

Data Structures

Lists, Maps, and Sets

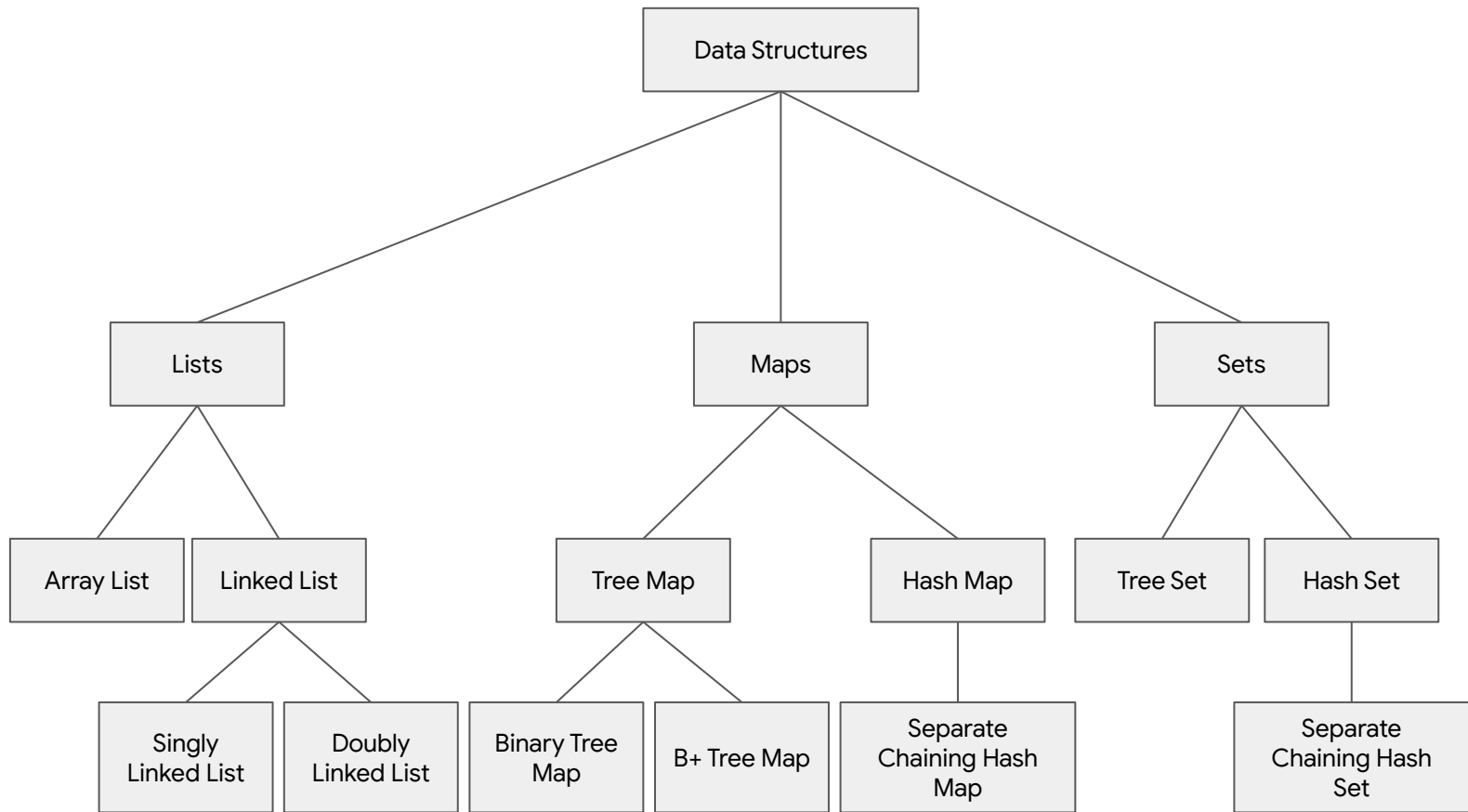
Objectives

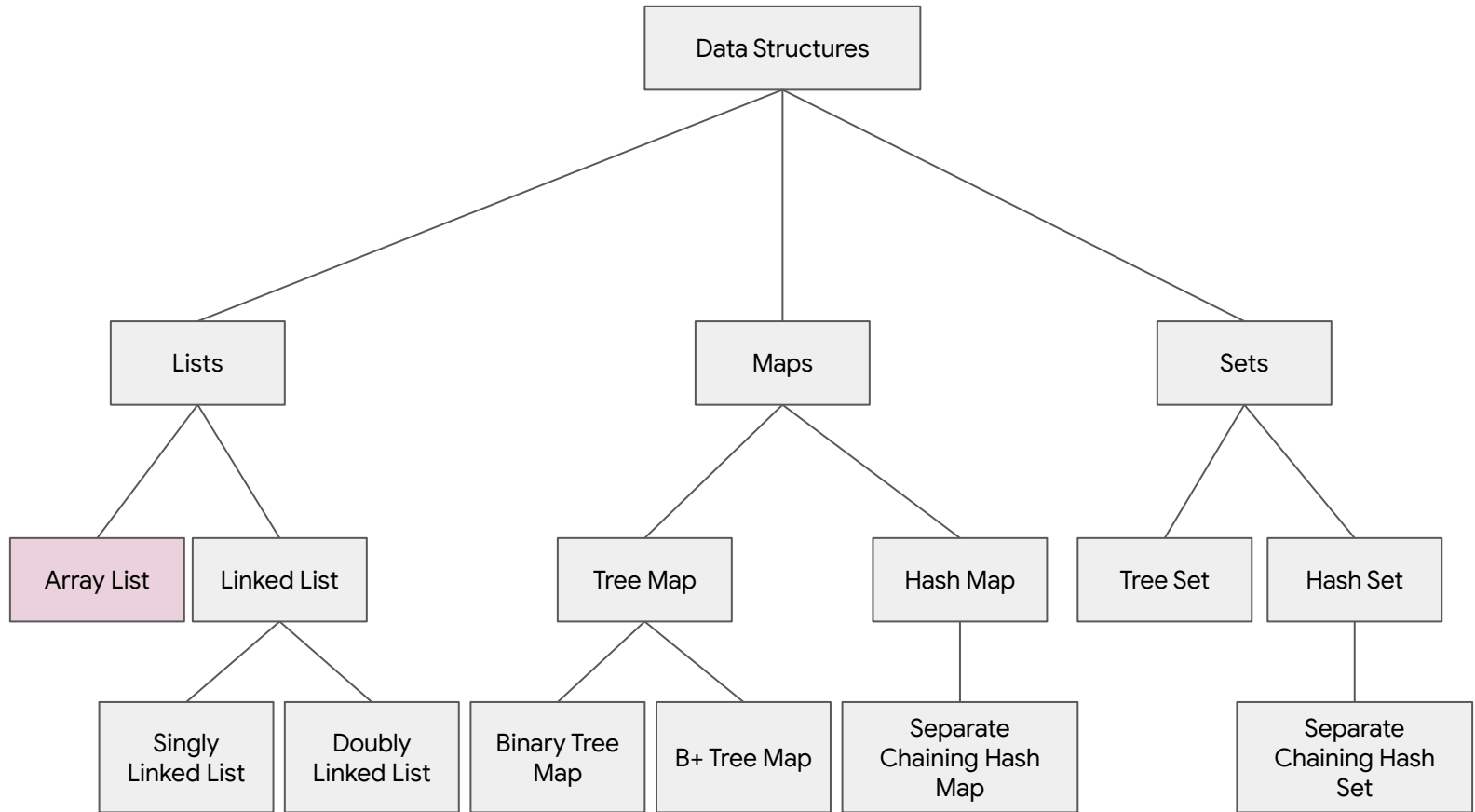
Primary Objectives

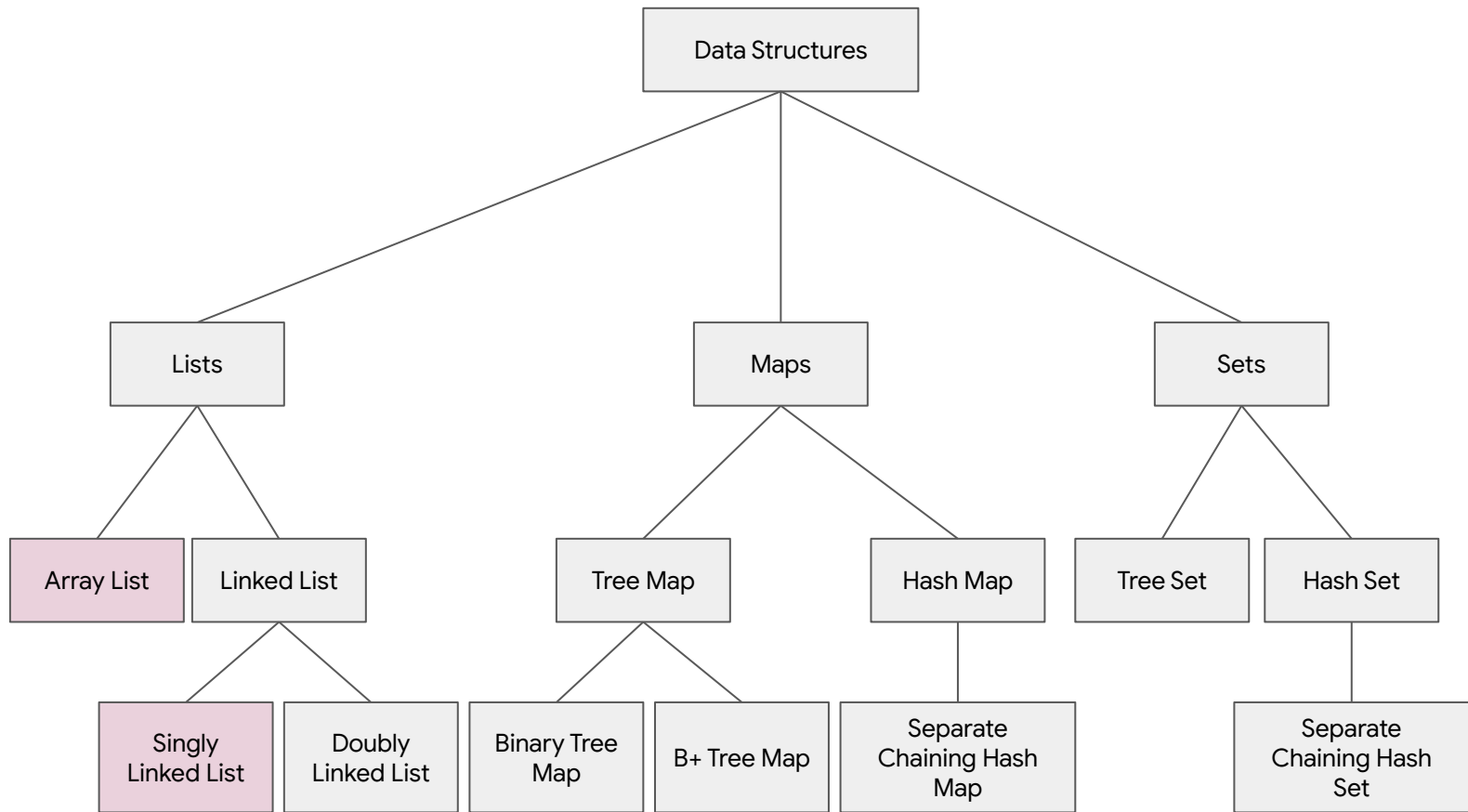
- What is a **list** and when could I use it?
- What is a **set** and when could I use it?
- What is a **map** and when could I use it?

