

导出模块化设计及导出性能优化

1 导出模块化设计

1.1 导出模块主要文件

PSServiceWorkProcessExportModule.h

PSServiceWorkProcessExportModule.c

1.2 导出模块实例化示例

1.2.1 主模块

1.2.1.1 为主模块新建主模块文件

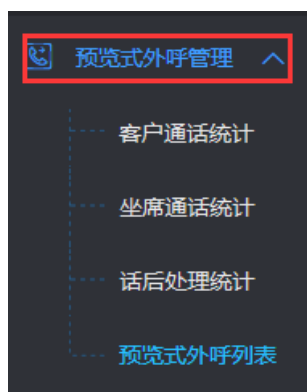
例：

PSServiceWorkProcessCRMCustomer.c

PSServiceWorkProcessCRMCustomer.h

1.2.1.2 主模块类型应以web的展示列表为基准，一个展示列表一个主模块类型

例：



1.2.1.3 主模块代码除对应的子模块的处理分支外完全一致

```
1  int PSServiceWorkProcessPreviewCall(PSSInternalData *intData)
2  {
3      PSSCoreData *pCoreData = PSSCoreDataGet();
4      int sub_module_type = -1, ret = -1;
5      EMICALL_DB_CM_ASYNC_TASK *taskData = NULL;
6      CmAsyncTask_REQUEST_PARAM reqParam;
7      CmAsyncTask_RESPONSE_DATA rspData;
8      int index = Get_DB_Index_Quick();
9
10     memset(&rspData, 0x0, sizeof(CmAsyncTask_RESPONSE_DATA));
11     memset(&reqParam, 0x0, sizeof(CmAsyncTask_REQUEST_PARAM));
12     reqParam.actionType = DB_ACCESS_ACTION_CM_ASYNC_TASK_GET_BY_ID;
13     reqParam.requestParam.GetById.seid = intData->seid;
```

```

14     reqParam.requestParam.GetById.ccgeid = intData->ccgeid;
15     reqParam.requestParam.GetById.id = intData->task_id;
16
17     // 获取数据库表async_task
18     ret = DbChannelCmAsyncTask(index, &reqParam, &rspData);
19     if( 0 != ret )
20     {
21         EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_DEBUG,__FUNCTION__,"ccgeid=%lu moduleType=%d,
get asyncTask table failed.",
22             intData->ccgeid, intData->moduleType);
23         return ret;
24     }
25
26     taskData = &(rspData.respData.GetData);
27
28     sub_module_type = taskData->sub_module_id;
29
30     EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_DEBUG,__FUNCTION__,"ccgeid=%lu moduleType=%d,
sub_module_type=%d, %s,%s,condition:%s work process seat...",
31         intData->ccgeid, intData->moduleType, taskData-
>sub_module_id, taskData->file_path, taskData->err_result_file,
32         taskData->condition);
33
34     /*子模块处理分支
35     switch(sub_module_type)
36     {
37         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_Preview_Call_Detail_Import:
38             ret = PSServiceWorkProcess_Import( intData, taskData, FALSE);
39             break;
40         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_Preview_Call_Detail_Export:
41             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPreviewCallDetail_Export(taskData);
42             break;
43         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_Preview_Call_Export:
44             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPreviewCall_Export(taskData);
45             break;
46         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_P_Statistics_CM_Result_Export:
47             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPStatisticsCMResult_Export(taskData);
48             break;
49         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_P_Statistics_Seat_Export:
50             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPSeatStatis_Export(taskData);
51             break;
52         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_p_Statistics_Group_Export:
53             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPGroupStatis_Export(taskData);
54             break;
55         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_P_Statistics_Call_Result_Export:
56             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPCallResultStatis_Export(taskData);
57             break;
58         case PSS_SUB_MODULE_TYPE_Preview_Call_BATCH_Export:
59             ret = PSServiceWorkProcessPreviewCallBatch_Export(taskData);
60             break;
61     }
62     */
63     return ret;
64 }

```

1.2.1 子模块

在开发过程中，发现导出子模块的操作具有相似性，于是希望创建一个导出类将重复的操作进行封装，只对外暴露特殊化的属性以供不同的子模块操作实例化。

下面是类执行流程：

```
1  int PSSExportCommonFuncStart(  
2      EMICALL_DB_CM_ASYNC_TASK *pTaskData,  
3      PSS_EXPORT_HEADER *header  
4  )  
5  {  
6      char file_path[256] = {0};  
7      PSSCoreData *pCoreData = PSSCoreDataGet();  
8      PSSExportFileData *fileData = NULL;  
9      int ret = 0;  
10  
11     PSSCoreData *coreData = PSSCoreDataGet();  
12     do {  
13         ret = PSServiceMysqlInit2(&(header->control_header.db_conn),  
14             coreData->bootcfg);  
15         if (ret != DB_RET_NO_ERROR)  
16         {  
17             sleep(1);  
18             continue;  
19         }  
20         break;  
21     } while (1);  
22  
23     header->control_header.seid = pTaskData->seid;  
24     header->control_header.ccgeid = pTaskData->ccgeid;  
25     header->control_header.async_task_id = pTaskData->id;  
26  
27     EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_INFO, __FUNCTION__, "start parse_func");  
28     /* 解析需要导出的参数信息 */  
29     if(header->callback.parse_func != NULL)  
30     {  
31         ret = header->callback.parse_func(pTaskData->condition, &(header->  
32             control_header));  
33         if(ret != 0)  
34         {  
35             EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "parse_func failed,  
36                 condition:%s",  
37                 pTaskData->condition);  
38             goto _exit;  
39         }  
40     }  
41     else  
42     {  
43         EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "theres no parse_func");  
44         goto _exit;  
45     }  
46  
47     /* 初始化导出文本 */  
48     snprintf(file_path, sizeof(file_path), "%s%s", EXPORT_NAS_PATH,  
49         pTaskData->file_path);  
50  
51     PSServiceFileProcessExportTaskInit(&fileData, file_path);
```

```

49     header->control_header.fileData = fileData;
50     /* 插入文件头 */
51     PSServiceWorkProcess_WriteFileHeader(header);
52
53     EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_INFO, __FUNCTION__, "start count_func");
54     //更新本次任务的导出数量的估计值estimated_count,要区分两种情况ids和condition
55     if(header->callback.count_func != NULL)
56     {
57         header->callback.count_func(&(header->control_header));
58         if(ret != 0)
59         {
60             EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "count_func failed,
condition:%s",
61                 pTaskData->condition);
62             goto _exit;
63         }
64     }
65     else
66     {
67         EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "theres no count_func");
68         goto _exit;
69     }
70
71     DBInitCmAsyncTaskCounts(header->control_header.db_conn,
"emicall_cc_man", header->control_header.seid, header-
>control_header.ccgeid,
72         header->control_header.async_task_id, header-
>control_header.estimated_count, time(NULL));
73
74     //需要在整个导出过程中缓存数据
75     if(header->callback.init_cache_func != NULL){
76         header->callback.init_cache_func(&(header->control_header));
77         if(ret != 0)
78         {
79             EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "init_cache_func
failed");
80             goto _exit;
81         }
82     }
83     /*
84     if(header->control_header.ids != NULL && header->control_header.ids[0]
!= '\0')
85     {
86         // 导出指定id的数据
87         ret = PSServiceExportCommonfuncByIds(header);
88         if(ret)
89         {
90             EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__,
"PSServiceExportPreviewCallByIds failed, ret:%d", ret);
91             goto _exit;
92         }
93     }
94     else
95     {
96
97     */
98     /* 根据查询条件查找需要导出的数据 */
99     ret = PSServiceExportCommonfuncBySelectedCondition(header);

