

Doni 1-4 & 7-10 & 13-15

Aufg 3.4

Ökonomische Sinusregel

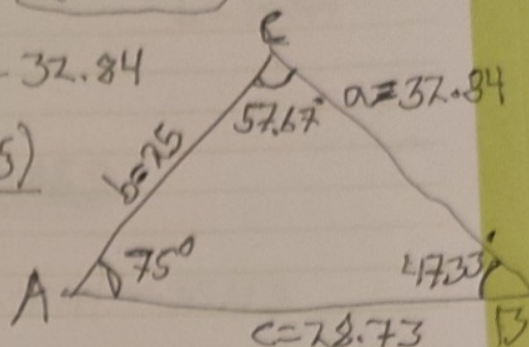
① $R=17$ $A=75^\circ$ $b=25$

$a=32.84$

$$\frac{a}{\sin(75)} = 2 \cdot 17 = a = \sin(75) \cdot 34 = 32.84$$

$$\frac{\sin(B)}{25} = \frac{\sin(75)}{32.84} = \sin(B) = \frac{25 \cdot \sin(75)}{32.84}$$

$$\sin(B) = 47.33$$



$$\frac{c}{\sin(57.67)} = \frac{25}{\sin(47.33)} \Rightarrow c = \frac{25 \cdot \sin(57.67)}{\sin(47.33)} = 28.73$$

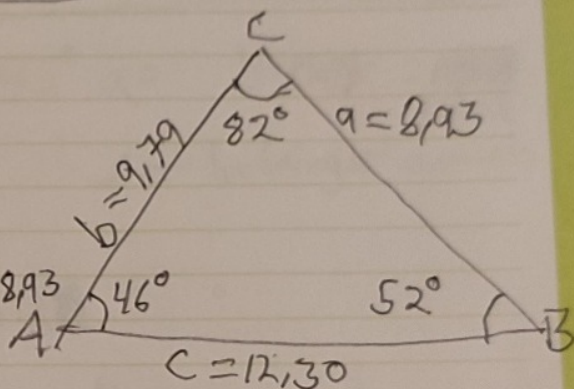
② $S=15.5$ $B=52^\circ$ $C=82^\circ$

$$R = \frac{15.5}{\sin(46) + \sin(52) + \sin(82)} = 6.21$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin(46)} = 2 \cdot 6.21 = a = 2 \cdot 6.21 \cdot \sin(46) = 8.93$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin(52)} = 2 \cdot 6.21 = b = 2 \cdot 6.21 \cdot \sin(52) = 9.79$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin(82)} = 2 \cdot 6.21 = c = 2 \cdot 6.21 \cdot \sin(82) = 12.30$$



③ $R=25$ $B=52^\circ$ $C=18$

$A=106.9$ $C=21.1$

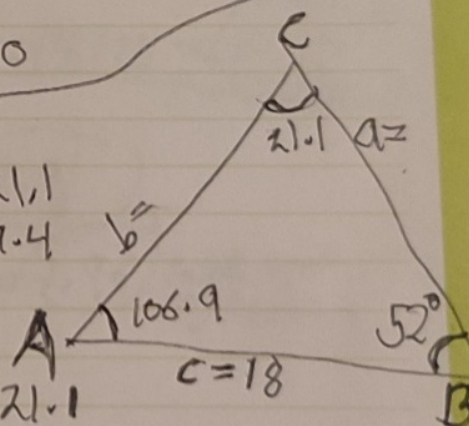
$a=47.84$ $b=39.4$

Sinustheorem $2 \cdot R = 50$

$$\frac{18}{\sin(C)} = 50 \Rightarrow \sin(C) = \frac{18}{50} = 0.36 = \sin^{-1}(0.36) = 21.1$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin(52)} = \frac{18}{\sin(21.1)} \Rightarrow b = \frac{18 \cdot \sin(52)}{\sin(21.1)} = 39.4$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin(106.9)} = \frac{18}{\sin(21.1)} \Rightarrow a = \frac{18 \cdot \sin(106.9)}{\sin(21.1)} = 47.84$$



Atang 3.4 1315 2

① $S=45$ $A=35^\circ$ $B=77^\circ$ $C=68^\circ$ $a=20.86$ $c=33.71$
 $b=35.44$

$$R = \frac{45}{\sin(35) + \sin(77) + \sin(68)} = 18.18$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin(35)} = 36.36 = a = \sin(35) \cdot 36.36 = 20.855$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin(77)} = \frac{20.855}{\sin(35)} = b = \frac{20.86 \cdot \sin(77)}{\sin(35)} = 35.44 \approx 35.43$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin(68)} = \frac{20.86}{\sin(35)} = c = \frac{20.86 \cdot \sin(68)}{\sin(35)} = 33.71$$

② $A=33^\circ$ $B=72^\circ$ $C=75^\circ$ $a=$ $b=13.91$ $c=14.13$
 $S=18$ $U=36$ 14.13
 so helwingur ummala

$$R = \frac{18}{\sin(33) + \sin(72) + \sin(75)} = 7.312$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin(75)} = 2 \cdot 7.3122 = c = \sin(75) \cdot 14.624 = 14.125 \approx 14.13$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin(72)} = 14.624 = b = \sin(72) \cdot 14.624 = 13.91$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin(33)} = 14.624 = a = \sin(33) \cdot 14.624 = 7.96$$

(oleki sama syor
 yg i bokin)

