

# 1.5 Examples

Translate  $\exists x \forall y (xy = y)$  into English, where the domain for each variable consists of all real numbers.

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$\exists x$  - There exists a real number  $x$

$\forall y$  - For every real number  $y$

“There exists a real number  $x$  such that for every real number  $y$ ,  $xy = y$ .”

This asserts the existence of a multiplicative identity for the real numbers. It's true, for example  $x = 1$ .

Translate  $\forall x \forall y (((x \geq 0) \wedge (y < 0)) \rightarrow (x - y > 0))$  into English, where the domain for each variable consists of all real numbers.

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For every real number  $x$  and real number  $y$ , if  $x$  is nonnegative and  $y$  is negative, then the difference  $x - y$  is positive.

A nonnegative number minus a negative number is positive (true!).

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$\exists z$  - There exists a real number  $z$

For every real number  $x$  and real number  $y$ , there exists a real number  $z$  such that  $x = y + z$ .

True, because in each case we can make  $z = x - y$ .

Let  $Q(x, y)$  be the statement “student  $x$  has been a contestant on quiz show  $y$ .” Express the following in terms of  $Q(x,y)$ , quantifiers, and logical connectives, where the domain for  $x$  consists of all students at your school and for  $y$  consists of all quiz shows on television.

1. There is a student at your school who has been a contestant on a television quiz show.

a.  $\exists x(Q(x, \text{Jeopardy}) \wedge Q(x, \text{Wheel of Fortune}))$

2. No student at your school has ever been a contestant on a television quiz show.

b.  $\neg \exists x \exists y Q(x,y)$

3. There is a student at your school who has been a contestant on Jeopardy and on Wheel of Fortune.

c.  $\forall y \exists x Q(x, y)$

d.  $\exists x \exists y Q(x,y)$

4. Every television quiz show has had a student from your school as a contestant.

e.  $\forall x \forall y \neg Q(x,y)$

f.  $\exists x_1 \exists x_2 (Q(x_1, \text{Jeopardy}) \wedge Q(x_2, \text{Jeopardy}) \wedge x_1 \neq x_2)$

5. At least two students from your school have been contestants on Jeopardy.



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Let  $Q(x,y)$  be the statement “ $x + y = xy$ ”. If the domain for both variables consists of all integers, what are the truth values?

- A.  $Q(0,0)$
- B.  $Q(1,0)$
- C.  $Q(0, 1)$
- D.  $Q(1,1)$
- E.  $\forall y Q(0,y)$
- F.  $\exists x Q(x, 0)$

Let  $Q(x,y)$  be the statement “ $x + y = xy$ ”. If the domain for both variables consists of all integers, what are the truth values?

- A.  $Q(0,0)$  True.  $0 + 0 = 0$
- B.  $Q(1,0)$  False.  $1 + 0 = 0$
- C.  $Q(0, 1)$  False.  $0 + 1 = 0$
- D.  $Q(1,1)$  False.  $1 + 1 = 1$
- E.  $\forall y Q(0,y)$  False. C is a counterexample
- F.  $\exists x Q(x, 0)$  True. A is an example.

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so that all negation symbols immediately  
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