```

```

100         if(ret)
101         {
102             EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__,
103 "PSServiceExportPreviewCallBySelectedCondition failed, ret:%d", ret);
104             goto _exit;
105         }
106     /*
107     */
108     //释放除了start期间申请的空间
109     EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_INFO, __FUNCTION__, "start free_func");
110     if(header->callback.free_func != NULL)
111     {
112         ret = header->callback.free_func(&(header->control_header));
113         if(ret)
114         {
115             EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "free_func failed,
116 ret:%d", ret);
117             goto _exit;
118         }
119     }
120     else
121     {
122         EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "theres no free_func");
123         goto _exit;
124     }
125     if(header->callback.init_cache_func != NULL){
126         if(header->callback.free_cache_func != NULL){
127             ret = header->callback.free_cache_func(&(header-
128 >control_header));
129             if(ret)
130             {
131                 EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "free_cache_func
132 failed, ret:%d", ret);
133                 goto _exit;
134             }
135             }else{
136                 EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__, "theres no
137 free_cache_func");
138                 goto _exit;
139             }
140         }
141     }
142     _exit:
143     PSServFileProExportTaskReleaseForMoudle(fileData, &(header-
144 >control_header));
145
146     if (header->control_header.db_conn != NULL)
147     {
148         PSServiceMysqlClose2(header->control_header.db_conn);
149         header->control_header.db_conn = NULL;
150     }
151     return ret;
152 }

```

1.2.1.1 子模块属性

分为两部分：

1、子模块执行中所需的静态或者动态属性

2、子模块的执行动作

```
1 typedef struct __pss_export_header__
2 {
3     PSS_EXPORT_CONTROL_HEADER control_header;    //属性
4     PSS_EXPORT_CALLBACK callback;               //动作
5 }PSS_EXPORT_HEADER;
```

```
1 typedef struct __pss_export_control_header__
2 {
3     unsigned long seid;
4     unsigned long ccgeid;
5     unsigned long async_task_id;
6
7     PSSExportColumnMask *o_mark;    //顺序标识
8     int o_mark_len;    //顺序标识的个数
9     const fieldData *header_list;    //文件头对照表
10
11     MYSQL *db_conn;
12
13     PSSExportFileData *fileData;    //导出文件信息
14
15     /* 查询条件 */
16     char *ids;
17     void *condition;
18     unsigned long estimated_count;    //这次导出任务的估计值
19     unsigned long last_handle_id;    //作为condition偏移量，初始化为0
20     int last_handle_count;    //判断何时可以终止循环
21
22     char *cache;    //缓冲区，在本次导出任务中分配，对于那些希望在导出过程中缓存
                        //数据的任务来说，这是有用的
23 }PSS_EXPORT_CONTROL_HEADER;
```

```
1 typedef struct __pss_export_callback__
2 {
3     PSServiceExportParseCondionAndColumn parse_func;    //解析参数，更新
                        //o_mark, o_mark_len, condition
4     PSServiceExportConfirmTotalCountOfTask count_func;    //实现导出数量预估函
                        //数，更新estimated_count
5     PSServiceExportInfoByIdsfunc ids_func;    //实现id迭代函数的单词
                        //获取
6     PSServiceExportInfoByCondition condition_func;    //实现条件迭代函数的单
                        //次获取，更新last_handle_count和last_handle_id
7     PSServiceExportHeaderExpandFunc ex_col_text_func;    //扩展处理函数，获取扩展
                        //列名称
8     PSServiceExportFreeConditionContent free_func;    //内存释放函数，释放
                        //condition指向的实例化结构中分配的空间
9
10     PSSExportType expand_type;    //扩展处理类型
11 }PSS_EXPORT_CALLBACK;
```

1.2.1.2 子模块实例化

将子模块处理类实例化为对应的处理对象，然后开始让子模块对象开始执行。

```
1 static int PSServiceWorkProcessCRMCustomer_Export(  
2     EMICALL_DB_CM_ASYNC_TASK *pTaskData  
3 )  
4 {  
5     if(pTaskData == NULL)  
6     {  
7         return -1;  
8     }  
9     int ret = 0;  
10  
11     PSS_EXPORT_HEADER *header = NULL;  
12     header = PSServiceExportCommonHandlerNew();  
13  
14     PSServiceExportCRMControlHeaderInit(header);  
15  
16     PSSExportCommonFuncStart(pTaskData, header);  
17  
18     PSSExportCommonFree(header);  
19  
20     return 0;  
21 }
```

