
SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION

for

ICEBERG - Seals use case

Version 1.0

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Revision History

Name	Date	Reason For Changes	Version
Initial	7/15/2018		0.1
IP	9/12/2018/	Added Feature 1	0.2

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to capture the requirements of the ICEBERG: Seal Use Case. It will include functional, non-functional and User Interface requirements. It will be used as the reference document between the RADICAL Team and the Stony Brook team for the Seals use case development.

1.2 Document Conventions

The requested features are listed in section 4 and the non-functional requirements are listed in section 5. Each of these requirements have a priority from the set HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW. Based on the number of requirements and their priority, a timeline will be created with each requirement and its expected time-to-completion.

1.3 Intended Audience and Reading Suggestions

The document is edited and iterated between users and developers. It is intended to provide the developers as well as the project managers a complete understanding of the requirements as they are expected by the users.

An early use case document is provided in [1]. The current status of the project is provided by the use case Github repository [2].

1.4 Project Scope

We provide a detection algorithm to extract the location of seals from high-resolution imagery. This algorithm was developed by convolutional neural network training to detect and count seal haul-outs. This is beneficial, as a comprehensive pack-ice seal census and monitoring will provide key information on the health and evolution of the Southern Ocean ecosystem.

1.5 References

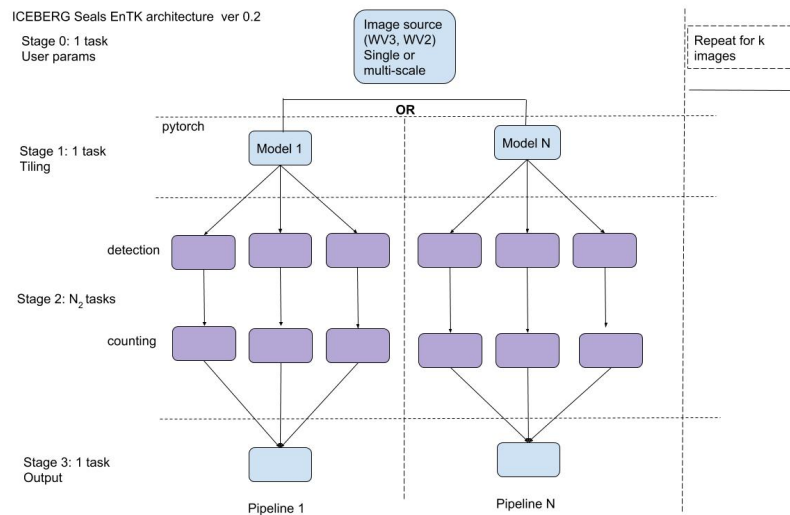
[1] https://github.com/iceberg-project/Use-Case-Descriptions/blob/master/Seals/Use_Case_seals_Draft2_23Oct2017.docx [2] <https://github.com/iceberg-project/Seals>

2 Overall Description

2.1 Product Perspective

ICEBERG is a multi-disciplinary, cyberinfrastructure, integration project to (1) develop open source image classification tools tailored to high-resolution satellite imagery of the Arctic and Antarctic to be used on HPDC resources, (2) create easy-to-use interfaces to facilitate the development and testing of algorithms for application specific geoscience requirements, (3) apply these tools through four use cases that span the biological, hydrological, and geoscience needs of the polar community, (4) transfer these tools to the larger (non-polar) EarthCube community for continued community-driven development.

2.2 Product Functions



The main functions of the Seals pipeline are tiling, detection, counting, and reporting the location of seals in a set of images.

Library	Version	Executable	Type
CUDA	8.0	predict_sealnet	<i>HARD</i>
Python	3.5	All	<i>SOFT</i>
matplotlib	2.2.2	Verify	<i>SOFT</i>
opencv-python	3.4.1.15	tile_raster	<i>SOFT</i>
pandas	0.23.0	predict_sealnet	<i>SOFT</i>
Pillow	5.1.0	predict_sealnet	<i>SOFT</i>
torch	0.4.0	predict_sealnet	<i>SOFT</i>
torchvision	0.2.1	predict_sealnet	<i>SOFT</i>
EnTK	0.7	entk_script	<i>SOFT</i>

Table 2.1: Software Dependencies.

2.3 User Classes and Characteristics

- Community users - Will use a web interface to access the capabilities of ICEBERG
- Expert users - Will use ICEBERG via command line interface to execute experiments and their use cases.
- Developers - Are users that are able to develop additional pipelines and/or change/update existing pipelines. They will be able to use the CLI or directly the resource interfaces.

2.4 Operating Environment

The software’s middleware should be able to use Unix-based Operating Systems, such as Linux and MacOS. The software has library dependencies as listed in Table 2.1. *HARD* dependency to a library is restricted to the version shown. *SOFT* dependency to a library requires as a minimum version the one depicted.

The Command Line Interface should be used from a Virtual Machine that is in the Cloud and has constant Internet connection.

The Web interface should be hosted on resources with constant operation.

2.5 Design and Implementation Constraints

Access to the VM should be through SSH. The web interface should be under HTTPS protocol.

Users should have their image data uploaded to the resources via a secure data transfer system, like sftp/scp.

Users should not execute from the login nodes, unless otherwise specified explicitly by the resource documentation.

2.6 User Documentation

Users will be provided on-line documentation and help. Syntax, options, and error messages will be displayed via the web or command line interfaces.

