

Developments in chess engines

HLML 2021-05-07





Overview

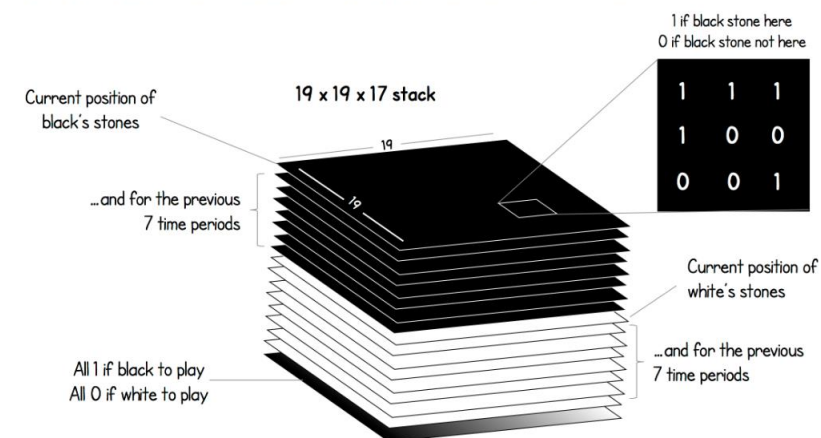
- + Review of ML for chess engines
- + NNUE for Stockfish
- + Style transfer for RL: Maia
- + Designing chess variants
- + Using chess to test ML models

ML for chess engines

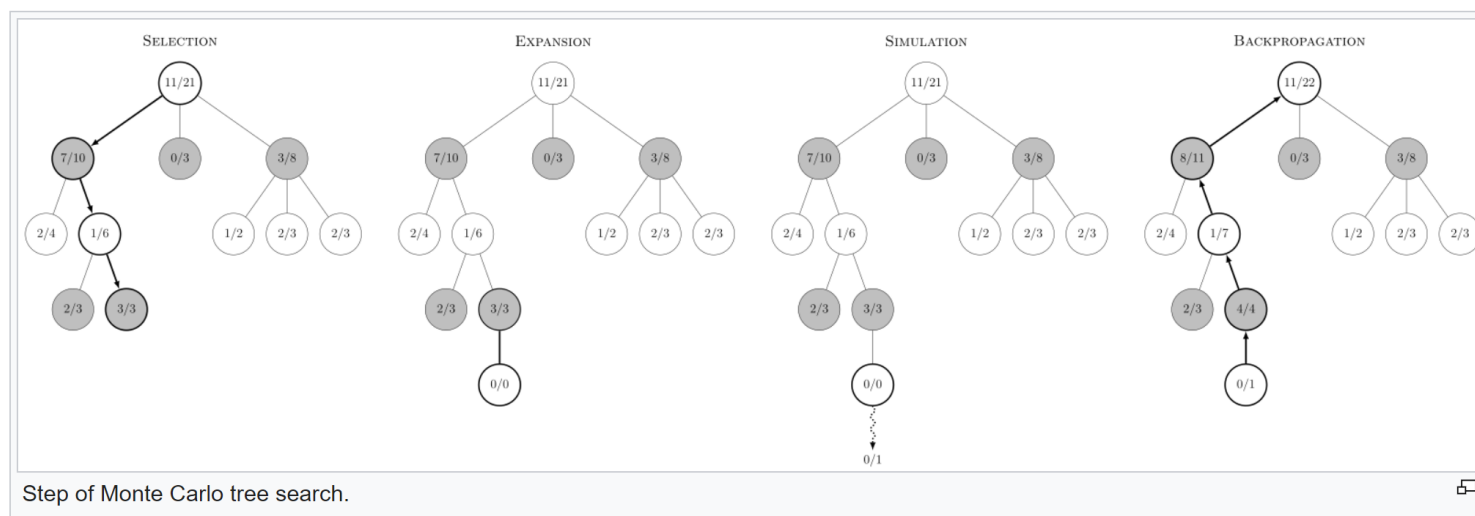
- Classical chess engines use *alpha-beta pruning* to deterministically expand the game tree and apply a hand-crafted function to assess positions
- AlphaZero uses *Monte Carlo tree search* with a neural net that is trained to evaluate how 'good' a position is

- Stockfish evaluates about 10^8 positions per second
- Leela Chess evaluates 40 000 positions per second

WHAT IS A 'GAME STATE'



This stack is the input to the deep neural network





NNUE for Stockfish



Style transfer for RL: Maia



Designing chess variants



Designing chess variants



Using chess to test ML models

Sources

NNUE

- <https://github.com/glinscott/nnue-pytorch/blob/master/docs/nnue.md>
- <https://cp4space.hatsya.com/2021/01/08/the-neural-network-of-the-stockfish-chess-engine/>

Maia

- <https://maiachess.com/>
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2006.01855.pdf>
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/2008.10086.pdf>

Chess Variants

- <https://arxiv.org/abs/2009.04374>
- <https://www.chess.com/news/view/new-alphazero-paper-explores-chess-variants>

Testing ML with chess

- <https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.13249>