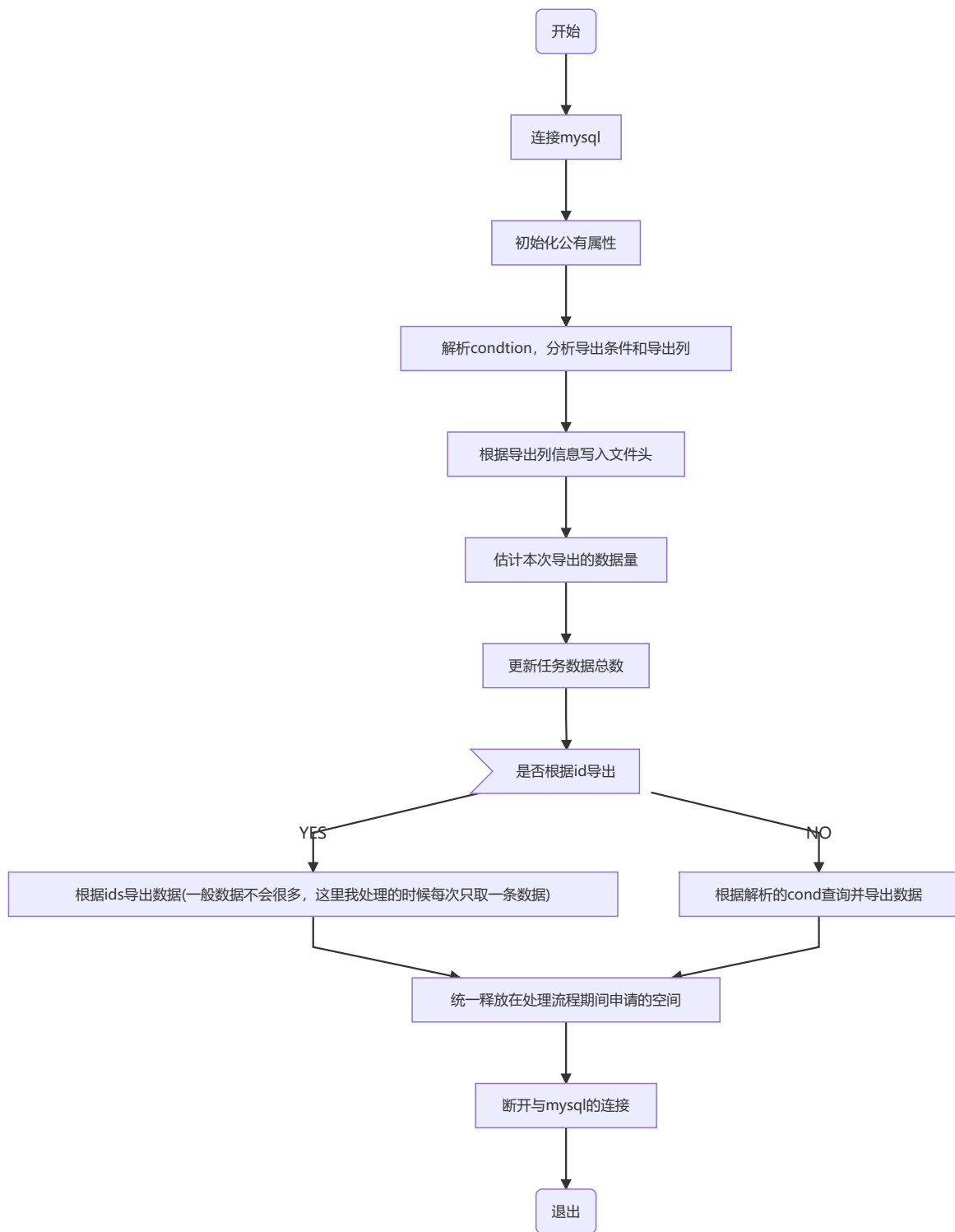
PSServiceExportCRMControlHeaderInit(header)属性初始化函数，不同的子模块需要具体实现。

```
1 static PSS_EXPORT_HEADER  
2 *PSServiceExportCRMControlHeaderInit(PSS_EXPORT_HEADER *header)  
3 {  
4     header->callback.ex_col_text_func = &PSServiceHeaderExpandFuncCRM;  
5     header->callback.expand_type = PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined;  
6  
7     header->control_header.header_list = CRMCustomerFields;  
8     header->callback.count_func = &PSServiceExportCRMCountTaskTotalNum;  
9     header->callback.parse_func =  
10     &CRMCustomerExportParseConditionAndColumn;  
11     header->callback.ids_func = &PSServiceExportCRMCustomerByIds;  
12     header->callback.condition_func = &PSServiceExportCRMByCondition;  
13     header->callback.free_func = &PSServiceExportCRMFreeConditionContent;  
14     return header;  
15 }
```

