# Statistical Methods for Discrete Response, Time Series, and Panel Data (W271): Group Lab 3

### Instructions (Please Read Carefully):

- Due Date: Sunday 04/19/20 11:59pm
- 20 page limit
- Do not modify fontsize, margin or line-spacing settings
- One student from each group should submit the lab to their student github repo by the deadline; submission and revisions made after the deadline will not be graded
- Answers should clearly explain your reasoning; do not simply 'output dump' the results of code without explanation
- Submit two files:
  - 1. A pdf file that details your answers. Include all R code used to produce the answers. Do not suppress the codes in your pdf file
  - 2. The R markdown (Rmd) file used to produce the pdf file

The assignment will not be graded unless both files are submitted

- Name your files to include all group members names. For example the students' names are Stan Cartman and Kenny Kyle, name your files as follows:
  - StanCartman\_KennyKyle\_Lab3.Rmd
  - StanCartman\_KennyKyle\_Lab3.pdf
- Although it sounds obvious, please write your names on page 1 of your pdf and Rmd files
- For statistical methods that we cover in this course, use the R libraries and functions that are covered in this course. If you use libraries and functions for statistical modeling that we have not covered, you must provide an explanation of why such libraries and functions are used and reference the library documentation. For data wrangling and data visualization, you are free to use other libraries, such as dplyr, ggplot2, etc.
- Your report needs to include:
  - A thorough analysis of the given dataset, which includ examiniation of anomalies, missing values, potential of top and/or bottom code, and other potential anomalies, in each of the variables.
  - A comprehensive Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) analysis, which includes both graphical and tabular analysis, as taught in this course. Output-dump (that is, graphs and tables that don't come with explanations) will result in a very low, if not zero, score. Be selective when choosing visuals and tables to illustrate your key points and concise with your explanations (please do not ramble).
  - A proper narrative for each question answered. Make sure that your audience can easily
    follow the logic of your analysis and the rationale of decisions made in your modeling,

- supported by empirical evidence. Use the insights generated from your EDA step to guide your modeling approach.
- Clear explanations of all steps used to arrive at a final model, with conclusions that summarize results with respect to the question(s) being asked and key takeaways from the analysis.
- For mathematical formulae, type them in your R markdown file. Do not e.g. write them on a piece of paper, snap a photo, and use the image file.
- Incorrectly following submission instructions results in deduction of grades
- Students are expected to act with regard to UC Berkeley Academic Integrity

#### U.S. traffic fatalities: 1980-2004

In this lab, you are asked to answer the question "Do changes in traffic laws affect traffic fatalities?" To do so, you will conduct the tasks specified below using the data set *driving.Rdata*, which includes 25 years of data that cover changes in various state drunk driving, seat belt, and speed limit laws.

Specifically, this data set contains data for the 48 continental U.S. states from 1980 through 2004. Various driving laws are indicated in the data set, such as the alcohol level at which drivers are considered legally intoxicated. There are also indicators for "per se" laws—where licenses can be revoked without a trial—and seat belt laws. A few economics and demographic variables are also included. The description of the each of the variables in the dataset is come with the dataste.

#### **Exercises:**

[49] "d98"

[53] "d02"

1. (40%) Load the data. Provide a description of the basic structure of the dataset, as we have done throughout the semester. Conduct a very thorough EDA, which should include both graphical and tabular techniques, on the dataset, including both the dependent variable totfatrte and the potential explanatory variables. You need to write a detailed narrative of your observations of your EDA. Reminder: giving an "output dump" (i.e. providing a bunch of graphs and tables without description and hoping your audience will interpret them) will receive a zero in this exercise.

```
load(file = "driving.RData")
driving <- data
sum(is.na(driving))
## [1] 0
nrow(driving)
## [1] 1200
colnames (driving)
##
    [1] "year"
                         "state"
                                          "s155"
                                                           "s165"
##
    [5] "s170"
                         "s175"
                                          "slnone"
                                                           "seatbelt"
                                          "gdl"
                                                          "bac10"
    [9] "minage"
                         "zerotol"
##
   [13] "bac08"
                         "perse"
                                          "totfat"
                                                          "nghtfat"
##
##
   [17]
        "wkndfat"
                         "totfatpvm"
                                          "nghtfatpvm"
                                                           "wkndfatpvm"
   [21] "statepop"
                         "totfatrte"
                                          "nghtfatrte"
                                                           "wkndfatrte"
                         "unem"
                                          "perc14_24"
##
   [25]
        "vehicmiles"
                                                           "sl70plus"
##
   [29]
        "sbprim"
                         "sbsecon"
                                          "d80"
                                                           "d81"
        "d82"
   [33]
                         "d83"
                                          "d84"
                                                          "d85"
##
                                          "d88"
##
   [37]
        "d86"
                         "d87"
                                                          "d89"
   [41] "d90"
                                          "d92"
                                                          "d93"
                         "d91"
   [45]
                                                          "d97"
         "d94"
                         "d95"
                                          "d96"
```

