

CS 4/56101

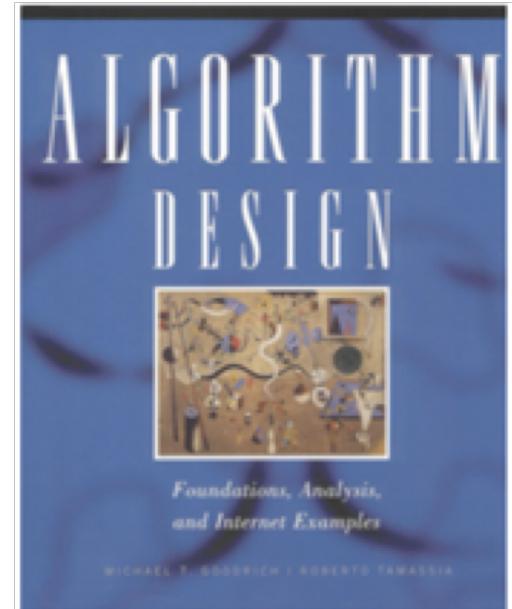
Design & Analysis of Algorithms

- **Course Website:**
 - <http://www.cs.kent.edu/~hmichaud/daa-s19/>
- **Instructor:** Heather M. Guarnera
 - Office: MSB 352
 - Office Hours: MW 2:30–3:30, and by appointment
 - Email: hmichaud@kent.edu (**Piazza is best**)

Books

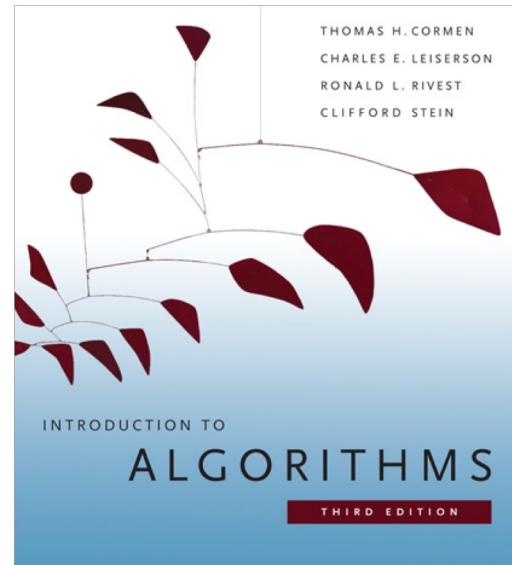
- Textbook:

Algorithm Design: Foundations, Analysis, and Internet Examples, by Michael T. Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, 1st edition, Wiley, 2001



- An excellent reference:

Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd Edition, by T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest, and C. Stein, MIT, 2009.



Course Requirements

- Homework 35%
 - Good preparation for exams
 - Homework is weighted based on different problems
- Exams (closed book, no calculators, one sheet of notes)
 - Midterm 30% March ??, during class
 - Final 30% Wed May 8, 10:15am-12:30pm
- Participation 5%
 - Engagement in class and on Piazza

Other Syllabus Info

- Late Policy
 - Homework must be turned in by the end of class on the due-date.
 - Unexcused late homework is not accepted.
 - Missed exams and missed homework are only excused if absence was essential and can be fully documented.
- Registration Requirements
 - January 20: Official registration deadline
 - January 27: Last day to withdraw before a grade of “W” is assigned
 - March 24: Last day to withdraw with a grade of “W” assigned

