

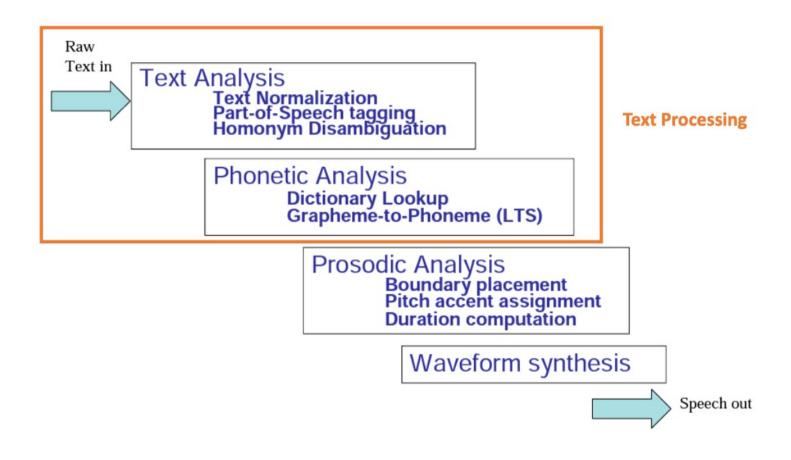
Chapter 4

SPEECH SYNTHESIS (cont.)

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Text-to-Speech (TTS)



***** Tokenizing Words

- Splitting a text into separate words, or tokens, while preserving the meaning of the text.
- For English, whitespace is usually a good starting point.

Examples:

- ☐ I love my school so so so much!
 - Tokens: ['I', 'love', 'my', 'school', 'so', 'so', 'so', 'much!']
- ☐ I get up at 5 AM every morning.
 - Tokens: ['I', 'get', 'up', 'at', '5', 'AM', 'every', 'morning.']

Subword Tokenization

Tokens are smaller than words. Subwords can be arbitrary substrings.

"This is tokenizing."



Subword Tokenization

Byte-pair Encoding (BPE)

aaabdaaabac

aaabdaaabac Replace aa with Z

ZabdZabac Replace ab with Y

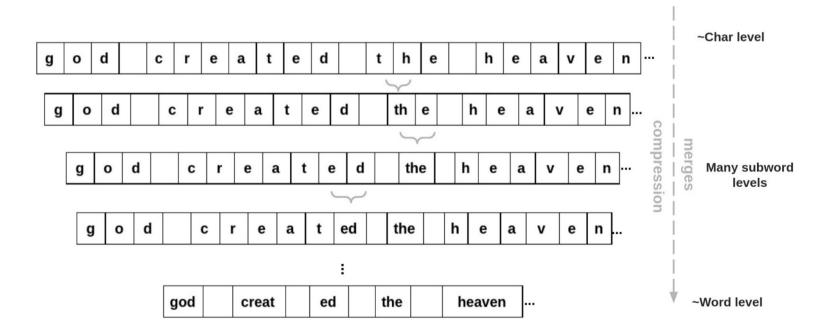
ZabdZabac Replace ab with Y

ZYdZYac

•••

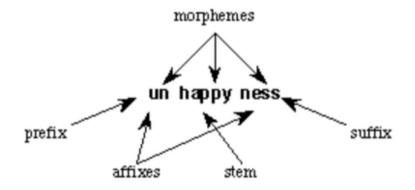
Subword Tokenization

Byte-pair Encoding (BPE)



Tokenization in Languages without Spaces

➤ Use Morphological Analyses – The study of the structure and formation of words



Text Normalization

- > Transform the text into a pronounceable state
- Detect non-standard words: rewrite as standard words

Which tokens here need normalization?

Example Text from BBC news:

Staff on the Caledonian Sleeper will hold two 24-hour strikes. One from 11:59 on Sunday 31 October and one on Thursday 11 November.

Unite Scotland has also said about 1,000 workers across the Stagecoach Group had backed strike action at the end of October which would affect COP26 bus travel in central Scotland.

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Text Normalization

- > Transform the text into a pronounceable state
- Detect non-standard words: rewrite as standard words

Text from BBC news:

Which tokens here need normalization?

Staff on the Caledonian Sleeper will hold two twenty four hour strikes. One from eleven fifty nine on Sunday thirty first of October and one on Thursday eleventh of November.