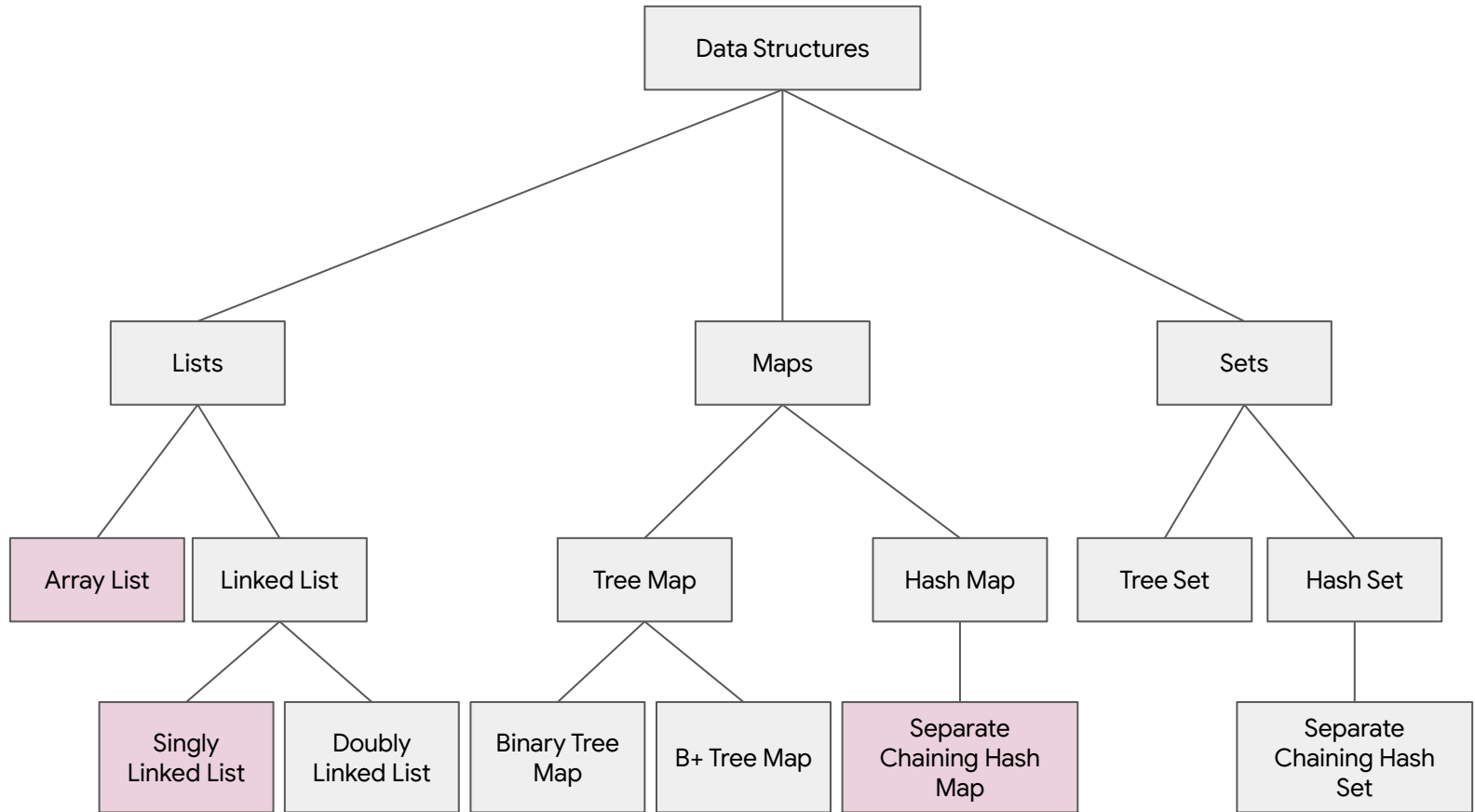
Secondary Objectives

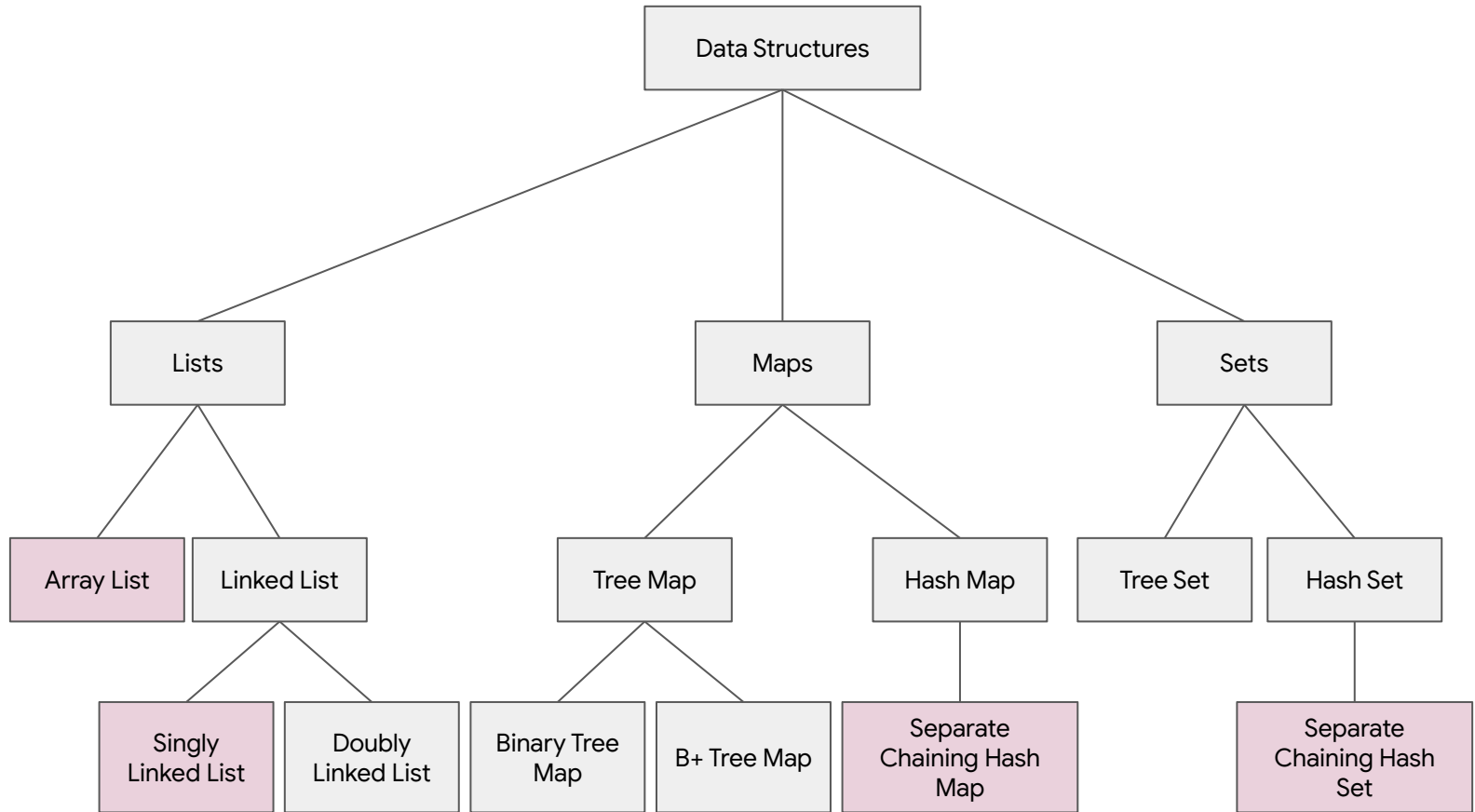
- What trade-offs am I making when I use a **list**?
- What trade-offs am I making when I use a **set**?
- What trade-offs am I making when I use a **map**?











Lists

Characteristics

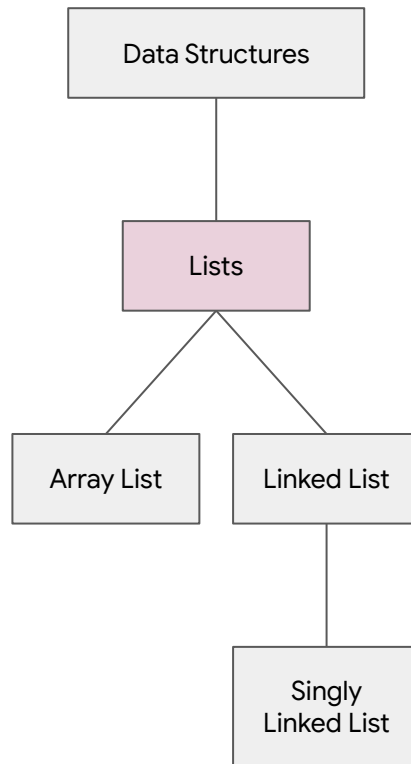
- Ordered indexable sequences
- Can contain duplicate values

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good iteration

General Weaknesses

- Poor look-up
- Poor removal



Array Lists

Structure

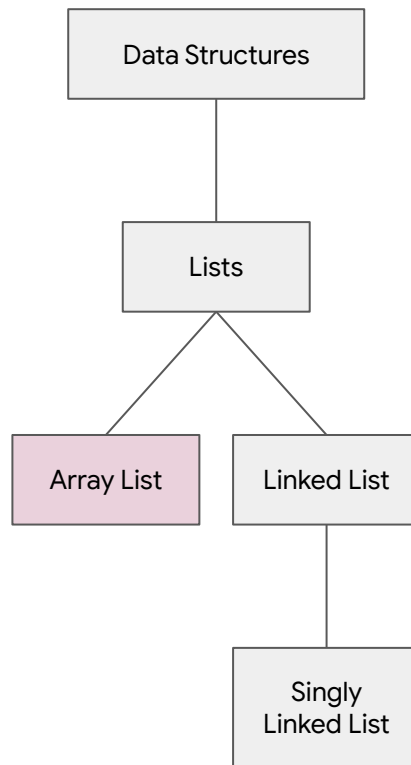
- Logic + Array