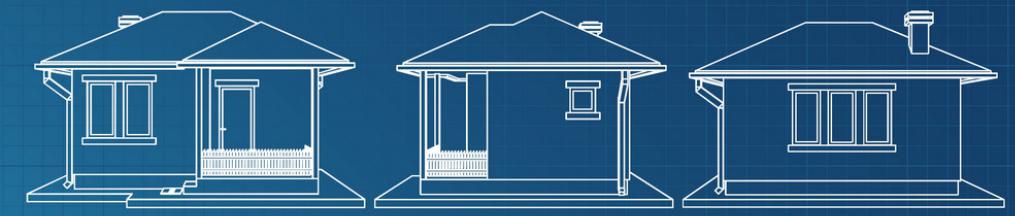
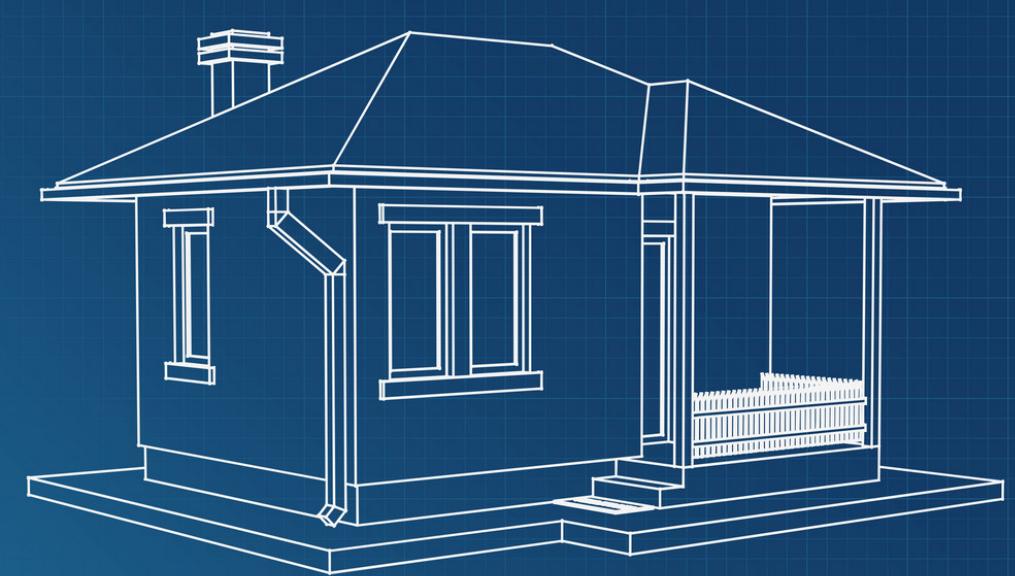
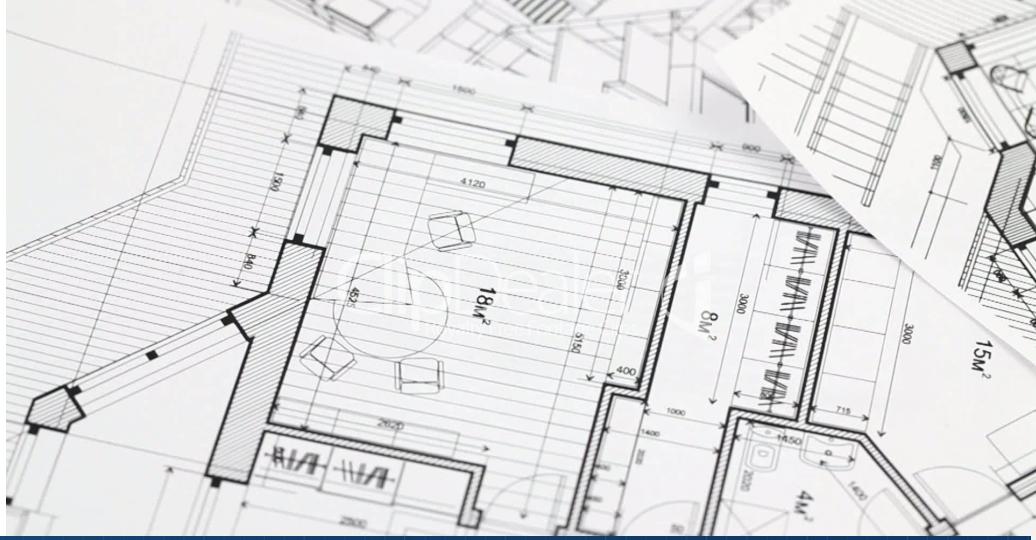
Example: Boss assigns a task

- Given today's prices of pork, grain, sawdust, etc...
- Given constraints on what constitutes a hotdog.
- Make the cheapest hotdog.

Every industry asks these questions.

- Mundane programmer: “Um? Tell me what to code.”
- Better: “I learned an algorithm that will work.”
- Best: “I can develop an algorithm for you.”

