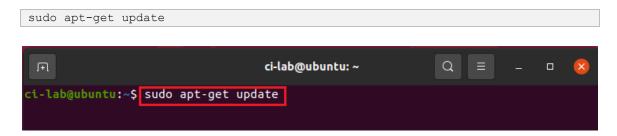
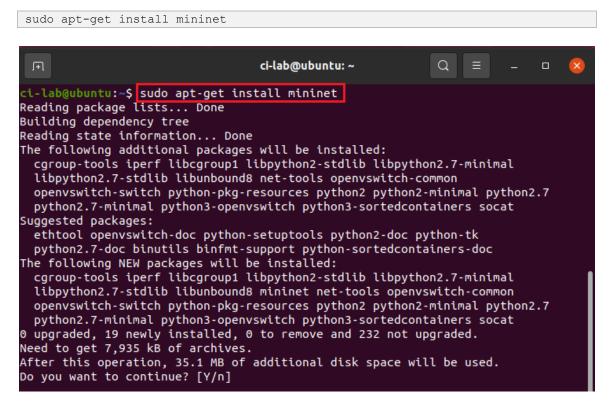
This short guide describes the steps required to install Mininet on a Linux. The guide assumes that you are running a recent version of Ubuntu. The version of Linux used in this guide is Ubuntu 20.04.2 LTS.

1 Installing Mininet from packages

- **Step 1.** Launch a Linux terminal by holding the Ctrl+Alt+T keys or by clicking on the Linux terminal icon.
- **Step 2.** Make sure that the list of packages from all repositories is up to date by running the following command. When prompted to enter a password, please enter the password of the account you are currently logged into.



Step 3. Install the *mininet* package by entering the following command.



Press x key on your keyboard to proceed with the installation.

Step 4. At this point, if there was no error during the installation process, you should have *mininet* installed on your machine. Issue the following command to start *mininet's* Command Line Interface (CLI). This command creates a simple topology consisting of one switch (s1) and two hosts (h1, h2).

```
sudo mn
  J+I
                                   ci-lab@ubuntu: ~
                                                              Q
ci-lab@ubuntu:~$ sudo mn
*** No default OpenFlow controller found for default switch!
*** Falling back to OVS Bridge
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
h1 h2
*** Adding switches:
s1
*** Adding links:
(h1, s1) (h2, s1)
*** Configuring hosts
h1 h2
*** Starting controller
*** Starting 1 switches
s1 ...
*** Starting CLI:
mininet>
```

Step 5. By default, the Open vSwitch (OVS) package is installed when installing *mininet*. OVS is the virtual switch that will be used to connect devices in *mininet*. To test if mininet is working properly, issue the following command in mininet's CLI.

mininet> pingall

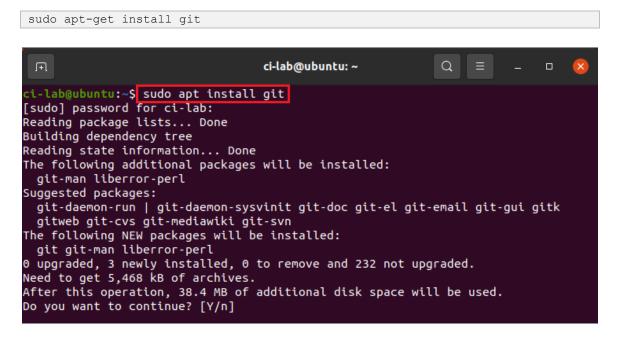
```
ci-lab@ubuntu: ~
i-lab@ubuntu:~$ sudo mn
*** No default OpenFlow controller found for default switch!
*** Falling back to OVS Bridge
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
h1 h2
*** Adding switches:
*** Adding links:
(h1, s1) (h2, s1)
*** Configuring hosts
h1 h2
*** Starting controller
*** Starting 1 switches
*** Starting CLI:
mininet> pingall
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 <u>-> h1</u>
*** Resul<u>t</u>s: 0% dropped (2/2 received)
mininet>
```

The figures above shows that h1 was able to reach h2 and h2 was able to reach h1. It also shows that 0% packets were dropped. This confirms that mininet and the virtual switch are properly installed.

2 Using Miniedit

Mininet has a Graphical User Interface (GUI) known as Miniedit. Miniedit is a simple python program that provides a GUI which allows creating and managing topologies.

Step 1. Install *git* in case it is not installed on your machine by using the following command.