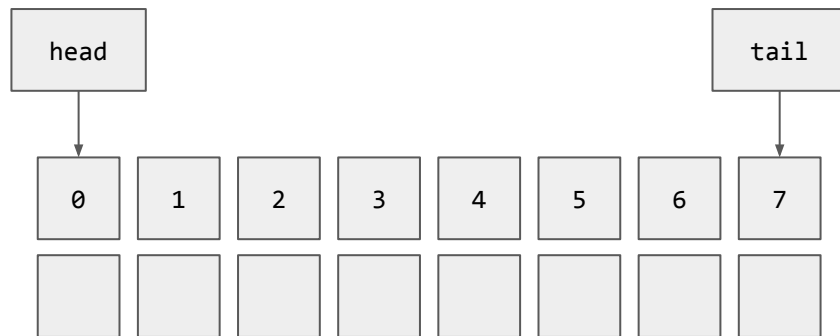
General Strengths

- Fast iterations
- Fast Indexing

General Weaknesses

- "Growing" the array is slow





```
ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();  
list.add(5);  
list.size(); // 1
```

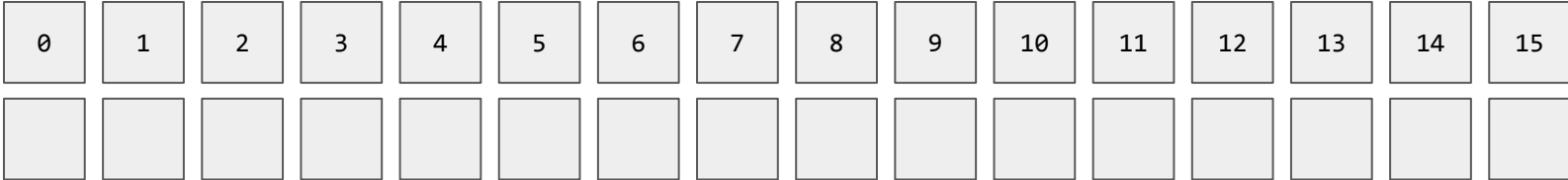
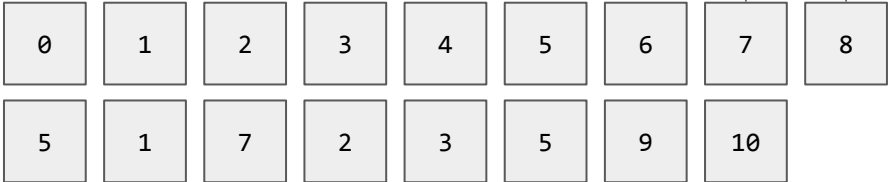


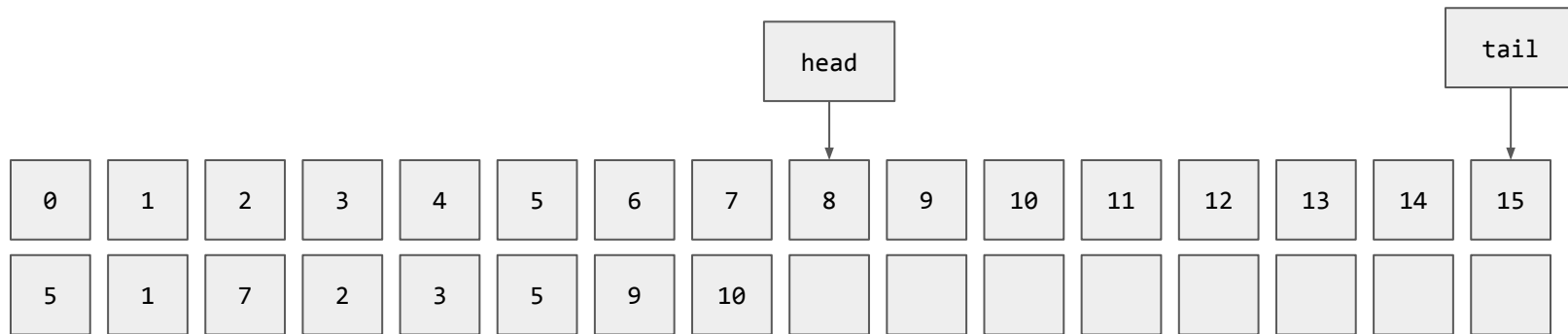
```
ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
list.add(5);  
list.add(1);  
list.add(7);  
list.add(2);  
list.add(3);  
list.add(5);  
list.add(9);  
list.add(10);
```

```
list.add(13); // There is no room!
```



