Domain	Module	Keywords	P.	Stand for	Definition	How it work (English)	How it work (Vietnamese)	Image
Common	Audio	AMP	P0	<u>AMP</u> lifier	An amplifier, electronic amplifier or (informally) amp is an electronic device that can increase the power of a signal (a time-varying voltage or current).		Bộ âm li (bộ khuếch đại) là một thiết bị điện tử nhằm khuếch đại năng lượng của sóng	
Common	Audio	AUX	P0	<u>AUX</u> iliary	<ul> <li>It's also known as auxiliary jack/port/input or phone connector (audio), is a family of electrical connectors typically used for analog audio signals.</li> <li>In your car, it is usually a 3.5mm jack</li> <li>AUX sends sound to the multimedia system, enabling you to 'stream' music from a device through the car's speakers</li> </ul>	The most common arrangement remains to have the male plug on the cable and the female socket mounted in a piece of equipment: the original intention of the design. Common case: vehicle has AUX female socket (AUX-IN), driver uses jack connector plug to connect music player to vehicle to use vehicle's speaker to play music.	d Print	B Baseus  CD ANX ANX MIX.
Common	Common	AUTOSAR	P0	<u>Aut</u> omotive <u>O</u> pen <u>S</u> ystem <u>Ar</u> chitecture	The AUTOSAR development partnership was formed in July 2003 by BMW, Bosch, Continental, Daimler, Chrysler, Siemens VDO and Volkswagen to develop and establish an open industry standard for automotive E/E architecture.	It pursues the objective of creating and establishing an open and standardized software architecture for automotive electronic control units (ECUs). Goals include the scalability to different vehicle and platform variants, transferability of software, the consideration of availability and safety requirements, a collaboration between various partners, sustainable utilization of natural resources, and maintainability throughout the whole "Product Life Cycle"		
Common	Common	Average fuel consumption	P0	N/A	Indicates the average fuel consumption since the function was last reset. It relates distance traveled by a vehicle and the amount of fuel consumed.	Consumption can be expressed in terms of volume of fuel to travel a distance (L/km or L/100km), or the distance travelled per unit volume of fuel consumed (km/L). Miles per gallon (mpg) is commonly used in the United States, the United Kingdom, and Canada (alongside L/100 km). Kilometers per liter (km/L) is more commonly used elsewhere in the Americas, Asia, parts of Africa and Oceania.	Lượng tiêu thụ nhiên liệu trung bình	20 120 Mg dg

Common	Common	Average speed	P0	N/A	Indicates the average speed since the function was last reset. Press reset button to set to zero	Speed is expressed by the traveled distance in a unit of time as number of kilometers per hour (km/h) or number of miles per hour (mph)		100 120 V 100 120 V
Common	Common	CCF	P0	Car Configuration File	The CCF on the vehicle uses to store the configuration parameters. Examples of data held in the vehicle parameters section are: • Vehicle Type • Brand • Model Year • VIN • Tyre Dynamic Rolling Radius • Brake System Type • Brake Disc size • Final Drive Ratio • Transmission Type • Hand of Drive • MOST configurations	Some of the CCF vehicle parameters can be altered by the customer as part of the personalization mode. Some of these parameters may be able to be changed by the driver.  The CCF files are stored in several modules, one of which will be the master module. The other modules stores copies of CCF data which may be used when programming new modules.  The car configuration file (CCF) may be thought of as the electrical make up (or electrical DNA) of the vehicle.  Example: within the CCF will be codes relating to all aspects of the vehicles: the vehicle model, whether the vehicle is left or right hand, the wheel size, engine size and type of transmission and which electrical modules and features are installed to name but a few.	dPrint	Viewing car configuration management.
Common	Common	CPU	P0	Central Processing Unit	CPU is the electronic circuitry within a computer that carries out the instructions of a computer program by performing the basic arithmetic, logical, control and input/output (I/O) operations specified by the instructions			(intel)
Common	Common	Diag / Diagnostics	P0	Diagnostics	It helps user to get a quick and reliable diagnosis of your car problems     Diagnostic tests can discover problems within a car's engine, transmission, exhaust system, brakes, ECU	Using specialized software and hardware, car diagnostic tools quickly and accurately point to problem areas in a car's engine or elsewhere, thanks to built-in processors, microchips and sensors.		

Common	Common	GUI	P0	<u>G</u> raphical <u>U</u> ser <u>I</u> nterface	Graphical User Interface is a form of user interface that allows users to interact with electronic devices through graphical icons and visual indicators such as secondary notation, instead of text-based user interfaces, typed command labels or text navigation.	A GUI uses a combination of technologies and devices to provide a platform that users can interact with, for the tasks of gathering and producing information.  A series of elements conforming a visual language have evolved to represent information stored in computers. This makes it easier for people with few computer skills to work with and use computer software. The most common combination of such elements in GUIs is the windows, icons, menus, pointer (WIMP) paradigm, especially in personal computers.		Hard vare  The property buildings of the property of the prope
Common	Common	НМІ / ММІ	P0	<u>H</u> uman - <u>M</u> achine <u>I</u> nterface / Man - Machine Interface	The user interface is the space where interactions between humans and machines occur.  (HMI) interfaces machines with physical input hardware such a keyboards, mice, game pads and output hardware such as computer monitors, speakers, and printers. A device that implements a HMI is called a human interface device (HID). Additional user interface layers may interact with one or more human sense, including: tactile UI (touch), visual UI (sight), auditory UI (sound), olfactory UI (smell), equilibrial UI (balance), and gustatory UI (taste).	Example: The driver can touch on the AVN's screen and listen music via AVN, AVN is a HMI of vehicle with the driver.  The driver can turn on air conditioner by pressing AC button. That means AC button is HMI between the driver with air conditioner system inside vehicle.	O	
Common	Common	LAN	P0	Local Area Network	A local area network (LAN) is a computer network that interconnects computers within a limited area such as a residence, school, laboratory, university campus or office building.  Ethernet and Wi-Fi are the two most common technologies in use for local area networks			A conceptual diagram of a local area network.

	Common	Common	MCU	P0	<u>M</u> icro <u>C</u> ontroller <u>U</u> nit	Micro Controller Unit (MCU) is a small chip used as an embedded system. In automotive projects, MCU is a common name for a chip which is responsible for processing vehicle signals	It's controlling the hardware that implements the device's operation. The MCU receives inputs from buttons, switches, sensors, and similar components; and controls the peripheral circuitry—such as motors and displays—in accordance with a preset program that tells it what to do and how to respond.		Input Devices Computed Computed Country of Peripheral Functions  CPU  Repeats input—process (computed)—output cycle, as directed by instructions.  Motors, tESh  Motors, tESh  Memory  Reads, decodes, and executes instructions (program data) (program data).
,	Common	Common	OEM	P0	<u>O</u> riginal <u>E</u> quipment <u>M</u> anufacturer	The OEM is the original producer of a vehicle's components, and so OEM car parts are identical to the parts used in producing a vehicle. Aftermarket parts are produced by other vendors and do not necessarily have a consistent level of quality or compatibility with the vehicle.		orint	Figure 1: MCU Structure
	Common	Common	PCB	Р0	Printed Circuit Boards	A printed circuit board (PCB) mechanically supports and electrically connects electronic components or electrical components using conductive tracks, pads and other features etched from one or more sheet layers of copper laminated onto and/or between sheet layers of a non-conductive substrate.	COBA SI	Bảng mạch in hay bo mạch in, đôi khi gọi tắt là mạch in, là bảng mạch điện dùng phương pháp in để tạo hình các đường mạch dẫn điện và điểm nối linh kiện trên tấm nền cách điện.  Chế tạo bảng mạch in là công đoạn quan trọng trong quá trình chế tạo bảng mạch điện tử. Trước đây việc làm bảng mạch in tách rời với công đoạn lập sơ đồ mạch điện. Ngày nay hệ thống thiết kế và sản xuất hỗ trợ bằng máy tính (CAD-CAM) đảm bảo tự động liên hoàn từ thiết kế sơ đồ mạch điện đến lắp ráp, giảm nhẹ sự can thiệp của con người và cho ra sản phẩm giá thành hạ.	Schenatic Layout PCB PCB Assembly Fabrication Cât gai doạn chính chế tạo bằng mạch điện tử.

Common	Common	VIN	P0	<u>V</u> ehicle <u>I</u> dentification <u>N</u> umber	The car's vehicle identification number (VIN) is the identifying code for a SPECIFIC automobile. The VIN serves as the car's fingerprint, as no two vehicles in operation have the same VIN. A VIN is composed of 17 characters (digits and capital letters) that act as a unique identifier for the vehicle. A VIN displays the car's unique features, specifications and manufacturer.	A number to identify one vehicle		Plantile faul whicke can be identified by the bod, find sent this depth of the VIVI Sent annaher of the whicke Sent Annaher of the White Sent Annaher of the W
Common	Driving Mode	DM	P0	<u>D</u> riving <u>M</u> ode	Driving modes or drive modes allow a vehicle to have multiple personalities or characteristics in the way that it drives, rides and handles as opposed to a single set of characteristics	Due to each kind of car, will have different type of driving mode clasification such as:  1. Based on type of driving: Normal, Comfort, Economy (Eco), Sport, Race, Off-road/Winter mode, Custom  2. Based on operator: Teen Driver, Valet Mode  Depend on each kind of car, user can select mode by hard key near by driver area or select option for setting Driving mode on Head Unit	1 Vehicle stopped (e 2 Moving at Low Sp 3 Moving at Medium	vehicle is "Parked"  .g., vehicle speed = 0 mph/kph) or PCM  eed (e.g., vehicle speed < 5 mph / 8kph)  or High Speed (e.g., vehicle speed > 5mph / 8 kph)  arked" and the driver is a Teen
Common	Driving Mode	Gear Position	P0	N/A	Change position of gear box. Here are the list of common gear position: - P: Park - N. Neutral - R: Reverse - D: Driver Some cars support S (Sport) and L (Low) gears also. In manual transmission vehicle, the gear position is represented by number from 1 to 6 and Reverse position.	- Park: In an automatic transmission there is a ring with teeth on the output shaft of the transmission. When the transmission is shifted into park, a lever called the parking pawl is lowered against the ring. If the parking pawl did not land squarely into an opening in the ring the car will roll slightly and there will be a usually an audible click. The parking pawl now holds the output shaft from turning.  - Neutral: Shifting to the neutral gear in an automatic transmission will cut off the connection between the engine and the wheels. So, no power will be transmitted to the wheels when you press the pedal. This allows the wheels to rotate freely without drawing much action from the engine, but you will still have some control over the car.		

Common	Driving Mode	Valet Mode	P0	N/A	Valet Mode is a function in vehicles that allows you to effectively "turn off" the ability to use some of the technologies until the mode is deactivated. With this mode, you can prevent others, such as your valet driver, from using your phone, navigation system, or other system. There are many ways you can customize your settings and ensure your safety.			Water Made: Name to United States of the Sta
Common	ECU	ABS	P0	Anti-Lock Braking System	Anti-Lock Braking System is:  - A safety system in cars and other automobiles that keeps their wheels from locking up and helps their drivers to maintain steering control.  - It enables the wheels of a vehicle to maintain tractive contact with the ground so that they don't go into an uncontrolled skid.	if one or more wheels are trying to lock up during braking. If a wheel tries to lock up, a series of hydraulic valves limit or reduce the braking on that wheel. This prevents skidding and allows you to maintain steering control. The system has four main components that all work in unison to keep your car's wheels from skidding while you slow down.  -Speed Sensors. Each of your car's wheels have a speed sensor that relays information back to the ABS.  -Valves. The ABS controls a small valve located within the brake line. This valve works to open, block, and release pressure on the brake line.  -Pump. The pump works alongside the valve. If the valve releases pressure on the brake, then the pump serves to re-apply pressure to the brake line.  -Controller. This is the computer that monitors the rest of the components and ensures that each system fires at the precise moment it is needed in order to stop the vehicle. It also works to control the valves and speed sensors.	cứng phanh. Khi thực hiện phanh lúc xe đang di chuyển, hệ thống phanh bó chặt vào bánh xe dẫn đến hiện tượng xe không thể đánh lái hay còn gọi là bó cúng và gặp tình trạng bánh xe bị trượt (skid) dài trên mặt đường. Điều này sẽ rất nguy hiểm khi phía trước của xe đang có vật cản. ABS là hệ thống được sinh ra để tránh việc bó cứng bánh xe trong lúc phanh, giúp xe vẫn có thể điều hướng được. Các thiết bị chống bó cứng phanh ABS hiện đại gồm một controller, 4 cảm biến tốc độ (speed sensor) trên từng bánh và các van thủy lực (hydraulic valves). Khi controller nhận thấy một hay nhiều bánh có tốc độ quay chậm hơn mức quy định nào đó so với các bánh còn lại, nó sẽ tự động giảm áp suất tác động lên phanh. Tương tự, nếu một trong các bánh quay quá nhạnh, Chíp điện tử cũng tự động tác động lực trở lại, đồng thời tạo độ rung ở bàn đạp phanh để báo cho người lái biết ABS đang hoạt động.	braking With ABS Without ABS CAR

Common	ECU	AVN	P0	<u>A</u> udio <u>V</u> ideo <u>N</u> avigation	AVN is a device which is installed inside vehicle to mainly support entertainment applications such as media, radio, connectivity (bluetooth, usb, aux), navigation, news  Some types of AVN also provide vehicle's status or vehicle information and allow driver to perform some remote functions inside vehicle like climate or heating.  Same functions as head unit	AVN includes both hardware and software. Driver or passenger can interact with AVN via buttons or touch screen.		
Common	ECU	всм	P0	<u>B</u> ody <u>C</u> ontrol <u>M</u> odule	Body Control Module: In automotive electronics, body control module or 'body computer' is a generic term for an electronic control unit responsible for monitoring and controlling various electronic accessories in a vehicle's body. Typically in a car the BCM controls the power windows, power mirrors, air conditioning, immobilizer system, central locking, etc.	The BCM communicates with other on-board computers (like ECU) via the car's vehicle bus, and its main application is controlling load drivers – actuating relays that in turn perform actions in the vehicle (actuators) such as locking the doors or dimming the salon overhead lamp.	dPrint	POWER CONTROL  ADAPTIVE LIGHT CONTROL  ADAPTIVE LIGHT CONTROL  FRONTA REAR WIPER  WIPER
Common	ECU	CID	P0	<u>C</u> entral <u>I</u> nfo <u>D</u> isplay	Central Info Display: is the graphic display unit for the user interface of all convenience functions and some vehicle functions	CID is the LCD usually located in the upper middle of the dashboard of the car CID can display informations such as navigation, audio/video, climate control and communications systems		
Common	ECU	Cluster	P0	N/A	Cluster (Instrument Clusters) is a control panel located directly ahead of a vehicle's driver, displaying instrumentation and controls for the vehicle's operation. In an automobile, an electronic instrument cluster, digital instrument panel or digital dash for short, is a set of instrumentation, including the speedometer, that is displayed with a digital readout rather than with the traditional analog gauges. Many refer to it simply as a digital speedometer.	Instrument Clusters ensure that the driver is comprehensively and reliably informed at all times. They provide basic driving information like speedometer, tachometer, temperature, fuel, telltales, and warnings. Additional information is presented via display, e.g. radio, on-board computer, internet, navigation, telephone, rear/front view camera and driver assistance systems information		THE STREET STREE

Common	ECU	ECM	PO	Engine Control Module	Engine Control Module An engine control unit (ECU), also commonly called as an engine control module (ECM), is a type of electronic control unit that controls a series of actuators on an internal combustion engine to ensure optimal engine performance. It does this by reading values from a multitude of sensors within the engine bay, interpreting the data using multidimensional performance maps (called lookup tables), and adjusting the engine actuators accordingly. Before ECUs, air-fuel mixture, ignition timing, and idle speed were mechanically set and dynamically controlled by mechanical and pneumatic means.	It's basically an on-board comptuter in a car with sensors and actuators to control operation of engine to produce demaned power as rotary force. In case of combustion engine, sensors read environment parameters like air pressure, density of oxigen, temperature and internal parameters like fuel level, position of piston, combustion chamber Actuators such as fuel injector, spark plug, valves and pumps. Sensors provide data input to ECM and actuator receive command from ECM to control the fuel firing. ECM is an special kind of ECU (Electronic Control Unit)	dprint	Electronic injection systems  Adapted adjuster screen  The first start of the football of the
Common	ECU	ECU	P0	Electronic <u>C</u> ontrol <u>U</u> nit	- ECU is an embedded electronic device that controls one or more electrical systems in a vehicle.  - The term ECU, however, is commonly used when referring to engine management systems - which are often called Engine Control Units. These are responsible for controlling the injection and ignition system of an engine. Please consider two meanings of this word in your documents.  - In How it work, we just mentioned detail about Electronic Control Unit.	- ECU reads signals coming from sensors placed at various parts and in different components of the car. The data from these inputs is assessed by the ECU and compared against stored on-board data. The ECU then decides what needs to happen to ensure the system in question functions properly and issues new commands to suit, like remote actuators or logging. These outputs then alter the operation of the system, delivering the desired effect.  - Common ECUs: ECM (Engine Control Module), PCM (Powertrain Control Module), BCM (Body Control Module), GEM (General Electric Module), Telematics Control Module (TCU)	ECU	Body Controller (locks, windows, lights etc.)  Heating, ventilation & air control Unit  Engine Control Unit  Antilock Braking System  Engine Control Unit  Electronic Stability Control Stabilit

Common	ECU	EPB	P0	Electronic Parking Brake	e-brake, is used to keep the vehicle stationary on grades and flat roadsand, in many cases also perform an emergency stop.  This was accomplished traditionally using a manual parking brake. With electric park brakes, the driver activates the holding mechanism with a button and the brake pads are then electrically applied onto the rear brakes.  The implementation of the control logic for the actuators is carried out by either using a stand alone ECU or by integrating it in the ECU for electronic stability control	It is expected that these systems will	Phanh tay điện, khác với phanh tay thường, sử dụng nút bấm, lái xe không cần phải giữ phanh tay khi cần dùng.	Electric park brake in the center console in a Volkswagen Touran
				1	Of			

Common	ECU	ESP / ESC / DSC / VSC	PO	Electronic Stability Program / Dynamic Stability Control / Vehicle Stability Control		When ESC detects loss of steering control, it automatically applies the brakes to help "steer" the vehicle where the driver intends to go. Braking is automatically applied to wheels individually, such as the outer front wheel to counter oversteer or the inner rear wheel to counter understeer. Some ESC systems also reduce engine power until control is regained. ESC does not improve a vehicle's cornering performance; instead, it helps to minimize the loss of control.	Trong quá trình chuyển động, nếu hệ thống cân bằng điện tử (ESC) phát hiện tình trạng xe bắt đầu mất lái (rõ rệt nhất vào lúc cua) thì ESC sẽ làm việc bằng cách can thiệp vào hệ thống phanh để giảm ngay vận tốc xe. ESC có thể ra lệnh cho hệ thống phanh hoạt động riêng rẽ cho một hoặc nhiều bánh xe, trên cầu trước hoặc cầu sau. Nhiệm vụ chính của hệ thống ESC chính là giúp ổn định xe khi phanh, khi xe vào cua và ngay cả lúc xe mới khởi hành, tăng tốc.	
					ot allowed	toucoby su		

Common	ECU	HU or IHU	P0	Head Unit / Infortainment Head Unit	An automotive head unit, sometimes referred to as a deck, is a component of an automotive infotainment, which provides a unified hardware interface (mainly, the screen and buttons) for the entire system.	The head unit is the centerpiece of the car's sound and information system. Typically located in the center of the dashboard, modern head units are densely integrated electronic packages housed in detachable face plates. As high-end head units are common targets for theft, many head units are typically integrated into the vehicle's alarm system.  Head units give the user control over the vehicle's information and entertainment media: AM/FM radio, satellite radio, DVDs/CDs, cassette tapes (although these are now uncommon), USB MP3, Dashcams, GPS navi, Bluetooth, WiFi etc. Many audio-only head units afford the user precise control over detailed audio functions such as volume, band, frequency, speaker balance, speaker fade, bass, treble, EQ and so on.  Several OEMs such as General Motors are integrating more advanced systems into vehicle's head units such that they can offer vehicle data such as trouble warnings; such a head unit thus serves as a secondary instrument panel.   □	d Print	TO A
Common	ECU	HUD	P0	<u>H</u> ead- <u>u</u> p <u>D</u> isplay	A head-up display or heads-up display, also known as a HUD, is any transparent display that presents data without requiring users to look away from their usual viewpoints	Displays the data on a transparent windscreen, enhancing the drivers' driving capability by fulfilling the requirements for safety, comfort, and information, without requiring users to look away from their usual viewpoints A typical HUD contains three primary components: a projector unit, a combiner, and a video generation computer.		

