# Respond to a divorce application

# Acknowledgement of service by the respondent

Applicant: John Doe Respondent: Jane Doe Co-respondent: JJ DDDDD Reason for divorce: Adultery

Return this response to:

Case number: LV17D80100

Courts and Tribunals Service Centre c/o HMCTS Digital Divorce PO Box 12706 Harlow, CM20 9QT

Email: divorcecase@justice.gov.uk
Phone: 0300 303 0642

(Monday to Friday: 8am to 8pm, Saturday 8am to 2pm)

# You need to respond to the divorce application within 7 working days of receiving it

If you live outside of England and Wales, then you may have more days to reply to this divorce. Please refer to this link: https://www.justice.gov.uk/courts/procedure-rules/family/practice\_directions/pd\_part\_06b

1.	Have you read the application for divorce?	You will need to refer to the <b>divorce application</b> while you complete this form.
	Yes	
	∐ No	
2.	When did you receive the application for divorce?	Please give the date you received the application.
	Date	
		If you don't admit to the adultery, then your spouse may have to provide further details
3.	Do you admit to committing the adultery described in the divorce application?	or evidence to satisfy the court that the adultery took place. This could make the divorce take longer, and still result in you
	Check the reason for divorce and	being ordered to pay the divorce costs.
	<b>supporting information</b> part of the divorce application to answer this.	If you admit to the adultery then it may result in you having to pay your spouse's divorce costs if they've claimed them from
	Yes, I admit to committing the adultery	you. This could include their court fees and legal costs (for example solicitor fees).
	No, I do not admit to committing the adultery	You should speak to a solicitor if you're not sure.

4.	How do you want to respond to the divorce application?	
		I will let the divorce proceed (I don't intend to 'defend' it).
		I disagree with the application for divorce (I intend to 'defend' it).

## If you defend the divorce

You'll need to submit another form (known as the 'answer') with your reason for defending the divorce.

Go to www.gov.uk and search for form 'D8B: Answer a divorce, dissolution, (judicial) separation or nullity petition or application'.

You'll also have to pay a £245 fee.

You have 21 days to submit your answer from the date you received the divorce application.

If you don't submit the answer by the deadline, your spouse will usually be able to continue with the divorce as if you didn't defend it.

5.	Check the part of the divorce application called Why the court can deal with the case (jurisdiction) to answer this question.	
	Yes, I agree that the court has jurisdiction	
	No, I don't agree that the court has jurisdiction	
	If No provide details:	
	<ul><li>why the court doesn't have jurisdiction</li><li>which country your life is mainly based in</li></ul>	
	I	

#### Habitual residence

If your life is mainly based in England or Wales then you're what is legally known as 'habitually resident'. This may include working, owning property, having children in school, and your main family life taking place in England or Wales.

This isn't a complete list of what makes up habitual residence, and just because some of them apply to you doesn't mean you're habitually resident.

#### **Domicile**

Your domicile is usually the place in which you were born, regard as your permanent home and to which you have the closest ties. However, domicile can be more complex if you or your parents have moved countries in the past.

When you're born, you acquire a domicile of origin. This is usually:

- the country your father considered his permanent home if your parents were married
- the country your mother considered her permanent home if your parents were unmarried, or your father had died

If you leave your domicile of origin and settle in another country as an adult, the new country may become your domicile of choice.

### Residual jurisdiction

You should get legal advice if your spouse has used residual jurisdiction.

Usually to be eligible for residual jurisdiction, you or your spouse must be domiciled in England or Wales, and neither of you must be nationals of, or habitually resident in, another country in the EU (except Denmark)

Provide details of any ongoing legal proceedings in a court, tribunal or other authority which are either:	
related to the marriage may affect its validity (how legal the marriage is)	
As part of the divorce application your spouse is allowed to ask to claim the costs of the divorce from you.	
This could include all the fees during the divorce, such as the £550 application fee, solicitor fees, and any extra court fees.	
f you don't want to pay these costs, you must provide a reason why. If you don't have an agreement in place with your spouse for the costs the court will decide for you. You may also need to go to a hearing to explain your objection	
Financial orders The divorce application states whether or not your spouse is applying for a financial order. They will need to submit another form to proceed with that application. If they do proceed with it, you'll be given an opportunity to respond to it at a future date.  To respond, you'll need to complete a form with the details of your property and income. You'll then go to a hearing where a judge will make a decision.  You can also apply for a financial order yourself.  You can find out more about financial orders on www.gov.uk.	
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## If you're responding to the divorce application yourself, complete this part

### Statement of truth

I confirm that:

<ul> <li>I am the person named as the respondent in this application for divorce.</li> <li>I believe that the facts stated in this application are true.</li> </ul>	You only need to enter a new home address if it isn't correct in the divorce application.
Signed	
Date	
Contact details	
Home address	
	You can also ask that your new address is kept confidential if you wish.
Correspondence address	
	Provide a correspondence address if you want your divorce papers sent to an address other than your home address.
Email address (optional):	
	If the court needs to contact you, it will be able to do so more quickly if you provide your email address and phone
Phone number (optional):	number. These will not be shared with your spouse.

The statement of truth must only be

completed by the person named as the respondent in the divorce application. You could be fined or imprisoned for contempt of court if you deliberately submit false information.

Page 5 of 6

If you're a solicitor responding on behalf of a client, complete this part				
The respondent believes that the facts stated in this application are true.				
I am/We are acting for the respondent in this matter.				
Signed				
Solicitor for the Respondent				
Date				
Service address				
Email address				
Phone number				