

SECTION 18

We need to create a stored procedure.

Devise a non-parametric procedure that whenever applied will return the first 1000 rows from the employees table.

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with a SQL script editor. The script defines a stored procedure named `select_employees()` that selects the first 1000 rows from the `employees` table. The procedure is created using the `delimiter $$` syntax. The output pane shows the execution results.

```
1 use employees;
2 drop procedure if exists select_employees;
3
4 delimiter $$
5
6 create procedure select_employees()
7 begin
8     SELECT
9     *
10    FROM
11    employees
12    LIMIT 1000;
13 end $$
14
15 delimiter ;
```

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
8	13:13:06	drop procedure if exists select_employees	0 row(s) affected	0.157 sec
9	13:13:13	create procedure select_employees() begin SELECT * FROM employees LIMIT 1000; end	0 row(s) affected	0.125 sec

We can invoke this procedure by:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the stored procedure `select_employees()` being invoked. The script editor shows the `call employees.select_employees();` statement. The output pane shows the execution results, including a result grid with the first 1000 rows of the `employees` table.

```
11 employees
12 LIMIT 1000;
13 end $$
14
15 delimiter ;
16
17 call employees.select_employees();
18
19
20
21
22
```

emp_no	birth_date	first_name	last_name	gender	hire_date
10001	1953-09-02	Georgi	Facello	M	1986-06-26
10002	1964-06-02	Bezael	Simmel	F	1985-11-21
10003	1959-12-03	Parto	Bamford	M	1986-08-28
10004	1954-05-01	Christian	Koblick	M	1986-12-01
10005	1955-01-21	Kyoichi	Maliak	M	1989-09-12
10006	1953-04-20	Anneke	Preusig	F	1989-06-02

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
9	13:13:13	create procedure select_employees() begin SELECT * FROM employees LIMIT 1000; end	0 row(s) affected	0.125 sec
10	13:18:28	call employees.select_employees()	1000 row(s) returned	0.141 sec / 0.032 sec

Exercise:

Create a procedure that will provide the average salary of all employees.

Then, call the procedure.

Solution:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The left sidebar displays the 'SCHEMAS' tree with the 'employees' database selected. The main editor window contains the following SQL code:

```
19 use employees;
20 drop procedure if exists avg_salary;
21
22 delimiter $$
23
24 create procedure avg_salary()
25 begin
26
27     SELECT
28         AVG(salary)
29     FROM
30         salaries;
31 end $$
32 delimiter ;
```

The 'Result Grid' at the bottom shows the output of the procedure call:

AVG(salary)
63761.2043

The 'Output' pane at the bottom shows the execution log:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
21	13:34:11	call employees.select_employees()	1 row(s) returned	0.547 sec / 0.000 sec

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface after calling the stored procedure. The main editor window contains the following SQL code:

```
1 call employees.avg_salary();
2
```

The 'Result Grid' at the bottom shows the output of the procedure call:

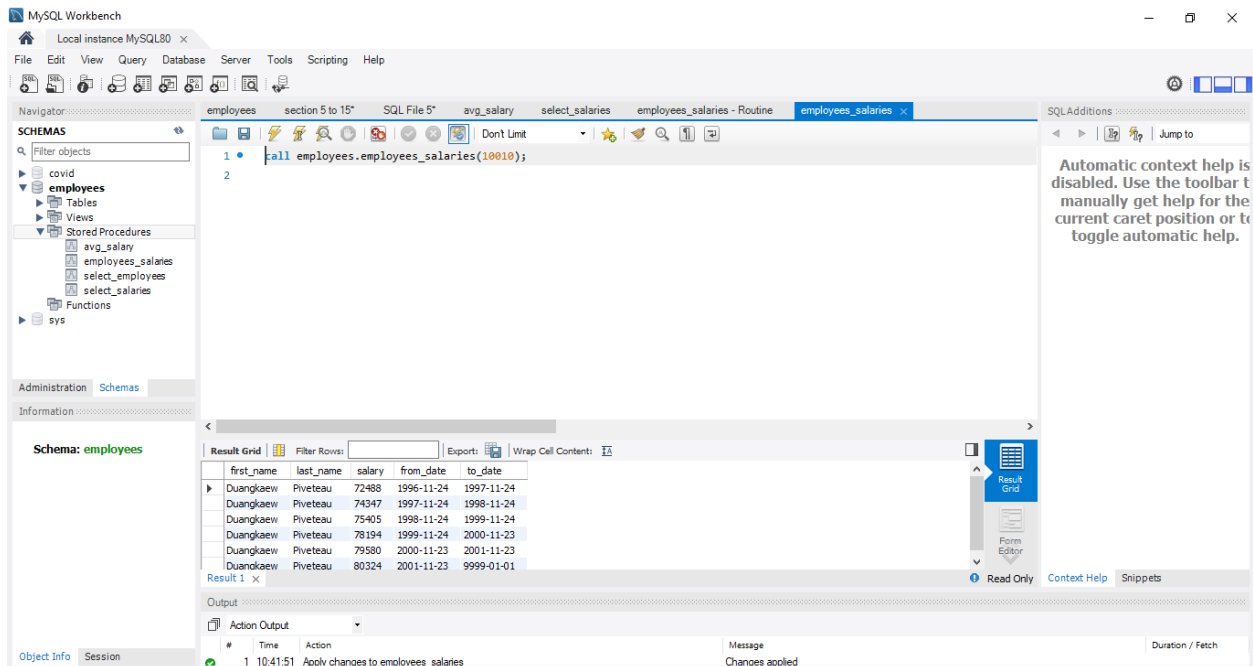
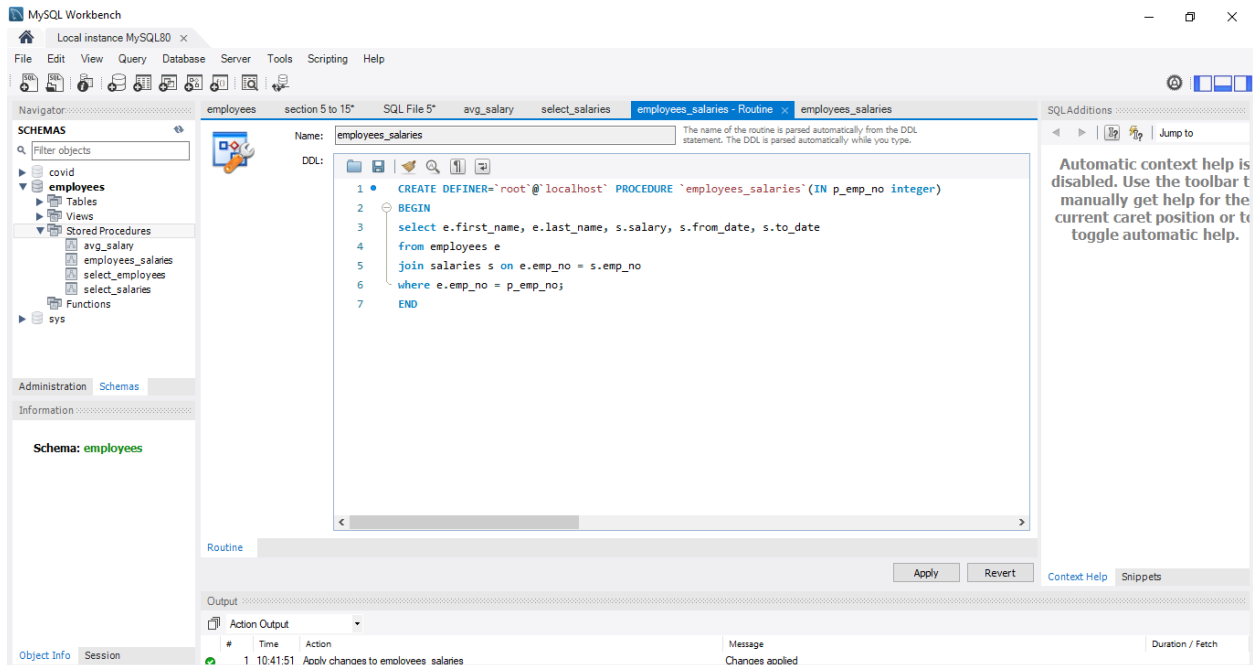
AVG(salary)
63761.2043

