

# **Software engineering**



## **Lab08: Functional Testing (Black-Box)**

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# Program Specification and Test Cases

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## **1. Program Specification**

**Input:** Triple of day, month, and year

**Input ranges:**

$1 \leq \text{month} \leq 12$

$1 \leq \text{day} \leq 31$

$1900 \leq \text{year} \leq 2015$

**Output:** Previous date or "Invalid date"

## **2. Test Suite**

### **2.1 Equivalence Partitioning**

**Valid Partitions:**

- Normal days (not month end or year end)
- Month end (not year end)
- Year end (December 31)
- Leap year February 29

**Invalid Partitions:**

- Invalid month ( $< 1$  or  $> 12$ )
- Invalid day ( $< 1$  or  $> \text{max days in month}$ )
- Invalid year ( $< 1900$  or  $> 2015$ )
- Invalid day for specific month (e.g., February 30)

### **2.2 Boundary Value Analysis**

- First day of year: January 1, YYYY
- Last day of year: December 31, YYYY

- First day of month: DD 1, MM
- Last day of month: DD 30/31, MM (28/29 for February)
- Minimum valid year: 1900
- Maximum valid year: 2015

### **2.3 Test Cases**

<b><u>Tester Action and Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>	<b><u>Remarks</u></b>
a, b, c	An Error message	Invalid input format
15, 6, 2000	14, 6, 2000	Normal day
1, 7, 2010	30, 6, 2010	Month end
1, 1, 2005	31, 12, 2004	Year end
1, 3, 2000	29, 2, 2000	Leap year
1, 3, 2001	28, 2, 2001	Non-leap year
0, 6, 2000	Invalid date	Invalid day (too low)
32, 6, 2000	Invalid date	Invalid day (too high)
15, 0, 2000	Invalid date	Invalid month (too low)
15, 13, 2000	Invalid date	Invalid month (too high)
15, 6, 1899	Invalid date	Invalid year (too low)
15, 6, 2016	Invalid date	Invalid year (too high)
31, 4, 2000	Invalid date	Invalid day for April
29, 2, 2001	Invalid date	Invalid day for February in non-leap year
1, 1, 1900	31, 12, 1899	Boundary: Minimum valid year - 1

31, 12, 2015	30, 12, 2015	Boundary: Maximum valid year
1, 1, 2000	31, 12, 1999	Boundary: First day of year
31, 12, 2000	30, 12, 2000	Boundary: Last day of year
1, 5, 2000	30, 4, 2000	Boundary: First day of month
31, 5, 2000	30, 5, 2000	Boundary: Last day of 31-day month
30, 4, 2000	29, 4, 2000	Boundary: Last day of 30-day month
29, 2, 2000	28, 2, 2000	Boundary: Last day of February in leap year
28, 2, 2001	27, 2, 2001	Boundary: Last day of February in non-leap year

## c++ implementation :

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>

using namespace std;

// Function to check if a year is a leap year
bool isLeapYear(int year) {
    return (year % 4 == 0 && (year % 100 != 0 || year % 400 == 0));
}

// Function to get the number of days in a given month of a given year
int daysInMonth(int month, int year) {
    vector<int> days = {31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31};
    if (month == 2 && isLeapYear(year)) {
        return 29;
    }
    return days[month - 1];
}

// Function to calculate the previous date
string previousDate(int day, int month, int year) {
    if (!(1 <= month && month <= 12 && 1900 <= year && year <= 2015)) {
        return "Invalid date";
    }

    int maxDays = daysInMonth(month, year);
    if (!(1 <= day && day <= maxDays)) {
        return "Invalid date";
    }

    if (day > 1) {
        return to_string(day - 1) + ", " + to_string(month) + ", " + to_string(year);
    } else if (month > 1) {
        int prevMonth = month - 1;
        return to_string(daysInMonth(prevMonth, year)) + ", " + to_string(prevMonth) + ", " + to_string(year);
    } else {
        return "31, 12, " + to_string(year - 1);
    }
}
```

