

DBMS LAB

Week-9

Name: H M MYTHREYA
SRN: PES2UG20CS130
Section: C
Date: 18/11/2022

1. Write a trigger on insert to the 'compartment' table when a new compartment gets added to a train and make sure that total number of compartments available in the train does not exceed 4

Code for the trigger:

```
SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=0;

DELIMITER $$
CREATE TRIGGER compartment_check
BEFORE INSERT
ON compartment FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    DECLARE error_msg VARCHAR(255);
    declare count int;
    SET error_msg = ('Cannot have more than four compartment');
    IF (select count(*) from compartment where Train_No = new.Train_No) > 4 THEN
        SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
        SET MESSAGE_TEXT = error_msg;
    END IF;
END $$
DELIMITER ;
```

Output:

The screenshot shows the phpMyAdmin interface with the 'rail_res' database selected. The 'compartment' table is currently selected. The SQL tab is active, showing three queries and their results:

- Query 1: `SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=0;` Result: MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0002 seconds.)
- Query 2: `insert into compartment values ('S04','II Class',30,3,58450);` Result: 1 row inserted. (Query took 0.0038 seconds.)
- Query 3: `CREATE TABLE PAYMENT_BACK (Transaction_ID varchar(30) PRIMARY KEY, Bank varchar(30), Card_No varchar(16), Price int, PNR varchar(10) NOT NULL);` Result: MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0168 seconds.)

The left sidebar shows the database structure, including tables like 'e-bike_cs148', 'information_schema', 'mysql', 'performance_schema', 'phpmyadmin', 'railway_res_cs148', 'rail_res', 'compartment', 'fare', 'passenger', 'payment_info', 'route_info', 'ticket', 'ticket_passenger', 'train', 'user_train', 'rail_res_148', and 'test'.

Error

SQL query: [Copy](#)

```
insert into compartment values ('F02','II Class',60,40,58450);
```

MySQL said:

#1644 - Cannot have more than four compartment

2. Create a trigger to add payment information to the backup table when we try to delete information from the 'ticket' table.

Code for the trigger:

```
CREATE TABLE PAYMENT_BACK ( Transaction_ID varchar(30) PRIMARY KEY,  
                             Bank varchar(30),  
                             Card_No varchar(16),  
                             Price int,  
                             PNR varchar(10) NOT NULL);  
  
DELIMITER $$  
  
CREATE TRIGGER PAYMENT_BACKUP  
BEFORE DELETE  
ON ticket FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN  
    Insert into payment_back select * from payment_info where PNR = old.PNR;  
    delete from payment_info where PNR = old.PNR;  
    delete from ticket_passenger where PNR = old.PNR;  
END $$  
DELIMITER ;  
  
DELETE FROM ticket WHERE PNR = 'PNR004';  
  
SELECT * FROM rail_res.payment_back;
```

Output:

phpMyAdmin

Recent

Favorites

New

e-bike_cs148

information_schema

mysql

performance_schema

phpmyadmin

railway_res_cs148

rail_res

rail_res

New

compartment

fare

passenger

payment_info

route_info

ticket

ticket_passenger

train

user_train

rail_res_148

test

Server: 127.0.0.1 » Database: rail_res » Table: payment_back

Browse

Structure

SQL

Search

Insert

Export

Import

Privileges

Operations

Triggers

MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0037 seconds.)

CREATE TRIGGER PAYMENT_BACKUP BEFORE DELETE ON ticket FOR EACH ROW BEGIN Insert into payment_back select * from payment_info where PNR = old.PNR; delete from payment_info where PNR = old.PNR; delete from ticket_passenger where PNR = old.PNR; END;

[Edit inline] [Edit] [Create PHP code]

1 row affected. (Query took 0.0053 seconds.)

DELETE FROM ticket WHERE PNR = 'PNR004';

[Edit inline] [Edit] [Create PHP code]

Showing rows 0 - 0 (1 total, Query took 0.0002 seconds.)

SELECT * FROM rail_res.payment_back;

☐ Profiling [Edit inline] [Edit] [Explain SQL] [Create PHP code] [Refresh]

☐ Show all | Number of rows: 25 | Filter rows: Search this table

Extra options

Transaction_ID

Bank

Card_No

Price

PNR

☐ Edit ☐ Copy ☐ Delete

531343

NULL

8953274872387834

0

PNR004

Console