```
In [2]:
          1 import pandas as pd
           2 import numpy as np
           3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           4 %matplotlib inline
In [4]:
             df = pd.read_csv('tips.csv')
          1
           2 features = np.array(df.total_bill)
           3 labels = np.array(df.tip)
In [5]:
             def kernel(data, point, xmat, k):
           1
                m,n = np.shape(xmat)
           3
                ws = np.mat(np.eye((m)))
                for j in range(m):
           4
           5
                   diff = point - data[j]
                   ws[j,j] = np.exp(diff*diff.T/(-2.0*k**2))
           6
                return ws
In [6]:
             def local_weight(data, point, xmat, ymat, k):
           2
                wei = kernel(data, point, xmat, k)
           3
                return (data.T*(wei*data)).I*(data.T*(wei*ymat.T))
In [7]:
             def local_weight_regression(xmat, ymat, k):
           2
                m,n = np.shape(xmat)
           3
                ypred = np.zeros(m)
           4
                 for i in range(m):
           5
                    ypred[i] = xmat[i]*local weight(xmat, xmat[i],xmat,ymat,k)
                 return ypred
In [8]:
          1 m = features.shape[0]
           2 mtip = np.mat(labels)
             data = np.hstack((np.ones((m, 1)), np.mat(features).T))
           4
In [9]:
           1 ypred = local_weight_regression(data, mtip, 0.5)
           2 indices = data[:,1].argsort(0)
           3 xsort = data[indices][:,0]
In [10]:
           1 fig = plt.figure()
           2 ax = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1)
           3 ax.scatter(features, labels, color='blue')
           4 | ax.plot(xsort[:,1],ypred[indices], color = 'red', linewidth=3)
           5 plt.xlabel('Total bill')
           6 plt.ylabel('Tip')
             plt.show()
            10
             8
             2
                                       30
```

Total bill

In [ ]: 1