Common	ECU	HVAC	P0	Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning	HVAC is heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system. HVAC is the technology of indoor and vehicular environmental comfort. Its goal is to provide thermal comfort and acceptable indoor air quality	When your air conditioning is not functioning properly, driving can be miserable and, in some cases, even dangerous. All modern cars have a heater, and most have an air conditioner. These components help maintain safe and comfortable driving conditions, including visibility.	HVAC là một hệ thống tỏa nhiệt hoàn chỉnh, thông hơi và điều hòa không khí	
Common	ECU	ICE/IVI	P0	<u>I</u> n- <u>C</u> ar <u>E</u> ntertainment/ <u>I</u> n- <u>V</u> ehicle <u>I</u> nfotainment	In-car entertainment (ICE), or in-vehicle infotainment (IVI), is a collection of hardware and software in automobiles that provides audio or video entertainment.	In car entertainment originated with car audio systems that consisted of radios and cassette or CD players, and now includes automotive navigation systems, video players, USB and Bluetooth connectivity, Carputers, in-car internet, and WiFi. Once controlled by simple dashboards knobs and dials, ICE systems can include steering wheel audio controls and handsfree voice control.	Print	
Common	ECU	IPC / IPK	P0	Instrument Panel Cluster /Instrument Pack	Same as <b>Cluster</b> IPC / IPK is an ECU name of a Cluster.	31CS1 31	O,	
Common ECU IPC / IPK PO Instrument Pack Square as Cluster IPC / IPK is an ECU name of a Cluster.								

Common	ECU	Telematics	P0	N/A	Telematics was a merging of the telecommunications and informatics (computing science). It refered to the transfer of information over telecommunications.  Telematics is a general term, can involve any of the following:  - The technology of sending, receiving and storing information using telecommunication devices to control remote objects  - The integrated use of telecommunications and informatics for application in vehicles and to control vehicles on the move  -Global navigation satellite system technology integrated with computers and mobile communications technology in automotive navigation systems  Some commercial vehicle telematics services: GM Onstar, BMW Assist, Lexus Link, Toyota G-Book, Hyundai Blue Link, Nissan CarWings	can receive request from center and decide what need to happen.  Để cung cấp dịch vụ telematics cho người mua xe, các nhà sản xuất xe nhất thiết phải xây dựng một hệ thống máy chủ trung tâm để quản lý tất cả các hoạt động liên quan đến telematics.  Bên cạnh đó, bản thân trên mỗi chiếc xe cũng phải cài đặt một thiết bị để thực hiện các công việc phục vụ cho telematics và thường được gọi là telematics box (hay tbox). Thiết bị này do cài đặt trên xe nên có thể lấy được các thông tin trên xe và gửi về hệ thống máy chủ trung tâm thông qua kết nối viễn thông (Có thể xem thiết bị này có vai trò tương	Telematics là kết hợp của từ "telecommunication" (viễn thông) và "informatics" (khoa học máy tính) dùng để mô tả việc trao đổi thông tin thông qua mạng viễn thông.  Telematics là một khái niệm chung, nó có thể là các khái niệm sau: - là công nghệ truyền - nhận thông tin thông qua các thiết bị truyền thông với mục đích điều khiển từ xa (giống với loT) - là việc ứng dụng viễn thông với khoa học máy tính trên xe cộ để điều khiến các phương tiện này là việc tích hợp công nghệ định vị toàn cầu với viễn thông để ứng dụng vào hệ thống định vị trên các phương tiện giao thông.  Trong ứng dụng telematics trên các phương mại hóa như: GM Onstar, BMW Assist, Lexus Link, Toyota G-Book, Hyundai Blue Link, Nissan CarWings	Passenge Verice Subjection Subjec
Common	Navigation	GNSS	P0	<u>G</u> lobal <u>N</u> avigation <u>S</u> atellite <u>S</u> ystem	Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) refers to a constellation of satellites providing signals from space that transmit positioning and timing data to GNSS receivers. The receivers then use this data to determine location.	and availability at all times. Though satellite	GNSS là hệ thống định vị toàn cầu sử dụng vệ tinh. Hệ thống GNSS hiện nay bao gồm GPS (sử dụng vệ tinh của Mỹ), GLONASS (Nga), Beidou (Trung Quốc) và các hệ thống vệ tinh khác (Nhật, Canada).	GLONASS BeiDou Galileo

Common	Navigation	GPS	P0	<u>G</u> lobal <u>P</u> ositioning <u>S</u> ystem	The Global Positioning System (GPS), originally Navstar GPS, is a satellite-based radionavigation system owned by the United States government and operated by the United States Air Force. It is a global navigation satellite system that provides geolocation and time information to a GPS receiver anywhere on or near the Earth where there is an unobstructed line of sight to four or more GPS satellites	The Global Positioning System (GPS) is a global navigation satellite system that provides geolocation and time information to a GPS receiver anywhere on or near the Earth Can be set to GPS time synchronization status. (On / Off) []			
Common	Navigation	Navigation	P0	N/A	road. When directions are needed routing can be calculated. On the fly traffic	Mathematically, automotive navigation is based on the shortest path problem, within graph theory, which examines how to identify the path that best meets some criteria (shortest, cheapest, fastest, etc.) between two points in a large network.	dPrint	Acci a shorm 10:49  (m) Map View  (m) Map Vi	Coces Notes Communication (Constitution of Coces Notes Communication of Coces Notes
Common	Network/Pr otocol	CAN	P0	<u>C</u> ontroller <u>A</u> rea <u>N</u> etwork	Controller Area Network: Internal network protocol in car to communicate between ECUs. It is a message-based protocol, designed originally for multiplex electrical wiring within automobiles to save on copper. CAN speed can reach to 1 Mbps CAN is most spread network in the car.	CAN is a multi-master serial bus standard for connecting Electronic Control Units (ECUs) also known as nodes. Two or more nodes are required on the CAN network to communicate. All nodes are connected to each other through a two wire bus. The wires are a twisted pair with a 120 $\Omega$ (nominal) characteristic impedance	Ô tô hiện đại có thể chứa đến hơn 70 đơn vị điều khiển điện tử. Từ đơn vị quan trọng nhất là điều khiển động cơ cho đến các đơn vị điều khiển truyền động, túi khí, chống bó cứng phanh, điều khiển hành trình, hệ thống âm thanh, cửa, cửa sổ, gương, nguồn điện, hay hệ thống thống sạc cho các xe điện Một số hệ thống này có thể hoạt động độc lập, tuy nhất về cơ bản tất cả các đơn vị này cần được kết nối với nhau. Bản thân trong mỗi một hệ thống nhỏ cũng cần có kết nối đến các bộ phận chấp hành (actuator) và nhận dữ liệu từ các cảm biến. Chuẩn CAN được sinh ra được phục vụ cho các kết nối đó.	Without CAN  Vo device	With CAN  No device

Common	Network/Pr otocol	Ethernet	P0	N/A	Ethernet is a family of computer networking technologies commonly used in local area networks (LAN), metropolitan area networks (MAN) and wide area networks (WAN). Ethernet is widely used in home and industry. The Internet Protocol is commonly carried over Ethernet. Ethernet is mainly used for diagnostics, high potential for more.	Systems communicating over Ethernet divide a stream of data into shorter pieces called frames. Each frame contains source and destination addresses, and error-checking data so that damaged frames can be detected and discarded; most often, higher-layer protocols trigger retransmission of lost frames		
Common	Network/Pr otocol	LIN	P0	<u>L</u> ocal <u>I</u> nterconnect <u>N</u> etwork	The LIN bus is an inexpensive communications protocol used for communication between components in vehicles. In recent years, the LIN bus standard has been introduced to complement CAN for non-critical subsystems such as air-conditioning and infotainment, where data transmission speed and reliability are less critical. LIN is low cost bus for body applications (speed is 19.2 kbit/s).	LIN is a broadcast serial network comprising 16 nodes (one master and typically up to 15 slaves). Current uses combine the low-cost efficiency of LIN and simple sensors to create small networks. These sub-systems can be connected by back-bone-network (i.e. CAN in cars)	dPrint	Intra-Vehicle Networking  [18] The scale of
Common	Network/Pr otocol	SOME/IP	PO	Scalable service-Oriented MidddlewarEover IP	SOME/IP is an automotive/embedded communication protocol which supports remote procedure calls, event notifications and the underlying serialization/wire format, designd by BMW Group in 2011, based on TCP/IP Protocol Suite, that can be used for control messages between applications.	SOME/IP shall be implemented on different operating system (i.e. AUTOSAR, GENIVI, and OSEK) and even embedded devices without operating system SOME/IP supports a wide range of middleware features:  1. Serialization – transforming into and from on-wire representation.  2. Remote Procedure Call (RPC) – implementing remote invocation of functions.  3. Service Discovery (SD) – dynamically finding and functionality and configuring its access.  4. Publish/Subscribe (Pub/Sub) – dynamically configuring which data is needed and shall be sent to the client.  5. Segmentation of UDP messages – allowing the transport of large SOME/IP messages over UDP without the need of fragmentation.		Visible App.  Some B

Common	Power Mode	BUB	P0	Backup Battery	Backup Battery is used if primary battery has issue to ensure importaint functions can not be interrupted.	There are two types of BUB:  - Vehicle BUB: if primary battery is failure, vehicle can switch to BUB for some important and main funtions  - ECU BUB: In normal conditions, ECU uses vehicle battery for its power. But incase of failure and maitaining the collision call, it switch to a built-in BUB. BUB is rechargable from vehicle power		
Common	Power Mode	BATT / B+	P0	<u>BATT</u> ery	Battery or an automotive battery is a rechargeable battery that supplies electrical current to a motor vehicle.	- Main purpose of battery: feed the starter, which starts the engine. Once the engine is running, power for the car's electrical systems is supplied by the alternator.  - Every Bench will have battery to suppy electric for some function when Power Off	, int	Transcort   Maintenance   Face Dallars   Face Dalla
Common	Power Mode	Clamp 15 (KL15)	P0	Clamp 15	Terminal 15 ignition(SW-CL.15) state KL is the abbreviation for 'klemme' which is the German term for connector / connection.  KL15 is ignition switch position #2 (on)  KL30 is battery positive, hot at all times KL31 is battery negative, connected all the time  KL50 is ignition position #3 (start)  KLS is terminal S contact(Key Inserted/Ejected) state  KLR means ignition switch position #1 (accessory)	electric for some function when Power on	O.P.	
Common	Power Mode	Clamp 30 (KL30)	P0	Clamp 30	A permanent power supply KL is the abbreviation for 'klemme' which is the German term for connector / connection. KL30 is battery positive, hot at all times KL31 is battery negative, connected all the time KL50 is ignition position #3 (start) KLR means ignition switch position #1 (accessory)	A permanent power supply		Main states and transitions  1. Claimp S.OE > On) AND (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon presson() 2. (Clamp S.OE > On) AND (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon presson() 2. (Clamp S.OE > On) AND (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon presson() 3. Websoper-forward event on influenment CAH box (orgains in nost abde) 4. (Clamp S.OE > On) AND (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon pressod 5. (Clamp S.OE > On) AND (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon pressed 7. (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon pressed 8. (Clamp S.OE > On) AND (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon pressed 9. (3) amin after capital (3) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon pressed 9. (3) amin after capital (4) action = Tout) CR ON-bullon pressed 1. (LMG) CFET: Coversis the time provided the Head Unit 1. (LMG) CFET: Coversis the ti

Common	Power Mode	Clamp S (KL S)	P0	Clamp S	Clamp S (KL S) KL is the abbreviation for 'klemme' which is the German term for connector / connection. (VW MIB3)Terminal S contact(Key Inserted/Ejected) state			
Common	Power Mode	Ignition / IGN / IG	P0	Ignition	Ignition is a system in vehicle to generate a very high voltage from the car's 12 volt battery, and to send this to each sparkplug in turn, igniting the fuel-air mixture in the engine's combustion chambers.		Hệ thống đánh lửa để khởi động động cơ xe: Trong hệ thống đánh lửa, tia lửa được phát ra giữa các điện cực của các bugi để đốt cháy hỗn hợp hòa khí. Hòa khí bị nén có điện trở lớn, nên cần phải tạo ra điện thế hàng chục ngàn vôn để đảm bảo phát ra tia lửa mạnh, có thể đốt cháy hỗn hợp hòa khí.	PRIMARY - BOLD SECONDARY - LIGHT SPARK PLUG WIRES  TRIGGER & MODULE  COIL  CAP & ROTOR
Common	Power Mode	Ignition key (OFF/ACC/ON /START/RUN)	P0	N/A	The key used in a motor vehicle to turn	Mode IGN KEY OFF: Vehicle turn OFF, Steering wheel lock, Head Unit OFF, Cluster OFF IGN KEY ACC (Accessary): Vehicle ON ( but not run), steering wheel unlocked, Head Unit On, Cluster OFF IGN KEY ON: Vehicle ON (not run until release brake), Head Unit On, Cluster ON. This is the key positio when driving IGN KEY RUN: Vehicle is moving, Head Unit On, Cluster ON, some functions on Head Unit/Cluster are blocked to use while driving (depend on specification of OEM)		
Common	Safety	Air bag	P0	N/A	- Airbag is a safety device It cushions the impact of collisions, reducing the risk of injury.	- Once, collision happens, crash sensor determines whether there is an accident Control unit sends a signal to the inflator system The inflator sets off a chemical charge, producing an explosion of nitrogen gas, filling up the airbag  *This all happens usually within 25~50ms		

Common	Safety	Seat belt	P0	N/A	A seat belt (also known as a seatbelt or safety belt) is a vehicle safety device designed to secure the occupant of a vehicle against harmful movement that may result during a collision or a sudden stop. A seat belt functions to reduce the likelihood of death or serious injury in a traffic collision	Common types of seat belt: + 2-point: attaches at its two endpoints, and was invented in the early 1900s (belt in airplane) + 3-point: is a Y-shaped arrangement. In a collision, the three-point belt spreads out the energy of the moving body over the chest, pelvis, and shoulders + 4-, 5-, 6-point: are typically found in child safety seats and in racing cars	Examples of 5 warning lights on a car dashboard.	A three-point seat beit 63
Common	Software update	ОТА	P0	<u>O</u> ver <u>T</u> he <u>A</u> ir	OTA refers to message is tranfered through wireless. OTA update is one common usage of OTA which is a method of distributing new software, configuration settings, and even updating encryption keys to devices like cellphones, set-top boxes or secure voice communication equipment. One important feature of OTA is that one central location can send an update to all the users, who are unable to refuse, defeat, or alter that update, and that the update applies immediately to everyone on the channel	ionics, DC,	dPrint	Conventional method to update in-vehicle software  User's home  (1) Software is delivered in certain media  (3) Vehicle mechanic updates the software using deficated tools  OTA-based method to update in-vehicle software  Manufacturer  (1) Software is uploaded to the OTA Center  (2) Software is uploaded to the OTA Center  (3) Software is delivered wirelessly updated
Common	Software update	RR / RSU	P0	<u>R</u> emote <u>R</u> eflash / <u>R</u> emote <u>S</u> oftware <u>U</u> pdate	RR or RSU describes the update software in vehicle ECUs without physically connected to the vehicle. This word is same meaning with OTA Update.	Remote reflash will unilize a long range connection from the telematic box to a Remote IT system. Remote reflash feature will need to operate while the engine is not running.		
Common	Tools/Simu lators	CANoe	P0	N/A	CANoe is a development and testing software tool from Vector Informatik GmbH. The software is primarily used by automotive manufacturers and electronic control unit (ECU) suppliers for development, analysis, simulation, testing, diagnostics and start-up of ECU networks and individual ECUs	CANoe supports CAN, LIN, FlexRay, Ethernet and MOST bus systems. The hardware models of CANoe are using in DCV are VN1630, VN1640, VN5610 Hardware: Example: VN1640A model Software: Example: Canoe v10.0		

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C	Common	Utity	ADAS	P0	<u>A</u> dvanced <u>D</u> river <u>A</u> ssistance <u>S</u> ystems	- ADAS are systems to help the driver in the driving process ADAS aims to automate/adapt/enhance vehicle systems for safety and better driving.	Adaptive features may automate lighting, provide adaptive cruise control, automate braking, incorporate GPS/ traffic warnings, connect to smartphones, alert driver to other cars or dangers, lane departure warning system, automatic lane centering, or show what is in blind spots. Safety features are designed to avoid collisions and accidents by offering technologies that alert the driver to potential problems, or to avoid collisions by implementing safeguards and taking over control of the vehicle.		Advanced Driver Assistance System Applications  See Course Private  Certary Vision  Certary Private  Certary Private  Certary Private  Certary Certary  Light Vision Current  See Course Private  Certary Certary  Light Vision  Certary Certary  Certary Certary  Certa
C	Common	Utity	Air distribution	P0	N/A	Air distribution(or Air Delivery Mode, Blower Mode): change the direction of the airflow.	- 1. Panel (AC) button: Air is directed to the instrument panel outlets 2. Floor-Windshield (Heater - Defrost) button: Indicate which vents air is flowing from inside the vehicle, air directed to the windshield & floor outlets 3. Floor (Heater) button: Air is directed to the floor - 4. Bi level button: Air is directed to the instrument panel & floor outlets.	dPrint	W REAR
C	Common	Utity	Air recirculation (or Recirculate Air)	P0	N/A	It switches between drawing air in from outside and recirculating the air in the car. The default position is usually for outside air.	- Tap the Recirculate Air button on the Front Climate Screen toggles between air being recirculated inside the vehicle (Recirculate Air button is ACTIVE) and allowing outside air to flow into the vehicle (Recirculate Air button is INACTIVE).  - Recirculating air inside the vehicle to limit the amount of pollution that may enter the car in situations like stop and go traffic conditions - Pausing air recirculation to prevent window fogging.		