1.2.1.3 子模块处理流程图

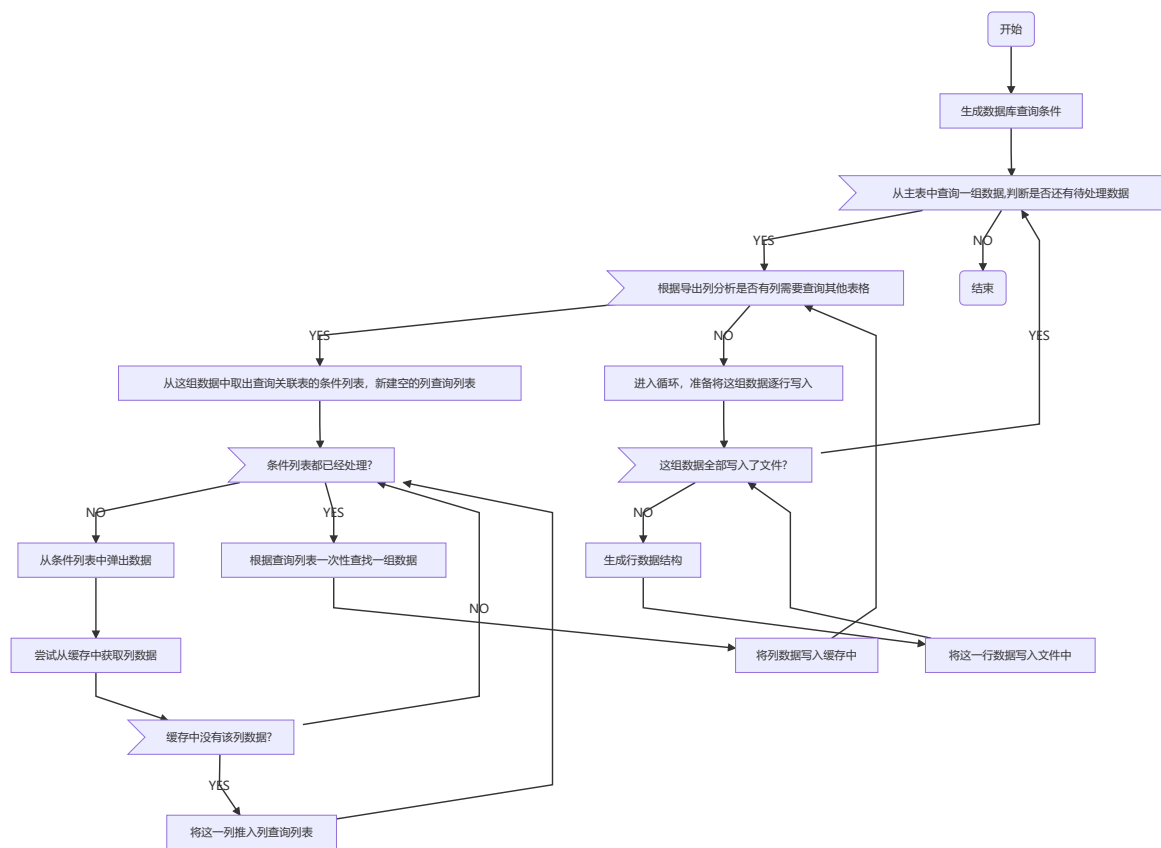
1.2.1.3.1 通用处理流程

(数据获取和导出流程(ids和cond基本一致，考虑以后会将两者合并提升ids的效率)



1.2.1.3.2 具体导出处理流程实例

(不同的导出处理大相径庭，这里只是列举典型的导出CRM客户的处理流程。这意味着在导出处理中我们无法进行代码复用，而是需要特殊化处理，拷贝代码然后修改特殊化的字段)



1.2.1.3.3 另外需要注意的是两种处理技巧，一个是列的顺序标识，一个是扩展处理函数的使用。

1. 列的顺序

```

1 | PSSExportColumnMask *o_mark;    //顺序标识
2 | int o_mark_len;                //顺序标识的个数
3 | const fieldData *header_list;  //文件头对照表

```

```

1 | typedef struct __pss_export_column_mask__ {
2 |     int sort_index;
3 |
4 |     int id_by_type; //根据id和索引sort_index来确定列顺序
5 |
6 |     PSSExportType type;
7 |
8 |     int sub_type;    //扩展字段目前用于自定义字段类型
9 |                     //0-文本,1-数值,2-日期,3-单选框,4-复选框,5-下拉列表
10 | } PSSExportColumnMask;

```

```

1 | typedef enum
2 | {
3 |     PSSExportTypePreviewCallDetail,
4 |     PSSExportTypePreviewCall,
5 |     PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerFixed,
6 |     PSSExportTypePSeatStatis,
7 |     PSSExportTypePGroupStatis,
8 |     PSSExportTypePStatisticsCMResult,
9 |     PSSExportTypePStatisticsCallResult,
10 |     PSSExportTypePreviewCallBatch,
11 |
12 |     //expand type

```

```

13     PSSEExportTypeDefinedStart,
14     PSSEExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined
15 }PSSEExportType;