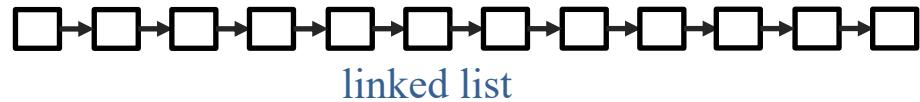
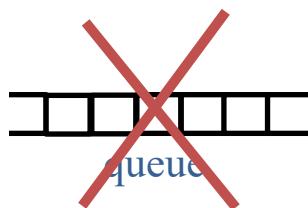
How to do this?



Tools you need

Example: Design an inventory system which can quickly find an item.

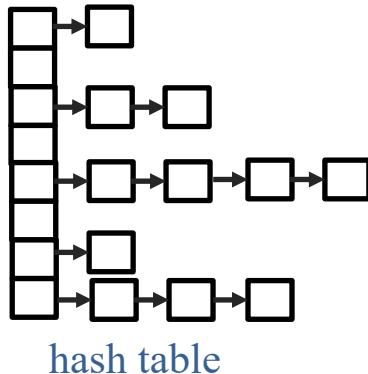
- What data structure to use?



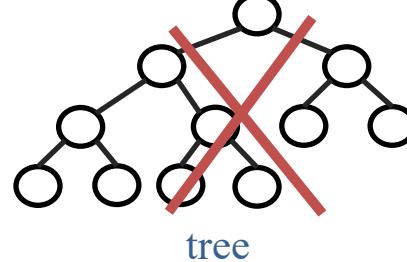
linked list



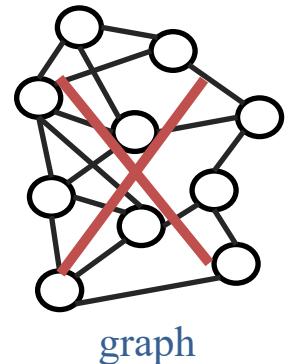
array



hash table



tree



graph

Tools you need

Example: Design an inventory system which can quickly find an item.

- What approach to take?

Brute force

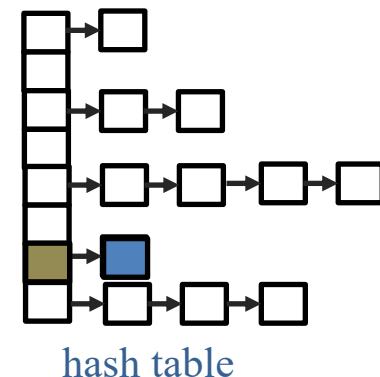
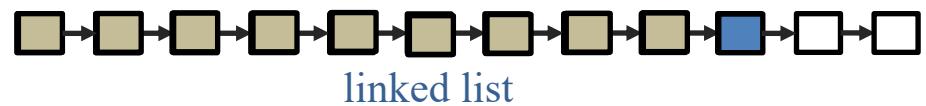
Dynamic programming

Divide and conquer

Greedy method

Prune and search

- Are there any existing algorithms that could be used/modifed?



Tools you need

Example: Design an inventory system which can quickly find an item.

- How to determine which solution is best?
- Does it **work** as required?

Rationalization

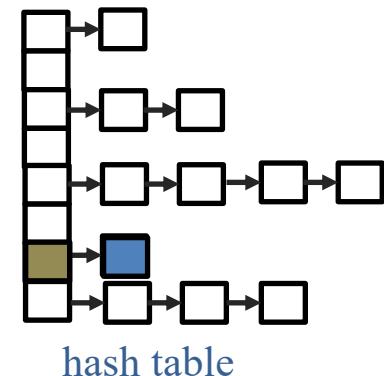
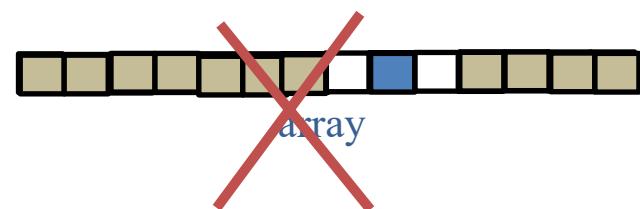
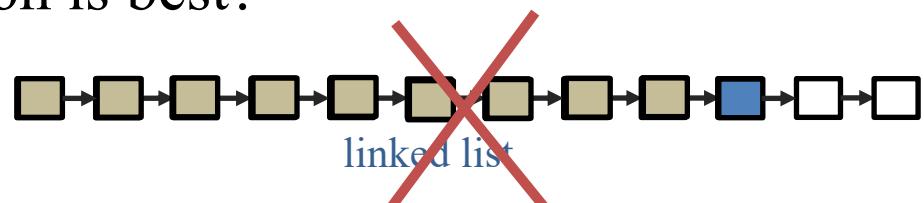
Proof of correctness