The 'Output' pane at the bottom shows the execution log:

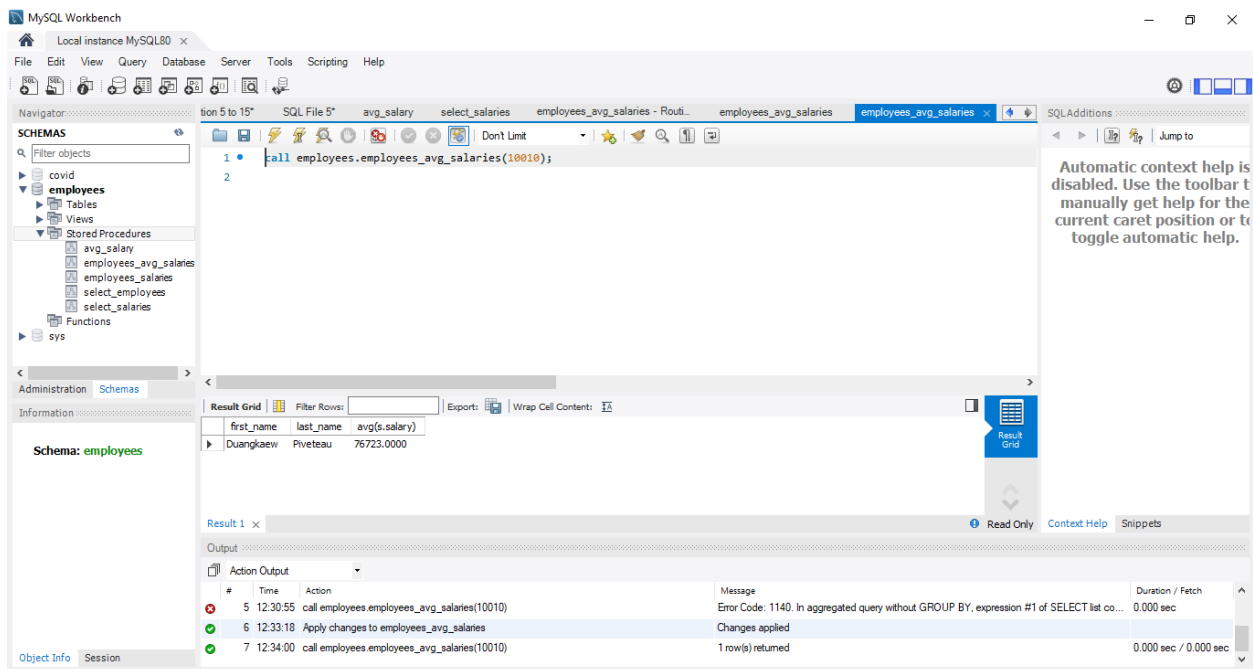
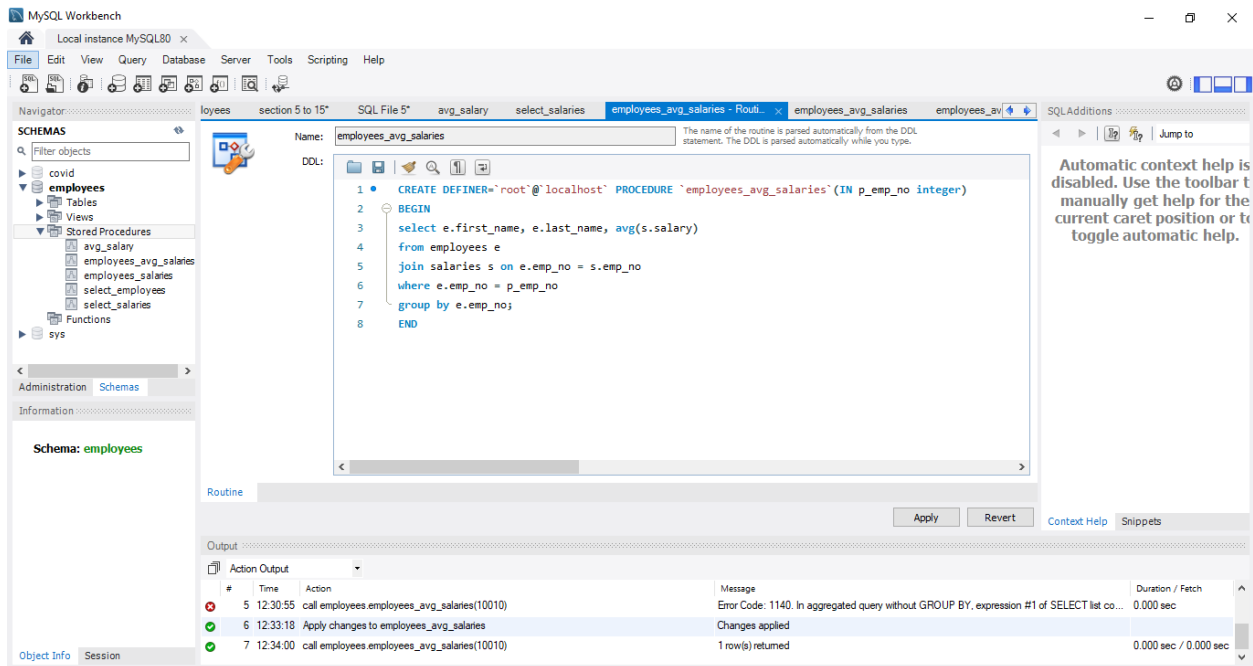
#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
21	13:34:11	call employees.select_employees()	1 row(s) returned	0.547 sec / 0.000 sec
22	13:34:23	call employees.avg_salary()	1 row(s) returned	0.562 sec / 0.000 sec

