

# Practical Work 1: TCP File Transfer Report

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## 1 Goal

The goal of this practical work is to implement a 1-1 file transfer system over **TCP/IP** using **sockets** in a Command Line Interface (CLI), based on the provided framework.

## 2 Protocol Design

### 2.1 How You Design Your Protocol

To enable the Server to correctly anticipate and receive the file, the communication protocol is designed in **two phases**:

1. **Phase 1: Send File Information Header** The Client sends a **single** data packet containing the file metadata structured as a string:

Filename|Filesize.in.bytes

2. **Phase 2: Send File Data** The Client sequentially reads the file in chunks of `BUFFER.SIZE` bytes and sends them over the socket until the entire file is transferred.

### 2.2 Data Header Structure

The Client creates a header string (e.g., `test_file.txt|12345`), where `12345` is the exact file size in bytes. This allows the Server to determine exactly how many bytes to receive before closing the file.

## 3 System Organization

### 3.1 How You Organize Your System

The system is organized into a classic **Client-Server** model using TCP/IP sockets.

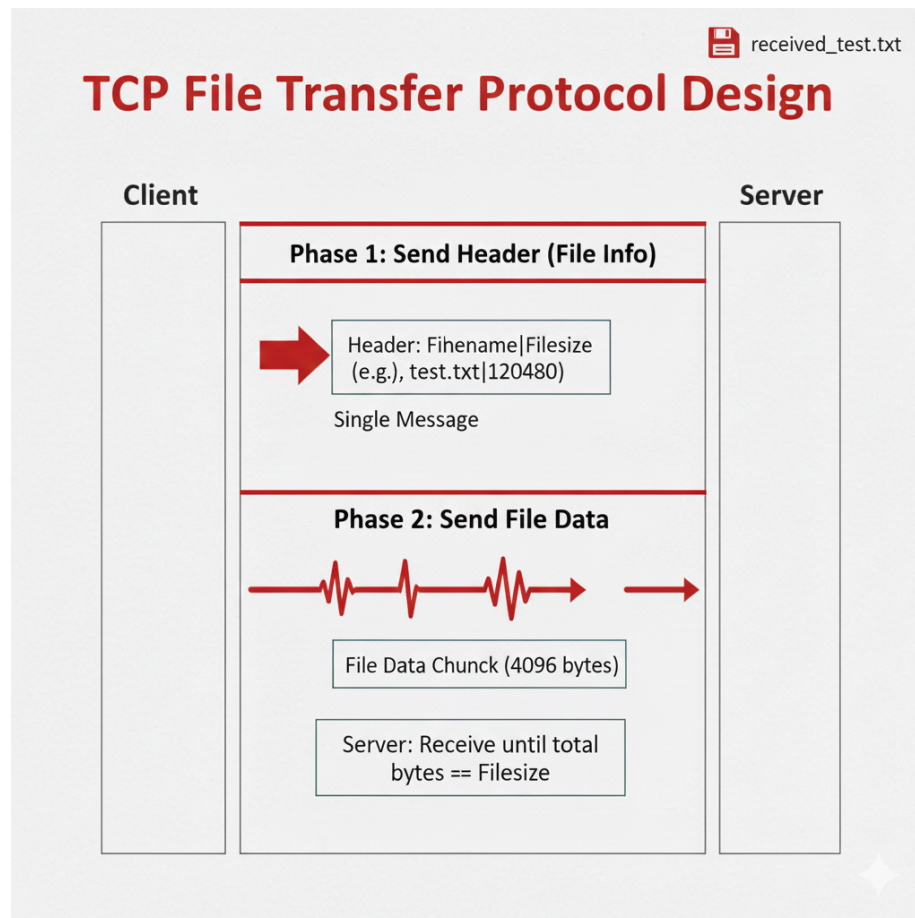


Figure 1: File transfer protocol

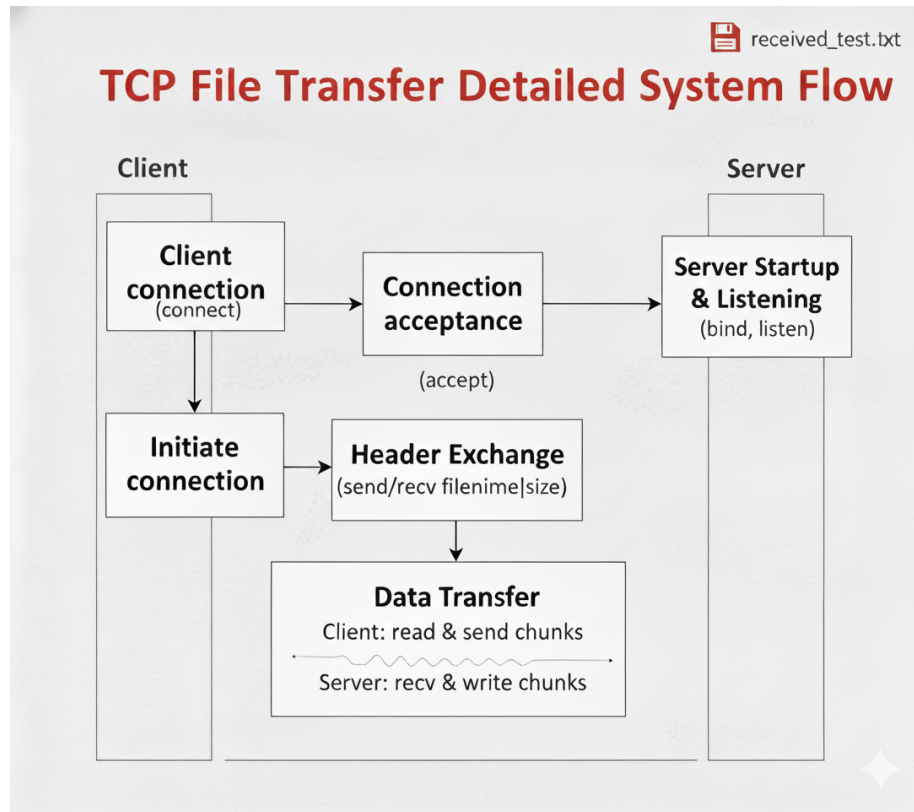


Figure 2: File transfer flow

1. **Server (server.py):** A passive component that listens for incoming connections on a predefined address and port (127.0.0.1:65432).
2. **Client (client.py):** An active component that initiates the connection to the Server and drives the file transfer process.

## 4 File Transfer Implementation

### 4.1 How You Implement the File Transfer: Client (client.py)

The Client handles connection, header preparation, and data sending.

```

1 # Get file info
2 filesize = os.path.getsize(FILE_TO_SEND)
3 filename = os.path.basename(FILE_TO_SEND)
4
5 # File info
6 header = f"{filename}|{filesize}"
  
```

```

7 s.send(header.encode())
8
9 print(f"[*] File: {filename}, Size: {filesize} bytes")
10
11 # Send file data
12 bytes_sent = 0
13 with open(FILE_TO_SEND, "rb") as f:
14     while True:
15         bytes_read = f.read(BUFFER_SIZE)
16         if not bytes_read:
17             break
18
19         s.sendall(bytes_read)