- How much memory is required? How long does it take?

Big-oh notation

Amortization

Complexity analysis

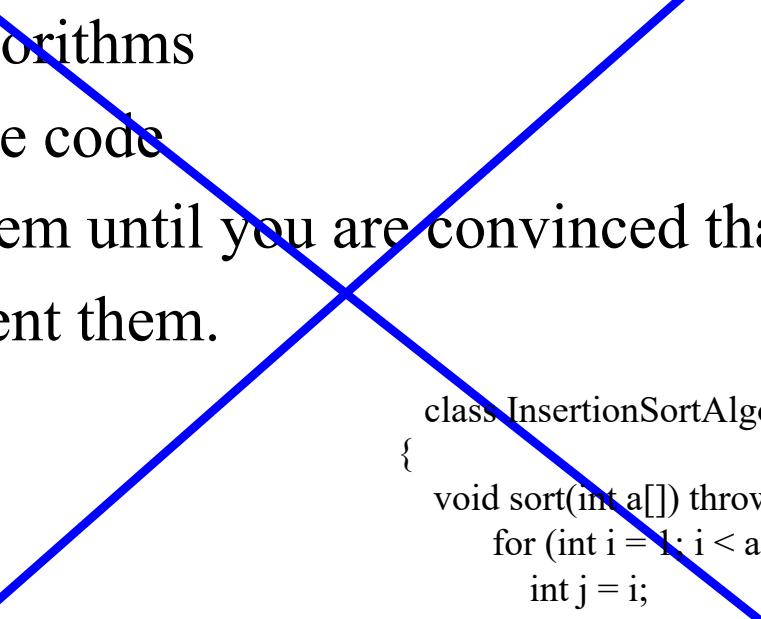


Design & Analysis of Algorithms

- How to evaluate algorithms (correctness, complexity)
 - Notations and abstractions for describing algorithms
- Advanced data structures and their analysis
- Fundamental techniques to solve the vast array of unfamiliar problems that arise in a rapidly changing field
 - Up to date grasp of fundamental problems and solutions
 - Approaches to solve
- To think algorithmically like a ‘real’ computer scientist

