# **Assignment #2**

## ECON~5783-University~of~Arkansas

#### Prof. Kyle Butts

These assignments should be completed in groups of 1 or 2 but submitted individually. My preference is for you to use Rmarkdown files to have your code, results, and your answers to the questions intermixed. Since I am not requiring you to code in R for these assignments, you can use latex or microsoft word to write up answers alternatively. Not that in these cases, I would like you to upload your code seperately.

#### **Theoretical Questions**

1. Define the following conditional expectation function:

$$p(n) \equiv \mathbb{E}[\mathsf{Home}\;\mathsf{Value}_i \mid \mathsf{Num}\;\mathsf{Rooms}_i = n],$$

where i denotes a given home in Massachusetts.

- i. In words, describe how to think about p(4).
- ii. Say you have a sample of parcels, how would you go about estimating p(n)? How would you estimate this in a regression?
- iii. How does the "fully-flexible" conditional expectation function differ from a linear regression model where Home Value<sub>i</sub> = Num Rooms<sub>i</sub> $\beta + u_i$ ?
- iv. Why might we not believe that p(5) p(4) be the causal effect of increasing from 4 to 5 rooms on homeprice?
- 2. Now let's think about a more complicated conditional expectation of worker's wages as a function of sex (M/F) and having a college-degree (0/1):

$$w(g,d) \equiv \, \mathbb{E}[\mathsf{Wages}_i \, | \, \mathsf{Gender}_i = g, \mathsf{College} \, \mathsf{Degree}_i = 1]$$

i. Say I include a set of indicator variables for gender and for whether or not the worker has a college degree in a regression. Describe a scenario where this regression model is

not the conditional expecation function (hint: think about interactions).

### **Coding Exercise**

This exercise involves a sample dataset of homes in Massachussets. A randomly selected sample of the dataset appears in this folder data/MA\_parcels\_sample.parquet. You can open this dataset using arrow::read\_parquet("data/MA\_parcels\_sample.parquet") after installing the arrow package in R.

1. Estimate the conditional expecation function from the theoretical question using regression (the i function from the fixest package will help you):

$$p(n) \equiv \mathbb{E}[\mathsf{Home}\ \mathsf{Value}_i \mid \mathsf{Num}\ \mathsf{Rooms}_i = n].$$

What is the predicted change in home price from going from 4 to 5 rooms?

- 2. Now estimate a linear regression of Home Value on the number of rooms. What is the predicted change in home price from going from 4 to 5 rooms? How does it differ from part (i)
- 3. Now I want to use binscatter regression to estimate the relationship between the lot size of the home to the total value controlling (linearly) for the number of rooms. Use the binsreg package to do this. Use the setting line = c(0, 0) and line = c(2, 2).
- 4. Do you think this is the causal effect of lot size on home value? Why or why not?