2.7 Assumptions and Dependencies

CUDA v8.0 is assumed to be preinstalled on the resource and provided via a module. OMPI is installed and provided via a module for the launch method of RP. Python 2.7 and 3.5 should exist in the resource.

3 External Interface Requirements

3.1 User Interfaces

Provide an interface where users can upload a set of images and get back a table with the Seals.

The CLI interface should have the arguments based on table 3.1

Argument Name	Argument Flag(s)	Argument Type	Value	Required/Optional
Resource	-r/-resource	String	xsede.bridges	Required
Output Directory	-op	String	'.'	Optional
Input Directory	-ip	String	/home/iparask/images	Required
Path to Model	-model	String	model file	Optional

Table 3.1: Command Line Interface Arguments.

3.2 Hardware Interfaces

The software system requires High Performance Computing (HPC) resources for execution and needs at least one GPU. The HPC resources should provide CPU and GPU node. Until now, PSC Bridges and SDSC Comet are the possible candidates.

3.3 Software Interfaces

<Describe the connections between this product and other specific software components (name and version), including databases, operating systems, tools, libraries, and integrated commercial components. Identify the data items or messages coming into the system and going out and describe the purpose of each. Describe the services needed and the nature of communications. Refer to documents that describe detailed application programming interface protocols. Identify data that will be shared across software components. If the data sharing mechanism must be implemented in a specific way (for example, use of a global data area in a multitasking operating system), specify this as an implementation constraint.>

3.4 Communications Interfaces

<Describe the requirements associated with any communications functions required by this product, including e-mail, web browser, network server communications protocols, electronic forms, and so on. Define any pertinent message formatting. Identify any communication standards that will be used, such as FTP or HTTP. Specify any communication security or encryption issues, data transfer rates, and synchronization mechanisms.>

4 System Features

<This template illustrates organizing the functional requirements for the product by system features, the major services provided by the product. You may prefer to organize this section by use case, mode of operation, user class, object class, functional hierarchy, or combinations of these, whatever makes the most logical sense for your product.>

4.1 Analyzing images in bulk

4.1.1 Description and Priority

The Seals component should take as an input a set of images. These images will be organized in a single folder. Each analysis is independent of each other.

Priority: 9

4.1.2 Stimulus/Response Sequences

The stimulus of this feature will be the path to a folder where all the images will exist. The response sequence is a table with the number of Seals per image.

4.1.3 Functional Requirements

<Itemize the detailed functional requirements associated with this feature. These are the software capabilities that must be present in order for the user to carry out the services provided by the feature, or to execute the use case. Include how the product should respond to anticipated error conditions or invalid inputs. Requirements should be concise, complete, unambiguous, verifiable, and necessary. Use “TBD” as a placeholder to indicate when necessary information is not yet available.>

<Each requirement should be uniquely identified with a sequence number or a meaningful tag of some kind.>

REQ-1: Identify the individual images that exist in a single folder
REQ-2: Each image should have an individual output file
REQ-3: Provide an aggregated output file for all images with two columns: Image filename, number of seals

4.2 System Feature 2 (and so on)

5 Other Nonfunctional Requirements

5.1 Performance Requirements

<If there are performance requirements for the product under various circumstances, state them here and explain their rationale, to help the developers understand the intent and make suitable design choices. Specify the timing relationships for real time systems. Make such requirements as specific as possible. You may need to state performance requirements for individual functional requirements or features.>

5.2 Safety Requirements

<Specify those requirements that are concerned with possible loss, damage, or harm that could result from the use of the product. Define any safeguards or actions that must be taken, as well as actions that must be prevented. Refer to any external policies or regulations that state safety issues that affect the product's design or use. Define any safety certifications that must be satisfied.>

5.3 Security Requirements

All Digital Globe (WorldView) imagery is proprietary and cannot be released publicly. Use of imagery must be in accordance with the guidelines and requirements of the Polar Geospatial Center and the NGA NextView License.

5.4 Software Quality Attributes

<Specify any additional quality characteristics for the product that will be important to either the customers or the developers. Some to consider are: adaptability, availability, correctness, flexibility, interoperability, maintainability, portability, reliability, reusability, robustness, testability, and usability. Write these to be specific, quantitative, and verifiable when possible. At the least, clarify the relative preferences for various attributes, such as ease of use over ease of learning.>

5.5 Business Rules

<List any operating principles about the product, such as which individuals or roles can perform which functions under specific circumstances. These are not functional require-

ments in themselves, but they may imply certain functional requirements to enforce the rules.>

6 Other Requirements

<Define any other requirements not covered elsewhere in the SRS. This might include database requirements, internationalization requirements, legal requirements, reuse objectives for the project, and so on. Add any new sections that are pertinent to the project.>

6.1 Appendix A: Glossary

<Define all the terms necessary to properly interpret the SRS, including acronyms and abbreviations. You may wish to build a separate glossary that spans multiple projects or the entire organization, and just include terms specific to a single project in each SRS.>

6.2 Appendix B: Analysis Models

<Optionally, include any pertinent analysis models, such as data flow diagrams, class diagrams, state-transition diagrams, or entity-relationship diagrams.>

6.3 Appendix C: To Be Determined List

<Collect a numbered list of the TBD (to be determined) references that remain in the SRS so they can be tracked to closure.>