Course Content

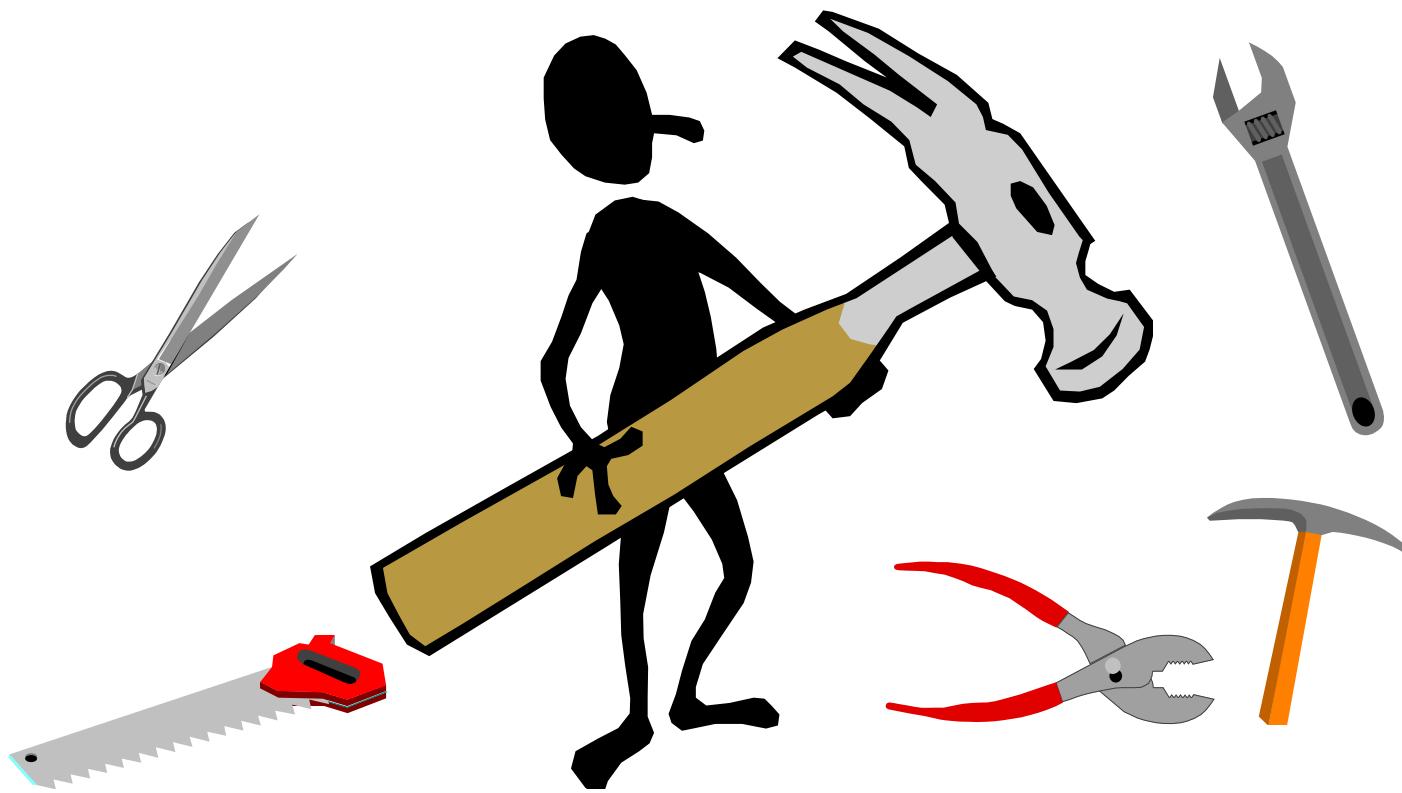
- A list of algorithms
 - Learn the code
 - Trace them until you are convinced that they work
 - Implement them.



```
class InsertionSortAlgorithm extends SortAlgorithm
{
    void sort(int a[]) throws Exception {
        for (int i = 1; i < a.length; i++) {
            int j = i;
            int B = a[i];
            while ((j > 0) && (a[j-1] > B)) {
                a[j] = a[j-1];
                j--;
            }
            a[j] = B;
        }
    }
}
```

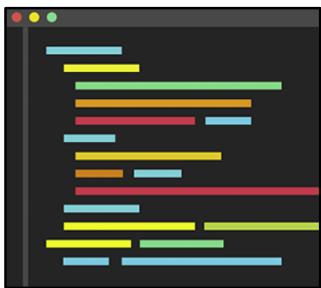
Course Content

- A survey of algorithmic design techniques
- Abstract thinking
- How to develop new algorithms for any problem that may arise