```

列的顺序由PSS_EXPORT_CONTROL_HEADER中的这三个字段决定，解析cm的列字段后，我们可以确定导出列的顺序。顺序有两处用到，一是文件头信息，一个是导出每行数据的时候。在流程开始前，需要新建子模块特有的数据结构，列枚举和列名称对照表。

```

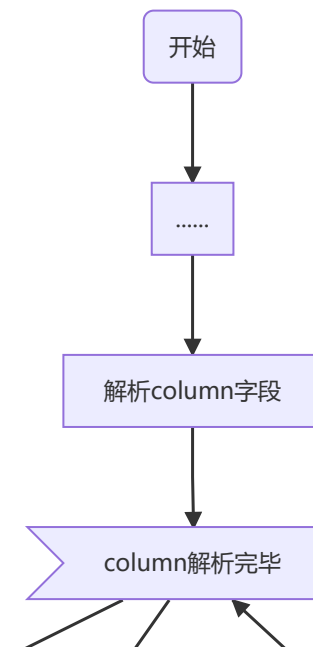
1  typedef enum
2  {
3      CRMCustomerExportCmName,
4      CRMCustomerExportCmTel,
5      CRMCustomerExportHomeTel,
6      CRMCustomerExportCopTel,
7      CRMCustomerExportCmGender,
8      CRMCustomerExportCmEmail,
9      CRMCustomerExportCmCopAddress,
10     CRMCustomerExportCmCopName,
11     CRMCustomerExportCmWebsite,
12     CRMCustomerExportCmDetail,
13     CRMCustomerExportModifyTime
14 }CRMCustomerExportColumnMarkOrder;

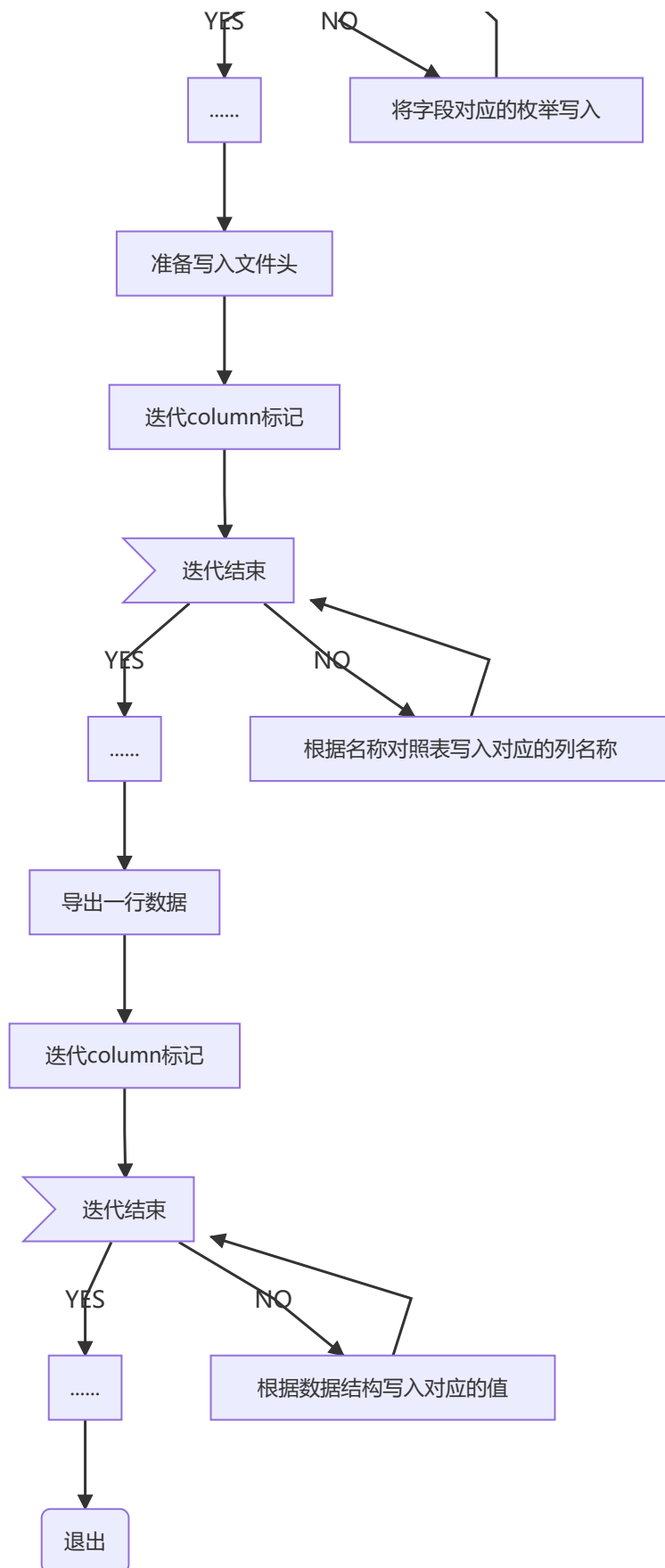
```

```

1  static const fieldData CRMCustomerFields[] = {
2      { CRMCustomerExportCmName,          "客户姓名" },
3      { CRMCustomerExportCmTel,           "客户号码" },
4      { CRMCustomerExportHomeTel,         "家庭号码" },
5      { CRMCustomerExportCopTel,          "公司号码" },
6      { CRMCustomerExportCmGender,        "性别" },
7      { CRMCustomerExportCmEmail,         "邮箱" },
8      { CRMCustomerExportCmCopAddress,     "公司地址" },
9      { CRMCustomerExportCmCopName,       "公司名称" },
10     { CRMCustomerExportCmWebsite,        "网址" },
11     { CRMCustomerExportCmDetail,         "客户描述" },
12     { CRMCustomerExportModifyTime,       "最后编辑时间" },
13 };
14

```





2. 自定义扩展字段

在CRM功能中新增了自定义字段功能，目前实现了一种可扩展的自定义处理机制

在新增扩展字段时(以自定义字段为例)，我们需要进行如下操作

1 | `typedef enum`

```

2  {
3      PSSExportTypePreviewCallDetail,
4      PSSExportTypePreviewCall,
5      PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerFixed,
6      PSSExportTypePSeatStatis,
7      PSSExportTypePGroupStatis,
8      PSSExportTypePStatisticsCMResult,
9      PSSExportTypePStatisticsCallResult,
10     PSSExportTypePreviewCallBatch,
11
12     //expand type
13     PSSExportTypeDefinedStart = 100,
14     PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined
15 }PSSExportType;

```

- 在枚举中新增PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined枚举类型

```

1  static PSS_EXPORT_HEADER
2  *PSServiceExportCRMControlHeaderInit(PSS_EXPORT_HEADER *header)
3  {
4      header->callback.ex_col_text_func = &PSServiceHeaderExpandFuncCRM;
5      header->callback.expand_type = PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined;
6
7      header->control_header.header_list = CRMCustomerFields;
8      header->callback.count_func = &PSServiceExportCRMCountTaskTotalNum;
9      header->callback.parse_func =
10     &CRMCustomerExportParseConditionAndColumn;
11     header->callback.ids_func = &PSServiceExportCRMCustomerByIds;
12     header->callback.condition_func = &PSServiceExportCRMByCondition;
13     header->callback.free_func = &PSServiceExportCRMFreeConditionContent;
14     return header;
15 }

