

OPTIMAL EXECUTION CME GROUP

IE597 PRACTICUM PROJECT #5 - SPRING 2023



INTRODUCTION

TEAM MEMBERS

HARIHARAN MANICKAM



PRABHULING MASOODI



ANANYA SINGH



LIANG ZHANG



SPONSORS - CME GROUP

- Mr. INDERDEEP SINGH: Executive Director for Architecture and Product Management
- Mr. MOHANDAS AYIKARA: Director Data Science
- Mr. GEORGE DEAMONT: Manager of Data Science
- Mr. PIYUSH KALKUTE: Senior Data Scientist

MOTIVATION

- Optimal Execution of a large order
- Manage
 - l. Volume
 - II. Slippage
 - III. Price Impact
- Participation rate is a key constraint
- Strengthen understanding of market dynamics

OVERVIEW

Problem Statement

- Liquidate a large order* in a 2-hour time window at the Best price.
- Dataset I0-year bond (ZN) futures 2 months of nanosecond-second High Frequency orderbook data for 20 levels(bid and ask)

Solution

- Machine Learning model predicts next second price change.
 - Parameters of the model: Net-buy, Multilevel Order Flow Imbalance (MLOFI), Mean Reversion Lag
 - Output: Change in mid-price (ΔP)
- Algorithm uses the model to decide the trade at that second
 - Direct constraint Participation rate*; Indirect constrains Replenishment rate
- Test Harness
 - Simulates a reactionless market for the algorithm to trade
 - Gradually replenishes orders the algorithm makes

*A participation rate is used to restrict the strategy from liquidating everything right away in a reactionless market, often set between 5%~20%

^{*}A *large order* is defined as an order that is typically 10 to 20 times the size of the average volume on the top of the book.

DATASET

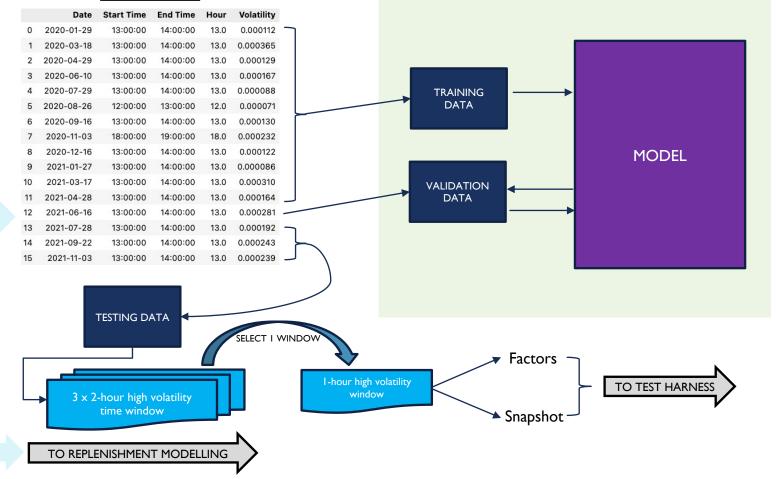
Total Data

	Date	Start Time	End Time	# of seconds
0	2020-01-28	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
1	2020-01-29	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
2	2020-03-17	17:00:00	23:59:57	25198
3	2020-03-18	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
4	2020-04-29	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
5	2020-06-09	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
6	2020-06-10	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
7	2020-07-28	17:00:00	23:59:57	25198
8	2020-07-29	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
9	2020-08-25	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
10	2020-08-26	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
11	2020-09-16	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
12	2020-11-03	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
13	2020-11-04	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
14	2020-12-16	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
15	2021-01-26	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
16	2021-01-27	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
17	2021-03-16	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
18	2021-03-17	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
19	2021-04-27	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
20	2021-04-28	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
21	2021-06-16	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
22	2021-07-27	17:00:00	23:59:59	25200
23	2021-07-28	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601
24	2021-09-21	17:00:00	23:59:54	25195
25	2021-09-22	00:00:01	16:16:34	58594
26	2021-11-03	00:00:00	16:00:00	57601

