#### Lab 4 Part 2

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## 2.1 - Pole-Zero Plots

clear

2.1.1

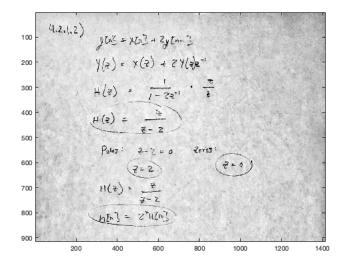
Question: Where in the complex plane can zeros and poles be placed to have the strongest influence on the magnitude response of the filter?

Zeros and poles can be placed near the unit circle (meaning they have a magnitude of ~1) to have the strongest influence on the magnitude response of the filter.

2.1.2

Question: What are the poles and zeros of this filter?

Question: What is this filter's impulse response?



#### 2.2 - Vowel Creation

clf

```
2.2.1
```

eh

```
ans = 1×7 table
```

Ehzeros1	Ehzeros2	Ehzeros3	Ehzeros4	Ehzeros5	Ehzeros6	Ehzeros7
-1.6757	1.6757	2.7489	-2.7489	0.7854	-0.7854	0

#### 2.2.2

```
EhB = [1, 0.59906, 0.08360, 0.60303, 0.68858, 0.43649, 0.62498, 0] %#ok<NOPTS>
EhA = [1] %#ok<NBRAK,NOPTS>
```

```
EhB =

Columns 1 through 7

1.0000 0.5991 0.0836 0.6030 0.6886 0.4365 0.6250

Column 8

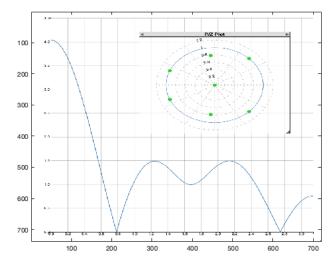
0

EhA =

1
```

## 2.2.3

```
img = imread("4.2.2.3.png");
image(img);
```



#### 2.2.4

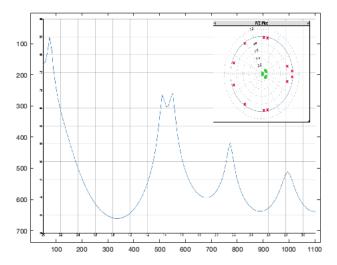
```
type glottal_key_to_note

fs = 8000;
dur = .20;
glottal = glottal_key_to_note(42, dur, 50, fs);

eh = filter(EhB,EhA,glottal);
audiowrite("eh.wav", eh/max(eh), fs);
```

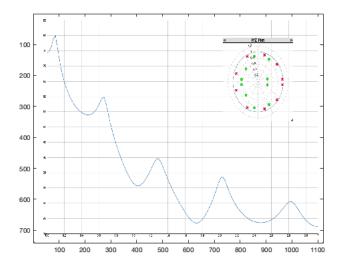
## 2.3 Four More Vowel Sounds

ee



00

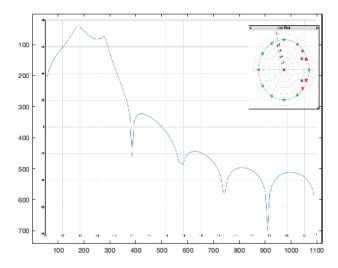
```
img = imread("2.3 oo.png");
image(img);
OOB = [55, 51.43840, 51.39310, 48.07304, 30.54631, 23.39079, 10.37301, ...
    -3.26610, -5.37189, -0.43537, 0.85523];
 \texttt{OoA} = [1, -1.40287, \ 0.43513, \ 0.10564, \ -0.15593, \ 0.16557, \ -0.29405, \ \dots ] 
    0.25794, 0.08829, -0.71436, 0.56551];
{\tt Oozeros = [-0.65330-0.08596i, -0.65330+0.08596i, -0.14441-0.85616i, \dots]}
    -0.14441 + 0.85616 \mathtt{i}, \ 0.37135 - 0.09971 \mathtt{i}, \ 0.37135 + 0.09971 \mathtt{i}, \ \ldots
    0.44011-0.75301i, 0.44011+0.75301i, -0.48138-0.43668i, ...
    -0.48138+0.43668i];
Oopoles = [-0.86648-0.27851i, -0.86648+0.27851i, 0.75645-0.58797i, ...
    0.75645+0.58797i, -0.41948-0.84928i, -0.41948+0.84928i, ...
     \hbox{\tt 0.96963-0.09284i, 0.96963+0.09284i, 0.26132-0.89742i, } \dots \\
    0.26132+0.89742i];
oo = filter(OoB,OoA,glottal);
audiowrite("oo.wav", oo/max(oo), fs);
```



