# Peergrade assignment 1

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## Exercise 1

#### 1.1. Prove in natural deduction...

$$\frac{\neg A \lor \neg B}{\neg A \lor \neg B} h_1 \quad \frac{\neg A}{\neg A} h_5 \quad \frac{\overline{A \land B}}{A} \stackrel{h_4}{\neg e} \quad \frac{\neg B}{\neg B} h_6 \quad \frac{\overline{A \land B}}{B} \stackrel{h_4}{\land e_1} \\ \frac{\bot}{\neg (A \land B)} \neg i^{h_4} \quad \frac{\bot}{\lor e^{h_5, h_6}} \quad \frac{\overline{C} h_3}{A \land B} \stackrel{\overline{C} \rightarrow A \land B}{\neg E} \stackrel{h_2}{\rightarrow E} \\ \frac{\bot}{\neg (C \rightarrow (A \land B)) \rightarrow \neg C} \rightarrow I^{h_2} \\ \frac{(\neg A \lor \neg B) \rightarrow (C \rightarrow (A \land B)) \rightarrow \neg C}{(\neg A \lor \neg B) \rightarrow (C \rightarrow (A \land B)) \rightarrow \neg C} \rightarrow I^{h_1}$$

Note: at  $\neg i^{h_4}$  the proof for De Morgan's Law begins, the equivalence of:

$$\neg (A \land B) \equiv (\neg A \lor \neg B)$$

#### 1.2. Construct a truth table...

A	В	$\mathbf{C}$	$\neg C$	$A \wedge B$	$C \to (A \land B)$	$ (C \to (A \land B)) \to \neg C$
${ m T}$	${ m T}$	${ m T}$	F	T	${ m T}$	F
${ m T}$	${ m T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	T	T	${ m T}$	T
${ m T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$	F	F	$\mathbf{F}$	T
${ m T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	T	F	${ m T}$	T
$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$	${ m T}$	F	F	$\mathbf{F}$	T
$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{T}$	$\mathbf{F}$	Τ	F	${ m T}$	T
$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	${ m T}$	F	F	$\mathbf{F}$	T
$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	$\mathbf{F}$	Τ	F	${ m T}$	T

It seems that  $(\neg A \lor \neg B) \to (C \to (A \land B)) \to \neg C$  is a Tautology.

$$\mathbf{T} \equiv (\neg A \vee \neg B) \to (C \to (A \wedge B)) \to \neg C$$

#### Exercise 2

#### 2.1

Expression using quantifiers

$$T = table, L = has legs$$

$$\exists x (T(x) \to \neg L(x)) \tag{1}$$

Negation of the statement

$$T = table, L = has legs$$

$$\forall x (T(x) \to L(x)) \tag{2}$$

Expression using English

For all x, if x is a table then x has legs.

#### 2.2

Expression using quantifiers

$$E = Even$$

$$\forall x \in Z(E(x) \to \exists y \in Z((y = x^2) \to E(y))$$
 (3)

Negation of the statement

E = Even

$$\exists x \in Z(E(x) \to \exists y \in Z((y = x^2) \to \neg E(y)) \tag{4}$$

Expression using English

There exists an x in the domain of all integers, if x is an even integer then there exists a y in the domain of all integers, if y is equal to the square of x, then y is NOT an even integer.

#### 2.3

Expression using quantifiers

H = Is a house, P = Has pink doors

$$\exists x (H(x) \to P(x))$$
 (5)

Negation of the statement

H = Is a house, P = Has pink doors

$$\forall x (H(x) \to \neg P(x)) \tag{6}$$

Expression using English

For all x, if x is a house then x does not have pink doors.

#### 2.4

Expression using quantifiers

P = Is a part of "the pigs", F = Can fly, D = Can dance

$$\forall x (P(x) \to F(x) \land D(x)) \tag{7}$$

Negation of the statement

P = Is a part of "the pigs", F = Can fly, D = Can dance

$$\exists x (P(x) \to \neg (F(x) \land D(x))) \tag{8}$$

Expression using English

There exists an x where, if x is a part of "the pigs" then x can not fly and dance.

### 2.5

Expression using quantifiers

Q = Rational

$$\exists x \left( Q(x) \to \sqrt{Q(x)} = 2 \right) \tag{9}$$

Negation of the statement

Q = Rational

$$\forall x \left( Q(x) \to \sqrt{Q(x)} \neq 2 \right) \tag{10}$$

Expression using English

For all x, if x is a rational number then the square root of x is not equal to 2.

## Exercise 3

Prove in natural deduction...

Prove in natural deduction... 
$$\frac{\frac{\forall x(A(x) \to B(x))}{A(y) \to B(y)} \stackrel{h_1}{\forall e} \frac{\forall z(A(z))}{A(y)} \stackrel{h_3}{\forall e}}{\exists y(\neg B(y))} \stackrel{h_2}{h_2} \frac{\frac{\forall x(A(x) \to B(x))}{A(y) \to B(y)} \stackrel{h_1}{\forall e} \frac{\forall z(A(z))}{A(y)} \stackrel{h_3}{\forall e}}{\exists e^{h_4}} \frac{\frac{\forall x(A(x) \to B(x))}{A(a) \to B(a)} \stackrel{h_1}{\forall e} \frac{\forall z(A(z))}{A(a)} \stackrel{h_3}{\forall e}}{\exists g(\neg B(y)) \to \neg \forall z(A(z))} \stackrel{\neg B(a)}{\Rightarrow I^{h_2}} \frac{\frac{1}{\forall x(A(x) \to B(x))} \to I^{h_2}}{\forall x(A(x) \to B(x)) \to \exists y(\neg B(y)) \to \neg \forall z(A(z))} \to I^{h_1}}$$