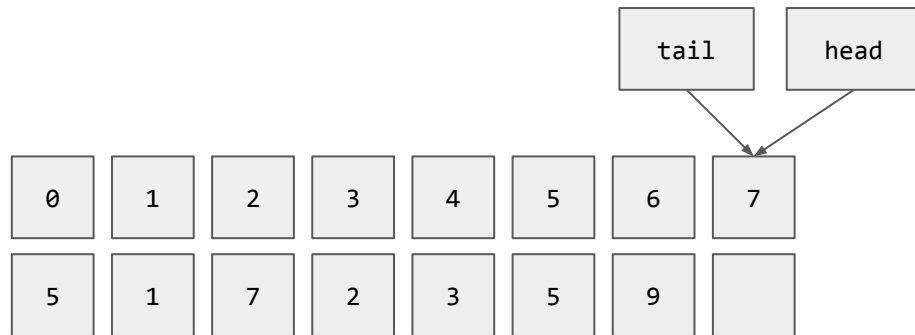




```
ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
list.add(5);  
list.add(1);  
list.add(7);  
list.add(2);  
list.add(3);  
list.add(5);  
list.add(9);  
list.add(10);
```

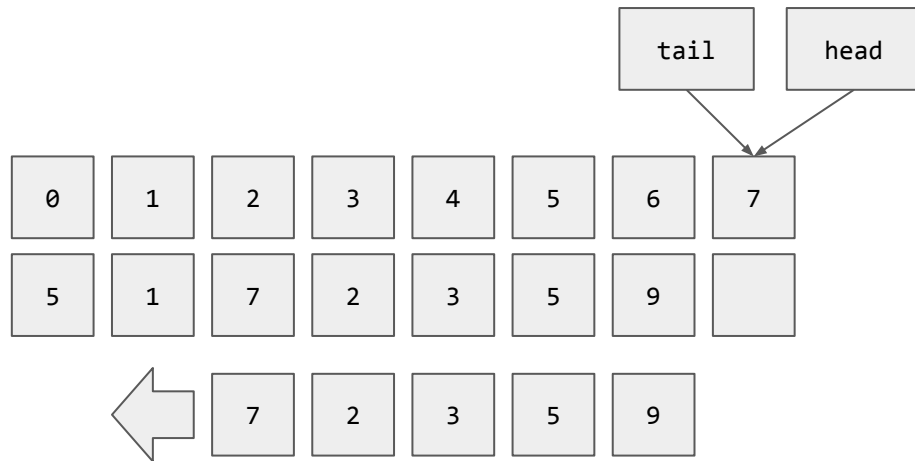
```
list.remove(1);
```



```
ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
list.add(5);  
list.add(1);  
list.add(7);  
list.add(2);  
list.add(3);  
list.add(5);  
list.add(9);  
list.add(10);
```

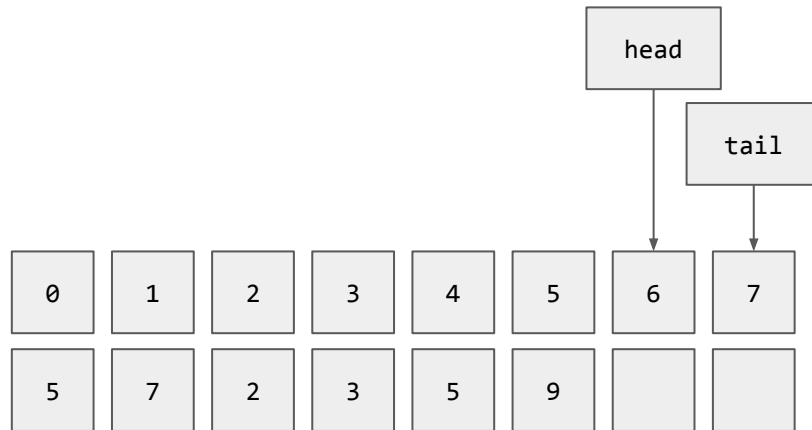
```
list.remove(1);
```




```
ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
list.add(5);  
list.add(1);  
list.add(7);  
list.add(2);  
list.add(3);  
list.add(5);  
list.add(9);  
list.add(10);
```

```
list.remove(1);
```



Array List Summary

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good (Fast) iteration
- Fast Indexing

General Weaknesses

- Poor look-up
- Poor removal
- "Growing" the array is slow

Runtime Analysis	
add value	$O(1)$ amortized
remove by index	$O(n)$
get by index	$O(1)$
contains value	$O(n)$

Singly Linked Lists

Structure

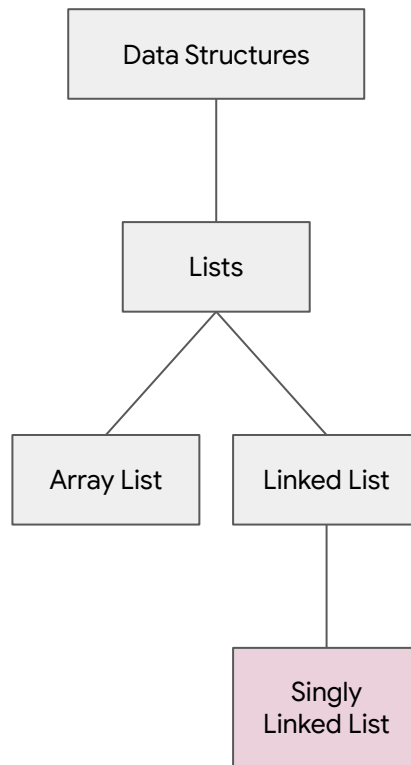
- Chaining "nodes" together

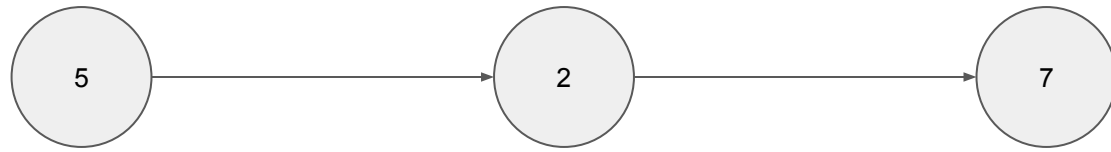
General Strengths

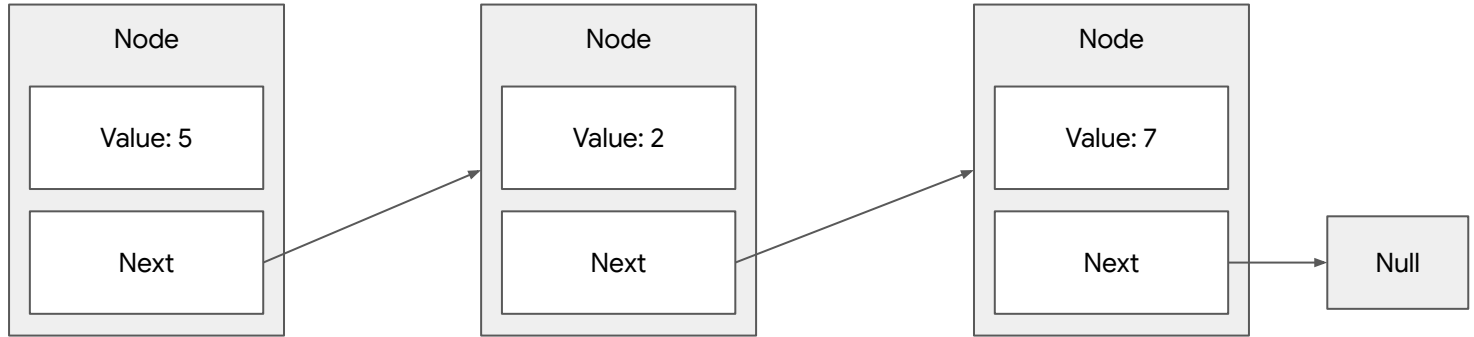
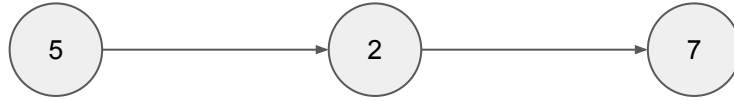
- Good middle-of-list insertion
- Good middle-of-list removals

