data simulation analysis

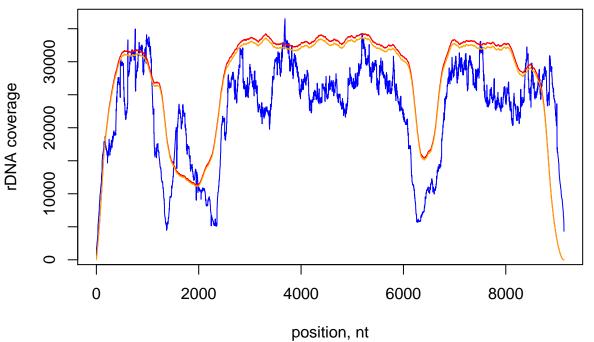
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```
#libraries
library(tidyr)
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -
## v ggplot2 3.2.1
                  v purrr
                            0.3.2
## v tibble 2.1.3 v dplyr
                            0.8.3
## v readr 1.3.1
                  v stringr 1.4.0
## v ggplot2 3.2.1
                  v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyver
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)
##
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
      smiths
library(wesanderson) #grand budapest color pallettes
```

first, plot coverage

```
#these are coverage files generated using bedtool genomecov -d -ibam
#real dataset (S288C from Liti's paper)
#experiment - coverage~230X
#simulation7 - 230X genome cov, 30000X rDNA coverage
experiment <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation/SRR4074255_coverage.txt",</pre>
                     header = F)
experiment <- as.data.frame(experiment)</pre>
colnames(experiment) <- c("genome", "position", "coverage")</pre>
#simulated dataset
simulation7 <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_7/sim7_gold</pre>
                     "\t".
                     header = F)
simulation7 <- as.data.frame(simulation7)</pre>
colnames(simulation7) <- c("genome", "position", "coverage")</pre>
#pipeline run on simulation?
pipeline7 <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_7/sim7_cov.tx</pre>
pipeline7 <- as.data.frame(pipeline7)</pre>
colnames(pipeline7) <- c("genome", "position", "coverage")</pre>
```



##analyze .vcf files from simulations #vcf produced by pipeline using simulated data; .gold vcf was produces by the simulator (true priors) #all simulation were done with -rng that produced identical results; the difference is in the coverage #I spiked datasets with resultant AF=0.005

```
#golden vcf with true priors; same for all simulation bc the same --rng seed was used;
gold.vcf <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_7/simulation7_</pre>
                     "\t",
                     header = F,
                     comment.char = "#")
gold.vcf <-as.data.frame(gold.vcf)</pre>
#assign colnamnes
vcf_col_names <- c("CHROM", "POS", "ID", "REF", "ALT", "QUAL", "FILTER", "INFO")</pre>
colnames(gold.vcf) <- vcf col names</pre>
#simulation8 - 20X genome coverage, 3000X rDNA coverage; pipeline results
#NB: i wrote a function downstream to process the vcf files automatically
sim8.vcf <- as.data.frame(read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_</pre>
                        "\t",
                        header = F,
                        comment.char = "#"
                        ))
colnames(sim8.vcf) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
```

