Basic Trigonometric Identities and Equations

Trigonometric Identities

Quotient Identities

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \qquad \cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

Reciprocal Identities

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\csc \theta}$$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta}$

Pythagorean Identities

$$\sin \theta^2 + \cos \theta^2 = 1 \quad \tan \theta^2 + 1 = \sec \theta^2 \quad \cot \theta^2 + 1 = \csc \theta^2$$
$$\sin \theta^2 = 1 - \cos \theta^2 \quad \tan \theta^2 = \sec \theta^2 - 1 \quad \cot \theta^2 = \csc \theta^2 - 1$$

Using the identities you now know, find the trig value.

1.) If
$$\cos\theta = 3/4$$
, find $\sec\theta$
$$\sec\theta = \frac{1}{\cos\theta} = \frac{1}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{4}{3}$$

2.) If
$$\cos\theta=3/5$$
, find $\csc\theta$
$$\sin\theta^2+\cos\theta^2=1$$

$$\sin\theta^2+(\frac{3}{5})^2=1$$

Simplify each expression

1.) If
$$\cos \theta = 3/4,$$
 find
$$\cot \theta = 3/4$$
 sin $\theta^2 + \cos \theta^2 = 1$
$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\sin \theta^2 + (\frac{3}{5})^2 = 1$$

2.) If
$$\cos \theta = 3/5$$
, find $\csc \theta$
$$\sin \theta^2 + \cos \theta^2 = 1$$

$$\sin \theta^2 + (\frac{3}{5})^2 = 1$$

Example

Simplify:

a) csc

Practice

| $sec\theta$ | $sec\theta$ | $sec\theta$ | $sec\theta$ |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| $sec\theta$ | $sec\theta$ | $sec\theta$ | $sec\theta$ |

