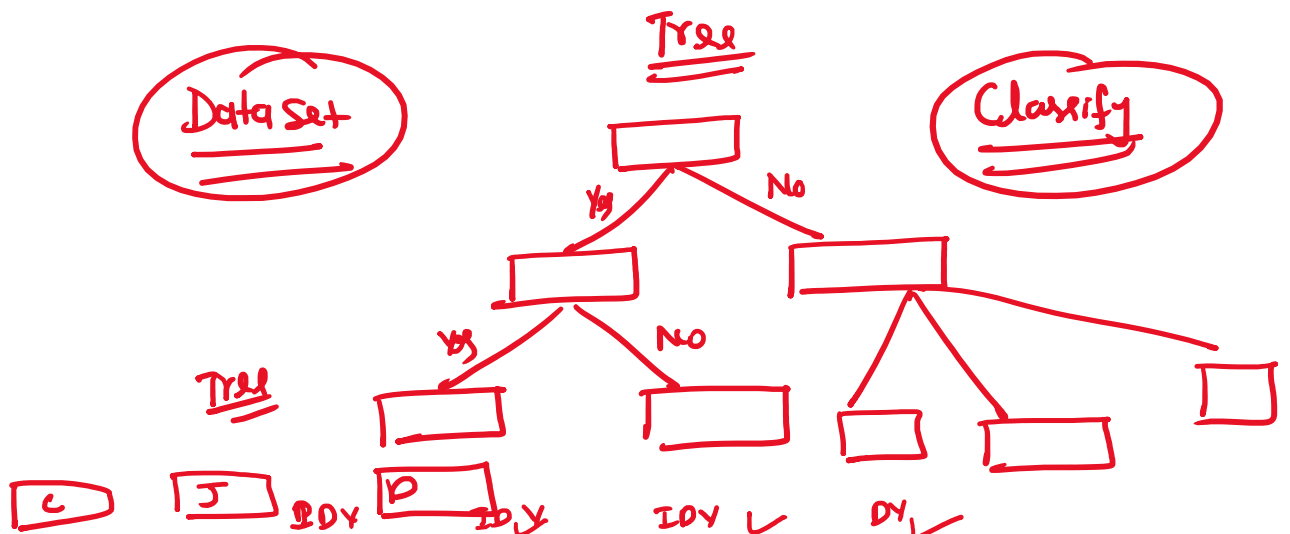
Continuous

- Linear Regression

Bi-variant (x, y) $y = mx + c$
Multi-variant (x_1, x_2, y)

Categorical

- Logistic Regression \rightarrow sigmoid



Company	Job	Degree	Salary_more_than_100k
google	sales executive	bachelors	0
google	sales executive	masters	0
google	business manager	bachelors	1
google	business manager	masters	1
google	computer programmer	bachelors	0
google	computer programmer	masters	1
abc pharma	sales executive	masters	0
abc pharma	computer programmer	bachelors	0
abc pharma	business manager	bachelors	0
abc pharma	business manager	masters	1
facebook	sales executive	bachelors	1
facebook	sales executive	masters	1
facebook	business manager	bachelors	1
facebook	business manager	masters	1
facebook	computer programmer	bachelors	1
facebook	computer programmer	masters	1

