

南京大学 ACM-ICPC 集训队代码模版库



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1 General

1.1 Code library checksum

```
c502 import re, sys, hashlib
427e
b41f def digest_line(s):
d74e     return hashlib.md5(re.sub(r'\s|//.*', '', s)).hexdigest()[-4:]
427e
f7db for line in sys.stdin.read().strip().split("\n"):
f335     print digest_line(line), line
```

1.2 .vimrc

```
914c set nocompatible
733d syntax on
6bbc colorscheme slate
7db5 set number
b0e3 set cursorline
061b set shiftwidth=2
8011 set softtabstop=2
a66d set tabstop=2
d23a set expandtab
5245 set magic
740c set smartindent
bee8 set backspace=indent,eol,start
815d set cmdheight=1
0a40 set laststatus=2
e458 set statusline=\ %<%F[%1%M%*%n%R%H]%=\ %y\ %0(%{&fileformat}\ %{&encoding}\ %c
      :%l/%L%)\
1c67 set whichwrap=b,s,<,>,[,]
```

1.3 Template

```
302f #include <bits/stdc++.h>
421c using namespace std;
427e
426f #ifdef __LOCAL_DEBUG__
3507 # define _debug(fmt, ...) fprintf(stderr, "\033[94m%s:\u" fmt "\n\033[0m", \
611f     __func__, ##__VA_ARGS__)
a8cb #else
```

```
# define _debug(...) ((void) 0)
#endif
#define rep(i, n) for (int i=0; i<(n); i++)
#define Rep(i, n) for (int i=1; i<=(n); i++)
#define range(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
typedef long long LL;
typedef unsigned long long ULL;

template <unsigned p>
struct Zp{
    unsigned x;
    Zp(unsigned x):x(x){}
    operator unsigned(){return x;}
    Zp operator ^ (ULL e) {
        Zp b=x, r=1;
        while (e) {
            if (e&1) r=r*b;
            b=b*b;
            e>>=1;
        }
        return r;
    }
    Zp operator + (Zp rhs) {return (x+rhs)%p;}
    Zp operator - (Zp rhs) {return (x+p-rhs)%p;}
    Zp operator * (Zp rhs) {return x*rhs%p;}
    Zp operator / (Zp rhs) {return Zp(x)*(rhs^(p-2));}
};

typedef Zp<1000000007> zp;

zp operator"" _ (ULL n){return n;}
```

2 Miscellaneous Algorithms

2.1 Fast fourier transform

```
const int NMAX = 1<<20;

typedef complex<double> cplx;

const double PI = 2*acos(0.0);
struct FFT{
```

```

c47c  int rev[NMAX];
27d7  cplx omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
9827  int K, N;
427e
1442  FFT(int k){
e209      K = k; N = 1 << k;
b393      rep (i, N){
7ba3          rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
1908          omega[i] = polar(1.0, 2.0 * PI / N * i);
a166          oinv[i] = conj(omega[i]);
95cf      }
95cf  }
427e
b941  void dft(cplx* a, cplx* w){
a215      rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);
ac6e      for (int l = 2; l <= N; l *= 2){
2969          int m = l/2;
b3cf          for (cplx* p = a; p != a + N; p += l)
c24f              rep (k, m){
fe06                  cplx t = w[N/l*k] * p[k+m];
ecbf                  p[k+m] = p[k] - t; p[k] += t;
95cf              }
95cf          }
95cf      }
427e
617b  void fft(cplx* a){dft(a, omega);}
a123  void ifft(cplx* a){
3b2f      dft(a, oinv);
57fc      rep (i, N) a[i] /= N;
95cf  }
427e
bdc0  void conv(cplx* a, cplx* b){
6497      fft(a); fft(b);
12a5      rep (i, N) a[i] *= b[i];
f84e      ifft(a);
95cf  }
329b  };

```

2.2 2-SAT

```

0f42  const int MAXN = 100005;
03a9  struct twoSAT{
5c83      int n;

```

```

vector<int> G[MAXN*2];
bool mark[MAXN*2];
int S[MAXN*2], c;

void init(int n){
    this->n = n;
    for (int i=0; i<n*2; i++) G[i].clear();
    memset(mark, 0, sizeof(mark));
}

bool dfs(int x){
    if (mark[x^1]) return false;
    if (mark[x]) return true;
    mark[x] = true;
    S[c++] = x;
    for (int i=0; i<G[x].size(); i++)
        if (!dfs(G[x][i])) return false;
    return true;
}

void add_clause(int x, bool xval, int y, bool yval){
    x = x * 2 + xval;
    y = y * 2 + yval;
    G[x^1].push_back(y);
    G[y^1].push_back(x);
}

bool solve() {
    for (int i=0; i<n*2; i+=2){
        if (!mark[i] && !mark[i+1]){
            c = 0;
            if (!dfs(i)){
                while (c > 0) mark[S[--c]] = false;
                if (!dfs(i+1)) return false;
            }
        }
    }
    return true;
}

inline bool value(unsigned i){return mark[2*i+1];}
};

