Statistical Inference Project, Part 2

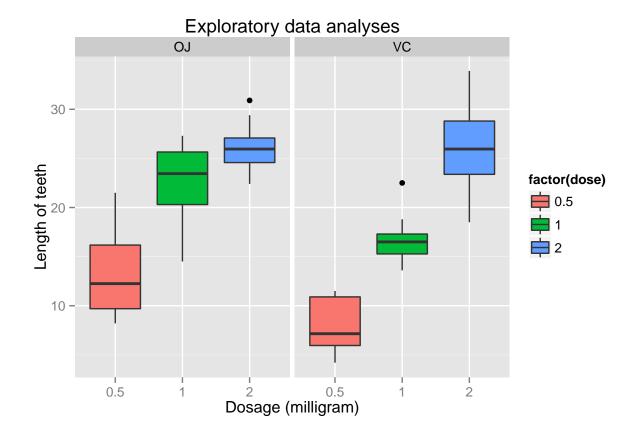
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Overview

In this part of the project, I analyze the ToothGrowth data in the R datasets package. Specifically, I load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses as well as provide a basic summary of the data. Further, confidence intervals and hypothesis tests are used to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. Finally, conclusions and the assumptions needed are discussed.

Questions 1: Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses

```
library(ggplot2)
library(datasets)
data(ToothGrowth)
str(ToothGrowth)
## 'data.frame':
                    60 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ len : num 4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
## $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ", "VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
  $ dose: num 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
ToothGrowth[c(1:8),]
##
      len supp dose
           VC 0.5
## 1 4.2
## 2 11.5
           VC 0.5
## 3 7.3
           VC 0.5
## 4 5.8
           VC 0.5
## 5 6.4
           VC 0.5
## 6 10.0
           VC 0.5
            VC 0.5
## 7 11.2
## 8 11.2
           VC 0.5
plot <- ggplot(ToothGrowth, aes(x=factor(dose), y=len, fill=factor(dose)))</pre>
plot + geom_boxplot(notch=F) +
     facet_grid(.~supp) +
     scale_x_discrete("Dosage (milligram)") +
     scale_y_continuous("Length of teeth")
     ggtitle("Exploratory data analyses")
```



Questions 2: Provide a basic summary of the data

```
ToothGrowth$dose <- as.factor(ToothGrowth$dose)
summary(ToothGrowth)</pre>
```

```
##
         len
                   supp
                            dose
##
   Min.
          : 4.2
                   OJ:30
                           0.5:20
   1st Qu.:13.1
                  VC:30
                           1 :20
## Median :19.2
                           2 :20
           :18.8
##
   Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:25.3
   Max.
          :33.9
```

table(ToothGrowth\$dose, ToothGrowth\$supp)

Question 3: Use confidence intervals and hypothesis tests to compare tooth growth by supp and dose

```
test1 <- t.test(len~supp, paired=F, var.equal=T, data=ToothGrowth)</pre>
test2 <- t.test(len~supp, paired=F, var.equal=F, data=ToothGrowth)</pre>
result <- data.frame("p-value"=c(test1$p.value, test2$p.value),
                           "Low Confidence"=c(test1$conf[1],test2$conf[1]),
                           "High Confidence"=c(test1$conf[2],test2$conf[2]),
                           row.names=c("Equal", "Unequal"))
result
##
           p.value Low.Confidence High.Confidence
## Equal
           0.06039
                           -0.167
                                             7.567
## Unequal 0.06063
                                             7.571
                            -0.171
```

Question 4: State conclusions and the assumptions needed

Given the above analysis, several conclusions can be drawn:

- 1. Orange juice (OJ) and vitamin C (VC) have different effect on the growth of the tooth.
- 2. There is a difference in the tooth growth when the doses are larger.

These analysis and conclusions are based on the followwing assumptions:

- The sample data are repesentative for the entire population.
- The distribution of the data is normal.