look \$/year

Prob

g SE B

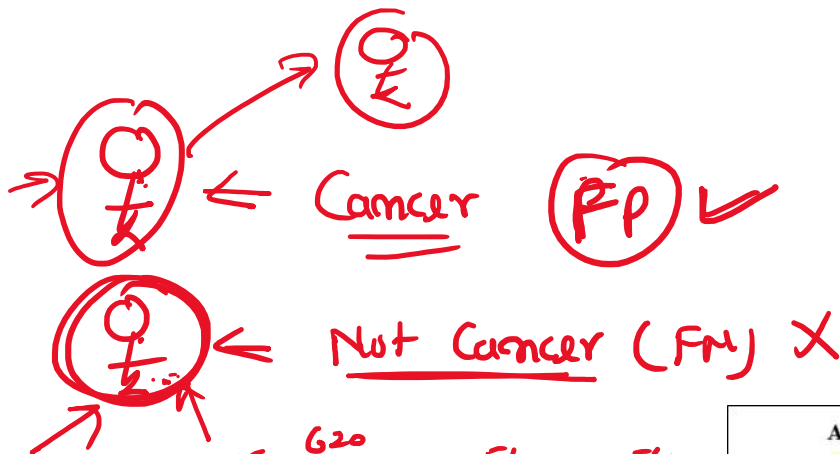
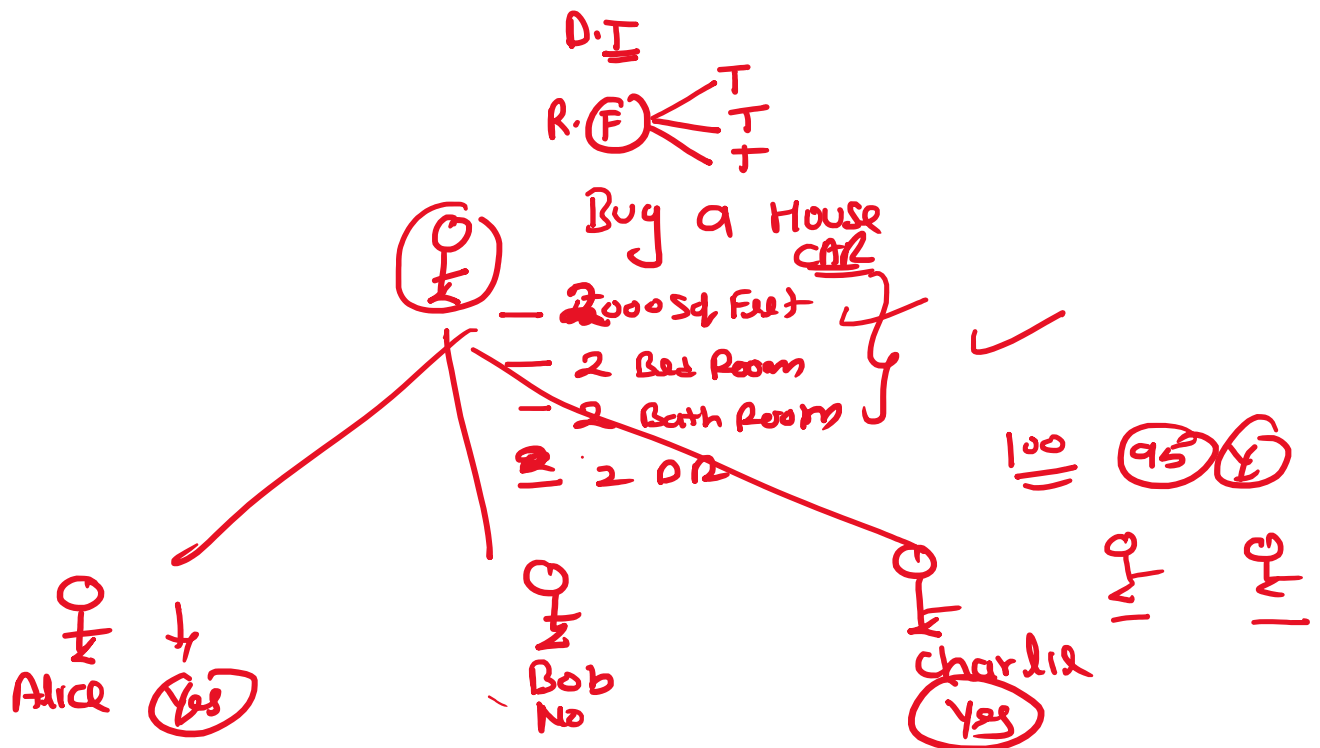
facebook	sales executive	bachelors	abc pharma	sales executive	masters	google	sales executive	bachelors	google	sales executive	masters
facebook	sales executive	masters	abc pharma	computer programmer	bachelors	google	business manager	bachelors	google	business manager	masters
facebook	business manager	bachelors	abc pharma	business manager	bachelors	abc pharma	computer programmer	bachelors	abc pharma	computer programmer	masters
facebook	business manager	masters	abc pharma	business manager	masters	facebook	sales executive	bachelors	facebook	sales executive	masters
facebook	computer programmer	bachelors	facebook	business manager	bachelors	facebook	business manager	bachelors	facebook	business manager	masters
facebook	computer programmer	masters	facebook	computer programmer	masters	facebook	computer programmer	masters	facebook	computer programmer	masters

6/1 (low entropy) Low Randomness

1/3

4/4 (high entropy)

6/2



$$\frac{620}{620+60} = \frac{560}{560+60} = \frac{560}{620}$$

Precision = $TP / (TP+FP)$

Recall = $TP / (TP+FN)$

		ACTUAL VALUES	
		POSITIVE	NEGATIVE
PREDICTED VALUES	POSITIVE	560	60
	NEGATIVE	50	330

TP
TN
FP
FN

Recall: Recall provides us the information about the proportion of actual positives that was identified correctly.

$$\text{Recall} = TP / (TP+FN)$$

F1-Score: The F1 score is interpreted as a weighted average of the precision and recall, where F1 score of value 1 is best and score of value 0 is worst.

$$F1 = 2 * [(Recall * Precision) / (Recall + Precision)]$$

Accuracy: Accuracy is a metric for evaluating classification models. Accuracy gives the information about the fraction of predictions that our model got right. In percentage;