Common	Utity	APA	Р0	<u>A</u> dvanced <u>P</u> ark <u>A</u> ssist	- The technology assists drivers in parking their vehicle or automatic parking The car can steer itself into a parking space with little input from the user	- APA is available when vehicle speed is low and gear position is Reverse APA uses sensors/camera to detect objects/obtacles/parking lots and to estimate the size of parking space then manoeuvre the vehicle after driver detemines the parking lot.	Tính năng hỗ trợ đỗ xe: dựa vào tín hiệu từ các sensor và phân tích hình ảnh từ camera để nhận diện các đối tượng xung quanh xe. Khi được kích hoạt, hệ thống sẽ tự động tìm kiếm trong bán kính nào đó với tốc độ di chuyển cho phép để tìm ra khoảng trống đủ rộng hai bên đường để đỗ xe. Khi tìm được vị trí phù hợp, hệ thống sẽ báo hiệu tiếng kêu và hiển thị trên màn hình chỉ dẫn vị trí mà xe có thể đỗ vào. Lúc này người lái có thể rời tay khỏi vô lắng, chỉ cần thao tác cần số và chân phanh.	
Common	Utity	Climate	P0	N/A	- Climate control is a system for controlling the temperature inside a vehicle.	- The car's climate control system controls the heating and air-conditioning systems The climate control unit adjusts the temperature and air flow inside the car The climate control module can select hot/cold, defrost/vent, or fresh air/recirculated air.		
Common	Utity	SWC/SWRC	P0	<u>S</u> teering <u>W</u> heel <u>C</u> ontrol ( <u>S</u> teering S <u>w</u> itch <u>C</u> ontrols)/ <u>S</u> teering <u>W</u> heel <u>R</u> emote <u>C</u> ontrol	SWC/SWRC: Steering Wheel Control/ Steering Wheel Remote Control: are designed to make it less dangerous to interact with your car when driving. The basic idea is that you can use these controls without taking your hands off the steering wheel or taking your eyes off the road	Buttons might be appeared on the steering wheel: - Active call - End call - Volume up/ down - Next/ previous - Mute		

Common	Utity	RSE / RSI	P0		Rear Seat Entertainment (RSE)/Rear Seat Infotainment (RSI): A system is designed for the rear passengers to enjoin audio, media, navigatonIt's an entertainment solution for the rear seat in cars	The Rear Seat Infotainment System features two high-resolution monitors (measured diagonally, corner to corner) in the back of the front-seat headrests. These monitors work much like a smart TV. They give your vehicle's passengers flexibility to play media from smartphones, tablets, SD cards, USB drives, devices connected via HDMI (such as gaming systems or a smart TV stick), and DVDs (if equipped). Wireless connectivity (via Wi-Fi, if equipped and active) lets them seamlessly share video content between mobile devices, tablets and/or Rear Seat Infotainment monitors		
Common	Vehicle Type	BEV	P0	Battery Electric Vehicle	Battery Electric Vehicle: A battery electric vehicle (BEV), battery-only electric vehicle (BOEV), full electric vehicle (FEV) or all-electric vehicle is a type of electric vehicle (EV) that uses chemical energy stored in rechargeable battery packs. BEVs use electric motors and motor controllers instead of internal combustion engines (ICEs) for propulsion. They derive all power from battery packs and thus have no internal combustion engine, fuel cell, or fuel tank. BEVs include - but are not limited to - motorcycles, bicycles, scooters, skateboards, rail cars, watercraft, forklifts, buses, trucks, and cars.	BEV is a electric vehicle  - Use electric motors and motor controllers  - Power is derived from battery packs  - No internal combustion engines (ICEs) for propulsion.  - No fuel cell/tank	BEV là xe sử dụng hoàn toàn năng lượng điện để chuyển hóa thành năng lượng cơ học. Trên xe BEV chỉ sử dụng động cơ điện (electric motor) để tạo ra chuyển động cho xe thay vì sử dụng động cơ đốt trong (ICE) thông thường.	Battery Electric Motor Plug
Common	Vehicle Type	Connected Car	P0	N/A	A connected car is one that has its own connection to the Internet, usually via a wireless local area network (WLAN) that allows the car to share internet access and data with other devices inside and outside the car	Connected car features fall into several categories: safety, navigation, infotainment, diagnostics/efficency and payments.  A connected car can assist with a wide range of potentially useful functions such as monitor traffic information, remotely start car's engine, lock the car, make it flash its headlights or honk its horn, parking the car automatically, book car n for a service, connectivity to help motorists in emergency situation.		CONNECTED CAR  Service platform  Coll center  Coll center

Common	Vehicle Type	ΕV	P0	<u>E</u> lectric <u>V</u> ehicle	An electric vehicle, also called an electric drive vehicle, uses one or more electric motors or traction motors for propulsion. An electric vehicle may be powered through a collector system by electricity from off-vehicle sources, or may be self-contained with a battery, solar panels or an electric generator to convert fuel to electricity. EVs include road and rail vehicles, surface and underwater vessels, electric aircraft and electric spacecraft. EV includes BEV and HEV/PHEV.	Tap icon EV on HU to display EV screen,however other HU models will show different Using canlink for control EV,connet canlink with HU and computer, computer must be have CANlink app and hard driver. Turn on canlink on comptert, when sent message on computer through canlink to Hu, HU recevie message and run EV follow message EV screen will be change any thinh alow value of signal, and we will can't change EV if do not have can. Have many message: HU_EV_PE_00 0x1AA, HU_GW_E_00 0x0E8, GW_CLU_P 0x56E,	print	Micro Midd Fyll Parallel REV NEV CEV HPEV Hybrid Hybrid Hybrid Hybrid Committed  Ingula Res  Ingula Res  Committed  Resea bet Lesgan Bu
Common	Vehicle Type	HEV or (Hybrid)	P0	<u>H</u> ybrid <u>E</u> lectric <u>V</u> ehicle	A hybrid electric vehicle (HEV) is a type of hybrid vehicle that combines a conventional internal combustion engine (ICE) system with an electric propulsion system (hybrid vehicle drivetrain).	touice, su	Xe lai là xe có một động cơ điện và một động cơ đốt trong và một thùng dự trữ nhiên liệu cùng với một thiết bị dự trữ điện (pin sạc)	THE ELECTRIC POWERTRAIN  HEV Hybrid Electric Vehicle Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle  Battery Electric Vehicle  Flagoristics Flagoristi
Common	Vehicle Type	ICE or CE	P0	Internal combustion engine	An internal combustion engine (ICE) is a heat engine where the combustion of a fuel occurs with an oxidizer (usually air) in a combustion chamber that is an integral part of the working fluid flow circuit.	Typically an ICE is fed with fossil fuels like natural gas or petroleum products such as gasoline, diesel fuel or fuel oil.	Động cơ đốt trong là một loại động cơ nhiệt tạo ra công cơ học dưới dạng moment quay (hay còn gọi là moment xoắn) bằng cách đốt nhiên liệu bên trong động cơ. Các loại động cơ sử dụng dòng chảy (tiếng Anh: fluid flow engine) để tạo công thông qua việc đốt cháy nhiên liệu	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES (ICe)  VS  ELECTRIC MOTORS (EM)  ICe  Requires more maintenance  Produces noise  Produces noise  Produces noise  Produces noise  Sour refueling  The range of conventional pasoline vehicles today is around 400 miles.  The supply of petrol is decreasing and we will one day non out of it.  Because of high demand and decreasing supply, the price of petrol is increasing supply the price of petrol is increasing

Common	Vehicle Type	PHEV	P0	<u>P</u> lug-In <u>H</u> ybrid <u>E</u> lectric <u>V</u> ehicle	A plug-in hybrid electric vehicle (PHEV) is a hybrid electric vehicle whose battery can be recharged by plugging it in to an external source of electric power as well by its on-board engine and generator.		PHEV là xe lai sạc điện có đặc điểm của một chiếc lai thông thường, có một động cơ điện và một động cơ đốt trong và một thùng dự trữ nhiên liệu cùng với một thiết bị dự trữ điện (pin sạc). Ngoài ra, nó có thêm phích cắm để kết nối với điện lưới.	Fing of Tylich Floods Volume  time furthering rate (page 16)  (pag
AVN	Camera	AVM	P0	<u>A</u> rround <u>V</u> iew <u>M</u> onitor/ <u>M</u> onitoring	position relative to the lines around	The Around View Monitor processes video from four cameras, displaying the composite footage on the screen as if there is a single birds-eye view camera right above the vehicle. This makes parking much easier. Through the bird's-eye view, a driver can check for obstructions around the vehicle. The system can display the bird's-eye, front and rear views, making it possible to check the vehicle's 360-degree surroundings simultaneously with either the fore and back.	dPrint	
AVN	Camera	LWC	P0	Lane Watch camera	LaneWatch is a camera system that supplements side mirrors. A camera is installed in the right mirror and pointed toward the vehicle's blind spot. When activated, it displays an image of that area on a 7-inch screen inside the vehicle.	When the right turn signal is activated, an image of the area to the right rear of the vehicle is shown on the display.	Camera quan sát làn đường, được gắn trên gương phải của xe. Hỗ trợ người lái có thể quan sát được các điểm mù trên làn đường. LWC sẽ hiển thị trên HU khi xi- nhan rẽ phải được bật hoặc cũng có thể hiển thị màn hình LWC trên HU bởi thao tác "press button LWC" của người dùng	

AVN	Camera	RVC	P0	<u>R</u> ear <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> amera	Rear View Camera or reverse camera/ rear camera The "Rear view camera" system allows the driver to see behind his vehicle. It helps the driver during maneuvers, giving him an enhanced rear view.	A backup camera (also called reversing camera) is a special type of video camera that is produced specifically for the purpose of being attached to the rear of a vehicle to aid in backing up, and to alleviate the rear blind spot. Backup cameras are alternatively known as 'reversing cameras' or 'rear-view cameras'. It is specifically designed to avoid a backup collision.		
AVN	CarSSW	DSI	P0	Device Service Interface	DSI is an interface to communicate between HMI and core services.	company) and the interface of this HMI is written by Java. Moreover, the core services of AVN are developed by LGE need to be written by Native (C++) language for ensuring the performance of AVN.  With this reason, LGE need to build an interface to communicate between HMI and core services. It is the DSI.  When user interact on HMI through Touch, DSI will get this touch information and send to Touch service to further process. Touch	Ví dụ để mô tả DSI:  Một AVN dạng tách rời gồm một màn hình cảm ứng và một mạch xử lý. Màn hình cảm ứng (HMI) được phát triển bởi một hãng thứ ba, trong khi đó mach xử lý được phát triển bởi LGE.  HMI cung cấp giao diện để tương tác với mạch xử lý chính sử dụng ngôn ngữ Java, trong khi đó, đội ngũ LGE muốn sử dụng Native (C++) để phát triển core services cho mạch xử lý (vì lý do đảm bảo hiệu năng xử lý). Do đó để tương tác được giữa HMI và Core services, LGE phát triển thêm giao diện DSI để giúp hai thành phần giao tiếp được với nhau. Ví dụ khi người dùng chạm vào màn hình cảm ứng, DSI sẽ giúp chuyển thông tin này để Touch service của mạch xử lý, service này sử dụng thông tin và đưa ra phương án xử lý (có thể sẽ phản hồi lại và gửi thông tin phản hồi về HMI thông qua DSI).	Service   Serv

AVN	CarSSW	RSI	P0	RESTful Service Interface	- RESTful service is WEB service based on REST RSI defines structure of each service as JSON file RSI defines HTTP request/response payload structure (element property) - RSI defines allowed HTTP operation (GET, POST, UPDATE, DELETE) + (REST stands for Representational State Transfer, which is an architectural style for networked hypermedia applications) - Almost every RESTful service uses HTTP as its underlying protocol)	-The client and service talk to each other via messages. Clients send a request to the server, and the server replies with a response  For example, a RESTful URL:  GET /v1/path/to/ resource HTTP/1.1  Host: www.example.gov.au  Accept: application/json, text/javascript  - Resource is any information. For example, in Media service: albums, artists, genres are resources.  - Resource method (HTTP method) is  GET, PUT, POST and DELETE		Client  Client  Chard version="1.0"?> <pre> </pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre>
AVN	Common	RFS	P0	Reset Factory Setting	A factory reset, also known as master reset, is a software restore of an electronic device to its original system state by erasing all of the information stored on the device in an attempt to restore the device's software to its original manufacturer settings.	Louice, Day	Khối phục lại software trên thiết bị về trạng thái mặc định (xóa hết các thông tin được tạo ra bởi người dùng)	All and STYLES AND ADDRESS AND
AVN	Connection	HFP	P0	Hands-Free Profile	HFP is the profile most commonly used to allow mobile phones to communicate with Bluetooth headsets and car kits. A Bluetooth car kit will use HFP to connect to a Bluetooth phone, allowing phone calls to take place via the car's audio system (or an installed speaker) while the phone stays safely in a pocket or purse.	HFP provides the ability to carry out basic functions such as answering, rejecting and ending calls, and adjusting the call audio volume, as well as more advanced features like using the phone's voice dial functionality		
AVN	Connectivit y	Bluetooth / BT	P0	Bluetooth	Bluetooth is a wireless technology standard for exchanging data over short distances from fixed and mobile devices, and building personal area networks			* Bluetooth

AVN	Connectivit y	ВТА	P0	<u>B</u> lue <u>T</u> ooth <u>A</u> udio		After Phone and Car are paired via Bluetooh, open the Bluetooth Audio App or Bluetooth Source on HU to choose your audiobook and start listening.	Chức năng Bluetooth audio cho phép người dùng có thể nghe nhạc từ nguồn nhạc trên điện thoại mà đã được kết nối BT với H/U của người dùng.	BT Audio  Apologize (feat. OneR   Timbaland  Shock Value  O0:01:46  Q I   LOD SOLY
AVN	Connectivit y	Pairing	P0	N/A	The process of associating each other between two devices through Bluetooth communication.	Pairing occurs when two Bluetooth devices communicate with each other and establish a connection. A record of information about this connection is then stored in the memory of each device. There are 2 ways:  1. Security Simple Pairing (SSP)  2. Legacy Pairing (Bluetooth 2.0 and earlier)	print	SONNECTING TO BLUETOOTH
AVN	Connectivit y	NFC	P0	<u>N</u> ear <u>F</u> ield <u>C</u> omminication	NFC is a set of communication protocols that enable two electronic devices, one of which is usually a portable device such as a smartphone, to establish communication by bringing them within 4 cm (1.6 in) of each other	2 devices that support NFC Device 1 want to send contacts file to device 2 via NFC Turn ON NFC, move 2 devices near each other (~1cm) Select file on device 1 then send to device 2	9.	strates tap + send tap of send
AVN	Connectivit y	AP/WAP	P0	Wirdiage Accase Point	- WAP or AP is a networking hardware device that allows a Wi-Fi device to connect to a wired network	An AP connects directly to a wired local area network, typically Ethernet, and the AP then provides wireless connections using wireless LAN technology, typically Wi-Fi, for other devices to utilize that wired connection.		