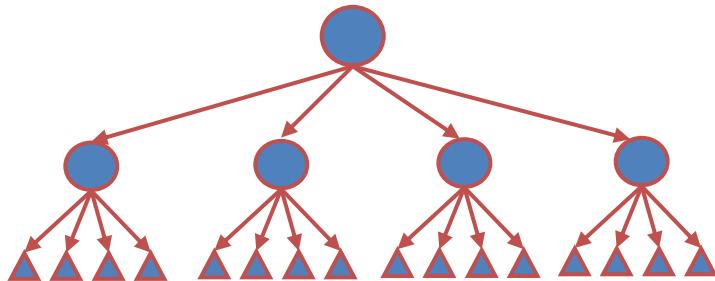
Start with some math

Time complexity
as a function



$$t(n) = \Theta(n^2)$$

Recurrence Relations

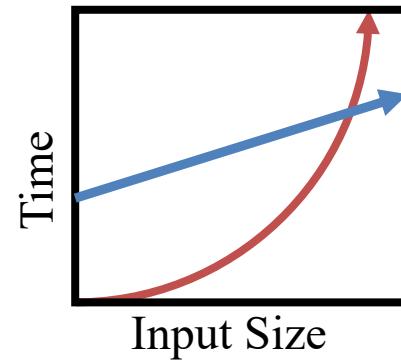


Counting primitive operations

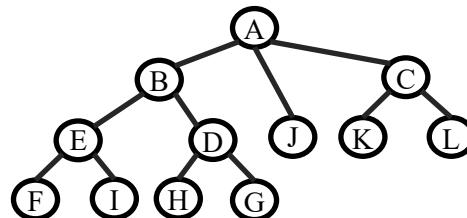
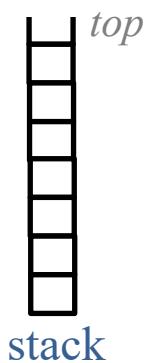
- Sequences and summations
- Linear functions
- Logarithmic and exponential functions

$$a + ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + \cdots + ar^{n-1} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} ar^k = a \left(\frac{1 - r^n}{1 - r} \right)$$

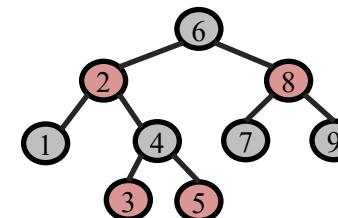
Classifying functions



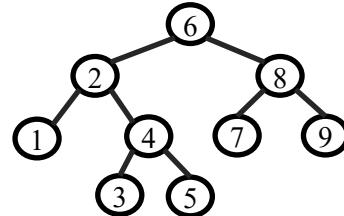
Data Structures



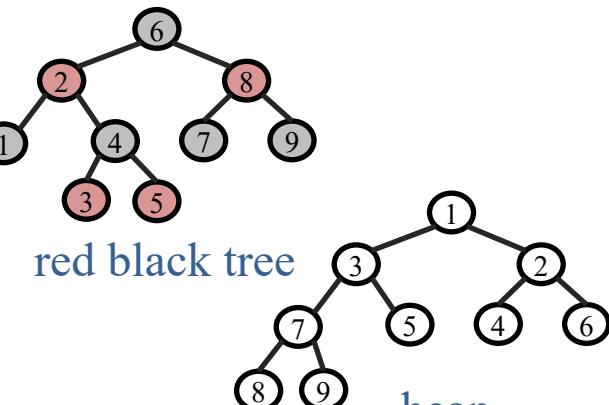
tree



red black tree

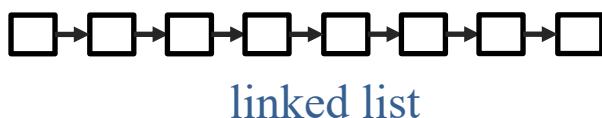
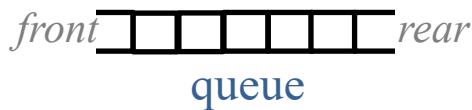