There are no missing values in the dataset and there are 1200 observations. Here the subjects are indicated by the state variable. For each state there are multiple observations, one for each year.

"d00"

"d04"

"d01"

"vehicmilespc"

"d99"

"d03"

## head(driving,10)

##		year state	s155 s1	L65 s170	s175	slnc	one	seath	elt	min	age	zero	tol	go	il
##	1	1980 1	1.000 0.0	000 0	0		0		0		18		0		0
##	2	1981 1	1.000 0.0	000 0	0		0		0		18		0		0
##			1.000 0.0		0		0		0		18		0		0
##			1.000 0.0				0		0		18		0		0
##			1.000 0.0				0		0		18		0		0
##			1.000 0.0		0		0		0		20		0		0
##			1.000 0.0				0		0		21		0		0
##			0.542 0.4				0		0		21		0		0
##			0.000 1.0				0		0		21		0		0
	10		0.000 1.0		0	, ,	0				21		0		0
##	4	bac10 bac08	-	_		wkno			_		gnti	_			
##		1 0 1 0		940	422		236		3.20			1.43			
## ##				933	434		248		3.3			1.55			
##		1 0 1 0		839	376		224		2.83			1.25			
##		1 0		930 932	397 421		<ul><li>223</li><li>237</li></ul>		3.00 2.83			1.28			
##		1 0		932 882	358		224		2.5			1.01			
##		1 0		1080	500		279		3.1			1.47			
##		1 0		1111	499		300		2.9			1.33			
##		1 0		1024	423		226		2.58			1.06			
##		1 0		1029	418		247		2.52			1.02			
##		wkndfatpvm				htfat					vehi			une	em
##	1	0.803	3893888	24.	_		.84			.06		9.375		8	
##	2	0.890	3918520	24.	07	11	1.08		6	.33	27	7.852	200	10	. 7
##	3	0.750	3925218	21.	37	ç	.58		5	.71	29	857	765	14	. 4
##	4	0.719	3934109	23.	64	10	0.09		5	.67	3:	1.000	000	13	.7
##	5	0.720	3951834	23.	58	10	.65		6	.00	32	2.932	286	11	. 1
##	6	0.637	3972527	22.	20	9	9.01		5	.64	35	5.139	944	8	. 9
##	7	0.821	3991569	27.	80	12	2.53		6	.99	33	3.993	371	9	.8
##	8	0.802	4015261				2.43	7.47				37.40741 7.8			
##	9	0.569	4023858	25.	45	10	).51		5	.62	39	9.689	992	7	. 2
##	10	0.605	4030229	25.			.37			. 13		.833			. 0
##		perc14_24 s	_	sbprim s											d88
##		18.9	0	0		0 1		0 0			0	0	0	0	0
##		18.7	0	0		) (		1 (			0	0	0	0	0
##		18.4	0	0		) (		0 1			0	0	0	0	0
##		18.0	0	0		) (		0 0			0	0	0	0	0
##		17.6	0	0		) (		0 0			1	0	0	0	0
##		17.3	0	0		) (		0 0			0	1	0	0	0
##		17.0	0	0		) (		0 0			0	0	1	0	0
##		16.6	0	0		) (		0 0			0	0	0	1	0
##		16.2	0	0		) (		0 0			0	0	0	0	1
##	10	15.8	400 403 0	0		) (		0 0			<b>3</b> 00	0	0	0	0
##		d89 d90 d91	a92 a93	a94 a95	a96 (	19/ C	เษช	a99 c	ioo (	101	au2	aus	au4		