AVN	Connectivit y	APN	P0	<u>A</u> ccess <u>P</u> oint <u>N</u> ame	the public Internet.  Example: APN of Viettel Operator: + 3G: APN: v-internet (Mobiphone: m-wap) Username: [Blank] (Mobiphone:mms) Password: =[Blank] (Mobiphone:mms) +LTE: APN: [Blank] Username: [Blank] Password: =[Blank]	A mobile device making a data connection must be configured with an APN to present to the carrier. The carrier will then examine this identifier to determine what type of network connection should be created, for example: which IP addresses should be assigned to the wireless device, which security methods should be used, and how or if, it should be connected to some private customer network	Tên điểm truy cập (Access Point Name - APN) là tên của các cài đặt mà điện thoại của bạn đọc để thiết lập kết nối tới cổng giữa mạng di dộng của nhà cung cấp và Internet công cộng.  Nhà cung cấp đọc các cài đặt này, sau đó đảm bảo xác nhận đúng địa chỉ IP, kết nối tới đúng cổng an toàn và xem bạn có cần kết nối tới mạng riêng tư như VPN không. Tất cả các thao tác được thực hiện ở phía nhà cung cấp dịch vụ, nhưng bạn cũng cần đảm bảo các cài đặt được thiết lập đúng để có được mạng bạn cần.	
					ot allowed	160 COby		

AVN	Connectivit y	MIMO	PO	<u>M</u> ultiple- <u>I</u> nput <u>M</u> ultiple- <u>O</u> utput	MIMO is a wireless technology that uses multiple transmitters and receivers to transfer more data at the same time. All wireless products with 802.11n standard support MIMO.	At one time, in wireless the term "MIMO" referred to the use of multiple antennas at the transmitter and the receiver. In modern usage, "MIMO" specifically refers to a practical technique for sending and receiving more than one data signal simultaneously over the same radio channel by exploiting multipath propagation. MIMO is fundamentally different from smart antenna techniques developed to enhance the performance of a single data signal, such as beamforming and diversity. SISO/SIMO/MISO are special cases of MIMO Multiple-input and single-output (MISO) is a special case when the receiver has a single antenna.  Single-input and multiple-output (SIMO) is a special case when the transmitter has a single antenna.  Single-input single-output (SISO) is a conventional radio system where neither transmitter nor receiver has multiple antenna.	dPrint	Tx W SIMO Rx  Tx W SISO RF Channel
AVN	Connectivit y	SSID	P0	Service Set IDentifier	An SSID is the Name of a Wifi Network. For excample: uLGE is a SSID that we use to connect to wifi of DCV.	This name allows stations to connect to the desired network when multiple independent networks operate in the same physical area. There are two types of SSID:  (1) The Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID)  (2) The Extended Service Set Identification (ESSID)  In an ad hoc wireless network with no access points, the Basic Service Set Identification (BSSID) is used. In an infrastructure wireless network that includes an access point, the ESSID is used, but may still be referred to as SSID.		

AVN	Media	AVC	P0	<u>A</u> udio <u>V</u> ideo <u>C</u> odec	In software, Audio Video Codec is program/libraries that compresses/ decompresses digital audio/video according to the given format like MPEG4, FLAC			
AVN	Media	Cover Flow	P0	N/A	The panel which displays albums art			Noi Nay Co Anh Son Tung M-TP -
AVN	Media	FAV	P0	Favorite	FAV is an option for personalization purpose. FAV is typically representive by a star icon.	In AVN, it is commonly used for favorite songs/video to help driver quickly choose the list of audio/video. For example: favorite media list (media), favorite contact list (phone)	print	A Form Simil A Form A F
AVN	Media	Media	P0	N/A	Media is a general term for feature playing multimedia file in AVN like audios, videos, movies and music.  Media is related to media sources (USB, BT, Ipod,) which is included in Audio. Audio includes another source: radio sources (FM, AM, DAB, SXM) There are some possible screens: Playscreen and Playlist	- In some project, we use CAN and BAP signal to send media file information. In other projects, we can select media sources from source page	,	Wait in Line James Bay  Wait in Line - James Wait in Line - Ja es Bay Playscreen  Playscreen
AVN	Media	Metadata	P0	N/A	- Metadata means data (information) about data. It decribes one or more aspects of the data Many distinct types of metadata exist, among these: + Descriptive metadata + Structural metadata + Administrative metadata + Reference metadata + Statistical metadata	Example: The metadata of a music file includes title, artist, album, year, track, genre The metadata can be loaded on now playing or some other screens of AVN.		Use arrow keys (or RETURN key after editing) to navigate fields.  Tag  Value  Arist Name  Digriew Somsgy:  Trock Trice  Main M510 at Goodwood Festival of Speed 2009  Control Variant  Field Recording  Genre  Comments  Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Sha  Connect  Terplate  Edit Reset  Edit Save Set Default  Cancel  OK

1		I	1		Т	1		
AVN	Media	Now Playing View	P0	N/A	All audio sources play using a main Now Playing screen with similar format and layout	Specific details for each source will be given in their own section. Ex, The following information is shown on the AM now playing view: Line 1: Frequency, HD Logo, Call Letters Line 2: Artist Name (HD Only) Line 3: Song Title (HD Only) Browse Sound		AM %101.1 WRIF%  FM %Dave and Chuck the Freak!% %Weekday mornings on the RIF%  More  Tune  Tune  Tune  Tigure 4.1.3.1 ICS FM Audio Now Playing View (ICS_FM_AUDIO_MAIN_NOW_PLAYING)
AVN	Media	USB	P0	<u>U</u> niversal <u>S</u> erial <u>B</u> us	USB is an industry standard that was developed to define cables, connectors and protocols for connection, communication, and power supply between personal computers and their peripheral devices	In Media, USB to indicate the source of media files, which means media player will get files through USB connection.	int	
AVN	Media	AAC	P0	Advanced Audio Coding		AAC is the default or standard audio formal for YouTube, iPhone, iPod, iPad, Nintendo DSi, Nintendo 3DS, iTunes, DivX Plus Web Player, PlayStation 3 and various Nokia Series 40 phones.  AAC is also supported by manufacturers of indash car audio systems.	d P I I	
AVN	Media	MP3/WMA/AA C	P0	MPEG Audio Layer III	MP3 is an audio format MP3: MPEG Audio Layer III including MPEG-1, MPEG-2, MPEG-2.5 Audio Layer III	10		
AVN	Media	MP4	P0	MPEG4	MPEG-4 Part 14 or MP4 is a digital multimedia container format most commonly used to store video and audio, but it can also be used to store other data such as subtitles and still images.			
AVN	Media	WMA	P0	Windows Media Audio	WMA is a series of audio codecs and their corresponding audio coding formats developed by Microsoft			
AVN	Media	Album Art	P0	N/A	- It's also album cover art - It is artwork created for a music album			Unknown Edward Dương Nguyễn

AVN	Media	FF/REW	P0	<u>F</u> ast <u>F</u> orward/ <u>Rew</u> ind	Fast-forward is to move forward through a recording at a speed faster than that at which it would usually be played. Rewind or Fast Backwards, in other hand, is to help to move backward	To active fast forward: press button FFW or long touch Next button; To active REW: press button REW or long touch Previous button. When the SEEK UP key is RELEASE during FF operation, it start playing from the current play position at normal speed. In some product, If file is last in folder, play next folder; If file is last in category, play first file in current category	Tua đi/ Tua lại	*	4/44 >>>/>>	Rewind (Fast Backwards)  Fast forward
AVN	Media	Skip backward	P0	N/A	Skip backward is one of item in media controls. It means to go to the previous track.	Press "Skip backward" button on the media player screen to go to the previous track			•	
AVN	Media	Skip forward	P0	N/A	Go to the next track	Go to the next track	init		4	
AVN	Media	Audio Source	P0	N/A	"Audio source" is a term to indicate the input channel which contains audio files then media/audio player will use this channel to get audio data. For example:  - USB - Bluetooth - CD/DVD - Radio - AUX	touice, Do	O. P.			
AVN	Media	AV socket	P0	<u>A</u> udio <u>V</u> ideo socket	are electrical connectors (or optical connectors) - plugs and sockets - for	There are 2 types of AV sockets: AV-IN and AV-out. AV-IN socket: use device contains AV-IN socket as output. AV-OUT socket: use device contains AV-OUT socket as input		ľ	88	
AVN	Media	ID3Tag	P0	N/A	ID3 is a metadata container most often used in conjunction with the MP3 audio file format. It allows information such as the title, artist, album, track number, and other information about the file to be stored in the file itself.	ID3 tags may be edited in a variety of ways. On some platforms the file's properties may be edited by viewing extended information in the file manager. Additionally most audio players allow editing single or groups of files. Editing groups of files is often referred to as "batch tagging". There are also specialized applications, called taggers, which concentrate specifically on editing the tags and related tasks				

AVN	Media	MSC	P0	Mass Storage Class	MSC is mainly used for devices that allow access to their internal data storage. Typical examples for MSC class devices are: External hard drives (HDD); External optical drives (such as CD or DVD drives); Portable Flash memory devices; Solid-state drives (SSD); Digital cameras; Card readers			NOON PAGING  NOON
AVN	Media	МТР	P0	<u>M</u> edia <u>T</u> ransfer <u>P</u> rotocol	- MTP is communications protocol that allows media files to be transferred automically to and from portable devices - MTP is introduced by Microsoft - MTP is extention of PTP (Picture Transfer Protocol)	Connect your MTP to your car via usb port cable. Plug one end of the cable on your MTP Media and the opposite end to the your car via Usb Hub. Your MTP will be displayed on your car with interface the same on your MTP device so that you can easy to use.	orini	
					LG Election of allowed	Usb Hub. Your MTP will be displayed on your car with interface the same on your MTP device so that you can easy to use.		

AVN	Navigation	ETA	P0	Estimated Time of Arrival	The ETA option is the time when a ship, vehicle, aircraft, cargo, emergency service or person is expected to arrive at a certain place.	Route calculation a ETA (Estimate Time of Arrival) has to calculate by the system with following parameter:  - Average speed (Database attribute of related street segment)  - Time dependent average speed (traffic pattern) is available  - Maneuvre Penalties  - Road Furniture Penalties  During operation, the device recalls the average driving velocity for the inputted driver over each different type of thoroughfare traversed. Using prestored average velocity data, the device calculates an initial estimated time en route and an estimated time of arrival for a desired route. The device continues to receive GPS data as to the driver's position and velocity and updates the average velocity record for that driver on the specific type of thoroughfare. As the average velocity fluctuates, the device adjusts the estimated time en route and the estimated time of arrival. The device further has control processes for potentially erroneous sampling. The device has a predetermined threshold in which data inputs below that threshold will not be averaged into the memory.	
AVN	Navigation	GPS Device	P0	<u>G</u> lobal <u>P</u> ositioning <u>S</u> ystem Device	A GPS device, GPS receiver, or simply GPS is a device that is capable of receiving information from GPS satellites and then to calculate the device's geographical position	Just connect GPS cable to the port on HU correctly and wait for some time (about 1 minute).  After that, check the Map screen, it will display your current location base on GPS data, and local time should be changed too.	
AVN	Navigation	POI	P0	<u>P</u> oint <u>O</u> f <u>I</u> nterest	POI is a specific point location that someone may find useful or interesting.  Most consumers use the term when referring to hotels, campsites, fuel stations or any other categories used in modern (automotive) navigation systems	Example: Press Navigation SK on HU, display Navigation screen. Press POI SK then display POI category (hospital, medical services, pharmacies, police station,) or POI name. Chose anything so display POI alow category or name. AVN displays all place of POI around your destinaton	

AVN	Navigation	Routing	P0	N/A	Routing is the process of selecting a path for traffic in a network, or between or across multiple networks.  In navigation, routing is a process to suggest a route from a start position to a destination.			SOT E Wood directors St. Tourspace F  BOS E Zack St. Tampa, FL 3355C  CS  Analysis of Parks of Plants Mr 825 See 2  P St
AVN	Navigation	ТВТ	P0	<u>T</u> urn- <u>B</u> y- <u>T</u> urn	Turn-by-turn systems typically is feature of some GPS navigation devices. It uses an electronic voice to inform the user whether to turn left or right, the street name, and how much distance to the turn	For example: 'Enter Navigation feature (Tap Navigation icon on screen) -> Then select location -> vehicle is run by simulator -> Turn by Turn is executed.		O.3 Post Section Secti
AVN	Phone call	(Phone) Active Call	P0	N/A	When you answer an incoming call or interact with a hold call, it's Active Call	Have incoming call to HU or make outgoing call from HU to another phone, keep the call on HU.  For example, In case that device 1 is connected to Head Unit via Bluetooth or Phone projection (CarPlay, Android Auto). There are 2 ways to make an active call:  - Device 1 receive incoming call from device 2 => device 1 accept call in Head Unit screen, after that, active call occurs  - Make outgoing from device 1 to device 2 => device 2 accept call in device side => Active call	dPrint	Oliver Oti-08  Solution  Oliver Oti-08  Solution  Okara  O
					ot allowed			

AVN	Phone call	3 way call	P0	N/A	A type of phone call that helps 3 users can speak together.	One of ways to make 3-way call is below:  - Step 1. Make 1st incoming call from device 2 to device 1  - Step 2. On device 1, accept the 1st incoming call (1st call)  - Step 3. Make 2nd incoming call from device 3 to device 1  - Step 4. On device 1, accept the 2nd incoming call, after that, the 1st call will be inhold call automatically. (2nd Call)  - Step 5. In device 1, merge 1st Call and 2nd Call by press "3 way call" button.  - After that, the 3-way call is established.  Note: In some projects (MIB3), "3 way call" is a configuration option that you shall set up for AVN by using tool (ODIS). When "3 way call" is enable, user can make a conference call (more than or equal 3 users can speak together)	dprint	
AVN	Phone call	Call State	P0	N/A	There are some Call State with from start a call to hang up call: 0 - Call Start 1 - Incomming Call 2 - Call Failed - reconnection 3 - Call Failed 4 - Call Connecting 5 - Call Connected 6 - Call data sending 7 - Call ended	40, Coby		
AVN	Phone call	Conference call	PO	N/A	A type of phone call that helps 3 or more users can speak together.	One of ways to make conference call is below: - Step 1. Make 1st incoming call from device 2 to device 1 => Accept Call (1st Call) - Step 2. In device 1, push on "Add" (phone) button then choose contact you want to call Step 3. On other phones, accept the call from devce 1 After that, the conference call is established.		Contact Caller Contac

AVN	Phone call	DTMF	P0	<u>D</u> ual <u>T</u> one <u>M</u> ultiple <u>F</u> requencies	Dual Tone Multiple Frequencies: is the signal to the phone company that you generate when you press an ordinary telephone's touch keys	With DTMF, each key you press on your phone generates two tones of specific frequencies. So that a voice can't imitate the tones, one tone is generated from a high-frequency group of tones and the other from a low frequency group		
AVN	Phone call	Hands-free calling	P0	N/A	Hands-free (or Hands-free) calling is a call mode. User listens via speaker of HU/AVN/Bench and speaks via mic of HU/AVN/Bench without using phone in hand.	- Step 1. Connect Phone to AVN via Bluetooth or phone projection, setting for sound ouput via AVN Step 2. Phone receive incoming call - Step 3. Accept call by press "accept" button on AVN screen => After that, you can speak/listen to Caller by using AVN		
AVN	Phone call	Hold Call	P0	N/A	In telephony, a call may be placed on hold, in which case the connection is not terminated but no verbal communication is possible until the call is removed from hold by the same or another extension on the key telephone system. Music on hold or on hold messaging may be played for the caller while the call is on hold, especially if the call has been placed to a customer service center.  For example: when a call (1st call) is active and user receive 2nd incoming call, he/she hold the 1st call and activate the 2nd incoming call.	- Step 1. Make 1st incoming call from device 2 to device 1 - Step 2. Accept the call - Step 3. Make 2nd incoming call from device 3 to device 1 - Step 4. Accept 2nd Call and Hold 1st Call => The 1st Call will be on Hold	d Prillie	
AVN	Phone call	Incoming call	P0	N/A	Is a call from other phone to your phone	When device 1 makes a call to Device 2, we can say that: => Device 1 makes an outgoing call to Device 2 => Device 2 receives an incoming call from Device 1		Incoming Call 13761232876  Accept  Reject

AVN	Phone call	Merge Call	P0		Is a phone feature to combine 2 incoming phone calls into a 3-way call	- Step 1. Make 1st incoming call from device 2 to device 1 - Step 2. On device 1, accept the 1st incoming call (1st call) - Step 3. Make 2nd incoming call from device 3 to device 1 - Step 4. On device 1, accept the 2nd incoming call, after that, the 1st call will be inhold call automatically. (2nd Call) - Step 5. On device 1, merge 1st Call and 2nd Call After that, the 3-way call is established		Ping Soriano hold Ethan 00:06    Washington   Washington
AVN	Phone call	Outgoing call	P0	N/A	Is a call from our phone to other phone	When device 1 makes a call to Device 2, we can say that: => Device 1 makes an outgoing call to Device 2 => Device 2 receives an incoming call from Device 1	dPrint	Loc Davoy Asses and a color of the color of
AVN	Phone call	Speed dial	P0	N/A	Is a quickly way to make phone call to a frequent calling number without typing all input number	- On Phone Setting, choose Speed Dial, input the phone number and select the number you want to store For example: You often call to number 091234567, input that number with number "1" to store. Then when you want to call the phone number, just long press number 1, Phone will automatically make outgoing call to that number.		
AVN	Phone call	Switching calls	P0	N/A	Change connection between 2 parallel phone calls by user	- Step 1. Phone 1 is connected to HU via BT Step 2. Make an incoming call (Call1) to Phone 1 Step 3. Accept call on HU Step 4. Make another incoming call (Call2) to Phone 1 Step 5. User can accept the Call2 on HU> it means that user switch call from call 1 to call 2. *Note: To do this feature on HU, user needs to setup depend on requirement of each OEM.		

AVN	Phone call	Voicemail	P0	N/A	Any system of conveying a stored telecommunications voice messages, including using an answering machine	Voicemail systems are designed to convey a caller's recorded audio message to a recipient. To do so they contain a user interface to select, play, and manage messages; a delivery method to either play or otherwise deliver the message; and a notification ability to inform the user of a waiting message. Most systems use phone networks, either cellular- or landline-based, as the conduit for all of these functions. Some systems may use multiple telecommunications methods, permitting recipients and callers to retrieve or leave messages through multiple methods such as PCs, PDA, Cellphones or Smartphones.	orint	
AVN	Phone call	Phonebook	Р0	IN/A	It is the contacts list that contains an alphabetical list of the names, images, addresses, and telephone numbers, of the contacts which stored on device	- Phonebook will download on to the system (HU) base on permisson + First pairing: user have to set permission on popup (access phonebook data, message or not) + Paired: user can change permission on BT setting (device or HU) - Phonebook will be updated when reconnecting or has changed or countimer expired, (base on project) - Downloading completed, Phonebook will show on the system	Danh bạ điện thoại	
AVN	Phone Projection	AAVR	P0	<u>A</u> ndroid <u>A</u> uto <u>V</u> oice <u>R</u> ecognition	AAVR or voice commands supported by Android Auto.     It helps drivers can fully control their car's infotainment system with their voice.	Talk to Google To control Android Auto, you can take to Google, Streety follow these steps:  Use Android Auto on your phone screen  1. Say '00 coopy's a select the recognitive &  2. sea us they point are the beer  3. Say what poul list to so  Use Android Auto on your car display  1. Say '07 coopy'; press and hold the soles command button on your diserring wheel, or select the recognitive  2. seat usify you have the beers  3. Say what you'll list to do.		