```

// Function to run the test cases
void runTests() {
    vector<pair<vector<int>, string>> testCases = {
        {{15, 6, 2000}, "14, 6, 2000"},
        {{1, 7, 2010}, "30, 6, 2010"},
        {{1, 1, 2005}, "31, 12, 2004"},
        {{1, 3, 2000}, "29, 2, 2000"},
        {{1, 3, 2001}, "28, 2, 2001"},
        {{0, 6, 2000}, "Invalid date"},
        {{32, 6, 2000}, "Invalid date"},
        {{15, 0, 2000}, "Invalid date"},
        {{15, 13, 2000}, "Invalid date"},
        {{15, 6, 1899}, "Invalid date"},
        {{15, 6, 2016}, "Invalid date"},
        {{31, 4, 2000}, "Invalid date"},
        {{29, 2, 2001}, "Invalid date"},
        {{1, 1, 1900}, "31, 12, 1899"},
        {{31, 12, 2015}, "30, 12, 2015"},
        {{1, 1, 2000}, "31, 12, 1999"},
        {{31, 12, 2000}, "30, 12, 2000"},
        {{1, 5, 2000}, "30, 4, 2000"},
        {{31, 5, 2000}, "30, 5, 2000"},
        {{30, 4, 2000}, "29, 4, 2000"},
        {{29, 2, 2000}, "28, 2, 2000"},
        {{28, 2, 2001}, "27, 2, 2001"}
    };

    for (int i = 0; i < testCases.size(); i++) {
        vector<int> input = testCases[i].first;
        string expected = testCases[i].second;
        string result = previousDate(input[0], input[1], input[2]);
        cout << "Test " << i + 1 << ": " << (result == expected ? "PASS" : "FAIL") << endl;
        cout << "  Input: " << input[0] << ", " << input[1] << ", " << input[2] << endl;
        cout << "  Expected: " << expected << endl;
        cout << "  Actual: " << result << endl;
        cout << endl;
    }
}