```

2.3 Knuth's optimization

```

5c83 int n;
d77c int dp[256][256], dc[256][256];
427e
b7ec template <typename T>
0bc7 void compute(T cost) {
0423     for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
8f5e         dp[i][i] = 0;
9488         dc[i][i] = i;
95cf     }
be8e     rep (i, n) {
95b5         dp[i][i+1] = 0;
aa0f         dc[i][i+1] = i;
95cf     }
ec08     for (int len = 2; len <= n; len++) {
88b8         for (int i = 0; i + len <= n; i++) {
d3da             int j = i + len;
9824             int lbnd = dc[i][j-1], rbnd = dc[i+1][j];
a24a             dp[i][j] = INT_MAX / 2;
f933             int c = cost(i, j);
90d2             for (int k = lbnd; k <= rbnd; k++) {
9bd0                 int res = dp[i][k] + dp[k][j] + c;
26b5                 if (res < dp[i][j]) {
e6af                     dp[i][j] = res;
9c88                     dc[i][j] = k;
95cf                 }
95cf             }
95cf         }
95cf     }
329b };

```

3 String

3.1 Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm

```

2836 const int SIZE = 10005;
9847 int fail[SIZE];
57b7 int len;
427e
182f void construct(const char* p) {
aaa1     len = strlen(p);

```

```

fail[0] = fail[1] = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < len; i++) {
    int j = fail[i];
    while (j && p[i] != p[j]) j = fail[j];
    fail[i + 1] = p[i] == p[j] ? j + 1 : 0;
}
}

inline void found(int pos) {
    // ! add codes for having found at pos
}

void match(const char* t, const char* p) { // must be called after construct
    int n = strlen(t);
    int j = 0;
    rep(i, n) {
        while (j && p[j] != t[i]) j = fail[j];
        if (p[j] == t[i]) j++;
        if (j == len) found(i - len + 1);
    }
}

```

3.2 Manacher algorithm

```

struct Manacher {
    int Len;
    vector<int> lc;
    string s;

    void work() {
        lc[1] = 1;
        int k = 1;

        for (int i = 2; i <= Len; i++) {
            int p = k + lc[k] - 1;
            if (i <= p) {
                lc[i] = min(lc[2 * k - i], p - i + 1);
            } else {
                lc[i] = 1;
            }
            while (s[i + lc[i]] == s[i - lc[i]]) lc[i]++;
            if (i + lc[i] > k + lc[k]) k = i;
        }
    }
}

```

```

95cf    }
427e
bfd5    void init(const char *tt) {
aaaf        int len = strlen(tt);
f701        s.resize(len * 2 + 10);
7045        lc.resize(len * 2 + 10);
8e13        s[0] = '*';
ae54        s[1] = '#';
1321        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
e995            s[i * 2 + 2] = tt[i];
69fd            s[i * 2 + 1] = '#';
95cf        }
43fd        s[len * 2 + 1] = '#';
75d1        s[len * 2 + 2] = '\0';
61f7        Len = len * 2 + 2;
3e7a        work();
95cf    }
427e
b194    pair<int, int> maxpal(int l, int r) {
901a        int center = l + r + 1;
ffb2        int rad = lc[center] / 2;
ab54        int rmid = (l + r + 1) / 2;
17e4        int rl = rmid - rad, rr = rmid + rad - 1;
3908        if ((r ^ l) & 1) {
69f3            } else rr++;
69dc        return {max(l, rl), min(r, rr)};
95cf    }
329b };

```

3.3 Aho-corasick automaton

```

a1ad    struct AC : Trie {
9143        int fail[MAXN];
daca        int last[MAXN];
427e
8690    void construct() {
93d2        queue<int> q;
a7a6        fail[0] = 0;
ce3c        rep(c, CHARN) {
b1c6            if (int u = tr[0][c]) {
a506                fail[u] = 0;
3e14                q.push(u);
f689                last[u] = 0;

