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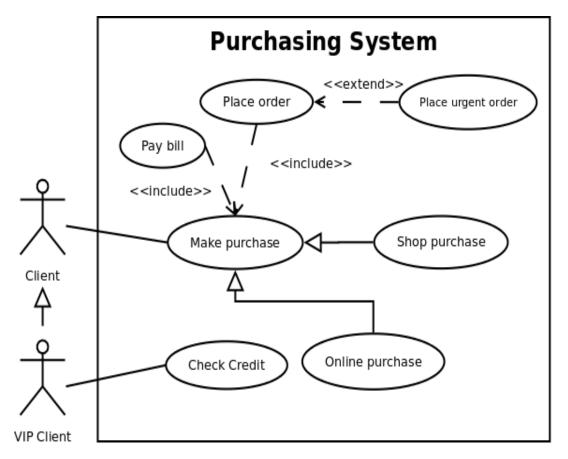


#### **Lecture Plan**

- Use Case Diagrams
- Class Diagrams
- State Machine Diagrams (or Statecharts)
- Activity Diagrams
- Sequence Diagrams
- Communication Diagrams



#### Use Case diagrams



When and why do we use usecase diagrams?

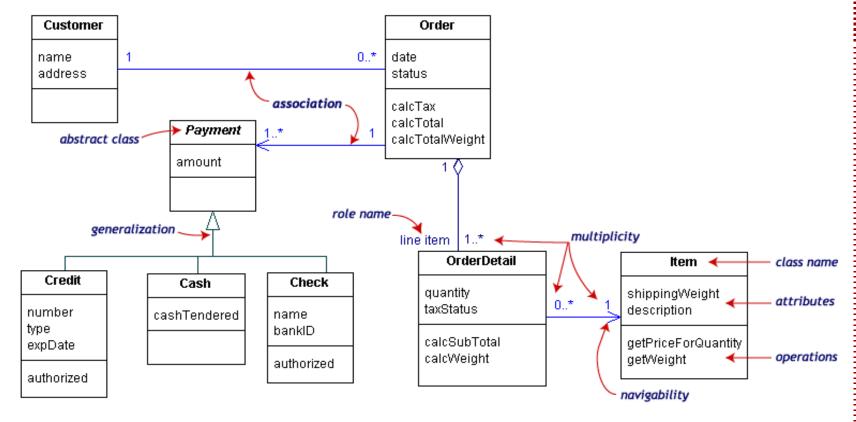


#### **Use Case Diagram - notes**

- Usage: Use case diagrams give an outsider's view of a system. It explains what system must do, but not how.
- Important modelling notes:
  - <<include>> specifies that task is a subtask for another one.
  - <<extend>> defines special behaviour that occurs under certain conditions
  - \* Actors MUST be outside System box



## **Class Diagrams**



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# **Class Diagrams - notes**

- Usage: Diagram gives an overview of a system by showing its classes and the relationships among them.
- Important modelling notes:
  - \* association -- a relationship between instances of the two classes.
  - aggregation -- an association in which one class belongs to a collection.
  - \* generalization -- an inheritance link indicating one class is a superclass of the other.

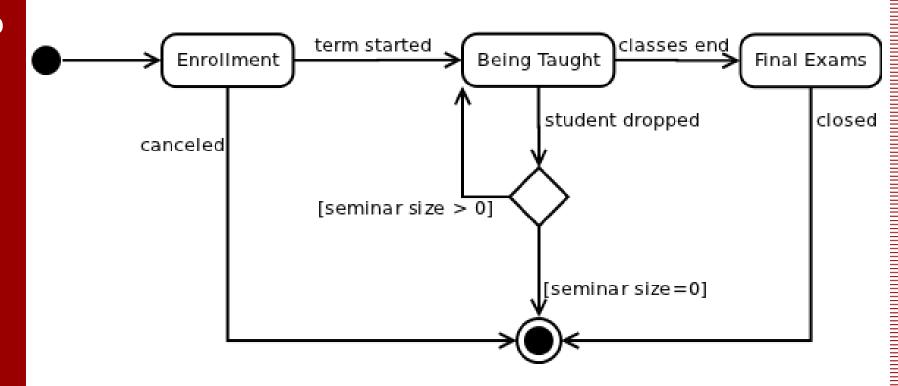


# Class Diagrams – notes II

- Relationship properties:
  - \* Name
  - Navigability
  - \* Multiplicity
- BEWARE: Some sources include dependency link and treat aggregation as association link