General Weaknesses

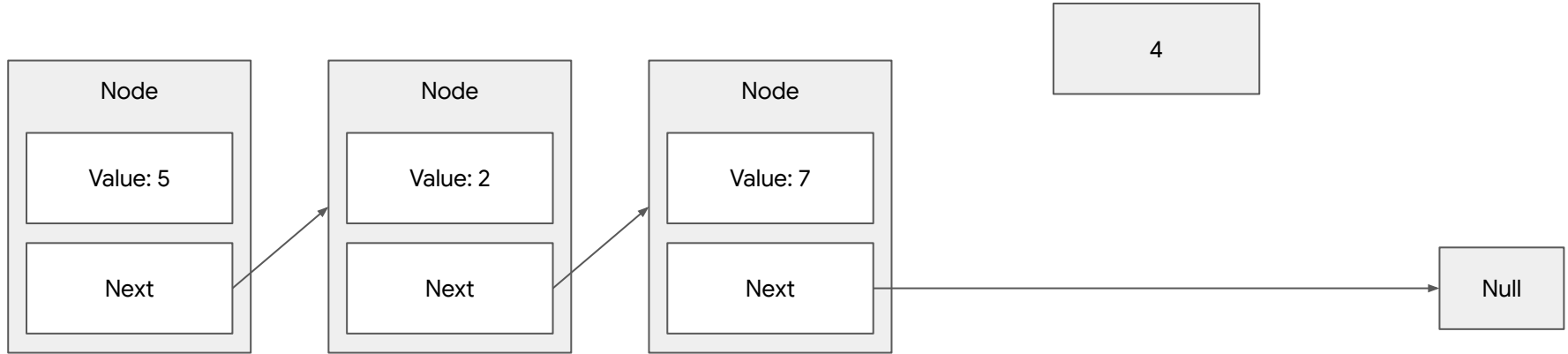
- Poor memory locality
- Poor indexing



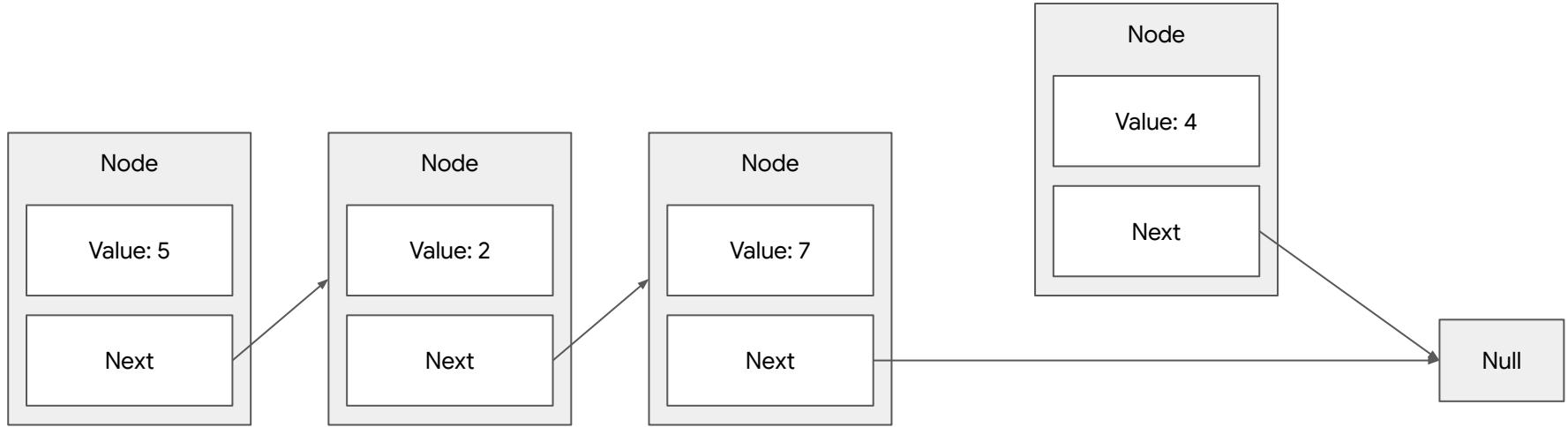




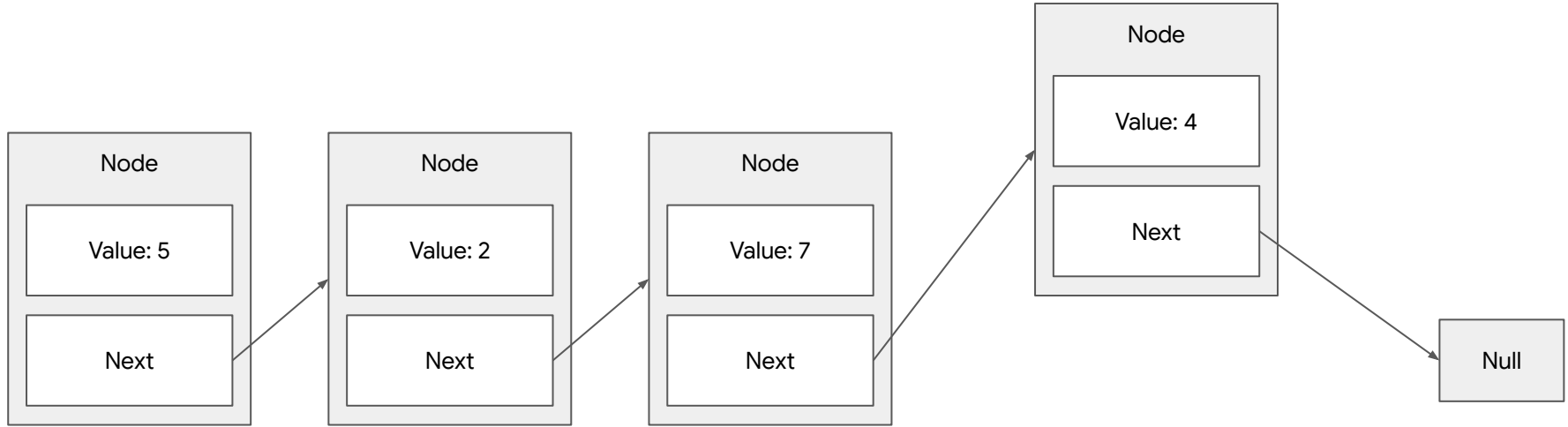
list.add(4)



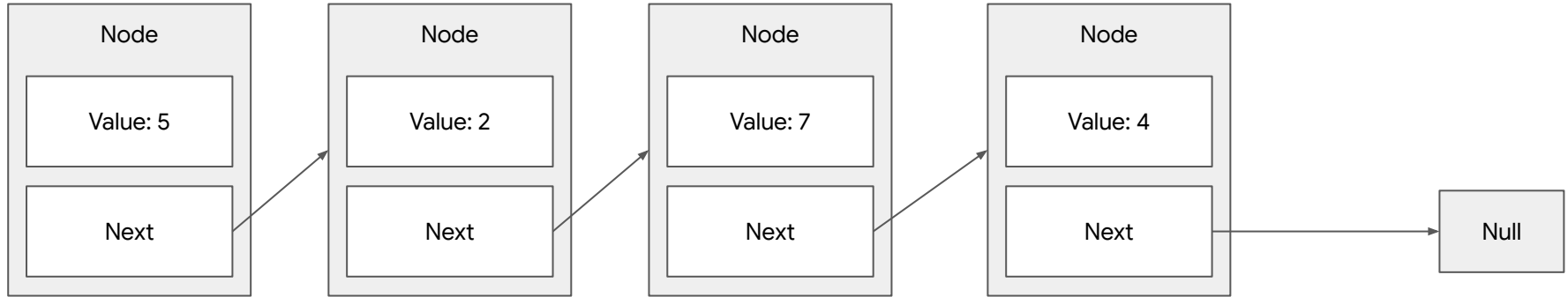
list.add(4)



