

Job-Training on New Generation of Seasonal Forecast in West Africa and the Sahel

AGHRYMET RCC-WAS

2024-10-15

Table of contents

Background	3
Workshop Objectives	5
I Week 1- Overview: Climate and its variability in WAS, Overview on python and validation of seasonal forecast of global climate centers.	6
1 Climate and its variability in West Africa and the Sahel	8
2 Overview of Data Structures in Python and the Libraries NumPy and Xarray.	9
3 Seasonal Forecasts: Basis, Approaches in West Africa.	10
4 NMME and C3S Models in Climate Data Store and IRI Data Library	11
5 Observational dataset.	13
6 Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast.	14
7 Install PyCPT and Xcast.	15
II Week 2- Statistical seasonal climate forecasting with applications	16
III Timeline	17

Background

AGRHYMET RCC-WAS plays a leading role in climate services and agro-hydro-meteorological monitoring in the region. In recent years, AGRHYMET has committed to strengthening its forecasting capacities in line with World Meteorological Organization (WMO) Decision 9 (EC-72). This decision emphasizes the need for objective, operational, transparent, and scientifically rigorous seasonal forecasting methods. The guidelines provided by WMO in 2020 on operational practices for objective seasonal forecasting offer the necessary framework to guide regional centers and National Meteorological and Hydrological Services (NMHSs) in transitioning towards more standardized and automated forecasting systems.

To achieve these objectives, AGRHYMET has initiated efforts to improve the reproducibility of seasonal forecasts by automating key steps in the forecasting process. This transition is crucial to ensuring that the forecasting process becomes not only more consistent but also more accessible for future evaluations and improvements. Phase I of the project “Accelerating Impacts of CGIAR Climate Research for Africa” (AICCRA) has played a central role in this transition. AICCRA focuses on strengthening climate services in Africa, and in this context, AGRHYMET has leveraged the project to develop and implement innovative forecasting tools. One of the key outcomes of these efforts is the development and deployment of [PyCPT \(Python Climate Predictability Tool\)](#) which automates the statistical methods used for seasonal forecasts. `[PyCPT]()` is a powerful tool that enhances the traceability and reproducibility of forecasts, facilitating the evaluation and refinement of forecasting methodologies. Thanks to [PyCPT](#), seasonal forecasts no longer rely on manual adjustments and subjective consensus processes, leading to more consistent and scientifically defensible results.

Beyond automation, AGRHYMET is also exploring new technological opportunities to further improve forecasting capabilities. The use of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) is currently being explored as a way to enhance the accuracy and speed of seasonal and sub-seasonal forecasts. AI-based approaches offer the ability to analyze large datasets, recognize complex patterns, and make forecasts that are more adaptive to changing climate conditions. These technologies promise to complement existing methods and provide more robust and reliable forecasts, especially in a region as complex and variable as West Africa and the Sahel.

AGRHYMET’s ongoing work includes a comprehensive assessment of these new methods in comparison to existing ones. This evaluation aims to measure the effectiveness of AI and machine learning tools, as well as traditional statistical methods, in generating accurate and actionable seasonal forecasts. Additionally, the possibility of combining these new methods with

traditional ones is being explored to create consolidated forecasts that leverage the strengths of each approach. The goal is to produce forecasts that are not only more reliable but also more useful for end-users, such as farmers, water resource managers, and policymakers across the region.

In response to these advancements, AGRHYMET recognizes the need to strengthen the capacities of its partners across West Africa and the Sahel. Many countries in the region depend on seasonal forecasts to make critical decisions that affect their economies and societies, particularly in the areas of agriculture, disaster risk management, and water resource planning. It is essential that NMHSs and other relevant institutions are equipped with the knowledge and skills needed to use both traditional and new forecasting methods to achieve broader goals of climate resilience and sustainable development in the region. This training workshop is therefore designed to address this capacity-building need by training participants from 17 West African countries on the full range of seasonal and sub-seasonal forecasting methodologies. The workshop will provide participants with practical experience in using tools such as [PyCPT](#) and Xcast, while also introducing them to AI-based approaches. Additionally, the training will focus on evaluating the different methodologies, helping participants understand the strengths and limitations of each approach and how they can be applied in their respective national contexts.