Stored Procedure with an IN Parameter

We created a new stored procedure using IN parameter, giving us employees salaries and their full names. See below:



What's the average salary of employee number: 10010?



Stored Procedure with an OUT Parameter

We created another stored procedure using an OUT parameter for the same example discussed above:

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

Navigator: loyees section 5 to 15* SQL File 5* avg_salary select_salaries employees_avg_salaries - Rout... employees_avg_salaries employees_av

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

- covid
- employees
 - Tables
 - Views
 - Stored Procedures
 - avg_salary
 - employees_avg_salaries
 - employees_salaries
 - select_employees
 - select_salaries
 - Functions
- sys

Administration Schemas

Information

Schema: employees

Name: employees_avg_salaries

The name of the routine is parsed automatically from the DDL statement. The DDL is parsed automatically while you type.

DOL:

```

1 CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE `employees_avg_salaries`(IN p_emp_no integer, out p_avg
2 BEGIN
3   select avg(s.salary)
4   into p_avg_salary
5   from employees e
6   join salaries s on e.emp_no = s.emp_no
7   where e.emp_no = p_emp_no
8   group by e.emp_no;
9 END

```

Apply Revert Context Help Snippets

Output

Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
10	12:52:58	set @p_avg_salary = 0	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec
11	12:52:58	call employees.employees_avg_salaries(10010, @p_avg_salary)	1 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
12	12:52:58	select @p_avg_salary	1 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 sec

Object Info Session

Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help.

