

# Project Documentation: Library Inventory Manager

**Project Name:** Library Inventory Manager

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## 1. Requirements Specification

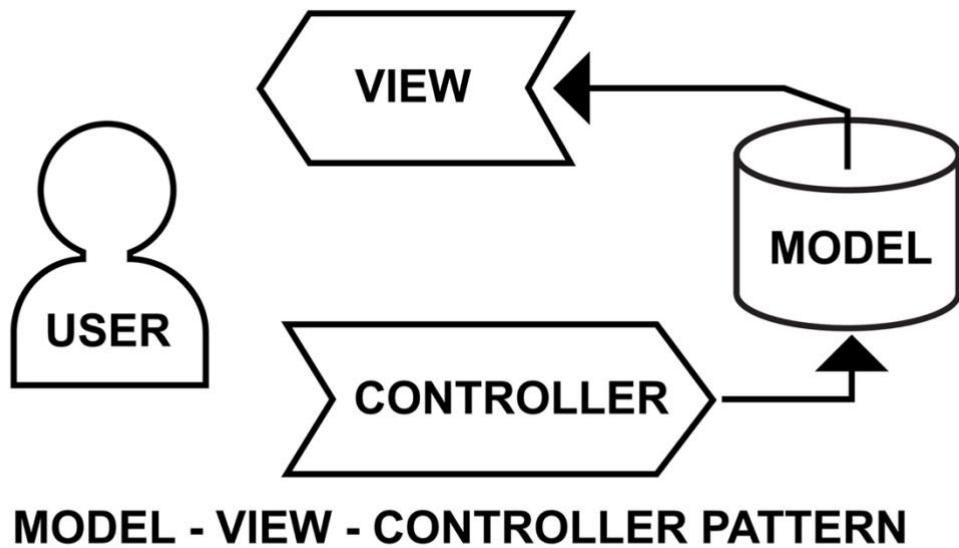
The goal of this project was to create a database-driven application for managing a library inventory. The system allows librarians to manage books, authors, categories, and loans through a web interface.

### 1.1 Functional Requirements

- **Book Management:** The system must allow creating, reading, updating, and deleting (CRUD) book records.
  - **Complex Relations:** The system must handle **M:N relationships** between books and authors (one book can have multiple authors).
  - **Transactions:** Critical operations (saving a book with authors, creating a loan) must be wrapped in database transactions to ensure data integrity.
  - **Loans:** The system must allow assigning a book to a borrower and tracking its return status.
  - **Reporting:** The system must generate a summary report aggregating data from at least three tables (using SQL Views).
  - **Import:** The system must allow bulk import of book data via JSON files.
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## 2. Application Architecture

The application follows the **MVC (Model-View-Controller)** architectural pattern and implements the **DAO (Data Access Object)** design pattern to separate business logic from database access.



### 2.1 Structural Description

- **Controller Layer (`app.py`):** Handles incoming HTTP requests, processes input data, calls the DAO layer, and renders HTML templates.
- **Data Access Layer (`dao/`):** Contains classes (`BookDao`, `ReportDao`) that encapsulate all SQL queries. This ensures that the rest of the application is not dependent on the specific database implementation.
- **Service Layer (`services/`):** Handles complex business logic not directly related to CRUD, such as parsing and validating JSON imports.
- **Presentation Layer (`templates/`):** HTML5 templates.

## 3. Application Behavior

The application behavior is event-driven based on user interaction via the web interface.

### 3.1 Use Case Example: Borrowing a Book

1. **User Action:** User clicks "Borrow" on a book in the main list.
  2. **Controller:** The route `/borrow/<id>` is triggered.
  3. **View:** A form is displayed asking for the borrower's name.
  4. **Submission:** User submits the form.
  5. **DAO Layer:** The `create_loan` method is called.
    - o *Transaction Start.*
    - o Insert record into `loans` table.
    - o Update `books` table (set `is_borrowed` flag to 1).
    - o *Commit Transaction.*
  6. **Feedback:** The user is redirected to the dashboard with a success message.
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## 4. Interfaces and Dependencies

The application relies on the following third-party libraries and interfaces:

- **Python 3.9+:** The core runtime environment.
- **Flask (2.x):** The web framework used for routing and template rendering.
- **MySQL Connector/Python:** The standard driver for connecting to MySQL databases.
- **Bootstrap 5:** CSS framework used via CDN for the user interface.