Workshop Objectives

The main objectives of this training workshop are to:

1. Evaluate seasonal forecasts from global climate centers; - Introduce and train participants on new methods and tools, such as PyCPT, Xcast, and other AI-based methods currently being explored for seasonal and sub-seasonal forecasting;
2. Provide hands-on experience in the comprehensive evaluation of new methods to facilitate an understanding of their strengths and weaknesses in the context of forecasting for West Africa and the Sahel;
3. Master the combination of the most effective methods to generate more consolidated and accurate seasonal forecasts for the region;
4. Equip participants with the skills necessary to implement these forecasting methodologies operationally within their institutions, thereby improving forecasting services and climate services across the region.

Part I

Week 1- Overview: Climate and its variability in WAS, Overview on python and validation of seasonal forecast of global climate centers.

Timeline

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08:30 - 10:00	Opening and Presentation of Participants	Debrief with Participants	Observational Datasets	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Participants Presentations on Validation
Break					
10:30 - 12:30	Climate and its Variability in West Africa and the Sahel	Seasonal Forecasts: Scientific foundations, Approaches, ...	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Participants Presentations on Validation
Break					
14:00 - 17:00	Overview of Data Structures in Python and the Libraries NumPy and Xarray	NMME and C3S Models in Climate Data Store and IRI Data Library	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	PyCPT and Xcast Installation

Participant exercise time in green

1 Climate and its variability in West Africa and the Sahel

Facilitator: **Mandela HOUNGNIBO**

keys points:

- West African Climate and Trends,
- Climate characteristics in West Africa and the Sahel,
- Key factors influencing climate variability,
- ...

Download materials [here](#)

2 Overview of Data Structures in Python and the Libraries NumPy and Xarray.

Facilitator: Mandela HOUNGNIBO

keys points: Python builtin data structures and data science package (Numpy and Xarray, ...)

1. Download and Install anaconda

- For Windows, download the executable [here](#)
- For Linux (Ubuntu), in the terminal run:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get upgrade
sudo apt-get install wget
wget -c -r https://repo.anaconda.com/archive/Anaconda3-2024.06-1-Linux-x86_64.sh --no-ch
```

2. Data Structures in Python: Download notebook [here](#)

3. Libraries NumPy and Xarray: Download notebook [here](#)

3 Seasonal Forecasts: Basis, Approaches in West Africa.

Facilitator: Mandela HOUNGNIBO

keys points:

- Scientific foundations,
- Main approaches in seasonal forecasts,
- Uncertainty and its taking account,
- ...

Download materials [here](#)

4 NMME and C3S Models in Climate Data Store and IRI Data Library

Facilitator: **Mandela HOUNGNIBO**

1. Create CDS API key and use it to download NMME and C3S models data from the Climate Data Store (CDS) and IRI Data Library.
 - Create an account with Copernicus by signing up [here](#)
 - Once you successfully create an account, kindly log in to your Copernicus account and click on your name at the top right corner of the page. Note your “UID” and “Personal Access Token key”.
2. Configure .cdsapirc file.

In your activated terminal, kindly initiate the Python interpreter by entering the command `python3`. Subsequently, carefully copy and paste the below code, ensuring to replace “Personal Access Token” with yours.

```
import os

config_data = '''url: https://cds.climate.copernicus.eu/api
key: Personal Access Token
verify: 0
'''

path_to_home = "/".join([os.path.expanduser('~'), ".cdsapirc"])

if not os.path.exists(path_to_home):
    with open(path_to_home, 'w') as file:
        file.write(config_data)

print("Configuration file created successfully!")
```

3. Install the CDS API package.

In your terminal, kindly install the CDS API package by entering the command below:

```
pip install 'cdsapi>=0.7.2'
```

5 Observational dataset.

6 Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast.

7 Install PyCPT and Xcast.

Facilitator: **Bernard MINOUNGOU / Mandela HOUNGNIBO**

Part II

Week 2- Statistical seasonal climate forecasting with applications

Part III

Timeline

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
08:30 - 10:00	Review installation	Debrief with Participants	Observational Datasets	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Participants Presentations on Validation
Break					
10:30 - 12:30	Climate and its Variability in West Africa and the Sahel	Seasonal Forecasts: Scientific foundations, Approaches, ...	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Participants Presentations on Validation
Break					
14:00 - 17:00	Overview of Data Structures in Python and the Libraries NumPy and Xarray	NMME and C3S Models in Climate Data Store and IRI Data Library	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	Validation of Dynamical Seasonal Forecast	PyCPT and Xcast Installation

Participant exercise time in green