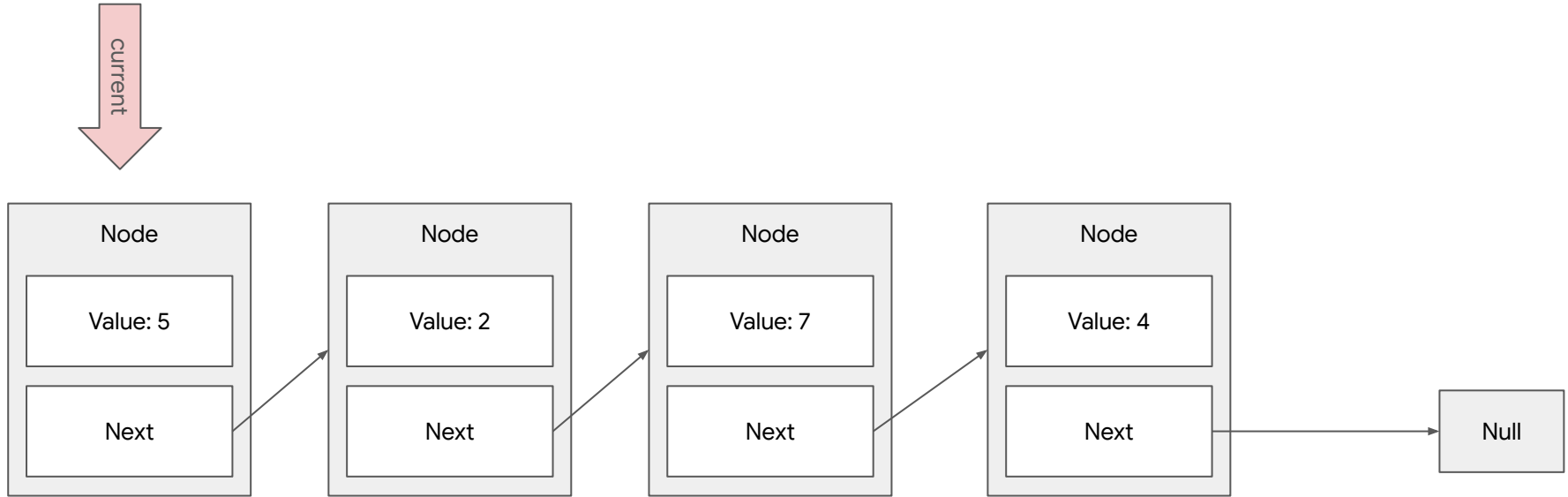
list.add(4)



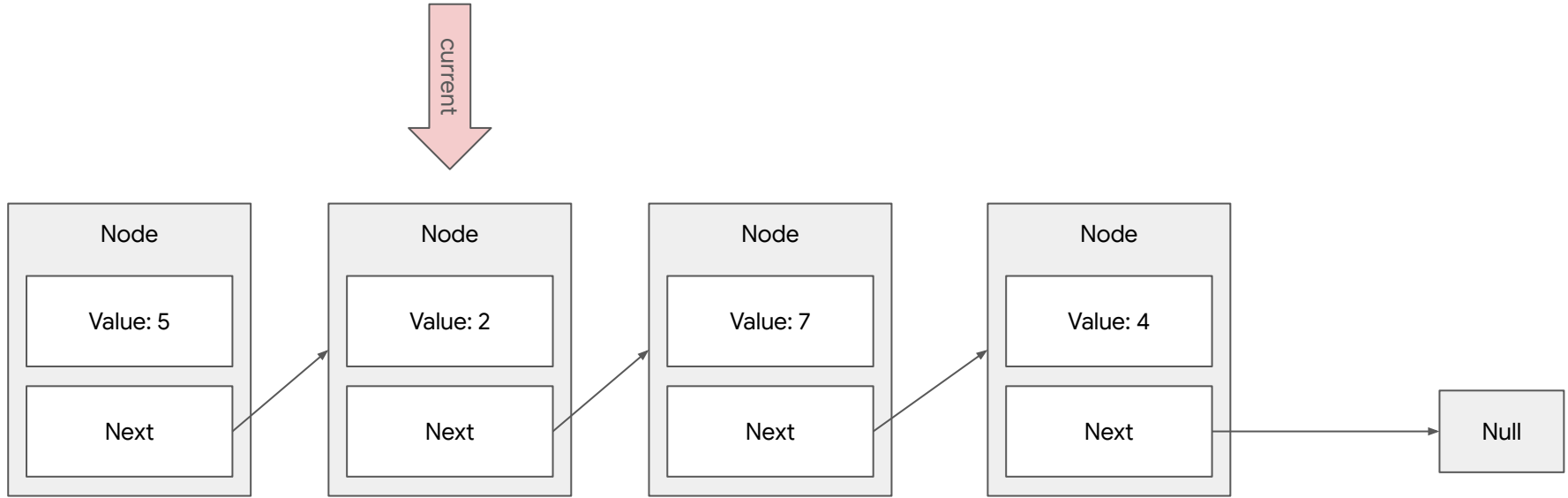
list.remove(7)



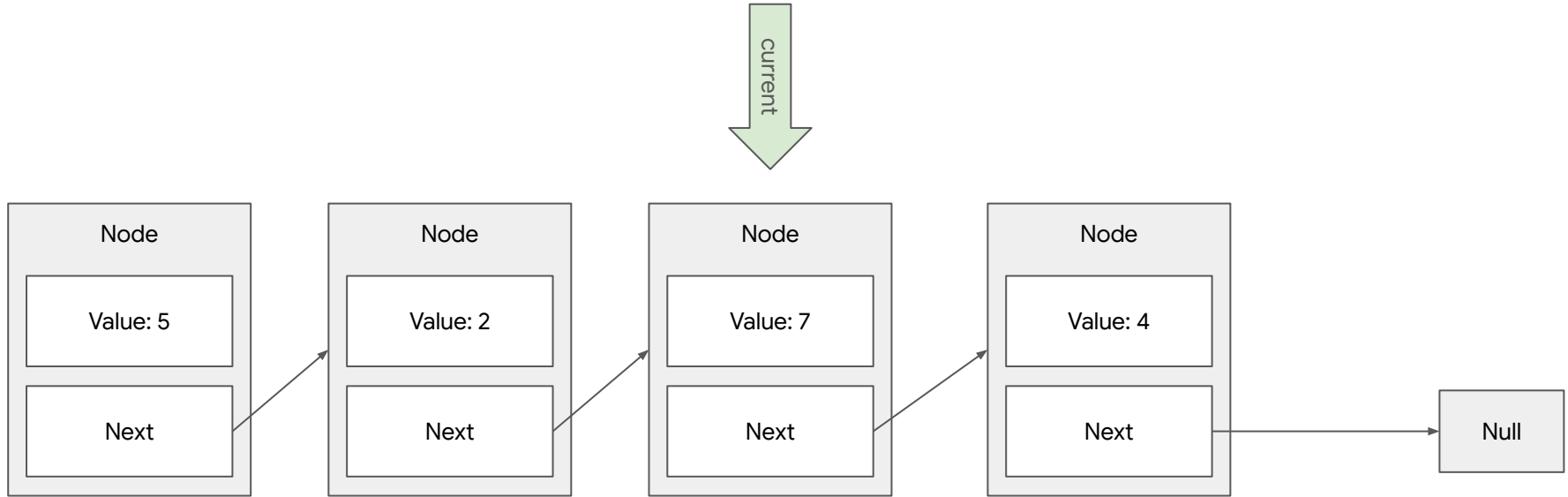
list.remove(7)



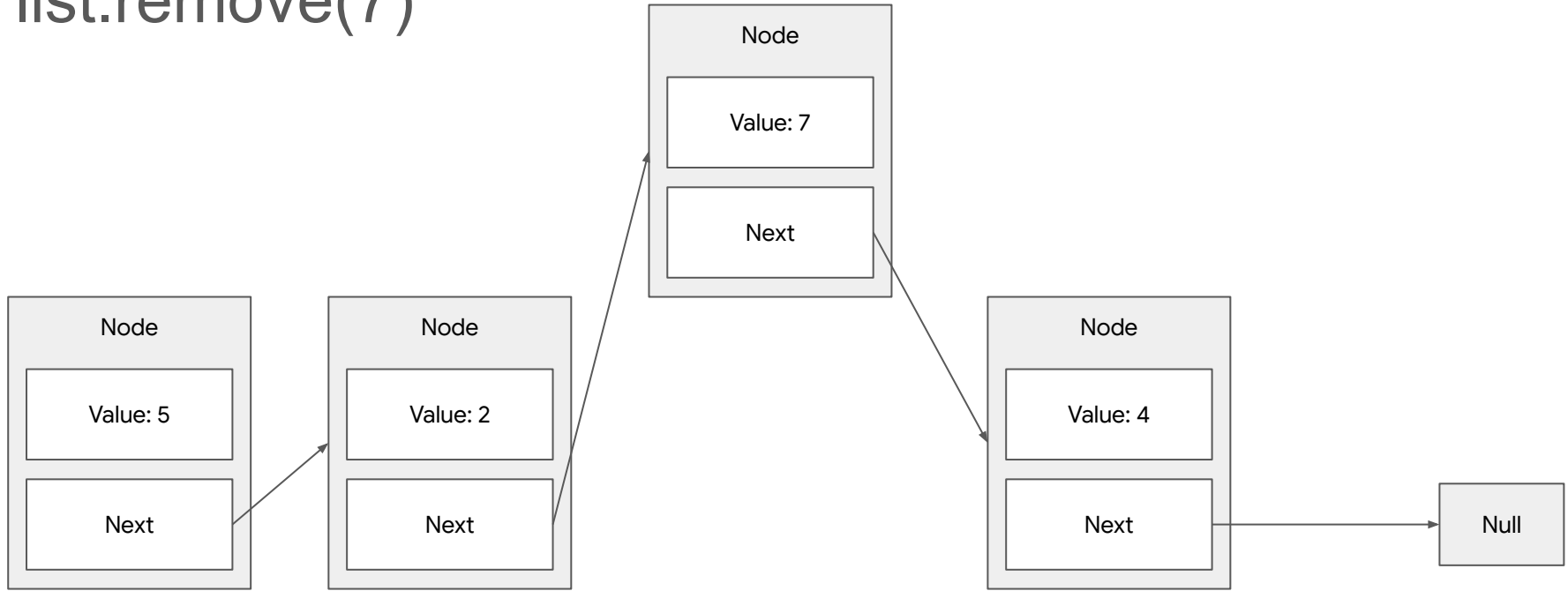
list.remove(7)



