INFDEV026B Tentamen OP2 2018 Solution

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Question I: Database normalization (5 pts.)

• It is in the 1NF because all the values are atomic. The table is in 2NF because it is in the 1NF and there cannot be partial dependencies on a key in a table where the only key is made of a single column. It is not in 3NF because the right argument of the given dependency is not part of a key (transitive dependency). The decomposition in BCNF can be found below:

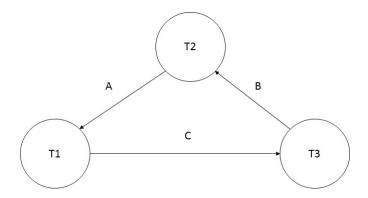
• Normalization:

The normalized tables in BCNF
 Table Employee: employee_code | employee_name | employee_age | factory_name
 Table Factory: factory_name | size

Question II - Transactions (5 pts.) The strict 2PL schedule is the following:

T1	T2	Т3
X(A)		
W(A)		
	X(B)	
	W(B)	
R(A)		
	WaitLock(A)	
		S(C)
		R(C)
S(C)		
R(C)		
		WaitLock(B)
Commit		
Unlock(A)		
	S(A)	
	R(A)	
	X(A)	
	W(A)	
	Commit	
	Unlock(A)	
	Unlock(B)	TT (T)
		X(B)
		W(B)
		Commit
		Unlock(B)
		Unlock(C)

There is a deadlock involving all the transactions. In order to break it, one of the transactions must be aborted. The wait graph is the following:



Question III: Map-Reduce (5 pts.)

The queries are the following:

```
//Query1
match (p:Player)-[]-()-[:TRAIN]-(:Trainer{name:"Fabio Capello"}) return p.pname

//Query2
match (p:Player)-[pf:PLAYS_FOR]-(:Team{name:'Espresso'}) where pf.start_date > "2010-12-03"
    return p.pname, p.position, p.salary
```