```
#split INFO column into several; HRUN is only for INDEL
#NB: if some future column that will not shared between different rows, try to explore the 'fill' argum
sim8.vcf <- sim8.vcf %>% separate("INFO",
                   c("DP", "AF", "SB", "DP4", "INDEL", "HRUN"),
                   sep=";"
## Warning: Expected 6 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 7 rows [3,
## 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9].
#make REF as char
sim8.vcf$REF<-as.character(sim8.vcf$REF)</pre>
#remove characters from the new columnus and make them appropriate class
\#[A-Z] - substring starts with a letter followed by everything else * and then the = sign. replace with
sim8.vcf$DP<-as.integer(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",sim8.vcf$DP))</pre>
sim8.vcf$AF<-as.numeric(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",sim8.vcf$AF)) #set it here for numeric bc these are NOT integ
sim8.vcf$SB<-as.integer(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",sim8.vcf$SB))</pre>
sim8.vcf$DP4<-as.factor(gsub("[A-Z]*4=","",sim8.vcf$DP4)) #note the '4' in the first argument bc it sta
sim8.vcf$HRUN<-as.integer(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",sim8.vcf$HRUN))</pre>
#sim8.vcf
#write a function for processing vcf files
vcf_processing <- function(name) {</pre>
  colnames(name) <- c("CHROM", "POS", "ID", "REF", "ALT", "QUAL", "FILTER", "INFO")
  name <- name %>% separate("INFO",
                   c("DP", "AF", "SB", "DP4", "INDEL", "HRUN"),
                   sep=";"
  #make REF as char
  name$REF<-as.character(name$REF)</pre>
  #remove characters from the new columnus and make them appropriate class
  \#[A-Z] - substring starts with a letter followed by everything else * and then the = sign. replace wi
  name$DP<-as.integer(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",name$DP))</pre>
 name$AF<-as.numeric(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",name$AF)) #set it here for numeric bc these are NOT integers
  name$SB<-as.integer(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",name$SB))</pre>
  name$DP4<-as.factor(gsub("[A-Z]*4=","",name$DP4)) #note the '4' in the first argument bc it starts as
  name$HRUN<-as.integer(gsub("[A-Z]*=","",name$HRUN))</pre>
 return(name)
}
#simulation9 - 50X genome coverage, 7500X rDNA coverage
sim9.vcf <- as.data.frame(read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_</pre>
                                      "\t".
                                      header = F,
                                      comment.char = "#"
sim9.vcf <- vcf_processing(sim9.vcf)</pre>
## Warning: Expected 6 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 24 rows [2,
## 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, ...].
#simulation10 - 100X genome coverage, 15000X rDNA coverage
sim10.vcf <- as.data.frame(read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation</pre>
```

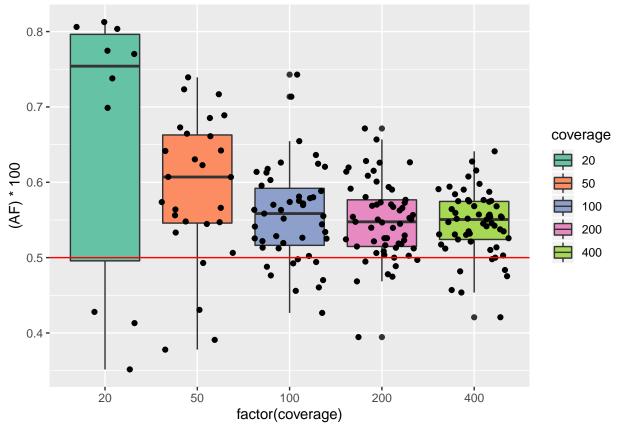
```
"\t".
                                      header = F,
                                      comment.char = "#"
sim10.vcf <- vcf_processing(sim10.vcf)</pre>
## Warning: Expected 6 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 44 rows [1,
## 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, ...].
#simulation7 (nb: yes, it goes a bit out of order here, but it is next in coverage); 200X genome covera
sim7.vcf <- as.data.frame(read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA project/benchmarking/data simulation 2/simulation
                                      "\t",
                                      header = F,
                                      comment.char = "#"
)
sim7.vcf <- vcf_processing(sim7.vcf)</pre>
## Warning: Expected 6 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 54 rows [1,
## 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, ...].
#simulation11 - 400X genome coverage, 60000X rDNA coverage
sim11.vcf <- as.data.frame(read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation</pre>
                                      "\t",
                                      header = F,
                                      comment.char = "#"
                                      )
sim11.vcf <- vcf_processing(sim11.vcf)</pre>
## Warning: Expected 6 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 54 rows [1,
## 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, ...].
#sim11.vcf
```

creating boxplots

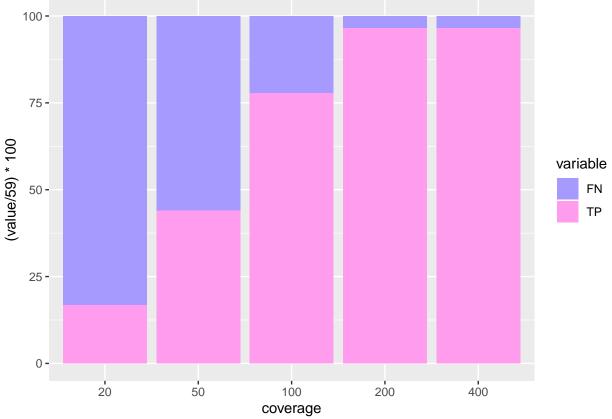
```
#plotted are all called by lofreq (there were no FP though only FN; hence, here are plotted only TP(tru
#"melted data"
#first, create a new dataframe
names_for_col <- c("coverage", "AF")
coverage_20X <- data.frame(as.factor(rep(c(20))), sim8.vcf$AF) #first column must be factor
coverage_50X <- data.frame(as.factor(rep(c(50))), sim9.vcf$AF)
coverage_100X <- data.frame(as.factor(rep(c(100))), sim7.vcf$AF)
coverage_200X <- data.frame(as.factor(rep(c(200))), sim7.vcf$AF)
coverage_400X <- data.frame(as.factor(rep(c(400))), sim11.vcf$AF)
colnames(coverage_20X) = names_for_col #all tables should have the same names to be rbind
colnames(coverage_50X) = names_for_col
colnames(coverage_200X) = names_for_col
colnames(coverage_400X) = names_for_col
colnames(coverage_400X) = names_for_col
colnames(coverage_400X) = names_for_col
colnames(coverage_400X) = names_for_col
coverage_all <- rbind(coverage_20X, coverage_50X, coverage_100X, coverage_200X, coverage_400X)</pre>
```