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

Navigator: loyees section 5 to 15* SQL File 5* avg_salary select_salaries employees_avg_salaries - Rout... employees_avg_salaries

SCHEMAS

Filter objects

- covid
- employees
 - Tables
 - Views
 - Stored Procedures
 - avg_salary
 - employees_avg_salaries
 - employees_salaries
 - select_employees
 - select_salaries
 - Functions
- sys

Administration Schemas

Information

Schema: employees

1 set @p_avg_salary = 0;

2 call employees.employees_avg_salaries(10010, @p_avg_salary);

3 select @p_avg_salary;

4

Result Grid

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
10	12:52:58	set @p_avg_salary = 0	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec
11	12:52:58	call employees.employees_avg_salaries(10010, @p_avg_salary)	1 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
12	12:52:58	select @p_avg_salary	1 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 sec

Output

Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
10	12:52:58	set @p_avg_salary = 0	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec
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12	12:52:58	select @p_avg_salary	1 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 sec

Object Info Session

Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help.

Exercise:

Create a procedure called 'emp_info' that uses as parameters the first and the last name of an individual, and returns their employee number.

Solution:

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

Navigator

Schemas

Filter objects

covid

employees

Tables

Views

Stored Procedures

avg_salary

emp_info

employees_avg_salaries

employees_salaries

select_employees

select_salaries

Functions

sys

Administration Schemas

Information

Schema: employees

Name: emp_info

DDL

```

1 CREATE DEFINER='root'@'localhost' PROCEDURE `emp_info`(in p_first_name varchar(255), p_last_name varchar(255))
2 BEGIN
3     Select e.emp_no
4     into p_emp_no
5     from employees e
6     where e.first_name = p_first_name and e.last_name = p_last_name;
7 END

```

Output

Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
11	12:52:58	call employees.employees_avg_salaries(10010, @p_avg_salary)	1 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
12	12:52:58	select @p_avg_salary	1 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 sec
13	13:05:07	Apply changes to emp_info	Changes applied	

Object Info Session

Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help.

MySQL Workbench

Local instance MySQL80

File Edit View Query Database Server Tools Scripting Help

Navigator

Schemas

Filter objects

covid

employees

Tables

Views

Stored Procedures

avg_salary

emp_info

employees_avg_salaries

employees_salaries

select_employees

select_salaries

Functions

sys

Administration Schemas

Information

Schema: employees

Name: emp_info

Dont Limit

```

1 set @p_emp_no = 0;
2 call employees.emp_info('Duangkaew', 'Piveteau', @p_emp_no);
3 select @p_emp_no;
4