# State Machine Diagrams (or Statecharts)



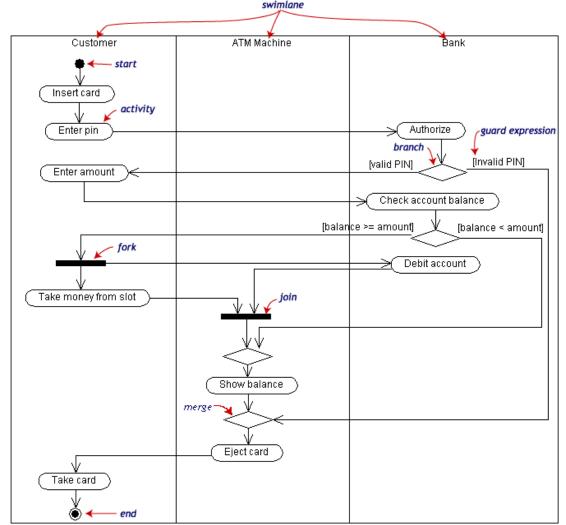


#### **State machine Diagrams – notes**

- Usage: To understand complex classes better.
- UML state machine diagrams depict the various states that an object may be in and the transitions between those states.



#### **Activity Diagrams**



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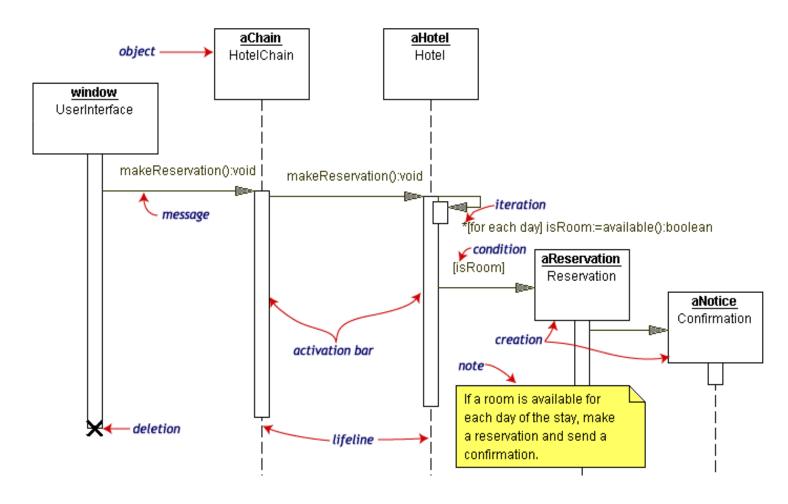


#### **Activity Diagram - notes**

- Usage: Showing workflows of stepwise activities and actions, with support for choice, iteration and concurrency.
  - Analysis or design of a business process or business rule
  - Design of the logic flow of a complex operation



## Sequence Diagrams





#### **Sequence Diagram - notes**

- Usage: Shows dynamic behaviour between objects. It can be used to model more complex interactions.
- Not so suitable for scenarios with many concurrent activities

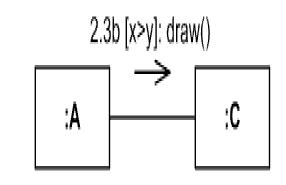


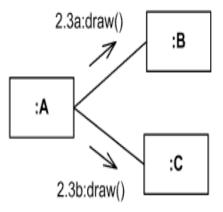
#### **Communication Diagrams**

#### **Sequential Communication**

# 1.2:draw() :A :B :C 1.3:paint()

#### **Communication Guard**

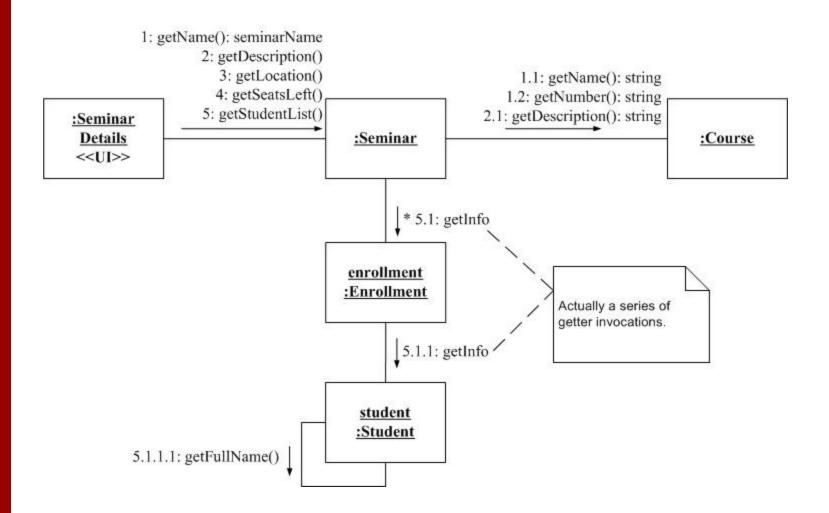




**Concurrent Communication** 



#### **Communication Diagrams**





#### **Communication Diagrams - notes**

Communication diagram shows interactions between objects and/or parts using sequenced messages in a free-form arrangement.