AVN	Phone Projection	Google VR	P0	<b>G</b> oogle <b>⊻</b> oice <u>R</u> ecognition	Google Voice recognition: Google Voice is a telephony service that provides call forwarding and voicemail services, voice and text messaging, as well as U.S. and international call termination for Google Account customers			
AVN	Phone Projection	GPM	P0	<u>G</u> oogle <u>P</u> lay <u>M</u> usic	podcast streaming application and online	In common, Android Auto uses GPM to play music, user need to install GPM in Mobile device to run on AA.		Appeter being bein
AVN	Phone Projection	SIRI	P0	N/A	Apple personal voice assistance, available on iOS devices	cs pc	dPrint	What can I help you with?
AVN	Phone Projection	Wireless Carplay	P0	N/A	Lightning cable, allowing an iPhone to	and will connection with in-car system		
					connect to an in-car system wirelessly.			

AVN	Phone Projection	AA / AAP	Р0	<u>A</u> ndroid <u>A</u> uto/ <u>A</u> ndroid <u>A</u> uto <u>P</u> rojection	- Android Auto is a mobile app developed by Google to mirror features from an Android device to a car's compatible head unit (AVN).  '- Android Auto is a simpler way to use your phone in the car so you can stay focused on the road. This app supports Google maps/navigation, music/media player, phone call, SMS, google assistant (by voice).	Because in Vietnam is not supported Android Auto, so you can not download Android Auto directly from Google App store.  If you want to install Android auto, you should install from external files to your Android phone:  - Step1: Go to Settings > Lock screen and security > Enable Unknown Sources > OK (do this step to allow your device to install a program not from Google Store)  - Step2: Download Android Auto APK and copy it to the Device Storage  - SteP2: Go to File Manager on Phone > Browse the APK file > Open and Install	dprint	android Outo
AVN	Phone Projection	Baidu CarLife	P0	NI/A	Baidu CarLife is an app that can run on Android or iOS devices. It uses Baidu's own voice control engine, similar to Siri or Google Voice.	Operating system required in mobiphone: Android 4.1 / IOS 7 and above. Users can connect their cars and smartphones via Wifi or USB cable. CarLife supports navigation, hands-free calling and music steaming.		TOTAL STATE OF THE

AVN	Phone Projection	СР	P0	Apple <b>C</b> ar <b>P</b> lay	Apple CarPlay is a mobile app developed by Apple to mirror features from an iOS device to a car's compatible head unit.  Apple CarPlay available on iOS phone and supports maps/navigation, media player, phone call, SMS, voice and apps from iOS device	Device must have carplay application with at least IOS 7.1 HU must enable Carplay at setup device connection, time set is realtime and the same time on device. when complete device and HU, icon CP on HU is appear, tap icon to display CP screen then you can use on HU with funtions: music, phone, map, CarPlay function and Siri on the phone must be turned on before connecting - To connect device with HU, using cable: plug one into your mobile device and the USB port on HU CarPlay is connected, BT is disabled for CarPlay device, user can use phone functions on vehicle like: music, phone, map,	dprint	
AVN	Phone Projection	MirrorLink	PO	N/A	smartphone and a car's infotainment system. MirrorLink transforms smartphones into automotive application platforms where apps are hosted and run on the smartphone while drivers and passengers interact with them through the steering wheel controls, dashboard	MirrorLink currently works with Symbian phones (only Nokia Belle phones), Samsung Galaxy series (on Android Lollipop (5.0)), and Sony Xperia Z series Android phones. Sony audic has launched two audio head units in 2012 Q2, which are MirrorLink compliant. Phone maker Motorola and audio head unit maker Alpine are also members of the group supporting MirrorLink. Alpine will offer MirrorLink based aftermarket systems in the US in 2013. VW will offer MirrorLink based infotainment systems starting with its 2nd generation MIB infotainment hardware starting in 2014 with the new Polo		Mirror Link  Go gle
AVN	Phone Projection	Native Navi	P0	N/A	Embedded Navigation (OEM Navigation): Navigation is a field of study that focuses on the process of monitoring and controlling the movement of vehicle from one place to another, Native Navigation is used to indicate the navigation application of Head Unit, not navigation application of android auto or carplay.	Native Navi is the navigation application of head Unit. This word to distinguish with navigation application of the projection .		

AVN	Phone Projection	Projection	P0	N/A	Certain devices that support broadcasting their screen or app functionality onto the vehicle interface. This shall be launched from the Home screen Projection icon. Ex: Apple CarPlay, Android Auto, Baidu Carlife			
AVN	Projection	MRL/ ML	Р0	MirrorLink	steering wheel controls, dashboard buttons and touch screens of their car's In-Vehicle Infotainment (IVI) system.[1]  MirrorLink utilizes a set of well-established, non-proprietary technologies such as IP, USB, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Real-Time Protocol (PTP, for audio) and	To connect device AA with HU, using cable: plug one into your mobile device and the USB port on HU.  Device AA must have Mirrolink app Setup time set is realtime and the same time on device or setup the year is 2015 up to. when complete device and HU, icon ML on HU is appear, tap icon to display ML screen. so you can use MLink HU the same MLink on device with any funtion: music, radio when connect device with HU, BT of device connect with BT HU too.if have any BT other device connect ML complete, BT of device auto connect with HU and auto disconnect other BT	d Print	
AVN	Radio	Adjacent Channel	P0	N/A	Adjacent Channels are AM, FM, or TV channels that are next to another channel.     Their information is used to minimize their interference			Channel  Adjacent channels

AVN	Radio	AF	P0	Alternative Frequency	- AF is a field contained in FM-RDS (Radio Data System) data - It allows a receiver to re-tune to a different frequency providing the same station when the first signal becomes too weak.	- Enable AF feature for radio receiver of the moving vehicle Tune to the station that broadcasts FM-RDS with AF When singnal of the main station gets too weak, radio receiver automatically switches to alternative frequency of the same station continously		
AVN	Radio	AM	P0	Amplitude Modulation	- AM is a modulation technique used for transmitting information via radio carrier wave. In amplitude modulation, the amplitude (signal strength) of the carrier wave is varied in proportion to that of the message signal being transmitted. The message signal is, for example, a function of the sound to be reproduced by a loudspeaker, or the light intensity of pixels of a television screen - AM carrier frequencies are in the frequency range 535-1605 kHz.	31CS 1 31C	dPrint	Tin hiệu âm din Diệu chế AM Ampliture Moducation Tin hiệu cao tilm Sông mang
AVN	Radio	Direct Tune	P0	N/A	Direct Tune is to tune a radio station by inputing/selecting its specific frequency.	In Manual Tune mode, rotate the dial or touch the screen frequency. You can change the frequency by dragging while touching.		Direct Tune 92.5 4 5 6 7 8 9 × 0 90
AVN	Radio	FM	P0	Frequency Modulation	Frequency modulation (FM) is the encoding of information in a carrier wave by varying the instantaneous frequency of the wave.  This contrasts with amplitude modulation, in which the amplitude of the carrier wave varies, while the frequency remains constant.  - FM transmission have a broadcast wave 87.5–108 MHz	The most obvious method of applying modulation to a signal is to superimpose the audio signal onto the amplitude of the carrier. However this is by no means the only method which can be employed. It is also possible to vary the frequency of the signal to give frequency modulation or FM		\$ignal
AVN	Radio	HD Radio	P0			Note: IBOC is a hybrid method of transmitting digital radio and analog radio broadcast signals simultaneously on the same frequency		BANO  PECINTON  17:21  MEDIA  1015 Hei KGB -FM  SOLINO  REAL-PURIE  Led Zeppetin  VOICE  Staliway To Heaven  MENU  PM  B  GCD  AG  RO  RO  MOTE  MUTE  MATE  AG  SOLINO  MATE  AG  MATE  A

AVN	Radio	PI	P0	Programme Identification	- PI in FM-RDS is the unique 4 character hexadecimal code that identifies the station Every station receives a specific code with a country prefix. This allows for quick identification of radio program type, based on country, coverage area, and program reference number. While the country code is specified by the standard, bit 11 to bit 0 is specified by each country local authorities.	PI is provided by radio stations transmitting Radio Data System (RDS) data as part of the FM radio broadcast. The PI code allows the radio to display the name of the radio station.		PI Code Nibble 0 Nibble 1 Nibble 2 Nibble 3  Meaning Country Code Program Area Coverage Program Reference Number  Bit Position b15 b12 b11 b8 b7 b4 b3 b0
AVN	Radio	PS / PSN	P0	<u>P</u> rogram <u>S</u> ervice / <u>P</u> rogram <u>S</u> ervice <u>N</u> ame	Personalization, broadly known as customization, consists of tailoring a service or a product to accommodate specific individuals, sometimes tied to groups or segments of individuals	Create a new profile for each car driver	Print	FM  Generalize  106.9  Program Service  BBC R4  There can be up to 54 characters of text here
AVN	Radio	Radio tuner	P0	N/A	A tuner is a subsystem that receives radio frequency (RF) transmissions like radio broadcasts and converts the selected carrier frequency and its associated bandwidth into a fixed frequency that is suitable for further processing, usually because a lower frequency is used on the output.	Broadcast FM/AM transmissions usually feed this intermediate frequency (IF) directly into a demodulator that convert the radio signal into audio-frequencysignals that can be fed into an amplifier to drive a loudspeaker.	O	
AVN	Radio	Digital Radio Tester/ Radio Signal Generator	P0	N/A	- It is a device that supports digital audio like DAB, DAB+, DMB, DRM30, DRM+; analog radio AM, FM and embedded-digital-signal radio as FM-RDS - It supports radio frequency output from 10dBM ~-120 dBM	http://collab.lge.com/main/x/2t1qLg		Next to the second of the seco
AVN	Radio	RDS/RBDS	P0	<u>R</u> adio <u>D</u> ata <u>S</u> ystem/ <u>R</u> adio <u>B</u> roadcast <u>D</u> ata <u>S</u> ystem	- RDS/RBDS is a communications protocol standard for embedding small amounts of digital information in conventional FM radio broadcasts, for example: PSN, Pl RDS is official name used by European Broadcasting Union - RBDS is official name used for US			

AVN	Radio	RF	P0	<u>R</u> adio <u>F</u> requency	- Radio frequency (RF) refers to the oscillation rate of electromagnetic radio waves Its range: 3 kHz to 300 GHz			
AVN	Radio	RT	P0	<u>R</u> adio <u>T</u> ext	- RT is a 64-character field in the RDS/RBDS standards. - It's used as either a static (such as station slogans) or dynamic display (such as the title and artist)	- For radio receiver, setting For FM-RDS must be ENABLED.		Cooperation RADIO TEXT (RT)  106.9  BBC R4  There can be up to 64 characters of text here
AVN	Radio	SEEK DOWN operation	P0	N/A	Go to previous radio station			
AVN	Radio	SEEK UP operation	P0	N/A	Go to next radio station		*	
AVN	Radio	TA	P0	<u>T</u> raffic <u>A</u> nnouncement	- The Traffic Announcement Identification flag (TA) is used to indicate an ongoing traffic announcement - The tuner can use TA to auto-switch to FM tuner if another audio source is selected	1. TP = 1, TA = 1: <b>Ongoing traffic announcement</b> on present program 2. TP = 1, TA = 0: Traffic program itself offers traffic program 3. TP = 0, TA = 0: Program offers no traffic program 4. TP = 0, TA = 1: Traffic program is offered via an EON (Enhanced Other Networks) referenced program	d Prillie	
AVN	Radio	TP	P0	<u>T</u> raffic <u>P</u> rogramme	- The Traffic Program identification flag (TP) is used to identify stations that offer traffic program '- The signal shall be taken into account during automatic search tuning.	- TP = 0: Program offers no traffic program - TP = 1: Traffic program itself offers traffic program		
AVN	Radio	DAB	P0	<u>D</u> igital <u>A</u> udio <u>B</u> roadcasting	Digital audio broadcasting (DAB) is a digital radio standard for broadcasting digital audio radio services, used in countries across Europe, the Middle East and Asia Pacific.	DAB uses a wide-bandwidth broadcast technology and typically spectra have been allocated for it in Band III (174–240 MHz) and L band (1.452–1.492 GHz), although the scheme allows for operation between 30 and 300 MHz.  The DAB system hardware and software shall be compliant with the DAB, DAB+ and DMB-A standards		

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AVN	Radio	DAB Anouncement	P0	N/A	- DAB Announcement is a short audio message that interupts the current DAB radio mode There are about 11 announcement types: + Alarm + Road Trafic flash + Transport flash + Warning/Service + News flash + Area weather flash + Event announcement + Special event + Programme Information + Sport report	In vehicle, to receive DAB announcment, driver shall enable the settings for Announcement.	X SETTINGS  Traffic announcements (TA) Off On On News - Weather Off On On Sport - Programm info Off On On Flash - Unforeseen events	DAB traffic announcement:  SRF 1+  Cancel Deactivate
AVN	Radio	DRM	P0	Digital Radio Mondiale	Digital Radio Mondiale (DRM; mondiale being Italian and French for "worldwide") is the universal, openly standardised digital broadcasting system for all broadcasting frequencies up to 300 MHz, including the AM bands (LF, MF, HF) and VHF bands I, II (FM band) and III. DRM is greener, clearer, wider, bigger, better quality & audio content and cost efficient than analogue radio; it provides digital sound quality and the ease-of-use that comes from digital radio, combined with a wealth of	DRM system is specifically designed to allow the new digital transmissions to co-exist with the current analogue broadcasts, and a significant amount of work has been undertaken to quantify the operating parameters that assure mutual analogue and digital compatibility. Hence the changeover from analogue to digital broadcasting can be phased over a period of time, which in turn allows existing broadcasters to spread therequired investment to meet any budgetary constraints. Furthermore, unlike some other digital systems, the DRM system has been designed to allow suitable analogue transmitters to be modified to switch easily between digital and analogue broadcasts. This can significantly reduce the initial investment cost for a broadcaster. An additional budgetary benefit is the reduction of transmission energy costs.		JORN Transmission  signal over the air  Modulator  DBM Modulator  DBM Multiplex  DBM Multiplex  DBM Multiplex  DBM Multiplex  DBM Demodulated signal  Demodulated signal  Studio and Data  Studio  Broadcasting  Figure 5.2: Simple DRM Broadcast chain

AVN	Radio	SXM/XM/ Sirius	P0	Sirius Stream X-Machine	SXM/XM/ Sirius: is satellite radio (SDARS) and online radio services in the United States and Canada, operated by Sirius XM Holdings.	It provided pay-for-service radio, analogous to cable television. Its service included 73 different music channels, 39 news, sports, talk and entertainment channels, 21 regional traffic and weather channels and 23 play-by-play sports channels. XM channels were identified by Arbitron with the label "XM"		
AVN	Radio	iTunes radio	P0	N/A	iTunes radio is an Internet radio service by Apple Inc. that let users listen to automatically generated playlists based on direct input as well as collected data on music preferences.	iTunes Radio was a free, ad-supported service available to all iTunes users, featuring Siri integration on iOS. Users were able to skip tracks, customize stations, and purchase the station's songs from the iTunes Store.Users could also search through their history of previous songs.	print	
AVN	Radio	Block Explicit	P0	N/A	It is a setting s to block/allow explicit content to display or play.  The explicit content is applied when the lyrics or content of a song or a music video, streaming contain one or more of the following criteria which could be considered offensive or unsuitable for children: strong language, violence, mental abuse, sexualised behavior, racist, homophobic, misogunistic or other language that could be considered discriminatory; dangerous or ciminal behaviour.	Set ON means the explicit content will be	Chế độ chặn thông tin nhạy cảm, bạo lực (thường dùng khi gia đình có trẻ em)	
AVN	Voice Recognitio n	ASR	P0		- Automatic speech recognition (ASR) is the use of computer hardware and software-based techniques to identify and process human voice: + Convert spoken words into computer text + Authenticate users via their voice + Perform actions based on the instructions defined by the human	User input audio signal, ASR will identify and process this signal then output text into the system		

AVN	Voice Recognitio n	STT	P0	<b>S</b> peech <u>T</u> o <u>T</u> ext	- Speech to Text: is a software/function/characteristic of electronic system that transforms spoken voice into text - It is also known as automatic speech recognition (ASR), computer speech recognition or Speech recognition.	- "speech to text" (STT) is used some methodologies and technologies that enables the recognition and translation of spoken language into text by computers.  - After that, display the text on the destination screen or send it to the other functions.			
AVN	Voice Recognitio n	TTS	P0	<u>T</u> ext <u>T</u> o <u>S</u> peech	Text To Speech: is a software/function/characteristic of eletronic system that converts text into spoken voice output.	- User input text with the supported format into the text box in some functions like Email, Messaging, Multimedia Message Service System will translate text to voice data and readout those text following speed rate value: Slow, Medium, and Fast			
AVN	Voice Recognitio n	VR / SR	P0	<u>V</u> oice <u>R</u> ecognition / <u>S</u> peech <u>R</u> ecognition	Voice or speech recognition is the ability of a machine or program to receive and interpret dictation, or to understand and carry out spoken commands.	- With IOS device: Press Home button to open voice recognition - With Android device: Choose icon google voice When user don't connect any device and selecting language support VR, press and hold PTT to display VR then the speech recognizer "hearing" what you said and perform commands of speaker	dPrillie		
	recognizer hearing* what you said and perform commands of speaker								