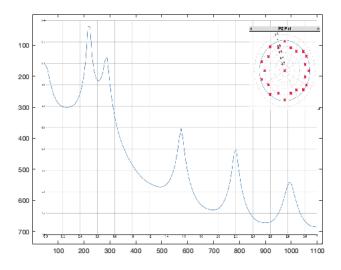
oh

```
oh = filter(OhB,OhA,glottal);
audiowrite("oh.wav", oh/max(oh), fs);
```

Warning: Data clipped when writing file.



ah



# 2.4 - Whispering Vowels

```
type whisper
whisp = whisper(dur, fs);
```

```
function [xx] = whisper(dur, fs)
    %WHTSPER
    xx = randn(1,floor(fs * dur));
    xx = xx - min(xx);
    xx = xx / max(xx);
end
eh = filter(EhB,EhA,whisp);
ee = filter(EeB, EeA, whisp);
oo = filter(OoB,OoA,whisp);
oh = filter(OhB,OhA,whisp):
ah = filter(AhB,AhA,whisp):
audiowrite("eh-whisp.wav", eh/max(eh), fs);
audiowrite("ee-whisp.wav", ee/max(ee), fs);
audiowrite("oo-whisp.wav", oo/max(oo), fs);
audiowrite("oh-whisp.wav", oh/max(oh), fs);
audiowrite("ah-whisp.wav", ah/max(ah), fs);
```

## 2.5 - Reconstruction of a Voweled Fugue

```
load Chris_fugue.mat
A = containers.Map;
A('eh') = EhA:
A('ee') = EeA;
A('00') = OoA;
A('oh') = OhA;
A('ah') = AhA;
B = containers.Map;
B('eh') = EhB;
B('ee') = EeB;
B('00') = 00B;
B('oh') = OhB;
B('ah') = AhB;
type singSong
type ADSR
[song, fs] = singSong(theVoices, A, B);
audiowrite("chris_fugue.wav", song/max(song), fs);
```

```
function [song, fs] = singSong(theVoices, A, B)
        % SINGSONG
        fs = 10000:
        bpm = 120;
        bps = bpm / 60;
        spb = 1 / bps;
        spp = spb / 4; %seconds per pulse, the Voices is measured in pulses with 4 pulses per beat
        % determine how long we need to make the song by looking at the last
        % note in each of theVoices
        maxIndex = 1;
        for i = 1:length(theVoices)
               lastNoteNumber = length(theVoices(i).noteNumbers);
                lastNote = glottal key to note(theVoices(i).noteNumbers(lastNoteNumber), theVoices(i).durations(lastNoteNumber)*spp, harm, fs);
                currentIndex = spp*fs*theVoices(i).startPulses(lastNoteNumber) + length(lastNote) - 1;
                if currentIndex > maxIndex
                        maxIndex = currentIndex;
                end
        end
        song = zeros(1, ceil(maxIndex)): %Create a vector of zeros with length equal to the total number of samples in the entire song
        % then add in the notes
        for i = 1:length(theVoices)
                the Voices (i). vowels = regexp(the Voices (i). vowels, sprint f('\w{1,%d}', 2), 'match'); \ \$ \ split \ the \ vowel \ string \ into \ a \ cell \ array \ where \ each \ elements \ array \ where \ each \ elements \ array \ below 
                for j = 1:length(theVoices(i).noteNumbers)
                        keynum = theVoices(i).noteNumbers(j); % get the ith jth keynum
                        dur = theVoices(i).durations(j)*spp; % get the ith jth duration
                        note = ADSR(glottal_key_to_note(keynum, dur, harm, fs)); % apply envelope to glottal sound
                        vowel = theVoices(i).vowels{j}; % get the ith jth vowel
                        a = A(vowel); % get the filter coefficients for the ith jth vowel
                        b = B(vowel);
                        note = filter(b,a,note); % apply the vowel filter
                        note = note ./ max(note); % normalize volume
                        locstart = spp*fs*theVoices(i).startPulses(j); % Index of where note starts
                        locend = locstart + length(note) - 1; % index of where note ends
                         % floor is included here to remove the warning "Integer operands are required for colon operator when used as index."
                        song(floor(locstart):floor(locend)) = song(floor(locstart):floor(locend)) + note;
```

```
end
function tone = ADSR(tone)
   8 {
   ADSR: Apply an envelope to a particular note.
   Input Args:
   -tone: the tone to apply the ADSR envelope to.
   Output:
   -tone: the tone that was supplied as a paramater, with the {\tt ADSR}
   envelope.
   Usage:
   envelopedTone = ADSR(tone);
   A = linspace(0.0, 0.9, (length(tone)*0.25)); % rise 25%
   D = linspace(0.9, 0.7, (length(tone)*0.05)); % drop 5%
   S = linspace(0.7, 0.7, (length(tone)*0.40)); % maintain 40%
   R = linspace(0.7, 0.0, (length(tone)*0.30)); % drop 30%
   ADSR = [A D S R];
   x = zeros(size(tone));
   x(1:length(ADSR)) = ADSR;
    tone = tone .* x;
```

Published with MATLAB® R2019a