

**Nơi Làm Việc Tốt Nhất Việt Nam 2017****BÌNH CHỌN NGAY**

# 0-1 Knapsack Problem

Dynamic Programming

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## Dynamic Programming | 0-1 Knapsack Problem - step by step guide



In this tutorial we will be learning about 0-1 Knapsack problem. In this dynamic programming problem we have  $n$  items each with an associated weight and value (benefit or profit). The objective is to fill the knapsack with items such that we have a maximum profit without crossing the weight limit of the knapsack. Since this is a 0-1 knapsack problem hence we can either take an entire item or reject it completely. We can not break an item and fill the knapsack.

### Point to remember

- In this problem we have a Knapsack that has a weight limit  $W$ .
- There are items  $i_1, i_2, \dots$ , in each having weight  $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n$  and some benefit (value or profit) associated with it  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$
- Our objective is to maximise the benefit such that the total weight inside the knapsack is at most  $W$ .
- Since this is a 0-1 Knapsack problem so we can either take an entire item or reject it completely. We can not break an item and fill the knapsack.

### Problem

Assume that we have a knapsack with max weight capacity  $W = 5$

Our objective is to fill the knapsack with items such that the benefit (value or profit) is maximum.

Following table contains the items along with their value and weight.

item i	1	2	3	4
value val	100	20	60	40
weight wt	3	2	4	1

Total items  $n = 4$



here,  $i$  denotes number of items and  $w$  denotes the

denote the weight.

from 0 to 4.

as  $W = 5$  so, we have 6 columns from 0 to 5

	1	2	3	4	5

means when 0 item is considered weight is 0.

0. This means when weight is 0 then items

```

if wt[i] > w then
V[i,w] = V[i-1,w]

else if wt[i] <= w then
V[i,w] = max( V[i-1,w], val[i] + V[i-1, w - wt[i]] )

```

After calculation, the value table  $V$

V[i,w]	w = 0	1	2	3	4	5
i = 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	100	100	100
2	0	0	20	100	100	120
3	0	0	20	100	100	120
4	0	40	40	100	140	140

Maximum value earned

Max Value =  $V[n,W]$

=  $V[4,5]$

= 140

Items that were put inside the knapsack  
are found using the following rule

```
set i = n and w = W
```

```
while i and w > 0 do
  if V[i,w] != V[i-1,w] then
    mark the ith item
    set w = w - wt[i]
    set i = i - 1
  else
    set i = i - 1
  endif
endwhile
```

So, items we are putting inside the knapsack are 4 and 1.

## C Code

```
#include<stdio.h>

void knapSack(int W, int n, int val[], int wt[]);
int getMax(int x, int y);

int main(void) {

    //the first element is set to -1 as
    //we are storing item from index 1
    //in val[] and wt[] array
    int val[] = {-1, 100, 20, 60, 40};           //value of the items
    int wt[] = {-1, 3, 2, 4, 1};                 //weight of the items

    int n = 4;           //total items
    int W = 5;           //capacity of knapsack

    knapSack(W, n, val, wt);

    return 0;
}

int getMax(int x, int y) {
    if(x > y) {
        return x;
    } else {
        return y;
    }
}

void knapSack(int W, int n, int val[], int wt[]) {
    int i, w;

    //value table having n+1 rows and W+1 columns
    int V[n+1][W+1];

    //fill the row i=0 with value 0
    for(w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
```

```

        V[0][w] = 0;
    }

    //fill the column w=0 with value 0
    for(i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        V[i][0] = 0;
    }

    //fill the value table
    for(i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        for(w = 1; w <= W; w++) {
            if(wt[i] <= w) {
                V[i][w] = getMax(V[i-1][w], val[i] + V[i-1][w-wt[i]]);
            } else {
                V[i][w] = V[i-1][w];
            }
        }
    }

    //max value that can be put inside the knapsack
    printf("Max Value: %d\n", V[n][W]);
}

```

## Time complexity

Time complexity of 0-1 Knapsack problem is  $O(nW)$  where,  $n$  is the number of items and  $W$  is the capacity of knapsack.

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