

Important

There are general homework guidelines you must always follow. If you fail to follow any of the following guidelines you risk receiving a **0** for the entire assignment.

1. All submitted code must compile under **JDK 8**. This includes unused code, so don't submit extra files that don't compile. Any compile errors will result in a 0.
2. Do not include any package declarations in your classes.
3. Do not change any existing class headers, constructors, or method signatures.
4. Do not add additional public methods.
5. Do not use anything that would trivialize the assignment. (e.g. don't import/use `java.util.LinkedList` for a Linked List assignment. Ask if you are unsure.)
6. Always be very conscious of efficiency. **Even if your method is to be $O(n)$, traversing the structure multiple times is considered non-efficient** unless that is absolutely required (and that case is extremely rare).
7. You must submit your source code, the `.java` files, not the compiled `.class` files.
8. After you submit your files redownload them and run them to make sure they are what you intended to submit. You are responsible if you submit the wrong files.

Pattern Matching

For this assignment you will be coding 3 different pattern matching algorithms: Brute Force, Boyer-Moore and Knuth-Morris-Pratt. Each of these methods will take in a pattern string and a text string and will attempt to find all occurrences of the pattern in the text.

There is information about all three in the interface and more information about Boyer-Moore and KMP in the book (also under Resources on T-Square). The implementations for these algorithms may be different online or elsewhere. **If you implement any of the three algorithms in an unexpected manner (i.e. contrary to what the Javadocs and PDF specify), you may receive a 0.**

For all of the search algorithms, make sure you check the simple failure cases as soon as possible. For example, if the pattern is longer than the text, don't do any preprocessing on the pattern/text.

Knuth-Morris-Pratt

Failure Table Construction

The Knuth-Morris-Pratt (KMP) algorithm is a better version of the Brute Force Algorithm and relies on using the prefix of the pattern to determine how much to shift the pattern by. The algorithm itself uses what is known as the failure table (also called failure function). There are different ways of calculating the failure table, but we are expecting one specific format described below.

For any string `pattern`, have a pointer `i` starting at the first letter, a pointer `j` starting at the second letter, a table called `table` that is the length of the pattern. Then, while `j` is still a valid index within `pattern`:

- If the characters pointed to by `i` and `j` match, then write `i + 1` to index `j` of the table and increment `i` and `j`.

- If the characters pointed to by i and j do not match:
 - If i is not at 0, then change i to `table[i - 1]`. Do not increment j or write any value to the table.
 - If i is at 0, then write i to index j of the table. Increment only j .

For example, for the string abacab, the failure table will be:

a	b	a	c	a	b
0	0	1	0	1	2

For the string ababac, the failure table will be:

a	b	a	b	a	c
0	0	1	2	3	0

For the string abaababa, the failure table will be:

a	b	a	a	b	a	b	a
0	0	1	1	2	3	2	3

For the string aaaaaa, the failure table will be:

a	a	a	a	a	a
0	1	2	3	4	5

Searching Algorithm

For the main searching algorithm, the search acts like a standard brute-force search for the most part, but in the case of a mismatch:

- If the mismatch occurs at index 0 of the pattern, then shift the pattern by 1.
- If the mismatch occurs at index j of the pattern and index i of the text, then shift the pattern such that index `failure[j-1]` of the pattern lines up with index i of the text, where failure is the failure table. Then, continue the comparisons at index i of the text (or index `failure[j-1]` of the pattern). Do not restart at index 0 of the pattern.

In addition, when a match is found, instead of shifting the pattern over by 1 to continue searching for more matches, the pattern should be shifted over by `failure[j-1]`, where j is the last index of the pattern.

charSequence

`charSequence` is an interface that is implemented by `String`, `StringBuffer`, `StringBuilder` and many others. We have also included a class, `SearchableString`, that implements `charSequence`. You may use any class that implements `charSequence` while testing your code. `SearchableString` allows you to see how many times you have called `charAt`.

We will be looking at the number of times you call `charAt()` while grading.

Do not use any method except `charAt()` and `length()`; all other methods will either throw an exception or will return invalid data. In addition, do not attempt to circumvent the restrictions we placed in the `SearchableString` class.

A note on JUnits

We have provided a **very basic** set of tests for your code, in `PatternMatchingStudentTests.java`. These tests do not guarantee the correctness of your code (by any measure), nor does it guarantee you any grade. You may additionally post your own set of tests for others to use on the Georgia Tech GitHub as a gist. Do **NOT** post your tests on the public GitHub. There will be a link to the Georgia Tech GitHub as well as a list of JUnits other students have posted on the class Piazza (when it comes up).

If you need help on running JUnits, there is a guide, available on T-Square under Resources, to help you run JUnits on the command line or in IntelliJ.

Style and Formatting

It is important that your code is not only functional but is also written clearly and with good style. We will be checking your code against a style checker that we are providing. It is located in T-Square, under Resources, along with instructions on how to use it. We will take off a point for every style error that occurs. If you feel like what you wrote is in accordance with good style but still sets off the style checker please email Joonho Kim (jkim844@gatech.edu) with the subject header of "CheckStyle XML".

Javadocs

Javadoc any helper methods you create in a style similar to the existing Javadocs (remember to keep helper methods private). If a method is overridden or implemented from a superclass or an interface, you may use `@Override` instead of writing Javadocs.

Exceptions

When throwing exceptions, you must include a message by passing in a `String` as a parameter. **The message must be useful and tell the user what went wrong.** "Error", "BAD THING HAPPENED", and "fail" are not good messages. The name of the exception itself is not a good message.

For example:

```
throw new PDFReadException("Did not read PDF, will lose points.");

throw new IllegalArgumentException("Cannot insert null data into data structure.");
```

Generics

If available, use the generic type of the class; do **not** use the raw type of the class. For example, use `new LinkedList<Integer>()` instead of `new LinkedList()`. Using the raw type of the class will result in a penalty.

Forbidden Statements

You may not use these in your code at any time in CS 1332. If you use these, we will take off points.

- `break` may only be used in switch-case statements
- `continue`
- `package`
- `System.arraycopy()`
- `clone()`
- `assert()`
- `Arrays` class
- `Array` class
- `Collections` class
- `Collection.toArray()`
- Reflection APIs
- Inner or nested classes

Debug print statements are fine, but nothing should be printed when we run them. We expect clean runs - printing to the console when we're grading will result in a penalty.

Provided

The following file(s) have been provided to you. There are several, but you will only edit one of them.

1. `PatternMatching.java`

This is the class in which you will implement the different string searching algorithms. Feel free to add private static helper methods but **do not add any new public methods, new classes, instance variables, or static variables.**

2. `SearchableString.java`

This is a wrapper class around a `String` object. It counts the number of times `charAt()` has been called and disables some other unnecessary operations. **Do not alter this file.**

3. `PatternMatchingStudentTests.java`

This is the test class that contains a set of tests covering the basic operations on the `PatternMatching` class. It is not intended to be exhaustive and does not guarantee any type of grade. **Write your own tests to ensure you cover all edge cases.**

Deliverables

You must submit all of the following file(s). Please make sure the filename matches the filename(s) below. Be sure you receive the confirmation email from T-Square, and then download your uploaded files to a new folder, copy over the interfaces, recompile, and run. It is your responsibility to re-test your submission and discover editing oddities, upload issues, etc.

1. `PatternMatching.java`