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##
     vehicmilespc
## 1
         7543.874
## 2
         7107.785
## 3
         7606.622
## 4
         7879.802
## 5
         8333.562
## 6
         8845.614
## 7
         8516.377
## 8
         9316.308
## 9
         9863.649
## 10
         10131.764
table(driving$state)
##
                     8 10 11 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
##
   1
      3
## 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51
table(driving$year)
##
## 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989
                                                    1990 1991 1992 1993 1994
    48
                                                                48
##
          48
               48
                   48
                        48
                             48
                                  48
                                       48
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                                                      48
                                                           48
                                                                     48
                                                                          48
## 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004
##
    48
         48
              48
                   48
                        48
                             48
                                  48
                                       48
                                            48
                                                 48
```

## 1

For each state there are 25 observations one for each year. For each year there are 48 observations, one for each state. This panel is balanced. There are a total of 1200 observations and since 1200 = 25X48 we have a balanced panel.

We cannot use OLS here because we suspect voilation of the independence assumptions. Let us confirm that using the Durbin-Watson test.

```
library(lmtest)

## Loading required package: zoo

##

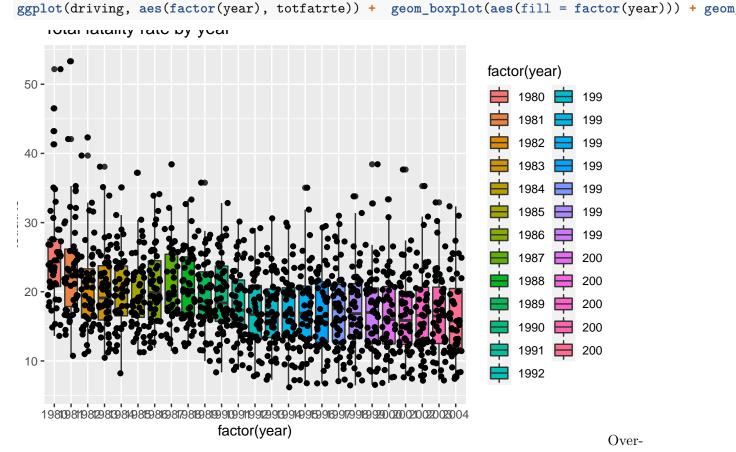
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:tsibble':
##
##
       index
##
  The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
dwtest(totfatrte ~ seatbelt + zerotol + slnone, data=driving)
##
##
    Durbin-Watson test
##
## data: totfatrte ~ seatbelt + zerotol + slnone
## DW = 0.24975, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true autocorrelation is greater than 0
```

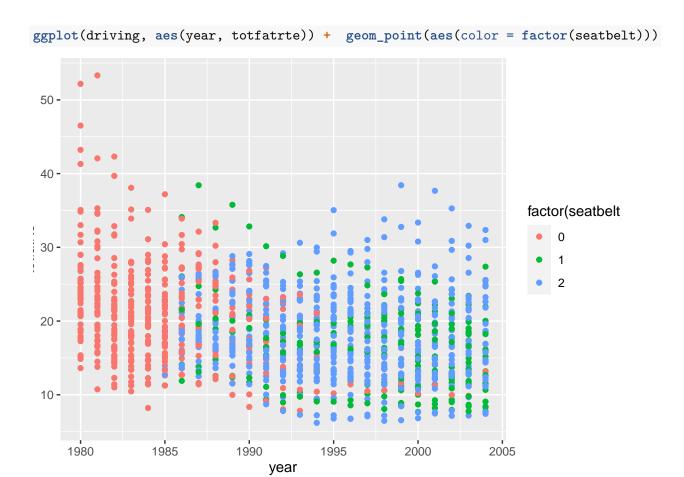
Null hypothesis is rejected, this confirms the voilation of the independence assumption.

So we will have to use panel methods here. There are 25 panels in this dataset, one for each year of observations.

Let's see the response variable (total fatality rate) distribution broken down by panels

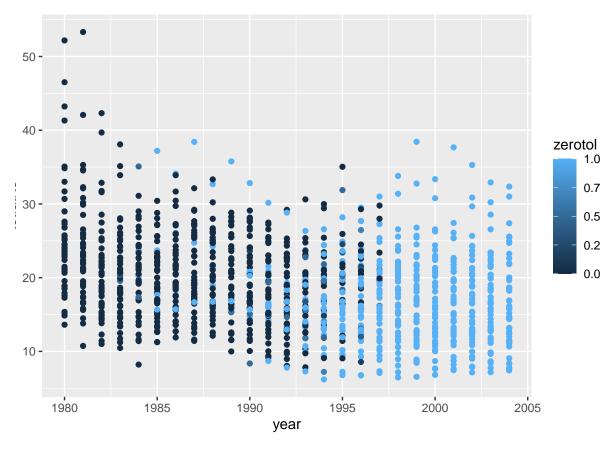


all, the total fatality rate has dropped over the years.



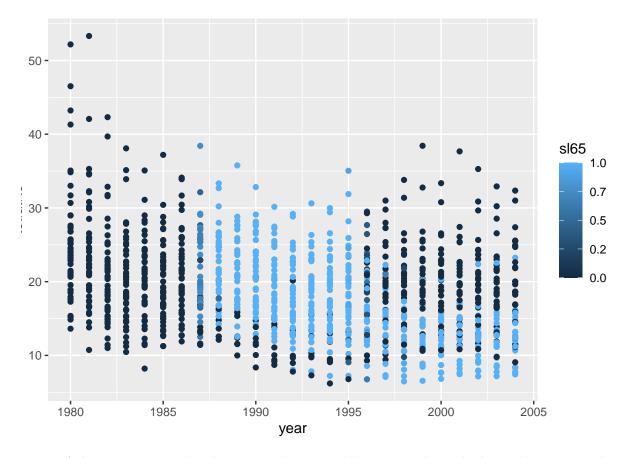
Early years, pre-1985 there seems to have been no seatbelt law. The fatality rate dropped over the years as 1, 2 seatbelt laws were introduced. States started with introduction of seatbelt rule 2 and then majority of them moved to seatbelt rule 1.