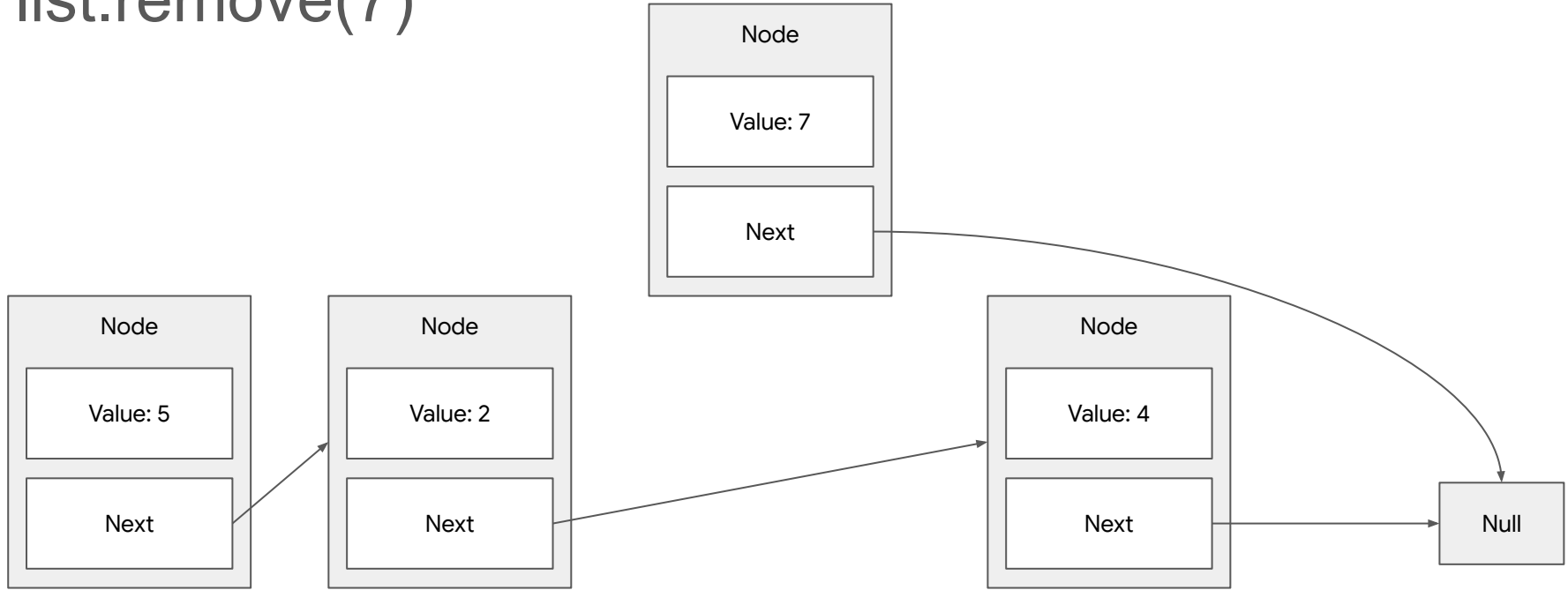
`list.remove(7)`



list.remove(7)



list.remove(7)



Singly Linked List Summary

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good (okay) iteration

General Weaknesses

- Poor indexing
- Poor look-up
- Poor removal
- Poor memory locality

Runtime Analysis	
add value	$O(1)$
remove by index	$O(n)$
get by index	$O(n)$
contains value	$O(n)$

Maps

Characteristics

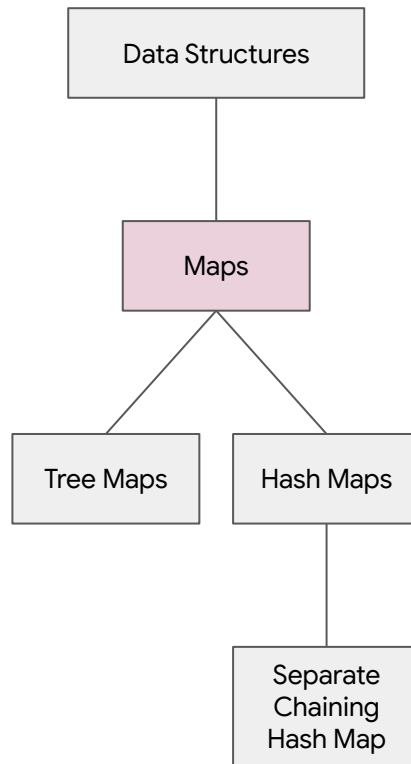
- Create associations between unique keys and non-unique values

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good removal
- Good look-up by value

General Weaknesses

- Poor iteration
- Poor memory locality
- Poor memory usage



Separate Chaining Hash Map

Characteristics

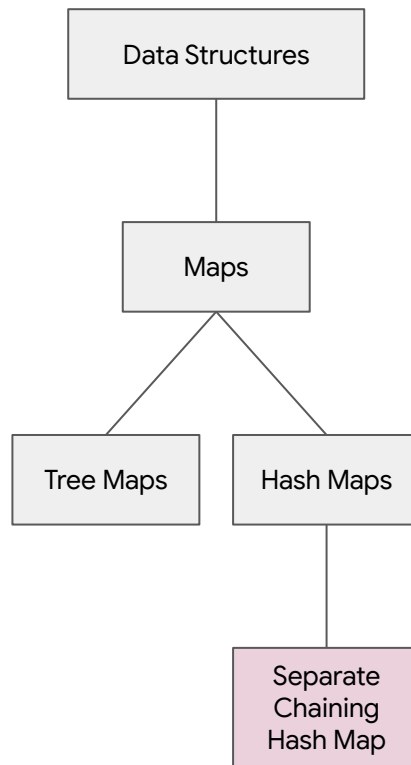
- Create associations between unique keys and non-unique values
- Unordered

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good removal
- Good look-up by value