Cluster	Common	ACC	P0	Adaptive Cruise Control	maintain a safe distance from vehicles ahead. This is also known as Dynamic cruise control.	Using the signals from the radar sensor, the control unit computes the distance to the vehicle ahead and your car's speed relative to it. It also works out its lateral position on multilane roads. If there are several vehicles within the sensor's field of coverage at the same time, this information is used to select which of the vehicles the system should track. The radar sensor is not capable of detecting stationary obstructions, such as the end of a tailback or crash barriers, however. If approaching a slower vehicle ahead or if another vehicle cuts in front of you, the adaptive cruise control slows down the car by initiating corrective controls in the engine management and, if necessary, in the braking system too. If the required rate of deceleration exceeds 30% of the vehicle's maximum stopping power, visual and audible warning signals will prompt the driver to apply the brakes manually.	Hệ thống điều khiển hành trình chủ động ACC – Adaptive Cruise Control có khả năng duy trì tốc độ theo ý muốn của tài xế, nó còn cảnh báo va chạm và hỗ trợ giảm tốc trong trường hợp cần thiết. Công nghệ ACC – Adaptive Cruise Control là sự nâng cấp từ tính năng ga tự động Cruise Control, nhằm tăng sự an toàn và tính tiện dụng cho người lái xe.  Ưu điểm: + Giúp người lái thư giãn hơn khi vận hành phương tiện + Giúp tiết kiệm nhiên liệu hơn (Khoảng 30%) + Giúp kiểm soát được tốc độ cho phép  Nhược điểm: + Chỉ thích hợp khi sử dụng trên đường cao tốc, đường phẳng ít chướng ngại vật + Dẫn đến tâm lý chủ quan khi vận hành	3 4 5 6 7 100 = 400 m 100 = 400 m 100 = 400 m 100 = 400 m 100 m 100 = 400 m 100 m 10
Cluster	Common	ASIL	PO	<u>A</u> utomotive <u>S</u> afety <u>I</u> ntegrity <u>L</u> evel	ASIL is a risk classification scheme defined by the ISO 26262 - Functional Safety for Road Vehicles standard. There are four ASILs identified by the standard:  1. ASIL A  2. ASIL B  3. ASIL C  4. ASIL D  ASIL D dictates the highest integrity requirements on the product and ASIL A the lowest.	The determination of ASIL is the result of hazard analysis and risk assessment. In the context of ISO 26262, a hazard is assessed based on the relative impact of hazardous effects related to a system, as adjusted for relative likelihoods of the hazard manifesting those effects. That is, each hazard is assessed in terms of severity of possible injuries within the context how much of the time a vehicle is exposed to the possibility of the hazard happening as well as the relative likelihood that a typical driver can act to prevent the injury		Typical Automotive Classifications  Real glat.  Soft add the common to t

Cluster	Common	Fuel Gauge	P0	N/A	The fuel gauge shows approximately how much fuel is remaining in the tank	When the ignition is switched ON, the fuel gauge shows approximately how much fuel is remaining in the tank.		F COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
Cluster	Common	Hazard	P0		An warning light and button use to trigger others in case your car in emegency. Hazard warning lights are a pair of intermittent flashing indicator lights that flash in unison to warn other drivers that the vehicle is a temporary obstruction. They are also called hazard flashers and hazard lights. Different countries use hazard warning lights in different ways. In New Zealand we wouldn't use them on a motorway to warn other drivers that we're slowing down, but in the UK this is recommended.	Press this button to make the front and rear turn signal lamps flash on and off. Press again to turn the flashers off. When the hazard warning flashers are on, the vehicle's turn signals will not work.	dPrint	
Cluster	Common	Night Vision	P0	N/A	An automotive night vision system uses a thermographic camera to increase a driver's perception and seeing distance in darkness or poor weather beyond the reach of the vehicle's headlights	Displays and scales the height and width of the the NightVision picture The street ahead of the car is filmed with a night vision camera and the corresponding picture is displayed on the instrument cluster. The feature night vision has a detection system for pedestrians and animals. If a pedestrian or an animal is detected on the street then the driver gets a warning signal (collision warning). This detection system only works when it's dark enough. During bright daylight, the detection system do not work but the screen is still available.		NIGHT VISION PEDESTRIAN AND ANIMAL DETECTION   Next-Gen
Cluster	Common	Odometer	P0	N/A	Odometer is an Instrument for measuring the distance traveled (as by a vehicle). In countries using Imperial units or US customary units it is sometimes called a mileometer or milometer (unit: miles), others use the kilometer (unit: km).	Display the total driven distance of the car	PRNDLELI  After reaching the maximum reading, an odometer or trip meter restarts from zero, called odometer rollover. [0] idlal odometers may not rollover. [15]	4050 60 70 80 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90

Cluster	Common	Personalizatio n	Р0	N/A	Personalization configuration for user accounts	- Loads and executes the parameter data set of detected user accounts Displays the account information - This function possible to save or saves automaticcally all car specific settings of vehicle( e.g. seat setting, assistance system). The user is recoginezed through the entry key and the setting are adapted according to the specific user account.  The PopUp "Personalization" Welcomes the driver with his name. The control panel and settings of personalization are located in the MIB. The PopUp is used for welcoming the user.  1 Welcome message Here the welcome message is displayed with the name of the current driver profile (e.g. Mr. Müller). Note: The welcome message PopUp should have a timeout of 4000 ms (codable).	dprint	
Cluster	Common	RDK / TPMS	P0	<u>R</u> eifen <u>D</u> ruck <u>K</u> ontrolle (means Tire Pressure Control) / <u>Tire Presure</u> <u>M</u> onitoring <u>S</u> ystem	Displays tire Temperature and its pressure. RDK was jointly developed by Bosch GmbH and Porsche AG.	Display temperature for 4 wheels The temperature have one of the following state: 1. Hot = red color highlight 2. Warm = no color highlight 3. Cold = blue color highlight		HOT WARM  COLD WARM
Cluster	Common	Speedometer	P0	N/A	A <b>speedometer</b> or a speed meter is a gauge that measures and displays the instantaneous speed of a vehicle	https://www.explainthatstuff.com/how- speedometer-works.html		40 80 100 120 20 140 200 140 2

Cluster	Common	Tachometer	P0	N/A	The tachometer is an instrument for measuring the speed of the rotation of an engine	A tachometer is a sensor device used to measure the rotation speed of an object such as the engine shaft in a car, and is usually restricted to mechanical or electrical instruments. This device indicates the revolutions per minute (RPM) performed by the object.		3 x1000 RPM
Cluster	Common	Telltale	P0	N/A	Telltale Indicators are Graphical Icons and/or Text displayed in the Cluster that indicate the state of a vehicle system or subsystem to the user. Such states include ON/OFF, ENAbLED/DISAbLED, WARNING, etc.  Telltale is an indicator of malfunction of a system within a motor vehicle by an illuminated symbol or text legend	When active, they must always be shown and must not be obscured by any other graphics.	Print	
Cluster	Common	Temperature gauge	P0	N/A	A temperature gauge is used to indicate the temperature of an item being monitored.  The temperature gauge in your vehicle is designed to indicate the temperature of your engine's <b>coolant</b> . This gauge will tell you if your engine's coolant is cold, normal, or overheating. It is an important dial that is located on the dashboard of your vehicle	to Coby sin		120 10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Cluster	Common	Trip computer	P0	N/A	A trip computer is a computer fitted to some cars; most modern trip computers record, calculate, and display the distance travelled, the average speed, the average fuel consumption, and real-time fuel consumption.	Example: A trip is available when IGN ON Includes below information: + Outside temperature + Traveled distance + Average Fuel consumption + Average speed + Time		AVG MPG: 21 AVG MPH: 26 DIST: 979 TIME 36:24

Clust	er Com	mmon	Warning light	PO	N/A	Array of dashboard warning lights to let driver know an issue with the car.	Displays warning lights as LCD icon and LED (Refer Cluster warning indicator for details).  Example: + Seatbelt indicator: You're not wearing your seatbelt + Airbag indicator: there's something faulty with the airbags + Brake warning light: it's likely that you left your handbrake on, or your car is low on brake fluid		
Clust	er Con	mmon i	Warning Messages	P0	N/A	Message inform to drivers about possible issue if the car have something wrong	Displays warning messages as popup in consideration of priority	a Print	SEE OWNER'S MANUAL
Teler s	natic App	plication	AACN / ACN	Р0	Collision Notification /	An automatic crash notification system is an emerging safely technology designed to notify emergency responders that a crash has occurred and provide crash data.	When vehicle has collision, the sensors in vehicle will send crash/collision signal to ACN system. This system will send signal to vehicle network. When telematics receives this signal, it will make an emergency call to call center.	ACN/AACN là hệ thống cảnh báo va chạm/ đụng độ. Khi xe bị va chạm, các sensor lắp trên xe sẽ gửi tín hiệu va chạm đến hệ thống ACN/AACN. Hệ thống cảnh báo va chạm sẽ phân tích tín hiệu va chạm và quyết định có cảnh báo không. Khi xác định là tín hiệu va chạm cần cảnh báo, hệ thống sẽ gửi tín hiệu cảnh báo va chạm vào mạng lưới xe để các ECU khác có thể nhận được tín hiệu này. Ví dụ 1: Đối với thiết bị telematics, khi nhận được tín hiệu cảnh báo này sẽ thực hiện cuộc gọi khẩn cấp lên tổng đài để thông báo về việc xe bị va chạm. Ví dụ 2: Đối với thiết bị AVN, khi nhận được tín hiệu cảnh báo, sẽ hiển thị màn hình cảnh báo khẩn cấp.	

Telematic s	Application	Ecall	P0	Emergency <u>Call</u>	Emergency Call is a call which is made by telematics device to emergency call center. In GM telematics, ecall is the name for emergency call in EU market only.	The emergency call can be made automatically upon collision detection or via driver request by pressing HMI button		
Telematic s	Application	ECSL	P0	Emergency <u>C</u> all <u>S</u> equence <u>L</u> ogging	Fuction to store a number of latest emergency call log in internal memory of telematic device. These data can be get by server to analysis purpose.	For example: telematics box will store two latest emergency call log and then call center can request to get this information for more analysis.		
Telematic s	Application	Emergency Button	P0	N/A	Emergency Button is deployed on vehicle to help user trigger an emergency call to connect to Emergency Call Center. Common names of emergency button: SOS button, Ecall button.	The common case is to press and release the button in a time (depend on the requirement) to trigger a call.	int.	
Telematic s	Application	External MIC	P0	External <u>Mic</u> rophone	External microphone is another microphone is installed in car which supports only for telematics call (main microphone is typically in head unit)	In common, when a telematic call (Example: emergency call), the driver will automatically use the external microphone and external speaker (the main ones is mute).	9 P///	
Telematic s	Application	MSD	P0	<u>M</u> inimum <u>S</u> et of <u>D</u> ata	MSD is required for Emergency call. Typically, MSD includes following information (which depends on the legal requirements in different region): + Position + Time of the accident + Direction of the travel + Vehicle Identification number + MSD provides information of vehicle at the time of the emergency.	When emergency call is triggered, Telematics box will send MSD to server via telecommunication channel		Moet Appropriate PSAP  Vehicle in Voice (112)  MSD  MSD
Telematic s	Application	PSAP	P0	Public-Safety Answering Point	A public-safety answering point, sometimes called "public-safety access point", is a call center responsible for answering calls to an emergency telephone number for police, firefighting, and ambulance services. It is commonly used in Canada, United States.	The call center to help people to solve problem related to public-safety like 113-114-115 in Vietnam.		

Telematic s	Application	Auth Code	P0	Authentication Code	In telematics, some application required authentication process between telematics device with other component to ensure the certification connection.  Authentication code is stored in both telematics unit and the other for ensure security of communication.	For example: + Authentication code between telematics unit with the call center server. + Authentication code between 2 ECUs inside vehicle		
Telematic s	Application	Provision / Provisioning / Subcriber (GM)	Р0	N/A	The term Provisioning (JLR, BMW, Toyota, Geely) or Account/Subcriber (GM), which originated in telecommunications, is the act of acquiring a service.  Example: Vehicle manufacturer provides a list of telematics services/application for driver to choose (emergency call, remote control, broken car support).  The services was selected by driver (he/she may need to pay for them) are provisioning with him/her (he can use these services).  Otherwise, the services which he didn't pay or not included in the telematic product are unprovisioning.	Provisioning or Subcriber is represented through configuration parameter in telematics unit, commonly, through XML file. When perform provisioning action, there is a request which is sent from (dealer) server tp telematics unit is installed inside venicle to change the configuration parameter.	dPrint	
Telematic s	Application	Remote Control / Remote service	P0	N/A	The remote control or remote service is for the scenario that user sends the request in the remote control client (such as application on mobile phone, call center website) to vehicle, so that the vehicle can perform the operation required	User performs remote (Ex: remote engine start) on mobile device which has Internet access (or on control website). The request will be sent to telematics unit then it will send request to vehicle to start the engine. When telematics unit received response from vehicle, it will send response to user.		Customer Mobile Network Operator execute door unlock get execution ship.  Beckend  Goor unlock star  Goor unlock: execution ship.
Telematic s	Application	Remote engine start/stop	P0	N/A	Remote engine start supports the end users to send the request via mobile phone application or call center to vehicle with the purpose of starting/stopping the car engine		Ứng dụng điện thoại giúp người dùng khởi động/tắt động cơ mà không cần ngồi trên xe.	promoted simplifier trees  Topins on explained street  Top
Telematic s	Application	Remote honk/flash or remote car seeking	P0	N/A	The remote honk/flash is used by the user to send the request in the mobile application or call center to the vehicle, so that the vehicle can be easily located		Ứng dụng điện thoại giúp người dùng tìm xe bằng cách yêu cầu xe nháy đèn trước hoặc/và tự động còi báo.	

Telematic s	Application	FOTA	P0	<u>F</u> irmware <u>O</u> ver <u>T</u> he <u>A</u> ir	Method to distribute updated firmware by wireless telecommunications.	New firmware is transferred to the ECU via wireless channel (wifi or telecommunication network), then installed, and put into use. It is often necessary to reset the ECU for the new programming to take effect.		
Telematic s	Application	AN / TN	P0	Anti-theft Notification/ Theft Notification	An anti-theft system is any device or method used to prevent or detect the unauthorized appropriation of items considered valuable.	A group of many vehicle sensors detect unauthorization attemp then send signal for further processing. For example: a sensor on door can detect the window is broken and send signal to indicated ECU such as telematics, then it will send notification to user mobiphone to warning.		
Telematic s	Application	SVT	P0	<u>S</u> tolen <u>V</u> ehicle <u>T</u> racking	Vehicle tracking systems use the GPS/GNSS and telecommunication technology, providing vehicle location accuracy. This feature to support driver to find the vehicle when it was stolen.	The vehicle location data will be sent to server frequently. There is a server which collect these data to help driver to track the vehicle location. For example: when user detected the car was stolen, he can call directly to call center, call center then use SVT to tracking vehicle position and contact with police to find the car. In some projects, SVT and theft notification are related. When vehicle detects theft through sensors, it sends the alarm the user, and then when user confirm the car is actually stolen, vehicle will send position data to help tracking location.	dPrint	
Telematic s	Common	FPCB	P0	<u>F</u> lexible <u>P</u> rinted <u>C</u> ircuit <u>B</u> oards	FPCB or Flexible electronics, also known as flex circuits, is a technology for assembling electronic circuits by mounting electronic devices on flexible plastic substrates, such as polyimide, PEEK or transparent conductive polyester film	telematics unit is a PCB.  We also use the FPCB to attach external SIM card instead of using built-in SIM inside main	Bảng mạch in linh hoạt là công nghệ lắp ráp các mạch điện tử bằng cách gắn các thiết bị điện tử trên các chất dẻo dẻo như polyimide, PEEK hoặc màng polyester dẫn điện trong suốt.	A) the same and same
Telematic s	Common	NAD	P0	Network Access Device	Network Access Device: a component in telematic device to connect to cellular network			

Telematic s	Common	Shark antenna	P0	N/A	Shark antenna or shark fin antenna is a type of antenna with shape like a shark fin which is eqipped on vehicle to booster wireless signal for services inside the car.	Most shark fin "antennas" on modern vehicles are actually modules: they contain several antennas inside a single housing. Common features include AM/FM, 4G LTE, GPS navigation, and Satellite Radio elements.		
Telematic s	Diagnostic s	DID	P0	<u>D</u> ata <u>ID</u> entifier	DID is represented for data. It is used for locating a memory block. Each ECU can store many DIDs. DID is a term which is usually found in diagnostics domain. In service layer, these DIDs have same meaning as configuration parameters.  For example, vehicle identifier number (VIN) is represented by DID 0xF190 in a project, this DID is matching with a data block of 17 bytes which are the value of VIN	Use DID to get the value of data. The DIDs are mainly defined by OEM, you should get the list of DID for testing.  For example: To get the VIN value is stored in an ECU, we use DID 0xF190 in a project. If the ECU returns output like: 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 in hex value (17 bytes), that means the ECU stores VIN number as 9876543210AECDEFG in ASCII value.	dPrint	
Telematic s	Diagnostic s	DTC	P0	<u>D</u> iagnostic <u>T</u> rouble <u>C</u> ode	Diagnostic Trouble Codes is 3-byte hexadecimal number (in UDS). DTC is used to uniquely identify the fault of an ECU in memory. If ISO 15031-6 is supported, a unique 5 – character-string plus an additional Failure Type Byte (when using UDS) is used to describe the fault on the external test tool (e.g. "B162C" or "B162A 12").  Each DTC is dedicated for one fault which ECU can detect. Each ECU can detect many different DTCs if it supported diagnostic service.  Based on the DTC, people can match with the corresponding fault to check the ECU's issues.	For example: DTC B12400 means "E-call button stucks" has value in hexa is 923400. In diagnostics, if ECU detects DTC B12400, that means this ECU has trouble with E-call button (this button has stuck).		