```
#coverage_all

#plot boxplots; specify factor to plot multiple boxplots
#NB the x argument must be a factor; otherwise when coloring it will treat is as a continuous rather th
ggplot(data=coverage_all, aes(x = factor(coverage), y=(AF)*100))+
   geom_boxplot(aes(fill=coverage))+
   geom_jitter()+
   scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set2")+
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0.5, col="red")
```



#plot FN (false neg) and TP (true pos) ##NB: no FPs were detected by the pipeline so I am not plotting it here



```
#position of FN
#load FN files
#note: no need to convert additionally into .df because it is already imported as a dataframe using thi
FN_20X <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_8/simulation8_FN
                      "\t",
                      header = F)
colnames(FN_20X) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
FN_50X <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_9/simulation9_FN
                     "\t",
                     header = F)
colnames(FN_50X) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
FN_100X <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_10/simulation10
                      "\t",
                      header = F)
colnames(FN_100X) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
FN_200X <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_7/vcfcomparison
                      "\t",
                      header = F)
colnames(FN_200X) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
FN_400X <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_11/simulation11
                      "\t",
                      header = F)
colnames(FN_400X) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
```

```
#true priors
priors <- read.table("~/Desktop/rDNA_project/benchmarking/data_simulation_2/simulation_7/simulation7_go</pre>
                     "\t",
                     header = F)
colnames(priors) <- vcf_col_names</pre>
#plot
\#this\ f(x)\ doesn't\ work\ -\ will\ work\ on\ it\ later
#plot_FN <- function(data, position, col_scheme) {</pre>
# plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n",
      xlab = "",
      ylab ="",
#
#
     xaxt = "n",
     yaxt="n")
\# a<-recordPlot(abline(v = data$position, col=col\_scheme))
#return(a)
#}
#FN distribution
par(mfrow=c(6,1), mai=c(0.1,0.7,0.2,0.2))
#initiate empty plot first
#400X
plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n", xlab = "", ylab = "400X", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
abline(v = FN_400X$POS, col="#E76BF3")
#200X
plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n", xlab = "", ylab ="200X", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
abline(v = FN_200X$POS, col="#00A5FF")
#100X
plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n", xlab = "", ylab ="100X", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
abline(v = FN_100X$POS, col="#00B81F")
#50X
plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n", xlab = "", ylab = "50X", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
abline(v = FN_50X$POS, col="#BB9D00")
plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n", xlab = "", ylab = "20X", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
abline(v = FN_20X$POS, col="#F8766D")
#true priors
\#plot(c(1,9137), c(1,2), type = "n", xlab = "", ylab = "priors", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
#coverage (simulated pipeline) with true priors
plot(pipeline7$position, pipeline7$coverage, type = "h", col="orange", xlab="position", ylab="priors",
abline(v = priors$POS, col="black")
```