#### System Dependencies:

- **MySQL Server (8.0+):** Must be running and accessible via TCP/IP.
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## 5. Legal and Licensing

- **License:** MIT License. The code is free to use for educational and personal purposes.
  - **Copyright:** The source code is original work created by the author listed above for educational purposes.
  - **Third-Party Rights:** Flask and MySQL Connector are used under their respective open-source licenses (BSD, GPL/FOSS).
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## 6. Configuration

Configuration is strictly separated from the code and stored in a JSON file.

**File:** config/db\_config.json **Format:**

JSON

```
{  
    "host": "localhost",  
    "user": "root",  
    "password": "YOUR_PASSWORD",  
    "database": "library_db"  
}
```

- **host:** Database server address (usually localhost).
  - **user/password:** Credentials for MySQL access.
  - **database:** Name of the database schema (default: library\_db).
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## 7. Installation and Launch

For detailed instructions, please refer to the `README.md` file included in the project repository.

### Brief Summary:

1. Install Python dependencies: `pip install -r requirements.txt`.
  2. Import database structure: `mysql -u root -p < sql/install.sql`.
  3. Configure credentials in `config/db_config.json`.
  4. Run the application: `python app.py`.
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## 8. Error Handling

The application handles common error states to prevent crashes:

- **Database Connection Failure:** If the DB is unreachable, the application catches `mysql.connector.Error` and displays a user-friendly error message instead of a stack trace.
  - **Invalid Input:** If a user enters text into a numeric field (e.g., Price), the `ValueError` is caught, and a flash warning is shown.
  - **Transaction Failure:** If an error occurs during a multi-step database operation, `conn.rollback()` is executed to return the database to a consistent state.
  - **Import Errors:** Malformed JSON files trigger a validation error displayed to the user.
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## 9. Testing and Validation

The application was validated using manual testing scenarios (Black Box Testing).

### 9.1 Test Results

- **CRUD Operations:** Validated. Books can be added, edited, and deleted. Changes persist in the database.
  - **Transactions:** Validated. If adding an author fails during book creation, the book is not created (Atomicity confirmed).
  - **M:N Relationships:** Validated. Multiple authors are correctly linked to a single book.
  - **Import:** Validated. JSON files with correct structure are imported; invalid files are rejected.
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## 10. Versions and Known Issues

- **Current Version:** 1.0.0
  - **Known Issues:**
    - The application does not currently provide a web interface for creating new Authors or Categories. These must be pre-populated in the database or inserted via SQL.
    - No user authentication (login) is implemented; the system is open to all users on the local network.
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## 11. Database Model (E-R Diagram)

The application utilizes a relational database (MySQL) with the following schema:

### Tables:

1. **categories:** (`id`, `name`, `is_active`) - Categorization of books.
2. **authors:** (`id`, `name`) - List of authors.
3. **books:** (`id`, `title`, `price`, `condition`, `is_borrowed`, `category_id`) - Main entity.
4. **book\_authors:** (`book_id`, `author_id`) - Junction table for M:N relationship.
5. **loans:** (`id`, `book_id`, `borrower_name`, `loan_date`, `returned_date`) - Transactional table for loans.

### Views:

- `view_book_details`: Simplifies querying books with joined authors and categories.
  - `view_library_stats`: Aggregates data for the reporting module.
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## 12. Network and Hardware Configuration

- **Network:** The application runs on the `localhost` loopback interface (127.0.0.1) on port **5000**.
- **Database:** Connects to MySQL on the standard port **3306**.

- **Hardware Requirements:** Any standard PC capable of running Python 3 and MySQL Server. No special hardware required.
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## 13. Import/Export Schema

The application supports importing data via **JSON**.

### Import Rules:

- File type: `.json`
- Structure: List of objects `[{...}, {...}]`
- **Mandatory Fields:** `title` (String), `price` (Number).
- **Optional Fields:** `authors` (Array of Integers - IDs), `category_id` (Integer).

### Example Import File:

JSON

```
[  
  {  
    "title": "The Great Gatsby",  
    "price": 15.99,  
    "category_id": 3,  
    "authors": [1]  
  }  
]
```