binary search tree



heap
&

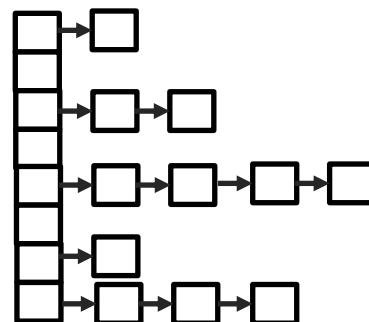
priority queues



linked list



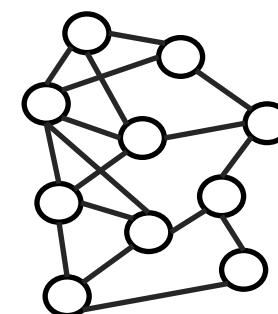
vector



hash table

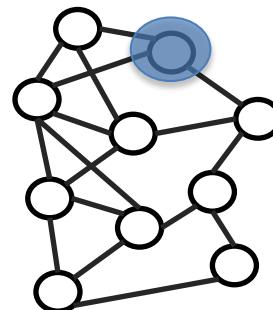
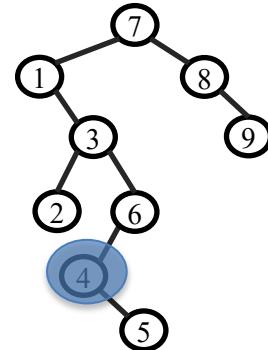
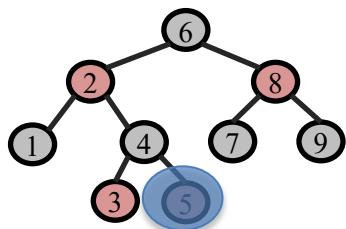
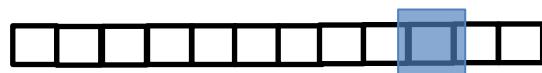
&