```

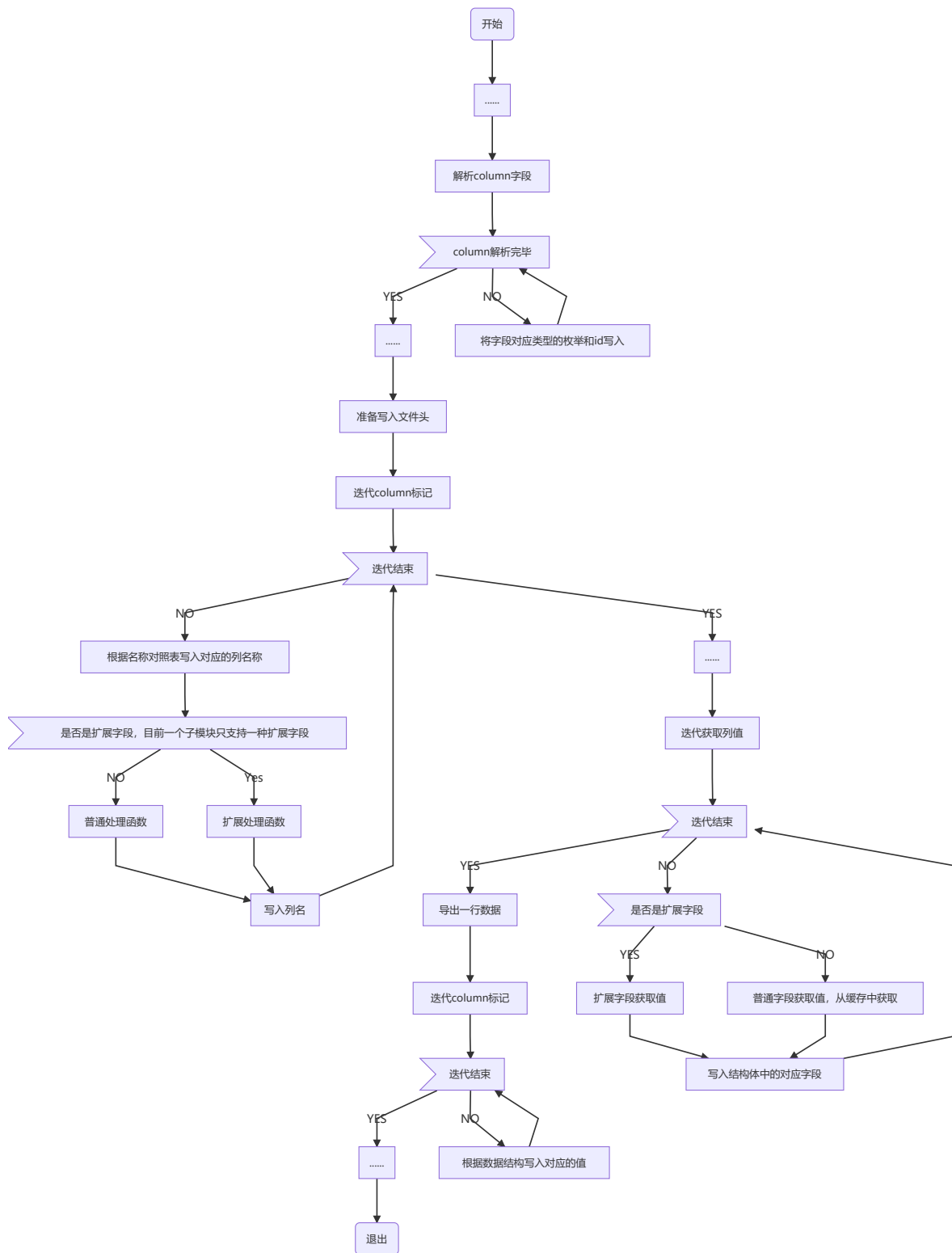
- 在初始化特有属性时指定 header->callback.expand_type = PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined;
- 指定自定义字段处理函数 header->callback.ex_col_text_func = &PSServiceHeaderExpandFuncCRM;

```

1  #define EXPORT_COL_DEFINED_MARK "defineField_"

```

- 设定自定义字段鉴别标识 #define EXPORT_COL_DEFINED_MARK "defineField_"
- 实现自定义字段值获取函数 目前自定义字段的处理放在每列数据导出的时候，暂时没有更好的办法