Telematic s	Diagnostic s	NRC	P0	<u>N</u> egative <u>R</u> esponse <u>C</u> ode	In diagnostics message, we use client- server model. When a client sends a request to server, server may respond to client. If a service cannot be executed, the ECU responds with a negative response. And negative response includes NRC, NRC is used to indicate the cause of the error.	Each NRC is represented for an error.  Example: + NRC 0x11 means the diagnostic funtion in request is not supported + NRC 0x13 means the request message has incorrect length		
Telematic s	Diagnostic s	PDU	P0	<u>P</u> rotocol <u>D</u> ata <u>U</u> nit	PDU is a single unit of information transmitted among peer entities of a computer network. A PDU is composed of protocol specific control information and user data.	Examples: PDU of the OSI model are: + Layer 4 (Transport layer) PDU is the segment or the datagram + Layer 3 (Network layer) PDU is the packet + Layer 2 (Data Link Layer) PDU is the frame + Layer 1 (Physical layer) PDU is the bit or symbol	Print	
Telematic s	Diagnostic s	Stuck Button	P0	N/A	Stuck button is an issue of button when it is pressed for a duration of time more than a threshold time.  The threshold time will be defined in the requirement.	Stuck button can be detected by ECU through diagnostic service, when it happened, the DTC is occurred.  For example: If we press SOS button during between 2~8seconds, a call is triggered to call center, but if the button is pressed for more than 15 seconds, it means the button is stuck and an issue is occured.	O	
					ot allowed			

Telematic s	Diagnostic s	UDS	PO	<u>U</u> nified <u>D</u> iagnostic <u>S</u> ervices	Unified Diagnostic Services is a diagnostic communication protocol in the electronic control unit (ECU) environment within the automotive electronics, which is specified in the ISO 14229-1.	It is derived from ISO 14230-3 (KWP2000) and ISO 15765-3 (Diagnostic Communication over Controller Area Network (DoCAN)[2]). Unified in this context means that it is an international and not a company-specific standard. By now this communication protocol is used in almost all new ECUs made by Tier 1 suppliers of Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM). These ECUs control a wide range of functions in vehicles including electronic fuel injection (EFI), Engine control unit (ECU), the transmission, anti-lock braking system, door locks, braking, and more. This protocol allows to do following function groups:  - Diagnostic and Communications Management - Data Transmission - Stored Data Transmission - Input / Output Control - Remote Activation of Routine - Upload / Download	dprint	
	Telecomm unication	eSIM	P0	embedded Subscriber Identity Module	- eSIM is a small chip(SIM card - hardware) embedded in device and cannot be removed.	necessary to identify and authenticate the mobile subscriber.  - Allows the download and activation of eSIM profiles over the air in a seamless, secure, and convenient way  - eSIM needs to be supported by the network or carrier and enabled by them and not all	SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) là con chip nhỏ có để lưu trữ chi tiết tài khoản cá nhân của bạn trên đó. Còn eSIM giống như một SIM điện tử được gắn trực tiếp lên bo mạch và có kích thước vô cùng bé so với SIM truyền thống hiện tại.	Future of SIM Cards  Future of SIM Cards  Standard SIM Micro SIM Nano SIM e-SIM  eSIM nhô hơn rất nhiều các chuẩn SIM hiện nay
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	eUICC	P0	Embedded <u>U</u> niversal Integrated <u>C</u> ircuit <u>C</u> ard	- eUICC is the software component (diffirentiate with UICC, eSIM - hardware component) that allows the remote SIM provisioning of multiple network profiles	- This allows the user to select which network profile to download and connect to without the need to physically obtain or swap out SIMs, making it well-suited for devices with embedded SIMs		

Telematic s	Telecomm unication	ICCID	P0	Integrated <u>C</u> ircuit <u>C</u> ard I <u>d</u> entifier	Each SIM is internationally identified by its integrated circuit card identifier (ICCID). ICCIDs are stored in the SIM cards and are also engraved or printed on the SIM card body during a process called personalisation.	A full ICCID is 19 or 20 characters.  Sometimes it happens that on the SIM card is printed only the last 13 digits of ICCID number.		Soars Communications Control C
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	IMSI	P0	<u>I</u> nternational <u>M</u> obile <u>S</u> ubscriber <u>I</u> dentity	IMSI is used to identify the user of a cellular network and is a unique identification associated with all cellular networks. It is stored as a 64 bit field and is sent by the phone to the network. The IMSI is used in any mobile network that interconnects with other networks. For GSM, UMTS and LTE network, this number is provisioned in the SIM card and for CDMA2000 in the phone directly or in the R-UIM card	An IMSI is usually presented as a 15 digit number, but can be shorter (not longer). The first 3 digits are the mobile country code (MCC), which are followed by the mobile network code (MNC), either 2 digits (European standard) or 3 digits (North American standard). The length of the MNC depends on the value of the MCC, and it is recommended that the length is uniform within a MCC area. The remaining digits are the mobile subscription identification number (MSIN) within the network's customer base (mostly 10 or 9 digits depending on the MNC length).	IMSI (số nhận dạng thuê bao di động quốc tế) được chứa trong thẻ SIM. Số IMSI thường là một chuỗi 15 chữ số, bao gồm một MCC (mobile country code), một MNC (mobile network code) và một MSIN (mobile subscription identification number). Nhằm đảm bảo số IMSI không bị đánh cắp dễ dàng, số IMSI chỉ được gửi đến mạng di động lần đầu khi thiết bị di động được bật lên gia nhập mạng. Số IMSI dùng để nhận dạng 1 thuê bao ở mức độ quốc tế (thuộc quốc gia nào, nhà mạng nào).	PLMN MCC MNC MSIN  3 digits 2 or 3 digits up to 10 digits  up to 15 digits  • Example  450 05 0123456789  Korea SK Telecom
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	LTE	P0	<u>L</u> ong <u>T</u> erm <u>E</u> volution	Telecomunication technology to reach 4G standard.	A standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile devices and data terminals, based on the GSM/EDGE and UMTS/HSPA technologies. It increases the capacity and speed using a different radio interface together with core network improvements.		

Telematic s	Telecomm unication	MCC	P0	<u>M</u> obile <u>C</u> ountry <u>C</u> ode	IMSI = MCC + MNC + MSIN (Mobile Subscriber Identification Number). Mobile Country Code indicates the country of a subcriber in the telecommunication network.	The mobile country code consists of three decimal digits and the mobile network code consists of two or three decimal digits.  Link to search MCC and MNC:  http://vuthanhvan.vansu.vn/cell/MNC.htm	- Mã định danh quốc gia. Ví dụ: số IMSI là 452040123456789 => Mã quốc gia là 452: số IMSI thuộc Việt Nam; Mã nhà mạng là 04: thuê bao thuộc nhà mạng Viettel Mã này khác với mã vùng trong số điện thoại. Ví dụ: MCC của Việt Nam là 452, trong khi mã vùng điện thoại là +84.	MCC 452 452 452 452 452 452 452 452 452 452	MNC 01 02 03 04 05 06 07	Brand MobiFone Vinaphone S-Fone Viettel Mobile Vietnamobile E-Mobile Beeline VN
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	MDN or MSISDN	P0	<u>M</u> obile <u>D</u> irectly <u>N</u> umber / <u>M</u> obile <u>S</u> ubsciber <u>I</u> ntegrated <u>S</u> ervice <u>D</u> igital Network <u>N</u> umber	MSISDN is a number uniquely identifying a subscription in a GSM or a UMTS mobile network.  The MSISDN together with IMSI are two important numbers used for identifying a mobile subscriber. IMSI is stored in the SIM while MSISDN is the number used for routing calls to the subscriber.  A SIM has a unique IMSI that does not change, while the MSISDN can change in time	Maximum length of an MSISDN to 15 digits. 1-3 digits are reserved for country code	MSISDN là số điện thoại người dùng sử dụng để kết nối đến người dùng khác.			
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	MNC	P0	<u>M</u> obile <u>N</u> etwork <u>C</u> ode	IMSI = MCC + MNC + MSIN (Mobile Subscriber Identification Number). In order to uniquely identify a mobile subscribers network the MCC is combined with a Mobile Network Code (MNC). Each network provider in same country has different MNC.	The mobile network code consists of two or three decimal digits	Mã nhà mạng dùng để định danh thuê bao thuộc nhà mạng nào trên đường truyền. Ví dụ: số IMSI là 450050123456789 => Mã quốc gia là 450: số IMSI thuộc Hàn Quốc; Mã nhà mạng là 05: thuê bao thuộc nhà mạng SKT (SK telecom)		MNC 02 03 04 05 06	Brand KTF Digital 017 KTF SKT LGT KTF SHOW

Telematic s	Telecomm unication	MNO	PO	<u>M</u> obile <u>N</u> etwork <u>O</u> perator	A mobile network operator (MNO) is a telecommunications service provider organization that provides wireless voice and data communication for its subscribed mobile users Mobile network operators are also known as carrier service providers, mobile phone operator and mobile network carriers.	Examples of MNO: + In Vietnam: Viettel, MobiPhone, Vinaphone, Vietnammobile, Gmobile, S-Fone + In Korea: SK Telecom, KT, LG U+ + In Japan: KDDI, NTT, SoftBank + In China: China Mobile, China Unicom, China Telecom + In Russia: MTS, MegaFon, Beeline, Tele2 + In UK: EE, O2, Vodafone, Three + In US: Verizon Wireless, AT&T Mobility, T- Mobile US, Sprint Corporation, U.S. Cellular	Danh sách các nhà cung cấp dịch vụ viễn thông: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List _of_mobile_network_operators	
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	PLMN	P0	<u>P</u> ublic <u>L</u> and <u>M</u> obile <u>N</u> etwork	PLMN defined in telecommunications regulation, is a network that is established and operated by an administration or by a recognized operating agency (ROA) for the specific purpose of providing land mobile telecommunications services to the public. It is a five- to six-digit number identifying a country, and a mobile network operator in that country, usually represented in the form 001-01 or 001-001. PLMN = MCC + MNC	A PLMN is identified by the Mobile Country Code (MCC) and the Mobile Network Code (MNC). Each operator providing mobile services has its own PLMN. PLMNs interconnect with other PLMNs and Public switched telephone networks (PSTN) for telephone communications or with internet service providers for data and internet access of which links are defined as interconnect links between providers. These links mostly incorporate SDH digital transmission networks via fiber optic on land and digital microwave links.	d Prillie	3 digits 2 or 3 digits  MCC MNC 400 02  PLMN 40002
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	UICC	P0	<u>U</u> niversal <u>I</u> ntegrated <u>C</u> ircuit <u>C</u> ard	The universal integrated circuit card (UICC) is the smart card used in mobile terminals in GSM and UMTS networks UICC (Universal Integrated Circuit Card) is the hardware used in mobile devices that contains SIM and/or USIM applications enabling access to GSM, UMTS/3G and LTE networks.			

Telematic s	Telecomm unication	USIM	P0	<u>U</u> niversal <u>S</u> ubscriber <u>I</u> dentity <u>M</u> odule	In 2G times, the SIM consisted of the hardware and the software. USIM refers to Universal Subscriber Identity Module and works on UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System, which is a 3G(third generation) networking standard. It was launched in 2001. The physical card is known as UICC(Universal Integrated Circuit Card) and USIM is an application running on top of UICC.	USIN  USIM  UMTS-SIM (>=3G)  APN settings ca be written directly on to the card  MMS can stored on the card  Extended phone book (256K)  Backward compatible with 2G-GSM technology  Operator Logo can be stored on the card  More secured: Milenage and kausami algorithm	SIM GSM-SIM (2G) N/A N/A Limited Phone Bod Compatible with 3 Can't store image A3, A5, A8 algorith secured	G also	The UICC is the smart card platform providing a clear separation of lower layers and applications residing on it used to the same that the sam	
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	AIF	P0	<b>A</b> ir <u>I</u> nter <u>f</u> ace	AIF is the Wireless Communications Protocol between the the telematics Center system and the telematic In-the Vehicle system, defines the messages that are sent across the Air Interface Protocol that is being used in concordance with transmitting messages across digital or analog channels inside telematics hardware	oics 1	an C	dPrint		
	across digital or analog channels inside telematics hardware									

elematic Telecomm unication HTTP	PO	<u>P</u> rotocol	Protocol used to send and receive data of HTML document etc. between Web server and client.  Communication protocol used to exchange data like HTML documents between web server and client.  The HTTP request methods: GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, DELETE, TRACE, OPTIONS, CONNECT, PATCH	HTTP functions as a request–response protocol in the client–server computing model. A web browser, for example, may be the client and an application running on a computer hosting a website may be the server. The client submits an HTTP request message to the server.  The server, which provides resources such as HTML files and other content, or performs other functions on behalf of the client, returns a response message to the client. The response contains completion status information about the request and may also contain requested content in its message body.  Common tool to test HTTP: Postman Example:  Client request:	Ví dụ: (server trả về mã http code = 200) Client request: GET /index.html HTTP/1.1 Host: www.example.com Server response: HTTP/1.1 200 OK Date: Mon, 23 May 2005 22:38:34 GMT Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8 Content-Length: 138 Last-Modified: Wed, 08 Jan 2003 23:11:55 GMT Server: Apache/1.3.3.7 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) ETag: "3/60f-1b6-3e1cb03b" Accept-Ranges: bytes Connection: close <html> <head> <title>An Example Page</title> </head> <body> Hello World, this is a very simple HTML document. </body> </html>	
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Telematic s	Telecomm unication	SMS	P0	Short Message Service	SMS (short message service) is a text messaging service component of most telephone, internet, and mobile-device systems. It uses standardized communication protocols to enable mobile devices to exchange short text messages.  The protocols allowed users to send and receive messages of up to 160 alphanumeric characters to and from GSM mobiles. Although most SMS messages are mobile-to-mobile text messages, support for the service has expanded to include other mobile technologies.	Each message contains up to 160 characters. Once a message is sent, it is received by a Short Message Service Center (SMSC), which must then direct it to the appropriate mobile device. To do this, the SMSC sends a SMS Request to the home location register (HLR) to find the roaming customer. Once the HLR receives the request, it will respond to the SMSC with the subscriber's status: 1) inactive or active 2) where subscriber is roaming. If the response is 'inactive', then the SMSC will hold onto the message for a period of time. When the subscriber accesses his device, the HLR sends a SMS Notification to the SMSC, and the SMSC will attempt delivery.  The SMSC transfers the message in a Short Message Delivery Point-to-Point format to the serving system. The system pages the device, and if it responds, the message gets delivered. The SMSC receives verification that the message was received by the end user, then categorizes the message as 'sent' and will not attempt to send again	BS MSC Originator - MO SMS	HLR VLR  SMSC  MSC  Destination - MT SMS
Telematic s	Telecomm unication	SOAP	P0	Simple Object Access Protocol	SOAP is a messaging protocol specification for exchanging structured information in the implementation of web services in computer networks.	SOAP provides the Messaging Protocol layer of a web services protocol stack for web services. It is an XML-based protocol consisting of three parts:  + An envelope, which defines the message structure and how to process it  + A set of encoding rules for expressing instances of application-defined datatypes  + A convention for representing procedure calls and responses	SOAP-ENV: Envelope SOAP-ENV: Header SOAP-ENV: Body	Example message (encapsulated in HTTP) [edit]  POST /InStock HTTP/1.1 Host: www.example.org Content-Type: application/soap+xml; charset=utf-8 Content-Length: 299 SOAPAction: "http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" xml version="1.0"? <soap:envelope <="" soap:boader="" xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"> <m:getstockprice> <m:stockname>GOOG</m:stockname> </m:getstockprice></soap:envelope>

Telematic s	Telecomm unication	TLS	P0	<u>T</u> ransport <u>L</u> ayer <u>S</u> ecurity	protocols designed to provide communications security over a computer network.  TLS is using to prevent the attack in the data transfer channel. If a hacker can read the data between client and server, he/she can read all the data.	To establish TLS connection between 2 components, they should share the keys for encryption first. The connection is private (or secure) because symmetric cryptography is used to encrypt the data transmitted	TLS (SSL) là giao thức mã hóa an toàn, nhằm nâng cao tính bảo mật và toàn vẹn của dữ liệu được trao đổi trên mạng máy tính.  Thông thường, khi hai đối tượng truyền dữ liệu với nhau, nếu dữ liệu không được mã hóa, kẻ tấn công ở giữa đường truyền có thể đọc được toàn bộ dữ liệu. Tuy nhiên, nếu dữ liệu truyền đi đã được mã hóa, kẻ tấn công chỉ có thể lấy được các dữ liệu đã mã hóa và không nắm được nội dung chính.  Để mã hóa dữ liệu cần dùng khóa (key) để mã hóa. Nếu hai đối tượng sử dụng cùng một khóa (shared key) để mã hóa và giải mã, thì gọi là khóa đối xứng.  TLS sử dụng công nghệ khóa đối xứng để mã hóa dữ liệu truyền đi. Tuy nhiên, trước khi muốn truyền được dữ liệu, hai đối tượng phải cùng lưu lại giá trị khóa để mã hóa và giải mã. Do đó để cài đặt TLS cần phải thực hiện bước thiết lập khóa và lưu khóa trên hai đối tượng muốn trao đổi dữ liệu với nhau.	
Telematic s	Telematic Power Mode	Telematic Normal mode	P0	N/A	Action when the KL 30 is re-connected. KL 30 = ignition position 3 (where the ignition defaults after starting the engine -running).			
Telematic s	Telematic Power Mode	Telematic OFF/ Shut down Mode	P0	N/A	In OFF mode, telematic board may not support any function, minimal power consumption.			

Telematic s	Telematic Power Mode	Telematic Standby / Sleep Mode	P0		- During these modes, the control unit shall consume as little power as possible. All components shall be powered down, except the ones(ex, RTC, Ethernet, Airbag Interface,) - When vehicle stopped, telematic board may change to low power state with limited functionality. This state supports wake up to Normal (working) state when meet specific condition.			
Telematic s	Vehicle interface	VIF	P0	<u>V</u> ehicle <u>I</u> nter <u>f</u> ace	VIF is the component to connect the ECU to vehicle's bus like CAN or ethernet which supports to translates proprietary network messages to the standard message format which can use by ECU.		inira	
Telematic s	Vehicle interface	SRS	P0	<u>S</u> upplemental <u>R</u> estraint <u>S</u> ystem	The Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) is basically an air-bag system	The Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) is basically an air-bag system. This works together with conventional 3-point seat belts and prevents impact of the driver's chest and face with the steering wheel in the event of a collision. SRS may sometimes be installed to the passenger's side to prevent impact with the dashboard. Side-impact air-bags are also fitted to protect the upper body and head during a sideways impact.	9.	
Telematic s	Vehicle interface	Т-Вох	P0	<u>T</u> elematics <u>Box</u>	T-box is common name of the telematics device which is installed inside a vehicle to support telematics services/application on that vehicle.  Development product name: GM: VCP, TCP Geely: NGT, TEM, TEM2 JLR: TCU3, TCU4, VDC Toyota: DCM BMW: Wave	The "telematics box" is an electronic control unit that incorporates a phone module for the connection to communication networks, a module for vehicle "multi-constellation" satellite localisation (GPS, Galileo, Glonas systems) and a 3-axes accelerometer to detect acceleration and braking parameters.		

