

National Energy Board and Line 3 Indigenous Advisory and Monitoring Committee



Who is the National Energy Board (NEB)?

The NEB is an independent federal regulator of several parts of Canada's energy industry. It regulates pipelines, energy development and trade in the public interest with safety as its primary concern. For more information on the NEB and its mandate, please visit the National Energy Board website.

The NEB's approximately 480 staff include engineers, environmental specialists, auditors, inspectors, lawyers and engagement specialists.

Enbridge – Line 3 Replacement Program

The Line 3 Replacement Program (Line 3) involves construction of a new crude oil pipeline, located between Hardisty, Alberta and Gretna, Manitoba. After construction is complete, the existing Line 3 will be decommissioned. Additionally, it includes installation of associated infrastructure, including valves, pump stations and storage tanks. For more information on the Line 3 Replacement Program, visit http://www.neb-one.gc.ca/pplctnflng/mjrpp/ln3rplcmnt/index-eng.html.

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What is the Line 3 Indigenous Advisory and Monitoring Committee (IAMC)?

The Line 3 IAMC was established in October 2017 and is composed of 16 Indigenous members, one representative from Natural Resources Canada (NRCan) and one representative from the NEB. This IAMC is paving the way for an enhanced relationship between Indigenous Nations along the Line 3 route, the Government of Canada and the NEB. The Committee provides the opportunity for Indigenous Nations to participate meaningfully in oversight activities that occur along the pipeline corridor during pipeline construction and operations. Indigenous Monitors now accompany NEB Inspection Officers in the field and provide advice from an Indigenous perspective on the environmental, safety and socio-economic aspects regarding of the project. As of January 2019, there have been 24 inspections with Indigenous Monitors.