```

Result Grid

@p_emp_no
10010

Result 1 x

Output

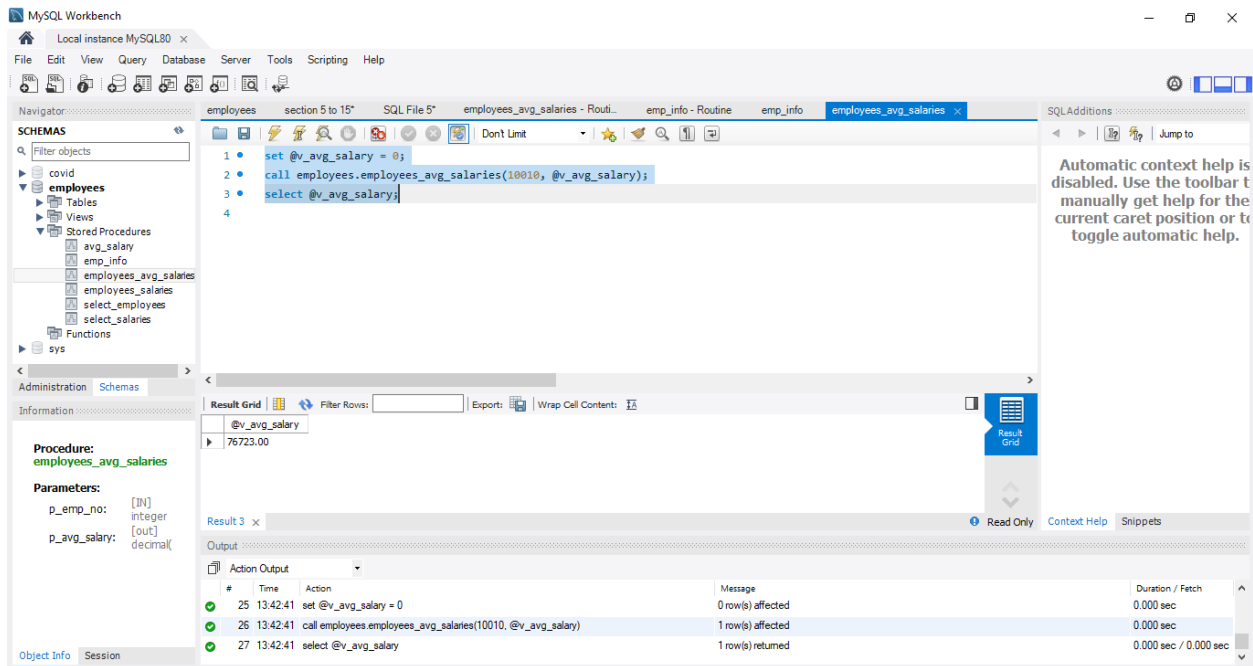
Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
14	13:08:53	set @p_emp_no = 0	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec
15	13:08:53	call employees.emp_info('Duangkaew', 'Piveteau', @p_emp_no)	1 row(s) affected	0.531 sec
16	13:08:54	select @p_emp_no	1 row(s) returned	0.000 sec / 0.000 sec

Object Info Session

Automatic context help is disabled. Use the toolbar to manually get help for the current caret position or to toggle automatic help.

Variables



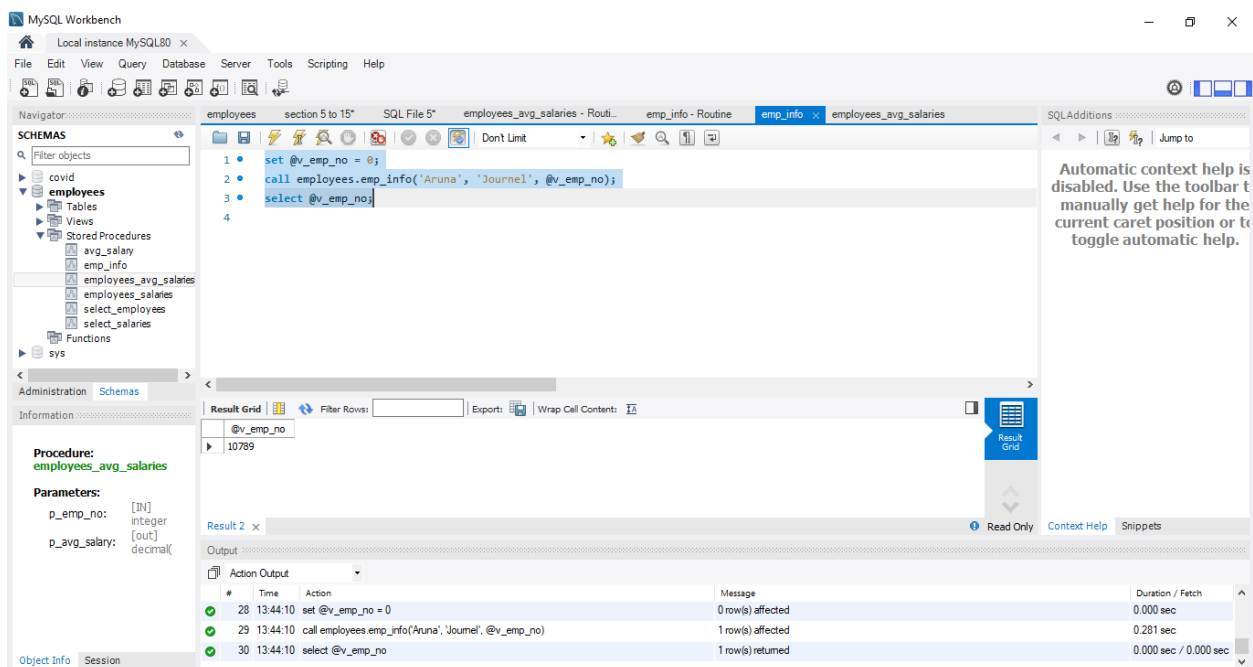
Exercise:

Create a variable, called 'v_emp_no', where you will store the output of the procedure you created in the last exercise.

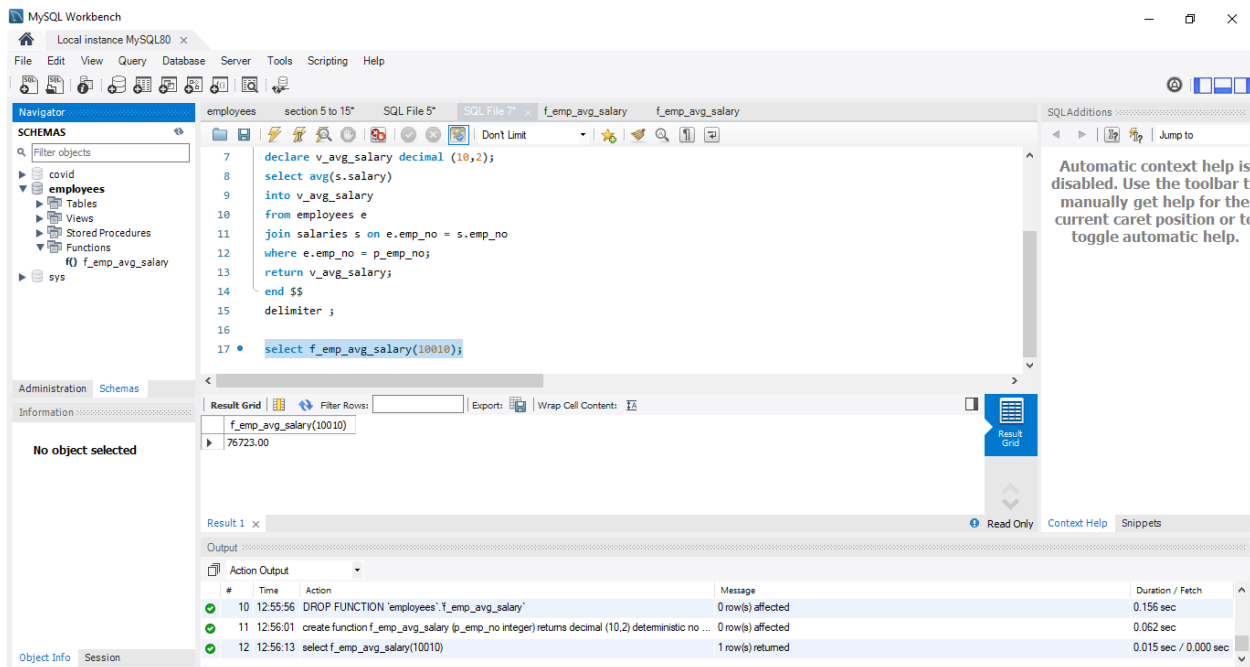
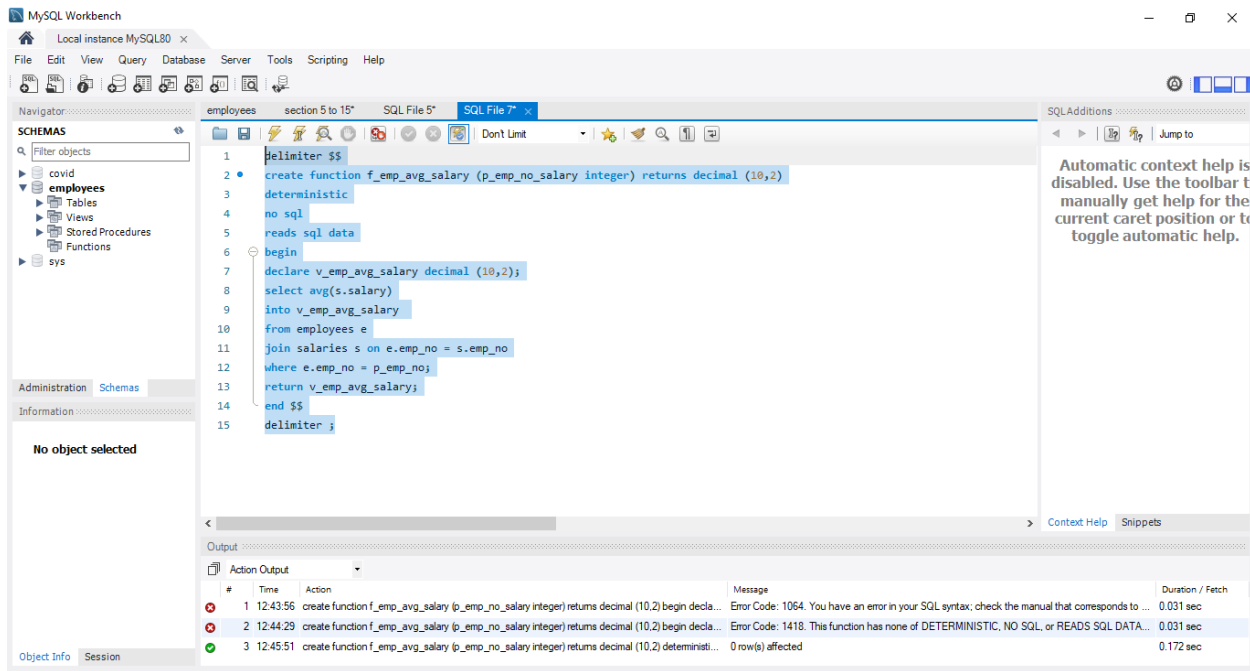
Call the same procedure, inserting the values 'Aruna' and 'Journel' as a first and last name respectively.