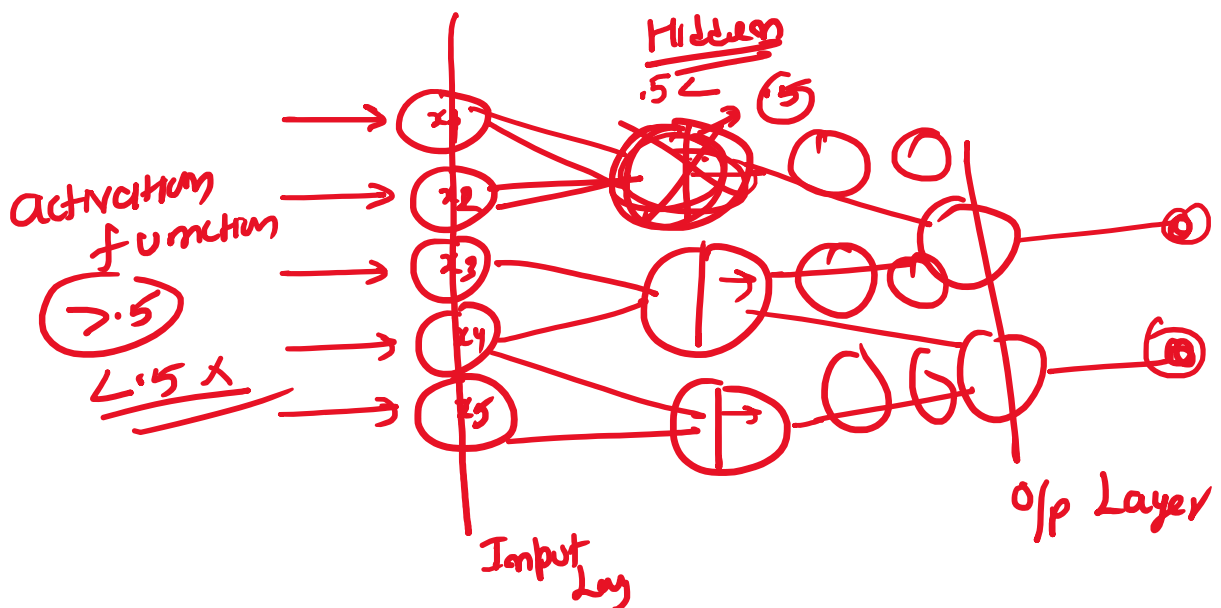
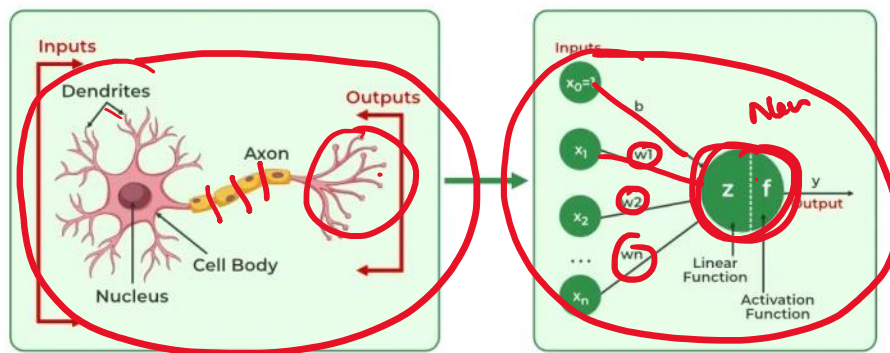
TP = 560
FP = 60
FN = 50

$F1 = 2 * [(Recall * Precision) / (Recall + Precision)]$
 Accuracy: Accuracy is a metric for evaluating classification models. Accuracy gives the information about the fraction of predictions that our model got right. In percentage;
 $Accuracy = 100 * [(TP+TN) / (TP+TN+FP+FN)]$
 Here, TP= True Positive, TN= True Negative, FP= False Positive and FN= False Negative.

FP = 60
 FN = 50
 TP = 330

$$F1 = 2 * (1 * 1) / (1 + 1) = \frac{2 * 1}{2} = 1$$

Kaggle

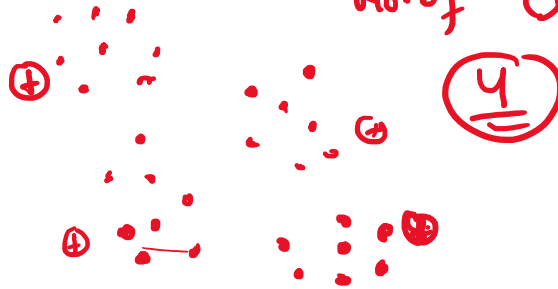


Unsupervised Learning

Clustering Algorithm

Elbow Method

— K means Algorithm
↑
no. of cluster



Control

