## Hands-on Lab Supplement Q6

Helen Le (PID: A16300695)

## **Original Code:**

```
# install.packages("bio3d")
library(bio3d)

s1 <- read.pdb("4AKE") # kinase with drug

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

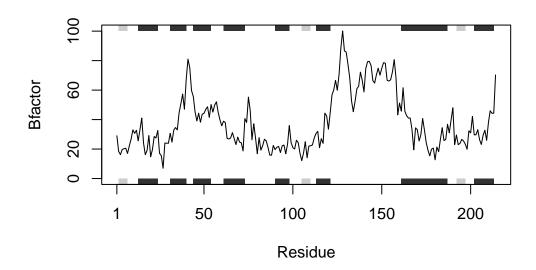
s2 <- read.pdb("1AKE") # kinase no drug

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

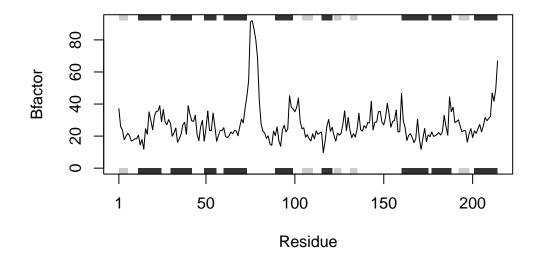
s3 <- read.pdb("1E4Y") # kinase with drug

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

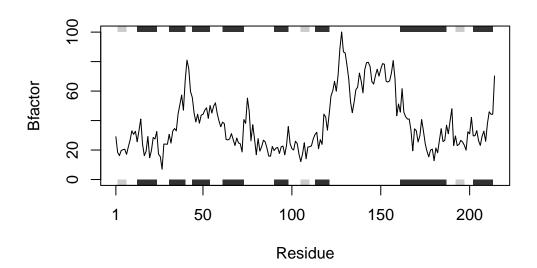
s1.chainA <- trim.pdb(s1, chain="A", elety="CA")
s2.chainA <- trim.pdb(s2, chain="A", elety="CA")
s3.chainA <- trim.pdb(s1, chain="A", elety="CA")
s1.b <- s1.chainA$atom$b
s2.b <- s2.chainA$atom$b
s3.b <- s3.chainA$atom$b
s3.b <- s3.chainA$atom$b</pre>
```



plotb3(s2.b, sse=s2.chainA, typ="1", ylab="Bfactor")



plotb3(s3.b, sse=s3.chainA, typ="1", ylab="Bfactor")



## **Generalized Code for any Protein Input:**

```
# install bio3d package; once in script or more preferably, in the R Console
## install.packages("bio.3d)
library(bio3d)

# create the function for the pdb analysis with the pdb file name, x, as the input
gen.pdb.analysis <- function(x) {
    # assign a vector that will read the pdb file being inputted
    pdb <- read.pdb(x)

# trim the pdb object by its chain type (chain="A") & its atom type (elety="CA")
    chainA <- trim.pdb(pdb, chain="A", elety="CA")

#extract the b-factors from the trimmed pdb vector
    b.factor <- chainA$atom$b

# create a plot using these extracted b-factors, setting the secondary structure object
    # (sse) as chain, typ="l" for a line plot, & setting the y-label as "Bfactor"
    plotb3(b.factor, sse=chainA, typ="l", ylab="Bfactor")
}</pre>
```

## **Example of function use:**

```
# Input desired pdb file into function
gen.pdb.analysis("4AKE")

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

Warning in get.pdb(file, path = tempdir(), verbose = FALSE):
C:\Users\helxn\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpGurzAF/4AKE.pdb exists. Skipping download
```