Finally, select the obtained output.

Solution:



USER-DEFINED FUNCTIONS



Exercise:

Create a function called 'emp_info' that takes for parameters the first and last name of an employee, and returns the salary from the newest contract of that employee.

Hint: In the BEGIN-END block of this program, you need to declare and use two variables – v_max_from_date that will be of the DATE type, and v_salary, that will be of the DECIMAL (10,2) type.

Finally, select this function.

Solution:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The left sidebar displays the 'SCHEMAS' tree with 'employees' expanded, showing 'Functions' and 'f_emp_avg_salary' selected. The main editor shows a SQL script with a function definition and a call to the function. The 'Result Grid' shows the output of the function call. The 'Output' pane at the bottom shows the execution log.

SQL Script:

```
37 JOIN
38 salaries s ON e.emp_no = s.emp_no
39 WHERE
40 e.first_name = p_first_name
41 AND e.last_name = p_last_name
42 AND s.from_date = v_max_from_date;
43 RETURN v_salary;
44 END$$
45 DELIMITER ;
46
47 SELECT EMP_INFO('Aruna', 'Journel');
48
```

Result Grid:

EMP_INFO('Aruna', 'Journel')
45709.00

Output:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
12	12:56:13	select f_emp_avg_salary(10010)	1 row(s) returned	0.015 sec / 0.000 sec
13	13:07:57	CREATE FUNCTION emp_info(p_first_name varchar(255), p_last_name varchar(255)) RET...	0 row(s) affected	0.172 sec
14	13:08:05	SELECT EMP_INFO('Aruna', 'Journel')	1 row(s) returned	0.828 sec / 0.000 sec