

MXB361 Module 2: Prac 2

Computational Structures in DNA: reconstructing curves

Topics:

- Some more on Hilbert curves (Section [2.1](#));
- Reconstructing curves (Section [2.2](#));

Recall that all this work is to be done in your allocated groups, and forms the foundation steps of the group project.

2.1 Some more on Hilbert curves

- Complete Prac1.
- Code and implement a 3D version of the Hilbert curve, with iteration level n .
- Compute the number of turning points as a function of n .
- Provide a written explanation as to how the 3D code works. What structure is being replicated and how is it moved and rotated?

2.2 Reconstructing Curves

- For a given set of vertices, you need to carry out the following.
 - Compute the distance matrix.
 - Solve the Distance Geometry problem using both SVD and Schur.
 - Retrieve the set of vertices that represents the reconstructed curve.
 - Plot side by side the original and reconstructed curves.
 - Finally, consider how rotation can be applied to these reconstructed curves.

- The three sets of vertices you should work with are:

Set 1	$(-1, 0)$	$(-1, 1)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$	$(0, 1)$	$(0, 0)$
Set 2	$(-1, 0)$	$(-1, 1)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$	$(0, 1)$	$(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4})$
Set 3	$(0, 0, 1)$	$(0, 1, 1)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1)$	$(-1, 1, 1)$	$(-1, 0, 1)$
	$(-1, 0, 0)$	$(-1, 1, 0)$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0)$	$(0, 1, 0)$	$(0, 0, 0)$

- Consider the generalisation of the curve reconstruction to the 2D Hilbert case.