2 导出性能优化

本次性能优化将通过缓存和集中获取数据以减少数据库的访问

见文档第[1.2.1.3.2](#)节

2.1 客户信息导出

和cid有关，优化只能通过联表查询

2.1.1 缓存设计

暂时使用hashtable

和预览式外呼任务详情导出不同，每个客户信息相互独立，可能导致导出客户过程中产生巨大的缓存数据量。这里只需要缓存功能，只在导出的一个循环中存在。

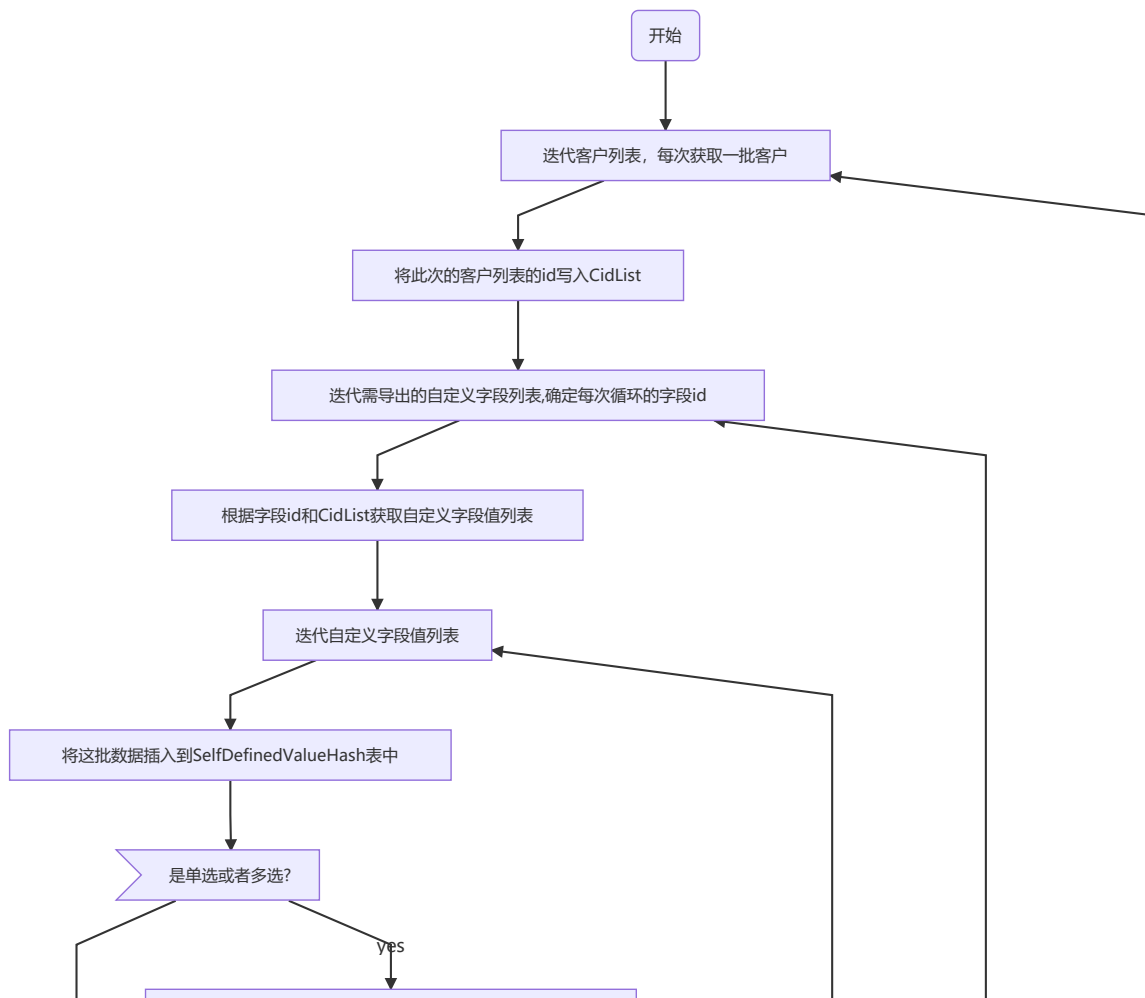
但是句柄可以存在于整个导出过程中。

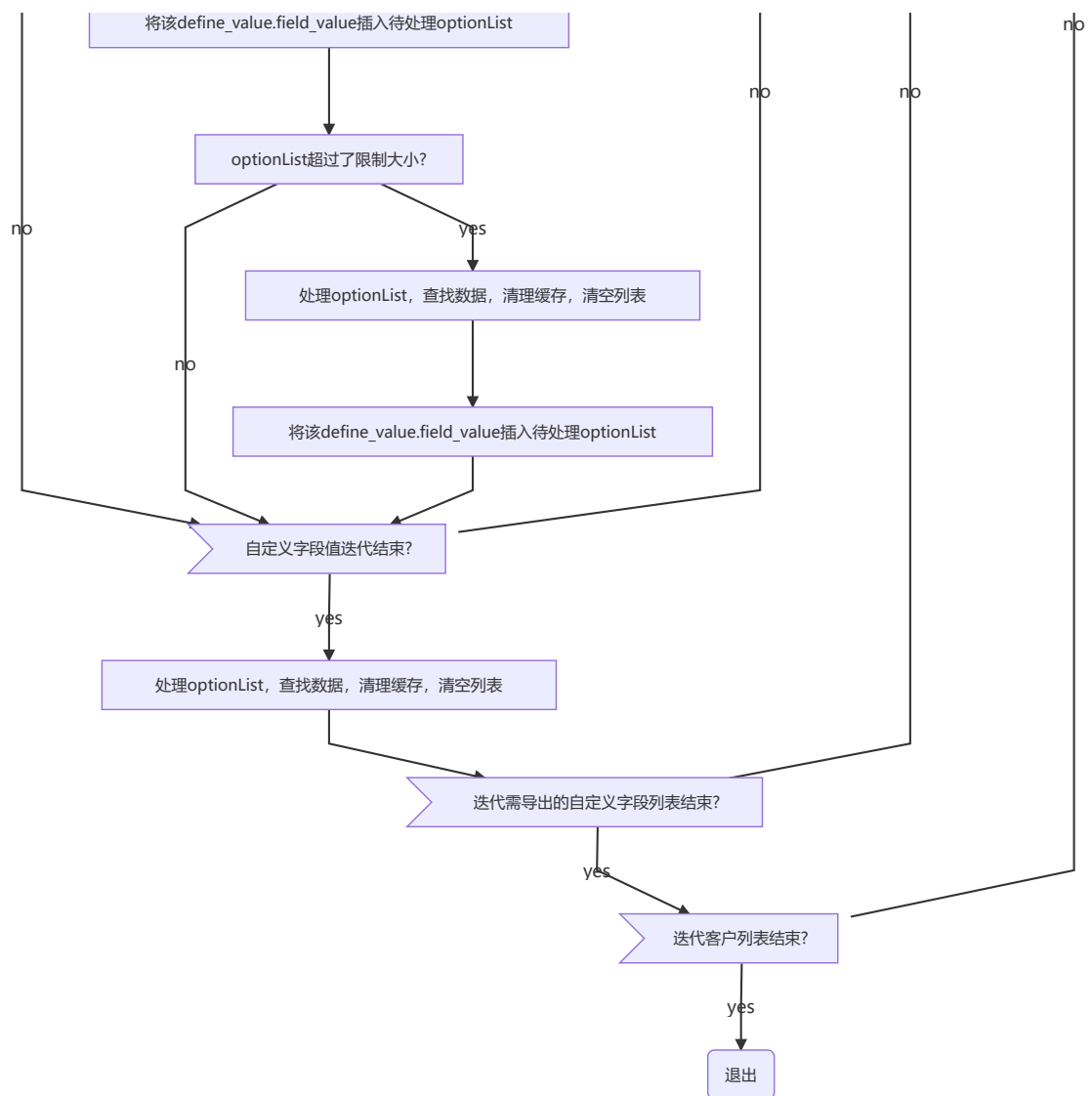
客户号码的缓存自不必说，和下面的预览式外呼任务详情缓存一样。

新增缓存的申请和释放回调

```
1 static PSS_EXPORT_HEADER
2 *PSServiceExportCRMControlHeaderInit(PSS_EXPORT_HEADER *header)
3 {
4     header->callback.ex_col_text_func = &PSServiceHeaderExpandFuncCRM;
5     header->callback.expand_type = PSSExportTypeCRMCustomerDefined;
6
7     header->control_header.header_list = CRMCustomerFields;
8     header->callback.count_func = &PSServiceExportCRMCountTaskTotalNum;
9     header->callback.parse_func =
10     &CRMCustomerExportParseConditionAndColumn;
11     //header->callback.ids_func = &PSServiceExportCRMCustomerByIds;
12     header->callback.init_cache_func = &PSServiceExportCRMInitCache;
13     header->callback.free_cache_func = &PSServiceExportCRMFreeCache;
14     header->callback.condition_func = &PSServiceExportCRMByCondition;
15     header->callback.free_func = &PSServiceExportCRMFreeConditionContent;
16     return header;
17 }
```