Telematic s	Vehicle interface	тси	P0	<u>T</u> elematic <u>C</u> ontrol <u>U</u> nit	A telematic control unit (TCU) in the automobile industry refers to the embedded system on board a vehicle that controls tracking of the vehicle. TCU is to indicate telematic box in the view of vehicle network (ECU).	microcontroller, in some versions; a microprocessor or field programmable gate array (FPGA), which processes the information and acts on the interface between the GPS; - A mobile communication unit; And some amount of memory for saving GPS values in case of mobile-free zones or to intelligently store information about the	3. Print	
					ot allowed	7,0 7,0,006,3		

Common Common	IMEI P	20	International Mobile Equipment Identity	IMEI is a number, usually unique. It is usually found printed inside the battery compartment of the phone, but can also be displayed on-screen on most phones by entering *#06# on the dialpad, or alongside other system information in the settings menu on smartphone operating systems	GSM networks use the IMEI number to identify valid devices, and can stop a stolen phone from accessing the network. Devices without a SIM card slot usually don't have the IMEI code.  The IMEI (15 decimal digits: 14 digits plus a check digit). The model and origin comprise the initial 8-digit portion of the IMEI/SV, known as the Type Allocation Code (TAC_Type Allocation Code). The remainder of the IMEI is manufacturer-defined, with a Luhn check digit at the end. I	IMEI (Số nhận dạng thiết bị di động trên toàn thế giới) là một dãy số, thường là duy nhất. Nó thường được tìm bên trong ngăn chứa pin của điện thoại, nhưng cũng có thể được hiển thị trên màn hình trên hầu hết các điện thoại bằng cách nhập *#06# trên bàn phím số hoặc bên cạnh thông tin hệ thống khác trong menu cài đặt trên hệ điều hành điện thoại thông minh.  Mạng GSM sử dụng số IMEI để xác định các thiết bị hợp lệ và có thể ngăn điện thoại bị đánh cắp truy cập mạng. Các thiết bị không có khe cắm thẻ SIM thường không có mã IMEI.  Số IMEI là dãy số gồm 15 chữ số thập phân (14 số và 1 số kiểm tra). Kiểu mẫu và xuất xứ bao gồm 8 số trong phần đầu được hiểu là TAC (viết tắt của Type Allocation Code: Mã kiểu mẫu và xuất xứ). Các phần còn lại của số IMEI được định nghĩa bởi nhà sản xuất, và cuối cùng là số Luhn Check Digit số này không gửi đi tới mạng	
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Telemati s	c Telecomm unication	RAT	PO	Radio Access Technologies	Many modern mobile phones support several RATs in one device such as Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, and GSM, UMTS, LTE or 5G NR.	The term RAT was traditionally used in mobile communication network interoperability. The term is used when a user device selects between the type of RAT being used to connect to the Internet. This is often performed similar to access point selection in IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) based networks.	Công nghệ truy cập vô tuyến hoặc là phương thức kết nối vật lý cơ bản cho mạng truyền thông dựa trên radio. Nhiều điện thoại di động hiện đại hỗ trợ một số RAT trong một thiết bị như Bluetooth, Wi-Fi và GSM, UMTS, LTE hoặc 5G NR.  Thuật ngữ RAT thường được sử dụng trong khả năng tương tác mạng truyền thông di động. Thuật ngữ này được sử dụng khi thiết bị người dùng chọn giữa loại RAT dang được sử dụng đề kết nối với Internet. Điều này thường được thực hiện tương tự như lựa chọn điểm truy cập trong các mạng dựa trên chuẩn 802.11 (Wi-Fi)	
					ot allowed			

Telematic s	Telecomm unication	IMS	P0	IP Multimedia Subsystem	IP Multimedia Subsystem is an architectural framework for delivering IP multimedia services. IMS was originally designed by the wireless standards body 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) as part of their standardization work for 3G mobile phone systems in UMTS networks.	The user can connect to IMS in various ways, most of which use the standard IP.IMS terminals (such as mobile phones, personal digital assistants (PDAs) and computers) can register directly on IMS, even when they are roaming in another network or country (the visited network). The only requirement is that they can use IP and run SIP user agents.	Hệ thống con đa phương tiện IP hoặc Hệ thống con mạng đa phương tiện IP là một khung kiến trúc để cung cấp các dịch vụ đa phương tiện IP. IMS ban đầu được thiết kế bởi cơ quan tiêu chuẩn không dây thế hệ thứ 3 (3GPP), là một phần của công việc tiêu chuẩn hóa của họ cho các hệ thống điện thoại di động 3G trong mạng UMTS.  Người dùng có thể kết nối với IMS theo nhiều cách khác nhau, hầu hết trong số họ sử dụng các thiết bị đầu cuối IP.IMS tiêu chuẩn (như điện thoại di động, trợ lý kỹ thuật số cá nhân (PDA) và máy tính) có thể đăng ký trực tiếp trên IMS, ngay cả khi họ đang chuyển vùng trong mạng khác hoặc quốc gia (mạng truy cập). Yêu cầu duy nhất là họ có thể sử dụng IP và chạy các tác nhân người dùng SIP.	
Common	Software update	LVDS Cable	P0	Low-Voltage Differential Signaling Cable	Oi	Low-voltage differential signaling, or LVDS, also known as TIA/EIA-644, is a technical standard that specifies electrical characteristics of a differential, serial communication protocol. LVDS operates at low power and can run at very high speeds using inexpensive twisted-pair copper cables. LVDS is a physical layer specification only; many data communication standards and applications use it and add a data link layer as defined in the OSI model on top of it.	Tín hiệu vi phân điện áp thấp, hoặc LVDS(Low-Voltage Differential Signaling), còn được gọi là TIA / EIA-644, là một tiêu chuẩn kỹ thuật mà xác định đặc tính điện của một khác biệt, giao thức truyền thông nối tiếp. LVDS hoạt động ở công suất thấp và có thể chạy ở tốc độ rất cao, sử dụng các loại cáp rẻ tiền đồng xoắn cặp	

Common	Software update	MfgTool	P0	Manufacturing Tool	Mfg Tool is a tool to use for upgrading software for device from PC. MFGTool is the manufacturing tool provided by NXP	. This tool is able to be executed under windows and linux environment. They customize the ramdisk of mfgtool firmware to mount on-boared eMMC as USB mass storage. It makes the eMMC accessed by host PC to provide a easy way to flash u-boot, linux kernel or yocto/android/ubuntu release image.	MfgTool là một ứng dụng sử dụng chạy trên môi trường windows hoặc Linux. Ứng dụng này có thể giúp truy cập vào eMMC từ PC để dễ dàng flash u-boot, linux kernel hoặc Yocto/Android/ubuntu release	
Common	Software update	FFC Cable	P0	Flexible flat cable	Flexible flat cable, or FFC, refers to any variety of electrical cable that is both flat and flexible, with flat solid conductors. A flexible flat cable is a type of flexible electronics. However, the term FFC usually refers to the extremely thin flat cable often found in high-density electronic applications like laptops and cell phones	FFC is a miniaturized form of ribbon cable, which is also flat and flexible. The cable usually consists of a flat and flexible plastic film base, with multiple flat metallic conductors bonded to one surface. Often, each end of the cable is reinforced with a stiffener to make insertion easier or to provide strain relief. The stiffener makes the end of the cable slightly thicker.	FFC là một hình thức thu nhỏ của cáp băng, vừa phẳng và linh hoạt. Cáp thường bao gồm một để màng nhựa phẳng và dẻo, với nhiều dây dẫn kim loại phẳng được liên kết với một bề mặt. Thông thường, mỗi đầu của cáp được gia cố bằng chất làm cứng để giúp việc chèn dễ dàng hơn hoặc giúp giảm căng thẳng. Chất làm cứng làm cho đầu cáp hơi dày hơn.	
Common		MY	P0	Model Year	Year of vehicle sale (MY17, MY18,)	Year of vehicle sale (MY17, MY18,)	Từ viết tắt dùng để đánh dấu phên bản của xe theo năm	
Common		FSA	- 11	Functional Service Architecture	GM specific inter-module communication interface framework	GM specific inter-module communication interface framework		
Common	ECU	TCS	P0	Traction control system	is typically (but not necessarily) a secondary function of the electronic stability control (ESC) on production motor vehicles, designed to prevent loss of traction of driven road wheels.	TCS is activated when throttle input and engine torque are mismatched to road surface conditions.	TCS gần như là tương đương với ESP, tuy nhiên, ESP chỉ đảm nhiệm việc cân bằng xe ở tốc độ cao, như khi qua các góc cua hoặc trường hợp tài xế đánh lái bất ngờ. Mặt khác, TCS sẽ xử lý tình trạng bánh bị trượt khi tăng tốc hoặc lốp xe mất độ bám trên đường trơn trượt ở tốc độ thấp.	Without Traction Control System  With Traction Control System

AVN	NA	CRS	P0	Customer Requirement Specifications	A Customer Specification is a document that describes the requirements of a desired system from the customer's or user's point of view. It contains the results of the customer's requirements analysis and is therefore a wish list that a contractor should implement.	In most cases, the requirements are formulated in the Customer Specification in natural language without going into the technical implementation. Ideally, the wording should be as general as possible and as restrictive as necessary, so that contractors can develop solutions without being too restricted in their competences.	Đặc tả khách hàng là một tài liệu mô tả các yêu cầu của một hệ thống mong muốn theo quan điểm của khách hàng hoặc người dùng. Nó chứa các kết quả phân tích yêu cầu của khách hàng và do đó là một danh sách mong muốn mà một nhà thầu nên thực hiện. Trong hầu hết các trường hợp, các yêu cầu được đưa ra trong Đặc tả khách hàng bằng ngôn ngữ tự nhiên mà không đi sâu vào thực hiện kỹ thuật. Lý tưởng nhất, từ ngữ nên càng chung chung càng tốt và càng hạn chế khi cần thiết, để các nhà thầu có thể phát triển các	
AVN	NA	UXR	P0	User Experience Requirements	User experience (UX) focuses on having a deep understanding of users, what they need, what they value, their abilities, and also their limitations. It also takes into account the business goals and objectives of the group managing the project. UX best practices promote improving the quality of the user's interaction with and perceptions of your product and any related services.	in order for there to be a meaningful and valuable user experience, information must be: Useful: Your content should be original and fulfill a need Usable: Site must be easy to use Desirable: Image, identity, brand, and other design elements are used to evoke emotion and appreciation Findable: Content needs to be navigable and locatable onsite and offsite Accessible: Content needs to be accessible to people with disabilities Credible: Users must trust and believe what you tell them	hạn chế khi cần thiết, để các nhà thầu có thể phát triển các giải pháp mà không bị hạn chế quá nhiều về năng lực của họ.  Trải nghiệm người dùng (UX) tập trung vào việc hiểu biết sâu sắc về người dùng, những gì họ cần, những gì họ đánh giá cao, khả năng của họ và cả những hạn chế của họ. Nó cũng tính đến các mục tiêu kinh doanh và mục tiêu của nhóm quản lý dự án. Các thực tiễn tốt nhất của UX thúc đẩy	

AVN	Radio	Hybrid radio	P0	Hybrid radio	HYBRID RADIO is the combination of BROADCAST RADIO and BROADBAND/IP technologies BROADCAST RADIO is the most cost effective, and reliable, way for a one-to-many free-to-air delivery BROADBAND/IP adds enriched and specific/personalized content	Hybrid radio creates two routes to the radio receiver, one via broadcast radio and the other via IP. Broadcast is cost-effective, reliable and robust and is great for time-critical audio. Over the IP channel, we can deliver lots of additional metadata about the audio, high resolution visual information, interactivity: Your broadcast signal (FM, HD, DAB, DAB+) continues to carry audio (and some data), but a radio with an Internet connection (WiFi, 3G, 4G, LTE) can seamlessly connect back to your station for multimedia and interactivity.		Radio Broodcast Radio Station Receivers  Ny IRRID RADIO  NY IR
AVN	Radio	Online Radio aggregator	P0	Online Radio aggregator	online Radio aggregator provides lists of web radio stations and on-demand content	Online Radio aggregators have an established and transparent revenue and data sharing cooperation model with radio broadcasters	d Prillie	
AVN	Common	FOD	P0	Function On Demand	The term "on-demand car functions" (ODCF) means that customers have the option to add features to their car as required. Many of these services are initially available in new cars free of charge for a limited period. Once this period expires, customers are charged for the functions	cooperation model with radio broadcasters		
AVN	Voice Recognitio n	Natural Language Recognition		Natural Language Recognition	The voice recognition process should have no limitations to any talking ways or keywords, the voice commands have freedom in their accent, speed, words, structure and so on.	User can speak the command in English or Chinese: ex - say "Hello Volkswagen" or "你好大众"> SDS is active		
AVN	Voice Recognitio n	Mixed Language Recognition		Recognition	The system recognize mixed language among different supported languages, which includes Mandarin Chinese and US English, Cantonese and US English, Mandarin Taiwan and US English.	. Ex: Phone A (has contact 约翰) is connected to HU via HFP. When user want to make an outgoing call to 约翰, user say " Call 约翰" => SDS recognize both Chinese and English		

AVN	Connectivit y	NIC	P0	Network interface controller	a computer nardware component that connects a computer to a computer	The NIC allows computers to communicate over a computer network, either by using cables or wirelessly. The NIC is both a physical layer and data link layer device, as it provides physical access to a networking medium and, for IEEE 802 and similar networks, provides a low-level addressing system through the use of MAC addresses that are uniquely assigned to network interfaces.  This Allowing communication among computers on the same local area network (LAN) and large-scale network communications through routable protocols, such as Internet Protocol (IP).		
AVN	Connectivit y	WNIC	P0	Wireless network interface controller	A wireless network interface controller (WNIC) is a network interface controller	A WNIC, just like other NICs, works on the Layer 1 and Layer 2 of the OSI Model. This card uses an antenna to communicate via microwave radiation. A WNIC in a desktop computer is traditionally connected using the PCI bus. Other connectivity options are USB and PC card.  In an ad hoc mode network the WNIC does not require an access point, but rather can interface with all other wireless nodes directly. All the nodes in an ad hoc network must have the same channel and SSID.	9 P	antium land

AVN	Connectivit y	Wireless router	PO	Wireless router	A wireless router is a device that performs the functions of a router and also includes the functions of a wireless access point. It is used to provide access to the Internet or a private computer network. Depending on the manufacturer and model, it can function in a wired local area network, in a wireless-only LAN, or in a mixed wired and wireless network	Some dual-band wireless routers operate the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands simultaneously. Many dual-band wireless routers have data transfer rates exceeding 300 Mbit/s (For 2.4 GHz band) and 450 Mbit/s (For 5 GHz band). Some wireless routers provide multiple streams allowing multiples of data transfer rates. it can automatically copy the SSID and Password of your router. Some wireless routers have one or two USB ports  Some wireless routers have a USB port specifically designed for connecting mobile broadband modem,[5][6] aside from connecting the wireless router to an Ethernet with xDSL or cable modem. A mobile broadband USB adapter can be connected to the router to share the mobile broadband Internet connection through the wireless network.	dprint	Property of the state of the st
AVN	Connectivit y	Network bridge	P0	Network bridge	, ,	Modes of operation Infrastructure mode:In an infrastructure mode network the WNIC needs a wireless access point: all data is transferred using the access point as the central hub. All wireless nodes in an infrastructure mode network connect to an access point. All nodes connecting to the access point must have the same service set identifier (SSID) as the access point, and if a kind of wireless security is enabled on the access point (such as WEP or WPA), they must share the same keys or other authentication parameters. In an ad hoc mode network the WNIC does not require an access point, but rather can interface with all other wireless nodes directly. All the nodes in an ad hoc network must have the same channel and SSID.		A bridge connecting two LAN segments  Station A gridge Device Station B gridge Device Station B gridge entity  MAC MACCA  1 PHY 1 PHY 2 PHY 2  LAN 1 LAN 2

AVN	Radio	S/H	P0	Soft/Hard	S/H is flag indentifies this is Hard link or Soft Link	S/H = 0: Soft Link S/H = 1: Hard Link				
AVN	Radio	RDS	P0	Radio Data System	"Radio Data System" allows FM broadcasters to send far more than just an analog audio signal out over the air waves.	Using a 57 kHz "subcarrier," stations can transmit digital RDS data for reception by RDS-equipped FM tuners. There are 2 kind of RDS service avaiable: RDS "Static" and RDS "Dynamic"				
Common	Common	VLM	P0	Vehicle Lifecycle Management or Vehicle solution Lifecycle Management	ALM is basic concept and stand for Application Lifecycle Management.  VLM is for VS lifecycle.  MI M for MC life	In LGE VS, VLM is used for bug/issue tracking and project management. Basically, VLM is developed from JIRA that is Atlassian's popular project and issue tracking platform.	- *	□ ★ VLM     □ 설비할이 포함된 문서의 생부     □ 설비 용증로 인한 보안 사고 받     □ 전에 보안 사고 받     □ 전에 보안 사고 받     □ 전에 보안 사고 받	. 보 [] Coliborator Tractor Coliborator Pripetto Sasso 시설하 Strutter 1 급리옵니다 "서보안" 급으로 본서의 변수가 가능합니다. 당 시리사 정보보는 규정의 한단 장치를 받을 수 있습니다. in case o	Ray Couldon' the spowd rate of these and testif ordina 등록 가진도를 통한다 Replaces 마음 다음 다음 다음 다음 다음 No. Physician
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