Advanced Java Bootcamp

Exam 2 - Java OOP and class diagram:

Pay Attention!!!

In this exam you are also measured with your ability to follow instructions.

Question 1 (20 points):

Answer this question in a text file and send it to me via slack when you are ready.

- 1. What is the difference between an instance and an object?
- 2. What is the main difference between static and dynamic binding?
- 3. What is the difference between association, composition, and aggregation?
- 4. Can you override a static method? Explain why?

Question 2 (80 points):

- 1. Start by creating a class diagram of your project and add it to your solution as a pdf file. The class diagram should contain fields and important methods(not set get no access modifiers).
- 2. IMPORTANT!!

Create each class in a separate package under javabootcamp.oopexam.XXXXXX where XXXXXX should be replace according to your class name.

When you're done, please:

1. Upload the code and class diagram in a single folder (name it exam 2) to your github repository.

In this question you are required to implement a project that depicts "A toy played by a kid" You are allowed to add fields and method as you need freely.

A kid has a name and a birth date (Local date).

Every Toy that gets played by a kid, has a name, a purchase date and a unique serial number.

A toy is designated to kids in certain age group:

- A. 0-1 year old.
- B. 2-4 years old.

C. 5-10 years old.

A toy is broken if it is more than a year old.

A toy can be played by a kid only if the toy is not broken and if the kid's age is in the toy's age group.

A Doll is a Toy that is designated for kids from the age groups A and B only.

A doll can be soft (like a teddy bear) or hard (like a Barbie doll).

A doll gets dirty the more it gets played with.

The dirtiness is measured in a scale of 1 to 10.

When a kid plays with a doll, the doll dirtiness increases by one.

An electric Toy is a toy that operates on batteries.

Each electric toy operated on a specific number of batteries.

An Electric Toy sound can be set in a level of 0 to 3.

When a kid plays with an Electric toy, the sound level decreases by one.

Create a Runner with a main method with an array of 4 Toy class elements. 2 of the elements should refer to Dolls and 2 to Electric Toys.

In a loop print the tostring of the toys;

In a loop play with the Toys.

Play should do what describes in the class description above and also output a text that describes the outcome.