下面是自定义字段的缓存流程图，自定义字段有可能横跨三张表，所以对这类字段需要单独进行优化。





2.1.2 补充消息批量获取

2.2 预览式外呼任务详情导出

2.2.1 缓存设计

暂时使用hashtable

和客户导出不同，这里缓存的信息不是相互独立的，hashtable有去重和缓存的功能，将在整个导出过程中存在。

2.2.2 补充消息批量获取

2.2.2.1 PreviewCallDetailExportSeatName

根据主表中获取的uid生成uid列表，批量获取并存入数据结构对应的字段中

2.2.2.2 PreviewCallDetailExportEnterpriseName

根据主表中获取的ccgeid生成ccgeid列表，批量获取并存入数据结构对应的字段中

2.2.2.3 PreviewCallDetailExportGroupName

根据主表中获取的gid生成gid列表，批量获取并存入数据结构对应的字段中

2.3 预览式外呼任务导出

没有关联信息需要单独获取，不需要优化

2.4 预览式外呼话后处理结果导出

没有关联信息需要单独获取，不需要优化

2.5 预览式外呼坐席统计导出

没有关联信息需要单独获取，不需要优化

2.6 预览式外呼技能组统计导出

没有关联信息需要单独获取，不需要优化

2.7 预览式外呼结果导出

没有关联信息需要单独获取，不需要优化

2.8 预览式外呼批次导出导出

没有关联信息需要单独获取，不需要优化

3 uthash的封装

以commonHash的封装为例：

UTHashLib.c

```
1  #include "UTHashLib.h"
2
3  /*init common hash table and return handler*/
4  CommonHashHandler *InitCommonUTHashTable(){
5      CommonHashHandler *handler = NULL;
6      handler = EmicMalloc(sizeof(*handler));
7      *handler = NULL;
8      return handler;
9  }
10
11  /*add element to hashtable*/
12  void AddCommonInfoIntoUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *handler, char *key,
13  char *valueStr){
14      if(handler == NULL || key == NULL || valueStr == NULL){
15          EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__,
16  "AddCRMTelInfoIntoUTHashTable argument error");
17          return;
18      }
19      CommonHashElement s = NULL;
20      s = EmicMalloc(sizeof(*s));
21      memset(s, 0, sizeof(*s));
22      Emic_strncpy(s->key, key, sizeof(s->key));
23      int valueSize = strlen(valueStr) + 1;
24      while(TRUE){
25          if(s->valueSize == 0){
26              s->valueSize = INIT_COMMON_UTHASH_VALUE_SIZE * sizeof(*(s->valueStr));
27              s->valueStr = EmicMalloc(s->valueSize);
```



```

27         }else if(s->valueSize < valueSize){
28             s->valueSize *= 2;
29             s->valueStr = EmicRealloc(s->valueStr, s->valueSize);
30         }else{
31             break;
32         }
33     }
34     Emic_strncpy(s->valueStr, valueStr, s->valueSize);
35     HASH_ADD_STR(*handler, key, s);
36
37 }
38
39
40 /*get element info from hashtable*/
41 const char *GetCommonInfoFromUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *handler, char
42 *key){
43     if(handler == NULL || key == NULL){
44         EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__,
45 "GetCRMTelInfoFromUTHashTable argument error");
46         return NULL;
47     }
48
49     CommonHashElement s = NULL;
50     HASH_FIND_STR(*handler, key, s);
51     if(s != NULL){
52         return s->valueStr;
53     }else{
54         return NULL;
55     }
56 }
57
58 /*delete elements*/
59 void DeleteAllFromCommonUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *handler){
60     if(handler == NULL){
61         EmicCmLog(LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, __FUNCTION__,
62 "DeleteAllFromCRMTelUTHashTable argument error");
63         return;
64     }
65
66     CommonHashElement current, tmp;
67
68     HASH_ITER(hh, *handler, current, tmp) {
69         HASH_DEL(*handler, current);
70         FREE_IF_NOT_NULL(current->valueStr);
71         FREE_IF_NOT_NULL(current);
72     }
73 }
74
75 void RemoveCommonUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *handler){
76     if(handler != NULL){
77         DeleteAllFromCommonUTHashTable(handler);
78     }
79     FREE_IF_NOT_NULL(handler);
80 }

```

```

1  #include "uthash.h"
2
3  #define COMMON_UTHASH_ID_MAX_LEN 64
4  #define INIT_COMMON_UTHASH_VALUE_SIZE 64
5  typedef struct _CommonUTHash_ *CommonHashHandler;
6  typedef struct _CommonUTHash_ *CommonHashElement;
7  struct _CommonUTHash_{
8      char                                key[COMMON_UTHASH_ID_MAX_LEN];
9      char                                *valueStr;
10     int                                 valueSize;
11     UT_hash_handle                       hh;
12 };
13
14 CommonHashHandler *InitCommonUTHashTable();
15 void AddCommonInfoIntoUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *obj, char *key, char
    *valueStr);
16 const char *GetCommonInfoFromUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *handler, char
    *key);
17 void DeleteAllFromCommonUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *obj);
18 void RemoveCommonUTHashTable(CommonHashHandler *handler);
19

```

4 ids和cond的合并

过去将根据id导出和根据条件导出分开写，这样开发效率是比较低的，并且一旦有地方修改很有可能只改ids或者cond而忘记另一个。现将ids和cond合并，走cond逻辑即将ids封装成数据库的筛选语句。

5 导出相关顺序

5.1 列顺序

导出哪些列，列顺序如何由cm指定。具体字段存在数据库导出任务表中的condition字段中。

具体处理逻辑已在[1.2.1.3.3](#)中说明

5.2 行顺序

导出数据按照什么方式排列需要在具体流程中与cm进行协商，下面是具体协商内容：

5.2.1 客户导出

5.2.1.1 客户导出

order by id desc

5.2.2 预览式外呼任务导出

5.2.2.1 预览式外呼任务导出

order by id desc

5.2.2.2 预览式外呼任务详情导出

order by preview_task_customers.id desc

5.2.2.3 预览式外呼任务批次导出

order by id desc

5.2.2.4 话后处理原因导出

order by result_id

5.2.2.5 通话结束原因导出

order by id

5.2.2.6 技能组通话统计导出

order by gid

5.2.2.7 坐席通话统计导出

order by uid