int main() {
    runTests();
    return 0;
}

```

## **Problem 1:**

### **Equivalence Partitioning**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
5, {1, 2, 3}	-1
2, {1, 2, 3}	1
-1, {-1, 0, 1}	0
1, {}	-1
4, {4}	0
1, {1, 2, 3}	0
3, {1, 2, 3}	2
null, {1, 2, 3}	An Error message
{1, 2, 3}, null	An Error message

### **Boundary Value Analysis:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
5, {}	-1
-2147483648, {- 2147483648, 0, 2147483647}	0
2147483647, {- 2147483648, 0, 2147483647}	2
1, {1, 2}	0
2, {1, 2}	1
4, {1, 2, 3}	-1
5, null	An Error message
{1, 2, 3}, {}	An Error message

## **Problem 2 :**

### **Equivalence Partitioning:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
5, {1, 2, 3}	0
2, {1, 2, 3}	1
-1, {-1, 0, 1}	1
1, {}	0
4, {4, 4, 4}	3
1, {1, 2, 3, 1, 1}	3
3, {1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3}	4
null, {1, 2, 3}	An Error message
{1, 2, 3}, null	An Error message

### **Boundary Value Analysis:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
5, {}	0
-2147483648, {-2147483648, 0, 2147483647}	1
2147483647, {-2147483648, 0, 2147483647}	1
1, {1, 2}	1
2, {1, 2, 2}	2
4, {1, 2, 3}	0
5, null	An Error message
{1, 2, 3}, {}	An Error message



### **Problem 3 :**

#### **Equivalence Partitioning:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
5, {1, 2, 3}	-1
2, {1, 2, 3}	1
1, {1, 2, 3}	0
3, {1, 2, 3}	2
4, {1, 4, 6, 8}	1
0, {0, 1, 2, 3}	0
100, {10, 20, 30, 100}	3
null, {1, 2, 3}	An Error message
{1, 2, 3}, null	An Error message

#### **Boundary Value Analysis:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
5, {}	-1
-2147483648, {-2147483648, 0, 2147483647}	0
2147483647, {-2147483648, 0, 2147483647}	2
1, {1, 2}	0
2, {1, 2}	1
4, {1, 2, 3}	-1
5, null	An Error message
{1, 2, 3}, {}	An Error message

## **Problem 4 :**

### **Equivalence Partitioning:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
3, 3, 3	EQUILATERAL (0)
3, 3, 2	ISOSCELES (1)
3, 4, 5	SCALENE (2)
1, 2, 3	INVALID (3)
1, 1, 2	INVALID (3)
5, 1, 1	INVALID (3)
2, 2, 3	ISOSCELES (1)
0, 1, 1	An Error message
1, 0, 1	An Error message

### **Boundary Value Analysis:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
1, 1, 1	EQUILATERAL (0)
1, 1, 2	INVALID (3)
2, 2, 4	INVALID (3)
2, 3, 5	INVALID (3)
3, 4, 7	INVALID (3)
1, 2, 2	ISOSCELES (1)
1, 2, 3	INVALID (3)
0, 1, 1	An Error message
1, 1, 0	An Error message

## **Problem 5:**

### **Equivalence Partitioning:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
"pre", "prefix"	true
"pre", "postfix"	false
"prefix", "pre"	false
"test", "test"	true
"" , "anything"	true
"anything", ""	false
"pre", "preparation"	true
null, "prefix"	An Error message
"prefix", null	An Error message

### **Boundary Value Analysis:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
"test", ""	false
"a", "a"	true
"a", "b"	false
"" , ""	true
"start", "startmiddle"	true
"longprefix", "short"	false
"short", "longprefix"	true
null, "anything"	An Error message
"anything", null	An Error message

## **Problem 6:**

### **a) Identify the Equivalence Classes**

Equilateral Triangle: All three sides are equal.

Isosceles Triangle: Exactly two sides are equal.

Scalene Triangle: No sides are equal.

Right-Angled Triangle: Satisfies  $a^2+b^2=c^2$ .

Invalid Triangle: Does not satisfy the triangle inequality  $a+b>c$ .

Non-positive Input: One or more sides are non-positive.

### **b) Identify Test Cases to Cover the Equivalence Classes**

#### **Equivalence Partitioning:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>	<b><u>Equivalence Class</u></b>
3.0, 3.0, 3.0	Equilateral	Equilateral Triangle
3.0, 3.0, 2.0	Isosceles	Isosceles Triangle
3.0, 4.0, 5.0	Scalene	Scalene Triangle
3.0, 4.0, 0.0	Invalid	Invalid Triangle
0.0, 0.0, 0.0	Invalid	Non-positive Input
5.0, 1.0, 1.0	Invalid	Invalid Triangle
3.0, 4.0, 6.0	Scalene	Scalene Triangle

### **c) Boundary Condition $A + B > C$ (Scalene Triangle)**

#### **Boundary Value Analysis:**

<b><u>Input Data</u></b>	<b><u>Expected Outcome</u></b>
2.0, 2.0, 3.99	Scalene
2.0, 2.0, 4.0	Invalid
2.0, 2.0, 4.01	Invalid

**d) Boundary Condition A = C (Isosceles Triangle)**

**Boundary Value Analysis:**

<u>Input Data</u>	<u>Expected Outcome</u>
3.0, 4.0, 3.0	Isosceles
3.0, 3.0, 3.0	Equilateral
3.0, 3.0, 4.0	Isosceles

**e) Boundary Condition A = B = C (Equilateral Triangle)**

**Boundary Value Analysis:**

<u>Input Data</u>	<u>Expected Outcome</u>
3.0, 3.0, 3.0	Equilateral
1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Equilateral
2.5, 2.5, 2.5	Equilateral

**f) Boundary Condition  $A^2+B^2=C^2$  (Right-Angle Triangle)**

**Boundary Value Analysis:**

<u>Input Data</u>	<u>Expected Outcome</u>
3.0, 4.0, 5.0	Right Angled
6.0, 8.0, 10.0	Right Angled
5.0, 12.0, 13.0	Right Angled

**g) Non-Triangle Case**

**Boundary Value Analysis:**

<u>Input Data</u>	<u>Expected Outcome</u>
1.0, 2.0, 3.0	Invalid
1.0, 2.0, 4.0	Invalid
1.0, 1.0, 2.0	Invalid

**h) Non-Positive Input**

**Boundary Value Analysis:**

<u>Input Data</u>	<u>Expected Outcome</u>
0.0, 1.0, 1.0	Invalid
-1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Invalid
1.0, 0.0, 1.0	Invalid