```

```

    }
    }
    while (!q.empty()) {
        int r = q.front();
        q.pop();
        rep(c, CHARN) {
            int u = tr[r][c];
            if (!u) {
                tr[r][c] = tr[fail[r]][c];
                continue;
            }
            q.push(u);
            int v = fail[r];
            while (v && !tr[v][c]) v = fail[v];
            fail[u] = tr[v][c];
            last[u] = tag[fail[u]] ? fail[u] : last[fail[u]];
        }
    }
}

void found(int pos, int j) {
    if (j) {
        // ! add codes for having found word with tag[j]
        found(pos, last[j]);
    }
}

void find(const char* text) { // must be called after construct()
    int p = 0, c, len = strlen(text);
    rep(i, len) {
        c = id(text[i]);
        p = tr[p][c];
        if (tag[p])
            found(i, p);
        else if (last[p])
            found(i, last[p]);
    }
}
};

```

3.4 Trie

```
const int MAXN = 12000;
```

```

95cf
95cf
cc78
31f0
15dd
ce3c
ab59
0ef5
9d58
b333
95cf
3e14
b3ff
d2ea
c275
654c
95cf
95cf
95cf
427e
7752
043e
427e
4a96
95cf
95cf
427e
9785
80a4
9c94
b3db
f119
f08e
389b
1e67
299e
95cf
95cf
329b

```

```
e6f1
```

```

dd87  const int CHARN = 26;
427e
8ff5  inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a'; }
427e
a281  struct Trie {
5c83      int n;
f4f5      int tr[MAXN][CHARN]; // Trie tree, 0 denotes fail
35a5      int tag[MAXN];
427e
4fee      Trie() {
3ccc          memset(tr[0], 0, sizeof(tr[0]));
4d52          tag[0] = 0;
46bf          n = 1;
95cf      }
427e
427e      // tag should not be 0
30b0      void add(const char* s, int t) {
d50a          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
9c94          rep(i, len) {
3140              c = id(s[i]);
d6c8              if (!tr[p][c]) {
26dd                  memset(tr[n], 0, sizeof(tr[n]));
2e5c                  tag[n] = 0;
73bb                  tr[p][c] = n++;
95cf              }
f119              p = tr[p][c];
95cf          }
35ef          tag[p] = t;
95cf      }
427e
427e      // returns 0 if not found
427e      // AC automaton does not need this function
216c      int search(const char* s) {
d50a          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
9c94          rep(i, len) {
3140              c = id(s[i]);
f339              if (!tr[p][c]) return 0;
f119              p = tr[p][c];
95cf          }
840e          return tag[p];
95cf      }
329b  };

```

4 Math

4.1 Matrix powermod

```

const int MAXN = 105;
const LL modular = 1000000007;
int n; // order of matrices

struct matrix{
    LL m[MAXN][MAXN];

    void operator *=(matrix& a){
        static LL t[MAXN][MAXN];
        Rep(i, n){
            Rep(j, n){
                t[i][j] = 0;
                Rep(k, n){
                    t[i][j] += (m[i][k] * a.m[k][j]) % modular;
                    t[i][j] %= modular;
                }
            }
        }
        memcpy(m, t, sizeof(t));
    }
};

matrix r;
void m_powmod(matrix& b, LL e){
    memset(r.m, 0, sizeof(r.m));
    Rep(i, n)
        r.m[i][i] = 1;
    while (e){
        if (e & 1) r *= b;
        b *= b;
        e >>= 1;
    }
}

```

4.2 Linear basis

```

const int MAXD = 30;
struct linearbasis {

```

```

3558     ULL b[MAXD] = {};
427e
842f     bool insert(ull v) {
9b2b         for (int j = MAXD - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
de36             if (!(v & (1ll << j))) continue;
ee78             if (b[j] v ^= b[j]
037f             else {
7836                 for (int k = 0; k < j; k++)
f0b4                     if (v & (1ll << k)) v ^= b[k];
b0aa                 for (int k = j + 1; k < MAXD; k++)
46c9                     if (b[k] & (1ll << j)) b[k] ^= v;
8295                 b[j] = v;
3361                 return true;
95cf             }
95cf         }
438e         return false;
95cf     }
329b };

```

4.3 Gauss elimination over finite field

```

b784 const LL p = 1000000007;
427e
2a2c LL powmod(LL b, LL e) {
95a2     LL r = 1;
3e90     while (e) {
1783         if (e & 1) r = r * b % p;
5549         b = b * b % p;
16fc         e >>= 1;
95cf     }
547e     return r;
95cf }
427e
c130 typedef vector<LL> VLL;
42ac typedef vector<VLL> VVLL;
427e
2c62 LL gauss(VVLL &a, VVLL &b) {
561b     const int n = a.size(), m = b[0].size();
a25e     vector<int> irow(n), icol(n), ipiv(n);
2976     LL det = 1;
427e
be8e     rep (i, n) {
d2b5         int pj = -1, pk = -1;