Step 2. Clone the mininet repository from GitHub by using the following command on a Linux terminal.

```
ci-lab@ubuntu:~

ci-lab@ubuntu:~

Q = - □ 

ci-lab@ubuntu:~

git clone https://github.com/mininet/mininet

Cloning into 'mininet'...

remote: Enumerating objects: 10165, done.

remote: Counting objects: 100% (11/11), done.

remote: Compressing objects: 100% (8/8), done.

remote: Total 10165 (delta 2), reused 9 (delta 2), pack-reused 10154

Receiving objects: 100% (10165/10165), 3.19 MiB | 733.00 KiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (6784/6784), done.

ci-lab@ubuntu:~$
```

Step 3. Install python-pip3 package in case it is not installed on your system.

```
sudo apt install python3-pip
```

```
ci-lab@ubuntu: ~
ci-lab@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt install python3-pip
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  binutils binutils-common binutils-x86-64-linux-gnu build-essential dpkg-dev
  fakeroot g++ g++-9 gcc gcc-9 libalgorithm-diff-perl
  libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libasan5 libatomic1
  libbinutils libc-dev-bin libc6-dev libcrypt-dev libctf-nobfd0 libctf0
  libexpat1-dev libfakeroot libgcc-9-dev libitm1 liblsan0 libpython3-dev
  libpython3.8 libpython3.8-dev libpython3.8-minimal libpython3.8-stdlib
  libquadmath0 libstdc++-9-dev libtsan0 libubsan1 linux-libc-dev make
  manpages-dev python-pip-whl python3-dev python3-distutils python3-lib2to3
  python3-setuptools python3-wheel python3.8 python3.8-dev python3.8-minimal
  zlib1g-dev
Suggested packages:
  binutils-doc debian-keyring g++-multilib g++-9-multilib gcc-9-doc
  gcc-multilib autoconf automake libtool flex bison gcc-doc gcc-9-multilib
  qcc-9-locales glibc-doc libstdc++-9-doc make-doc python-setuptools-doc
  python3.8-venv python3.8-doc binfmt-support
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  binutils binutils-common binutils-x86-64-linux-gnu build-essential dpkg-dev
  fakeroot g++ g++-9 gcc gcc-9 libalgorithm-diff-perl
  libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libasan5 libatomic1
  libbinutils libc-dev-bin libc6-dev libcrypt-dev libctf-nobfd0 libctf0
  libexpat1-dev libfakeroot libgcc-9-dev libitm1 liblsan0 libpython3-dev
  libpython3.8-dev libquadmath0 libstdc++-9-dev libtsan0 libubsan1
  linux-libc-dev make manpages-dev python-pip-whl python3-dev
  python3-distutils python3-pip python3-setuptools python3-wheel python3.8-dev
  zlib1g-dev
The following packages will be upgraded:
  libpython3.8 libpython3.8-minimal libpython3.8-stdlib python3-lib2to3
  python3.8 python3.8-minimal
6 upgraded, 43 newly installed, 0 to remove and 226 not upgraded.
Need to get 38.7 MB/45.0 MB of archives.
After this operation, 171 MB of_additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n]
```

Step 4. Install *mininet* using pip3 by entering the following command.

```
ci-lab@ubuntu:~

ci-lab@ubuntu:~

ci-lab@ubuntu:~

sudo pip3 install mininet

Collecting mininet

Downloading mininet-2.3.0.dev6-py2.py3-none-any.whl (152 kB)

| 152 kB 576 kB/s

Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (f rom mininet) (45.2.0)

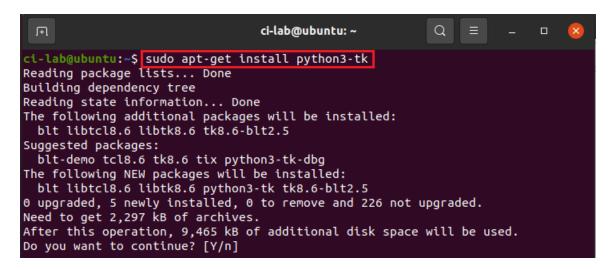
Installing collected packages: mininet

Successfully installed mininet-2.3.0.dev6

ci-lab@ubuntu:~
$
```

Step 5. Install tkinter by entering the following command

```
sudo apt-get install python3-tk
```



Step 6. Install *xterm* package by entering the following command.

```
sudo apt-get install xterm
                                 ci-lab@ubuntu: ~
                                                          Q
ci-lab@ubuntu:~$ sudo apt-get install xterm
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
 libutempter0
Suggested packages:
 xfonts-cyrillic
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 libutempter0 xterm
O upgraded, 2 newly installed, O to remove and 226 not upgraded.
Need to get 773 kB of archives.
After this operation, 2,380 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] Y
```

Step 7. Check if Miniedit is ready to be started. Start Miniedit by entering the following command.





If the output is similar to the figure above, then Miniedit is ready.

References

- 1. Mininet walkthrough. [Online]. Available: http://Mininet.org.
- 2. Mininet Github repo. [Online]. Available: https://github.com/mininet/mininet