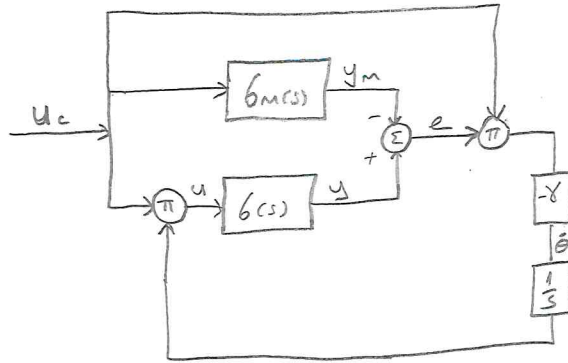


Appendix \Rightarrow

Lyapunov Rule $\Rightarrow \dot{\theta} = -\gamma \cdot u_c \cdot e$

MIT Rule $\Rightarrow \dot{\theta} = -\gamma \cdot y_m \cdot e$

Lyapunov Block Diagram \Rightarrow



$$G_m(s) = \frac{2}{s+2}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{b}{s+a}$$

$$u = \theta_1 u_c - \theta_2 y$$

Steps \Rightarrow

1) Process Model $\Rightarrow G(s) = \frac{b}{s+a} \quad \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{b}{s+a} \quad Y(s) \cdot s + Y(s) \cdot a = U(s) \cdot b$

$$\dot{y}(t) + a \cdot y(t) = b \cdot u(t)$$

$$\dot{y}(t) = -a \cdot y(t) + b \cdot u(t)$$

2) Desired Model $\Rightarrow G_m(s) = \frac{2}{s+2} \Rightarrow \frac{Y_m(s)}{U_c(s)} = \frac{2}{s+2} \quad Y_m(s) \cdot s + 2 \cdot Y_m(s) = 2 \cdot U_c(s)$

$$\dot{y}_m(t) + 2 y_m(t) = 2 \cdot u_c(t)$$

$$\dot{y}_m(t) = -2 y_m(t) + 2 u_c(t)$$

3) Controller $= u = \theta_1 u_c - \theta_2 y$

4) $\dot{y}(t) = -a \cdot y(t) + b \cdot \theta_1 u_c(t) - b \cdot \theta_2 y(t)$

$$\dot{y}(t) = y(t) \cdot (-a - b\theta_2) + u_c(t) \cdot (b\theta_1) = \dot{y}_m(t) = -2 y_m(t) + 2 u_c(t)$$

$$-a - b\theta_2 = -2 \quad 2 - a = b\theta_2 \quad \theta_2 = \frac{2-a}{b}$$

$$b \cdot \theta_1 = 2 \quad \theta_1 = \frac{2}{b}$$

5) $e(t) = y(t) - y_m(t) \quad \dot{e}(t) = \dot{y}(t) - \dot{y}_m(t)$

$$\dot{e}(t) = -a \cdot y(t) - b \cdot (\theta_1 u_c(t) - \theta_2 y(t)) + 2 y_m(t) - 2 u_c(t)$$

$$\dot{e}(t) = y(t) \cdot (-a - b\theta_2) + u_c(t) \cdot (-b\theta_1 - 2) + 2 y_m(t) + 2 y(t) - 2 y(t)$$

$$\dot{e}(t) = -2(y(t) - y_m(t)) - y(t) \cdot (a + b\theta_2 - 2) + u_c(t) \cdot (b\theta_1 - 2) \quad \dot{e}(t)$$

$$\dot{e}(t) = -2e - y(t) \cdot (a + b\theta_2 - 2) + u_c(t) \cdot (b\theta_1 - 2)$$

6) $V(e, \bar{\theta}_1, \bar{\theta}_2) = \frac{1}{2} e^2 + \frac{\bar{\theta}_1^2}{2\gamma} + \frac{\bar{\theta}_2^2}{2\gamma} \quad \bar{\theta}_1 = \theta_1 - \theta_1^* \quad \bar{\theta}_2 = \theta_2 - \theta_2^* \quad \theta_1^* = \frac{2}{b} \quad \theta_2^* = \frac{a}{b}$

$$\dot{V} = e \cdot \dot{e} + \frac{\bar{\theta}_1}{\gamma} \cdot \dot{\bar{\theta}}_1 + \frac{\bar{\theta}_2}{\gamma} \cdot \dot{\bar{\theta}}_2$$

$$\dot{V} = e[-2e - y(t) \cdot (a - b\theta_2 - 2) + u_c(t) \cdot (b\theta_1 - 2)] + \frac{(\theta_1 - \frac{2}{b})}{\gamma} \cdot \dot{\theta}_1 + \frac{(\theta_2 - \frac{a}{b})}{\gamma} \cdot \dot{\theta}_2$$

$$\dot{V} = e[-2e - y(t) \cdot (a - b\theta_2 - 2) + u_c(t) \cdot (b\theta_1 - 2)] + \frac{\theta_1 b - 2}{b \cdot \gamma} \cdot \dot{\theta}_1 + \frac{\theta_2 b - a}{b \cdot \gamma} \cdot \dot{\theta}_2$$

$$\dot{V} = -2e^2 - e \cdot y(t) \cdot (a - b\theta_2 - 2) + e \cdot u_c(t) \cdot (b\theta_1 - 2) + \frac{\theta_1 b - 2}{b \gamma} \cdot \dot{\theta}_1 + \frac{\theta_2 b - a}{b \gamma} \cdot \dot{\theta}_2$$

$$\dot{V} = -2e^2 + (b\theta_2 + 2 - a) \cdot \underbrace{\left(\frac{\dot{\theta}_2}{\gamma} - e \cdot y(t)\right)}_0 + (b\theta_1 - 2) \cdot \underbrace{\left(\frac{\dot{\theta}_1}{\gamma} + e \cdot u_c(t)\right)}_0$$

7) Adjustment Rules \Rightarrow

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = -\gamma \cdot e \cdot u_c(t)$$

$$\dot{\theta}_2 = \gamma \cdot e \cdot y(t)$$

$$\dot{V} = -2e^2$$

