



The Application of Forbidden Structures in Solving Reconfiguration Problems

Duc A. Hoang

Graduate School of Informatics, Kyoto University hoang.duc.8r@kyoto-u.ac.jp

Towards an Innovative Algorithmic Foundations Symposium The 84th National Convention of IPSJ

March 03, 2022

Reconfiguration Problems

... study the relationship between *solutions* of a given *source problem* (e.g., Satisfiability, Independent Set, Vertex Cover, Vertex-Coloring, etc.).

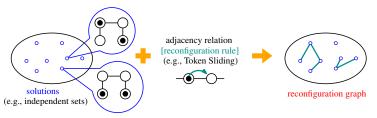


Figure: Reconfiguration.

Some typical questions:

- REACHABILITY: Is there a *path* between two given solutions?
- Shortest Transformation: If Reachability is yes, can we find a *shortest path*?
- Connectivity: Is there a *path* between *any* two given solutions?
- DIAMETER: Is the *maximum distance* between any two solutions bounded?
- and so on.

Forbidden Structures in Reconfiguration

- A *forbidden structure* is *part of a solution S* satisfying certain properties that *obstruct the existence of a path* in the reconfiguration graph between *S* and some other solution.
- Example: *rigid tokens* (= tokens that never move) in an independent set.

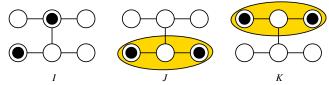


Figure: Independent sets I, J, K having no path connecting any two of them under Token Sliding.

More examples in my poster

- Forbidden structures in *studying reconfiguration questions*, e.g., in solving RECHABILITY.
- Forbidden structures in *designing (reconfiguration) graphs* having certain properties.