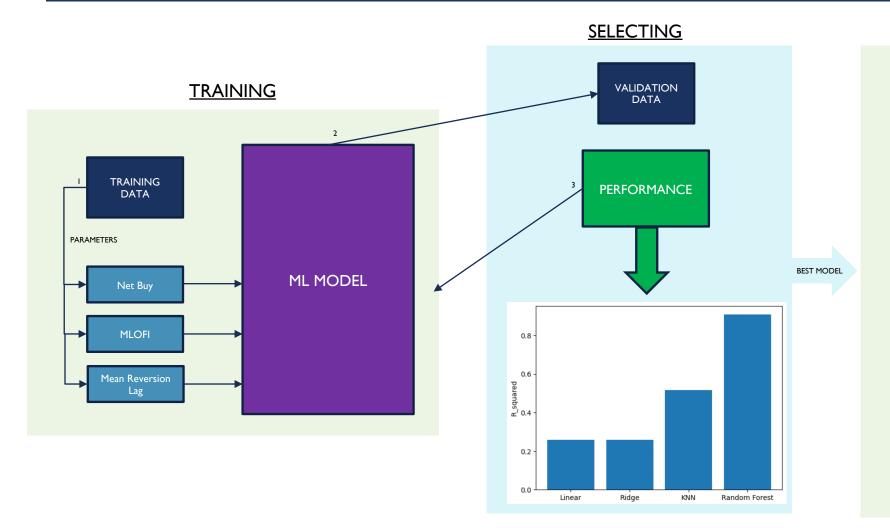
Filter

Unfiltered

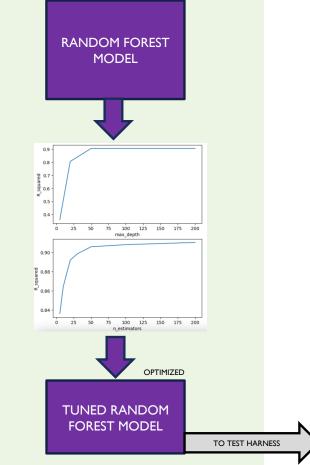
Filtered Data



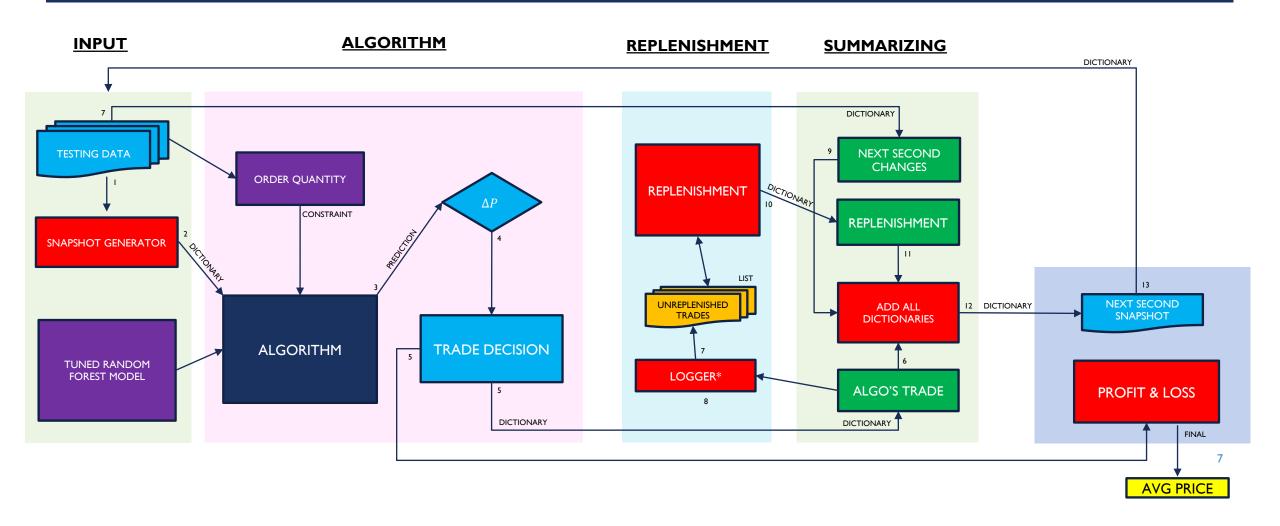
MACHINE LEARNING MODEL



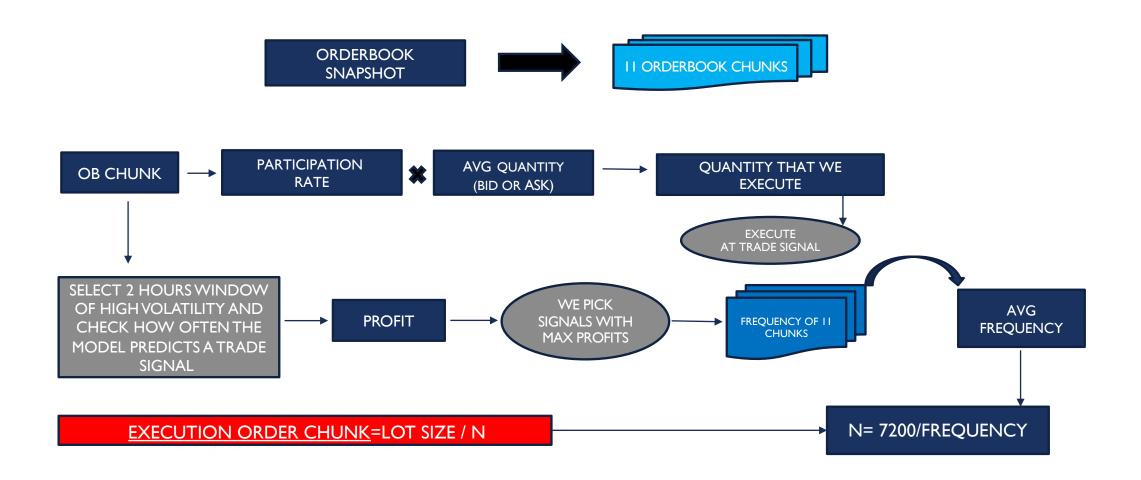
BOOSTING



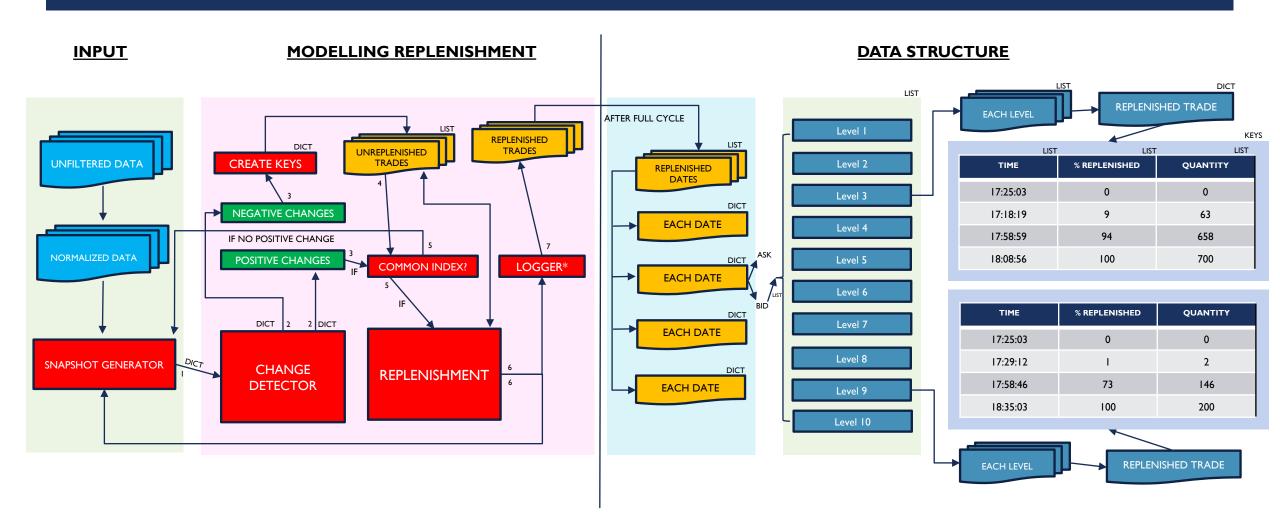
TEST HARNESS



EXECUTION ORDER SIZE



HISTORICAL REPLENISHMENT RATES



RESULTS

Historical rates

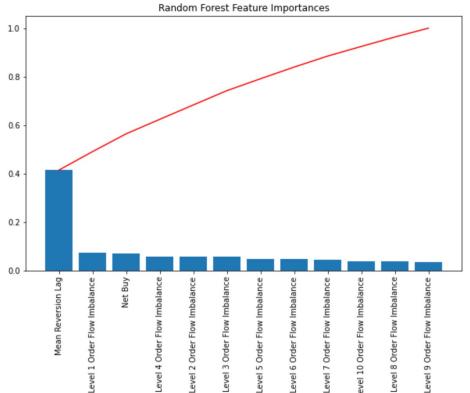
Level	Replenishment Quantity
I	0.385 ~ 0.4
2	0.296 ~ 0.3
3	0.198 ~ 0.2
4	0.293 ~ 0.3
5	0.093 ~ 0.1
6	0.154 ~ 0.2
7	0.131 ~ 0.1
8	0.054 ~ 0.1
9	0.026 ~ 0.1
10	0.012 ~ 0.1

Testing different models

Model	Revenue from Trade(\$)	
Random Forest	6,53,250.00	
Linear Regression	6,52,968.75	
Ridge Regression	6,44,489.26	

Lot quantity: 5,000

Feature Importance



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Machine Learning techniques
- Limit Order Book Dynamics
- High Frequency Data Processing