Unite Scotland has also said about one thousand workers across the Stagecoach Group had backed strike action at the end of October which would affect COP twenty six bus travel in central Scotland.

Non-standard Words

- Numbers: 1,280, 1.50, 2024
- Non-letter symbols: \$, %, &
- Acronyms: UIT, ISE, DS, IT
- Abbreviations: Dr, St, kHz
- Pronunciations don't always correspond to the ordering of the symbols: £1.50 \rightarrow One pound fifty
- Different pronunciation for different types of numbers: e.g. years versus measurements: the year 2022 v 2022 cm
- Different rules for different locales : e.g. fifteen hundred (and) twenty
- Acronyms may be pronounced as separate letters or as "words"

Text Analysis: Disambiguation

- Word Sense Ambiguity
 - Words that are written the same way can have different pronunciations
 - She records her records in the office Verb Noun
 - My bass guitar has a picture of a sea bass on it
 Noun
- We can disambiguate some cases by their Part Of Speech (POS)

Text Analysis: Disambiguation

Punctuation Ambiguity

- TTS systems (still!) often work on a sentence-by-sentence basis
- So sentence segmentation is required
- But a full stop "." doesn't always represent the end of a sentence and sentences don't always end with full stops:
- Eg: "The lecturer lives in Fife Dr. Richmond is actually a linguist by training"

Text Analysis: Disambiguation

How to Resolve Ambiguity?

- Hand-written rules
 - ☐ Eg: York St. versus St. Lucas
 - St. → [Capitalized Word] / Street / _
 - St. → _ / Saint / [Capitalized word]

Mapping written words to pronunciations (phonemes)

- Lookup phonetic transcript in a pronunciation dictionary (i.e., lexicon)
- > Use hand-written letter-to-sound rules (grapheme-to-phoneme) => Requires expert knowledge
- Learn rules from the data requires machine learning methods
 - Eg: Decision Trees, state-of-the-art neural network models

Pronunciation Dictionary

- The pronunciation of a word can be represented as a sequence of phones
- The standard phonetic representation for transcribing the world's languages is the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA)



tomato /təˈmeɪ.toʊ/

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II R <u>ea</u> d	I	'	<u>о</u> к	UI TOO	1 '	IƏ H <u>ERE</u>	eI DAY	John & Sarah Free Materials 1996
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p	b	t TIME	$d_{\mathbb{P}}$	tf CHUR	,	TUDGE	k	g
f	V	θ	ð	s		Z	\int	3
m MILK	n No	n SING	h h	l I		zoo read	WINDOW	j YES

Pronunciation Dictionary

Multiple Pronunciation: Same writing may have different pronunciation (i.e., due to different accent)



tomato

/təˈmeɪ.toʊ/ /təˈmaː.toʊ/

Pronunciation Dictionary

- Letter-to-sound rules (grapheme-to-phoneme)
 - Grapheme: a letter or a group of letters that represent a single phoneme
 - Phoneme: the smallest unit of sound that can distinguish one word from another in a particular language
- Eg: When a child says the sound /t/ this is a phoneme, but when they write the letter 't' this is a grapheme

Grapheme tomato

Phoneme /t ə' m eɪ. t oʊ/

Pronunciation Dictionary

- Letter-to-sound rules (grapheme-to-phoneme)
 - Grapheme: a letter or a group of letters that represent a single phoneme
 - Phoneme: the smallest unit of sound that can distinguish one word from another in a particular language
- Eg: The mapping between letters used for writing (graphemes) and pronunciation (phonemes) isn't always straightforward (especially for English)



Pronunciation Dictionary

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 - Grapheme: a letter or a group of letters that represent a single phoneme
 - Phoneme: the smallest unit of sound that can distinguish one word from another in a particular language
- ☐ Eg: From words to utterances

GraphemeI live in Edinburgh

| | | | |

Phoneme at liv in edinbre

Pronunciation Dictionary

- Different Phoneme-set
 - Edinburgh
 - IPA: edimbrə
 - ARPABET: EH1 D AHO N B R AXO
 - Unilex-edi: e d i m b r @
 - <u>Unilex-edi</u> full: (((e)1) ((d i m)0) ((b r @)0))

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Practice at Class

- **Vietnamese Pronunciation Dictionary:**
 - **□** Vowels, relevant IPA, and examples
 - ☐ Consonants, relevant IPA, and examples