```
ggplot(driving, aes(year, totfatrte)) + geom_point(aes(color = zerotol))
```



Most of the states moved to a zero tolerance policy over the years. In fact all the states seems to have introduced theh zero tolerance policy.

```
ggplot(driving, aes(year, totfatrte)) + geom_point(aes(color = s165))
```



Most of the states seemed to have moved to speed limit 65 policy which correlates storngly with the drop in fatality rate. However several states seemed to have moved away to a possibly lower limit (55 mph) post 1996.

TODO: find the variables that the time invariant and the ones which are time varying. Perform specific EDA on those varibles.

- 2. (15%) How is the our dependent variable of interest totfatrte defined? What is the average of this variable in each of the years in the time period covered in this dataset? Estimate a linear regression model of totfatrte on a set of dummy variables for the years 1981 through 2004. What does this model explain? Describe what you find in this model. Did driving become safer over this period? Please provide a detailed explanation.
- 3. (15%) Expand your model in Exercise 2 by adding variables bac08, bac10, perse, sbprim, sbsecon, sl70plus, gdl, perc14\_24, unem, vehicmilespc, and perhaps transformations of some or all of these variables. Please explain carefully your rationale, which should be based on your EDA, behind any transformation you made. If no transformation is made, explain why transformation is not needed. How are the variables bac8 and bac10 defined? Interpret the coefficients on bac8 and bac10. Do per se laws have a negative effect on the fatality rate? What about having a primary seat belt law? (Note that if a law was enacted sometime within a year the fraction of the year is recorded in place of the zero-one indicator.)
- 4. (15%) Reestimate the model from *Exercise 3* using a fixed effects (at the state level) model. How do the coefficients on *bac08*, *bac10*, *perse*, *and sbprim* compare with the pooled OLS estimates? Which set of estimates do you think is more reliable? What assumptions are

- needed in each of these models? Are these assumptions reasonable in the current context?
- 5. (5%) Would you perfer to use a random effects model instead of the fixed effects model you built in *Exercise* 4? Please explain.
- 6. (5%) Suppose that *vehicmilespc*, the number of miles driven per capita, increases by 1,000. Using the FE estimates, what is the estimated effect on *totfatrte*? Please interpret the estimate.
- 7. (5%) If there is serial correlation or heteroskedasticity in the idiosyncratic errors of the model, what would be the consequences on the estimators and their standard errors?