Adding 3.4 13153

⑧ $A=23^\circ$ $B=52^\circ$ $R=20$ $C=105^\circ$ $a=15.63$ $b=31.52$ $c=38.64$

$2 \cdot R = 40$

$\frac{a}{\sin(23)} = 40 \Rightarrow a = \sin(23) \cdot 40 = 15.63$

$\frac{b}{\sin(52)} = 40 \Rightarrow b = \sin(52) \cdot 40 = 31.52$

$\frac{c}{\sin(105)} = 40 \Rightarrow c = \sin(105) \cdot 40 = 38.64$

⑨ $A=60^\circ$ $B=50^\circ$ $S=40$ $C=70^\circ$ $a=26.94$ $b=23.83$ $c=29.23$

$R = \frac{40}{\sin(60) + \sin(50) + \sin(70)} = (15.554)(15.5535)$

$\frac{a}{\sin(60)} = 2 \cdot 15.554 \Rightarrow a = \sin(60) \cdot 31.108 = 26.94$

$b = \sin(50) \cdot 31.108 = 23.83$

$c = \sin(70) \cdot 31.108 = 29.23$

⑩ $A=71^\circ$ $B=88^\circ$ $S=2$ $C=21^\circ$ $a=1.64$ $b=1.74$ $c=0.62$

$R = \frac{2}{\sin(71) + \sin(89) + \sin(21)} = 0.868$ $2 \cdot R = 1.736$ 0.868327

$a = \sin(71) \cdot 1.736 = 1.64$

$b = \sin(88) \cdot 1.736 = 1.74$

$c = \sin(21) \cdot 1.736 = 0.62$

Öfing 3.4 D/S 4

13) Reikna ummál þríhyrningsins ABC

$A=57^\circ$ $B=72^\circ$ $R=32$ $C=51^\circ$
Reikna hlutar

ummal = $53.68 + 60.87 + 49.73$

$a = \sin(57) \cdot 64 = 53.68$ (53.6749)

$b = \sin(72) \cdot 64 = 60.87$

$c = \sin(51) \cdot 64 = 49.73$

ummal = 164.28

15) $A=45^\circ$ $B=80^\circ$ $C=55^\circ$ $R=2$ $2 \cdot R = 4$

$a = \sin(45) \cdot 4 = 2.83$

$b = \sin(80) \cdot 4 = 3.94$

$c = \sin(55) \cdot 4 = 3.27$

10.04 er ummálið

Aufg 4.1 B5 1

Formeln

$$\det(a, b) = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix} = a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1$$

$$|\triangle ABC| = \frac{1}{2} |\det(\overrightarrow{AB}, \overrightarrow{AC})|$$

① $a = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

② $a = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\det(a, b) = 2 \cdot 5 - 3 \cdot 1 = 7$$

③ $\det(a, b) = -2 \cdot 6 - (-4) \cdot 2 = -4$

④ $a = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \det(a, b) = -2 \cdot (-5) - (-4) \cdot (-1) = 6$

⑤ $a = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \det(a, b) = 7 \cdot (-3) - (-4) \cdot 4 = -5$

⑥ $a = \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \det(a, b) = -12 \cdot (-5) - 15 \cdot 4 = 0$

Aug 4.1 Bus 2

- ⑥ $A=1,1 \quad B=2,7 \quad C=6,5$

$$\overline{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2-1 \\ 7-1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad \overline{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 6-1 \\ 5-1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(\overline{AB}, \overline{AC}) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 6 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\det(\overline{AB}) = 1 \cdot 4 - 6 \cdot 5 = -26 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 26 = \textcircled{13}$$

- ⑦ $a=3,1 \quad b=1,4 \quad c=5,2$

$$\overline{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1-(-3) \\ 4-1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \overline{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 5-(-3) \\ 2-1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(\overline{AB}, \overline{AC}) = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$4 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 8 = 20 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \textcircled{10}$$

- ⑧ $a=2,5 \quad b=5,1 \quad c=4,2$

$$\overline{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5-2 \\ 1-5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \overline{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -4-2 \\ 2-5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(\overline{AB}, \overline{AC}) = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -6 \\ -4 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3 \cdot (-3) - (-4) \cdot (-6) = -33 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \textcircled{16.5}$$

- ⑨ $a=4,0 \quad b=0,3 \quad c=6,4$

$$\overline{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 0-4 \\ 3-0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \overline{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 6-4 \\ 4-0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(\overline{AB}, \overline{AC}) = \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$-4 \cdot 4 - 3 \cdot 2 = -22 = 22 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \textcircled{11}$$

- ⑩ $a=-1,-5 \quad b=-5,4 \quad c=6,6$

$$\overline{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -5-(-1) \\ 4-(-5) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} \quad \overline{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 6-(-1) \\ 6-(-5) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} \quad \det(\overline{AB}, \overline{AC}) = \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 7 \\ 9 & 11 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(\overline{ABC}) = 4 \cdot 11 - 9 \cdot 7 = -19 = 19 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 19 = (\overline{ABC}) = \textcircled{9.5}$$

Aufg 4.2 BLS1

1. $x + 2y = 10$ 2. $2x - 2y = 8$ $a = 1,2$ $b = 2,2$ $c = 10$

$$x = \frac{10 \cdot 2 - 8 \cdot 2}{1 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{1 \cdot 8 - 2 \cdot 10}{1 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2} = \frac{-12}{-2} = 6$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} c_1 & b_1 \\ c_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & c_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$$