March 17, 2025

Talk Overview: Two Perspectives on LLM Integration

Part 1: Conceptual DSL Design

- LangChain et al. are clunky
- Context-aware procedures can help (toy example: a DSL embedded in Python)
- Mapping onto scientific use cases

Part 2: Case Study

- NumPy → PyTorch physics model port
- Current Claude + Aider workflow
- Friction points and opportunities

Connecting thread: How better LLM abstractions could help scientific uses of LLMs

The Problem: LLM Libraries Have Excessive Boilerplate

Example: Using LangChain for a simple boolean check:

```
from langchain_anthropic import ChatAnthropic
from langchain.prompts import PromptTemplate
from langchain.chains import LLMChain
11m = ChatAnthropic(anthropic_api_key=api_key, model="claude-3-
   opus -20240229")
template = """Answer with JSON {'answer': true/false}: Do the
   BPMs indicate beam mis-steering?"""
prompt = PromptTemplate(input_variables=[], template=template)
chain = LLMChain(llm=llm, prompt=prompt)
result = chain.run({}) # Parse JSON manually
if json.loads(result)["answer"]:
    print("Beam position monitor diagnostics are valid")
```

Common Library Issues:

- Excessive boilerplate: Library interfaces force verbose patterns for simple operations. It's difficult to factor out API-level overabstractions
- Manual parsing: Output processing burden falls on the user

DSL Solution: Context-Sensitive LLM Functions

Our approach:

```
# As a boolean:
if llm("Do the BPMs indicate beam mis-steering?"):
    print("Need to correct steering")

# As text:
response = llm("What's causing the beam drift?")
print(response) # "The drift appears to be from..."
```

Idea: The DSL detects how you're using the result and automatically:

- Uses the appropriate prompt template
- Handles the parsing for you
- Returns the right data type based on context

[JUPYTER NOTEBOOK DEMO]

LLM DSLs for Scientific Facilities: The SLAC Case

Example: LLMs for beam steering

```
from slac_llm import llm, recommend_actions

# Hypothetical example of beam drift correction
if llm("Do the BPMs indicate beam mis-steering?"):
    recommend_actions("Review BPM diagnostic logs and
    advise how to recover")
else:
    print(llm("Summarize beam drift metrics from the last 5
    minutes"))
```

Why do this at SLAC?

- Integration: Freely mix LLM capability with existing Python constructs
- Knowledge capture: Encode expert knowledge in domain-specific primitives

Context Management: Why Current Approaches Fall Short

Another challenge: How do we handle context for LLM operations?

RAG Limitations in Current Frameworks:

 Vector embeddings lose semantics; RAG has lower recall than in-context retrieval

Better Approach:

- Task-specific full-text contexts
- Near-perfect recall in SOTA models

Case Study: NumPy to PyTorch Scientific Model Port

Project: Convert diffuse scattering simulator from NumPy to PyTorch

- Physics-based model for crystallographic diffuse scattering
- Tightly-coupled numerical components
- Specialized math operations requiring gradient flow

Traditional Approach: 6+ weeks of manual conversion

Result with LLMs: 1.5 weeks (75

Two-Tool LLM Workflow

The Process:

- Map component interactions, save as architecture.md
- Draft phased implementation plan (iterate many times)
- For each step of the plan, ask LLM to draft a spec prompt
- # Implementation in Aider:

Planning in Claude Web UI

- Select context, paste in spec prompt
- Aider auto-runs new unit tests and reads the output
- If needed: iterate in Aider until tests pass

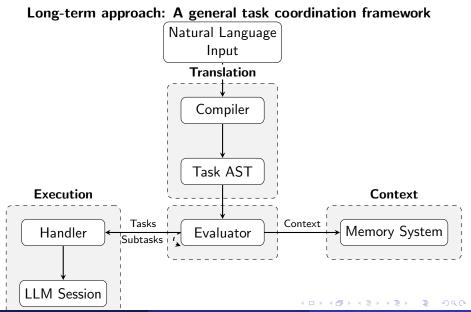
LLM Workflow Friction Points

Key Friction Points:

- Manual context management
- Copy/paste overhead
- Tool-imposed limitations:
 - Claude: Good for planning but lacks context managment and file system / shell integration
 - Aider: Good for code editing but its system prompt is counterproductive for general reasoning and planning tasks

'Agentic' frameworks solve some of these issues but don't give the necessary level of control, especially around context management

Future Direction: LLM Operating System



Potential Next Steps

- **Start small:** Prototype one-off tools for specific SLAC use cases
- Explore context management: Data handling choices such as RAG vs. direct context management – become important at large scales
- Consider domain-specific libraries: Would building a library of SLAC-specific LLM primitives be valuable?