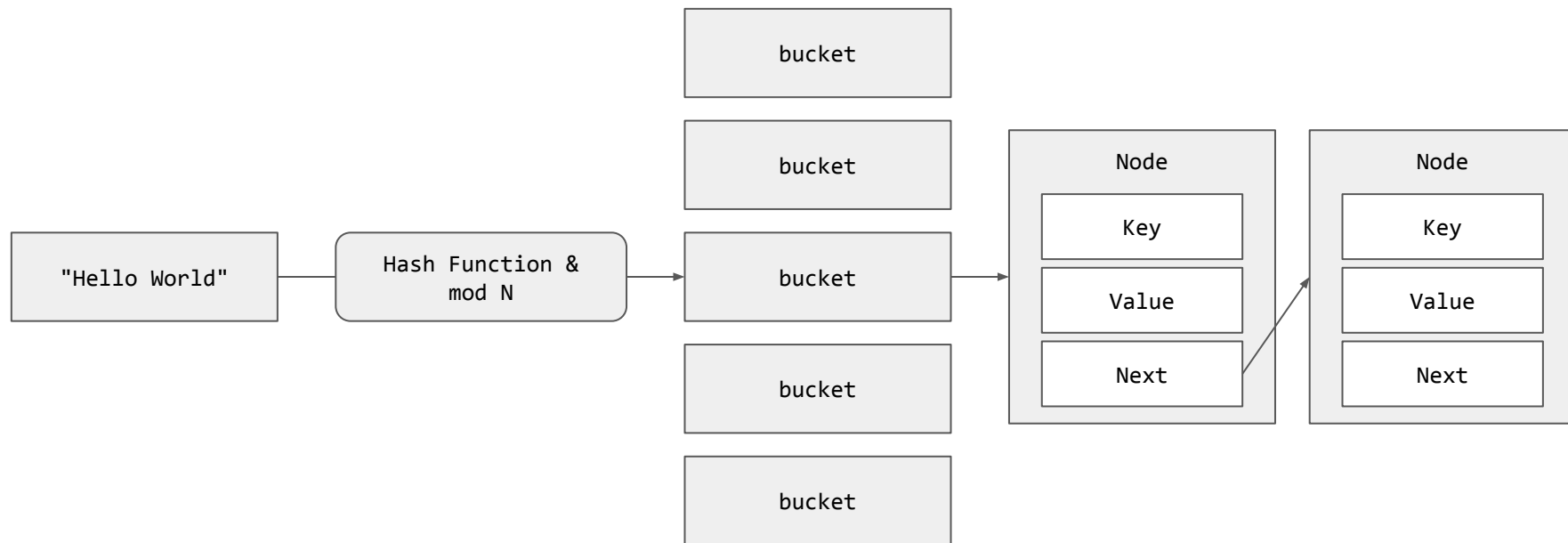
General Weaknesses

- Poor iteration
- Poor memory locality
- Poor memory usage









Separate Chaining Hash Map

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good removal
- Good look-up by value

General Weaknesses

- Poor iteration
- Poor memory locality
- Poor memory usage

Runtime Analysis	
add value	$O(1)^*$
remove by key	$O(1)^*$
get by key	$O(1)^*$
contains key	$O(1)^*$
contains value	$O(n)$

Sets

Characteristics

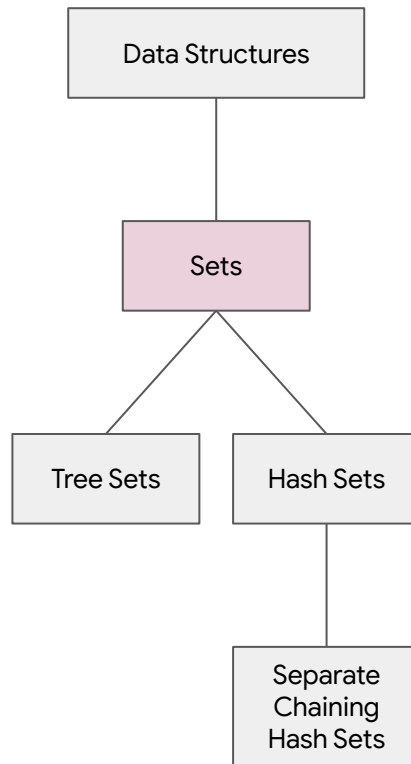
- Store unique values

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good removal
- Good look-up

General Weaknesses

- Poor iteration
- Poor memory locality
- Poor memory usage



Separate Chaining Hash Sets

Characteristics

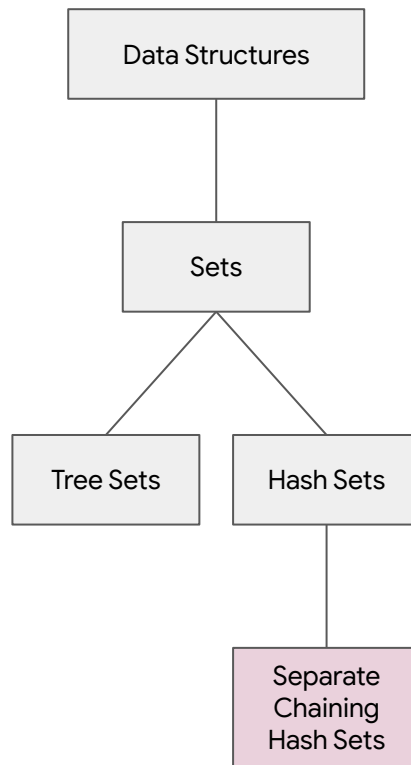
- Store unique values
- Unordered

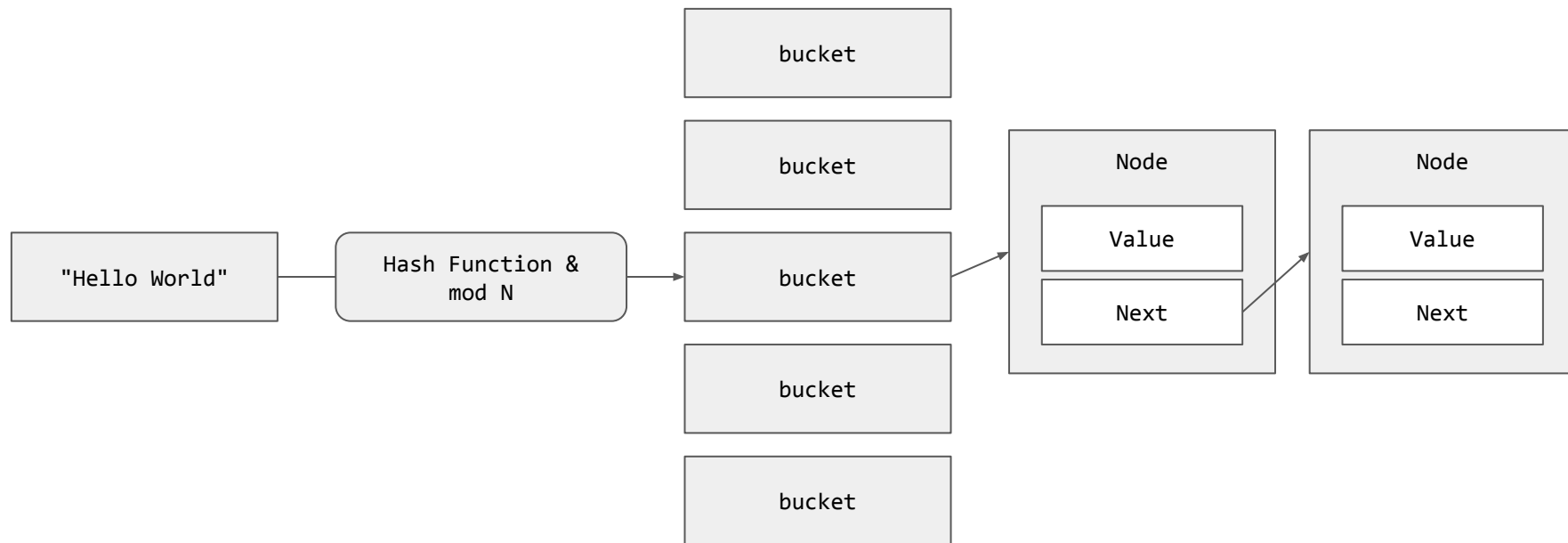
General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good removal
- Good look-up

General Weaknesses

- Poor iteration
- Poor memory locality
- Poor memory usage





Separate Chaining Hash Set

General Strengths

- Good insertion
- Good removal
- Good look-up

General Weaknesses

- Poor iteration
- Poor memory locality
- Poor memory usage

Runtime Analysis	
add value	$O(1)^*$
remove value	$O(1)^*$
contains value	$O(1)^*$

Hash Functions

Objective

- Take arbitrary length input and produce fixed-length output.
- Have near random association with input and output.
- Deterministic

Important Notes

- Context
- Good Enough

(Poor) Hashing Examples

```
int simpleHash(char[] string) {  
    int hash = 0;  
  
    for (char c : string) {  
        hash += c;  
    }  
  
    return hash;  
}
```

What does it do?

Speed?

Collisions?

Final opinion?

(Poor) Hashing Examples

```
int bitRotateHash(char[] string) {  
    int hash = 0;  
  
    for (char c : string) {  
        int high = (hash >> 24) & (0xFF);  
        hash = (hash << 8) | (high ^ c);  
    }  
  
    return hash;  
}
```

What does it do?

Speed?

Collisions?

Final opinion?

Reflection

Primary Objectives

- What is a **list** and when could I use it?
- What is a **set** and when could I use it?
- What is a **map** and when could I use it?

Secondary Objectives

- What trade-offs am I making when I use a **list**?
- What trade-offs am I making when I use a **set**?
- What trade-offs am I making when I use a **map**?