20         bytes_sent += len(bytes_read)
21     print(f"\rSent {bytes_sent}/{filesize} bytes", end="")

```

Listing 1: Code Snippet from Client: Sending Header and File Data

## 4.2 How You Implement the File Transfer: Server (server.py)

The Server accepts the connection, receives the header, parses the file information, and writes the incoming data to a local file.

```

1 # File info
2 received = client_socket.recv(BUFFER_SIZE).decode()
3 filename, filesize_str = received.split('|')
4 filesize = int(filesize_str)
5 filename = os.path.basename(filename)
6
7 print(f"[*] File: {filename}, Size: {filesize} bytes")
8
9 # Receive file data
10 bytes_received = 0
11 with open("received_" + filename, "wb") as f:
12     while bytes_received < filesize:
13         remaining_bytes = filesize - bytes_received
14
15         bytes_to_read = min(BUFFER_SIZE, remaining_bytes)
16         bytes_read = client_socket.recv(bytes_to_read)
17
18         if not bytes_read:
19             break
20
21         f.write(bytes_read)
22         bytes_received += len(bytes_read)
23     print(f"\rReceived {bytes_received}/{filesize} bytes", end=
        "")

```

Listing 2: Code Snippet from Server: Receiving Header and File Data

## 5 Who Does What

The responsibilities are clearly divided between the Client and the Server:

Component	Key Responsibilities
Server ( <code>server.py</code> )	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Creates the socket, binds, and listens on port 65432.</li> <li>• Accepts the connection from the Client.</li> <li>• <b>Receives and parses the Header</b> (<code>filename filesize</code>).</li> <li>• <b>Receives file data</b> in chunks until <code>filesize</code> is reached.</li> <li>• Writes the received data to a new file (<code>received_...</code>).</li> <li>• Closes the connections.</li> </ul>
Client ( <code>client.py</code> )	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Creates the socket and connects to the Server.</li> <li>• Retrieves source file information (<code>test_file.txt</code>).</li> <li>• <b>Creates and sends the Header</b> (<code>filename filesize</code>).</li> <li>• <b>Reads and sends file data</b> in chunks (<code>BUFFER_SIZE</code>).</li> <li>• Closes the connection.</li> </ul>

Table 1: Task Allocation