dictionaries



graph

Searching & Sorting



insertion sort



selection sort



heap sort



merge sort



quick sort

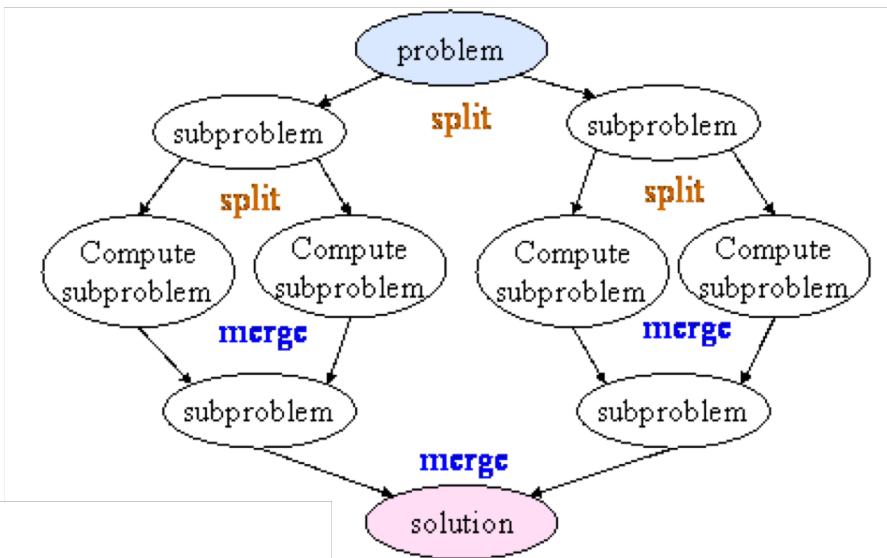


Fundamental Techniques

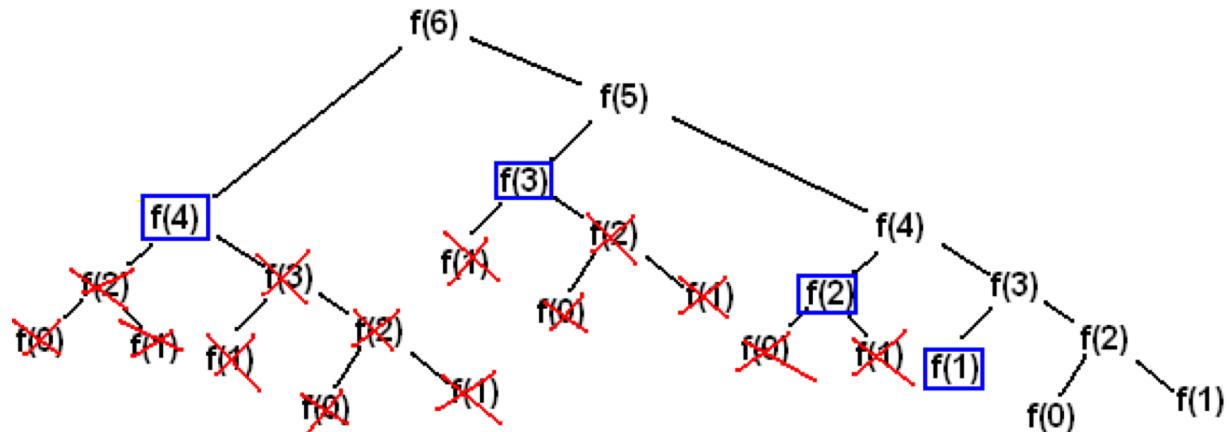
Greedy Algorithms



Divide and Conquer

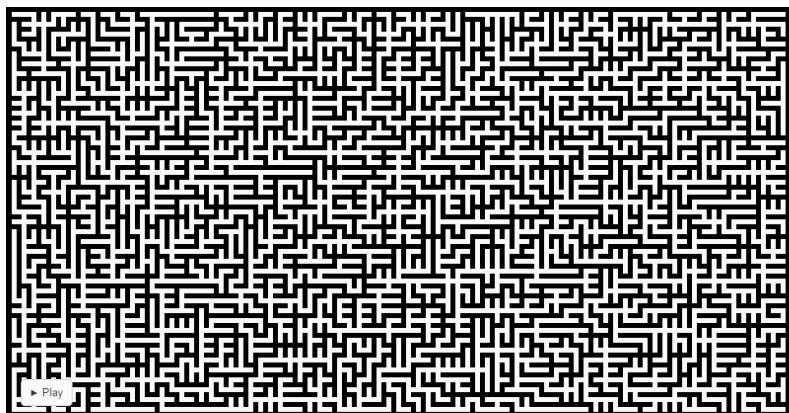


Dynamic Programming

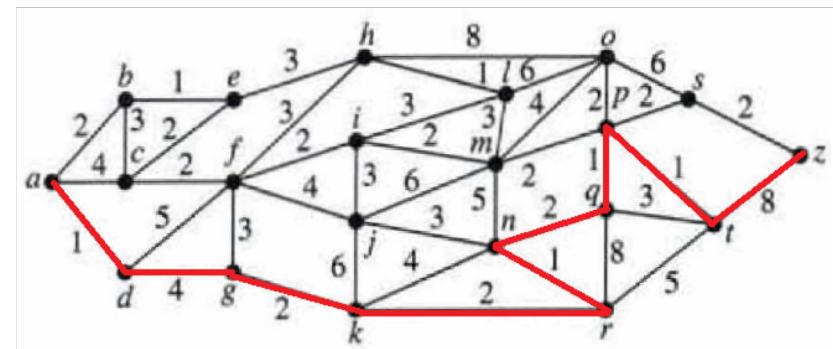


Graphs & Graph Algorithms

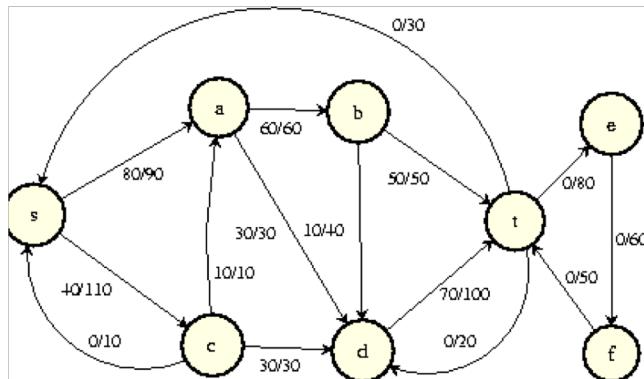
Graph search



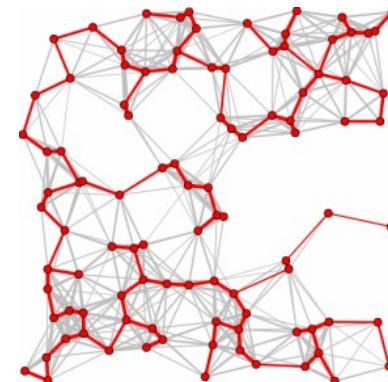
Shortest path



Network flow



Minimum Spanning Tree



Useful Learning Techniques

- You are expected to **read ahead** (before the lecture)
 - This will facilitate more productive discussion during class
- Guess at potential algorithms for solving a problem
 - Look for input instances where your algorithm is wrong
- Practice explaining
 - You'll be tested on your ability to explain material
- Ask questions
 - Why is it done this way and not that way?