```

```

rep (j, n) if (!ipiv[j])
    rep (k, n) if (!ipiv[k])
        if (pj == -1 || a[j][k] > a[pj][pk]) {
            pj = j;
            pk = k;
        }
    if (a[pj][pk] == 0) return 0;
    ipiv[pk]++;
    swap(a[pj], a[pk]);
    swap(b[pj], b[pk]);
    if (pj != pk) det = (p - det) % p;
    irow[i] = pj;
    icol[i] = pk;

    LL c = powmod(a[pk][pk], p - 2);
    det = det * a[pk][pk] % p;
    a[pk][pk] = 1;
    rep (j, n) a[pk][j] = a[pk][j] * c % p;
    rep (j, m) b[pk][j] = b[pk][j] * c % p;
    rep (j, n) if (j != pk) {
        c = a[j][pk];
        a[j][pk] = 0;
        rep (k, n) a[j][k] = (a[j][k] + p - a[pk][k] * c % p) % p;
        rep (k, m) b[j][k] = (b[j][k] + p - b[pk][k] * c % p) % p;
    }
}

for (int j = n - 1; j >= 0; j--) if (irow[j] != icol[j]) {
    for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) swap(a[k][irow[j]], a[k][icol[j]]);
}
return det;
}

```

4.4 Berlekamp-Massey algorithm

```

const LL MOD = 1000000007;
2b86
427e
LL inverse(LL b) {
391d     LL e = MOD - 2, r = 1;
32d3     while (e) {
3e90         if (e & 1) r = r * b % MOD;
9a62         b = b * b % MOD;
29ea         e >>= 1;
16fc

```



```

95cf    }
547e    return r;
95cf    }
427e
32a6    struct Poly {
afe0        vector<int> a;
427e
9794    Poly() { a.clear(); }
427e
de81    Poly(vector<int> &a) : a(a) {}
427e
8087    int length() const { return a.size(); }
427e
16de    Poly move(int d) {
b31d        vector<int> na(d, 0);
f915        na.insert(na.end(), a.begin(), a.end());
cecf        return Poly(na);
95cf    }
427e
fa1a    int calc(vector<int> &d, int pos) {
5b57        int ret = 0;
501c        for (int i = 0; i < (int)a.size(); ++i) {
5de5            if ((ret += (long long)d[pos - i] * a[i] % MOD) >= MOD) {
3041                ret -= MOD;
95cf            }
95cf        }
ee0f        return ret;
95cf    }
427e
c856    Poly operator - (const Poly &b) {
bd55        vector<int> na(max(this->length(), b.length()));
d1a7        for (int i = 0; i < (int)na.size(); ++i) {
3507            int aa = i < this->length() ? this->a[i] : 0,
2bee            bb = i < b.length() ? b.a[i] : 0;
9526            na[i] = (aa + MOD - bb) % MOD;
95cf        }
cecf        return Poly(na);
95cf    }
329b    };
427e
5473    Poly operator * (const int &c, const Poly &p) {
72de        vector<int> na(p.length());
d1a7        for (int i = 0; i < (int)na.size(); ++i) {
bf0c            na[i] = (long long)c * p.a[i] % MOD;

```

```

    }
    return na;
}

vector<int> solve(vector<int> a) {
    int n = a.size();
    Poly s, b;
    s.a.push_back(1), b.a.push_back(1);
    for (int i = 1, j = 0, ld = a[0]; i < n; ++i) {
        int d = s.calc(a, i);
        if (d) {
            if ((s.length() - 1) * 2 <= i) {
                Poly ob = b;
                b = s;
                s = s - (long long)d * inverse(ld) % MOD * ob.move(i - j);
                j = i;
                ld = d;
            } else {
                s = s - (long long)d * inverse(ld) % MOD * b.move(i - j);
            }
        }
    }
    // Caution: s.a might be shorter than expected
    return s.a;
}

```

4.5 Fast Walsh-Hadamard transform

```

void fwt(int* a, int n){
    for (int d = 1; d < n; d <= 1)
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += d << 1)
            rep (j, d){
                int x = a[i+j], y = a[i+j+d];
                // a[i+j] = x+y, a[i+j+d] = x-y;    // xor
                // a[i+j] = x+y;                    // and
                // a[i+j+d] = x+y;                    // or
            }
}

void ifwt(int* a, int n){
    for (int d = 1; d < n; d <= 1)
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += d << 1)
            rep (j, d){

```

```

7796         int x = a[i+j], y = a[i+j+d];
427e         // a[i+j] = (x+y)/2, a[i+j+d] = (x-y)/2;    // xor
427e         // a[i+j] = x-y;                               // and
427e         // a[i+j+d] = y-x;                               // or
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
2ab6 void conv(int* a, int* b, int n){
950a     fwt(a, n);
e427     fwt(b, n);
8a42     rep(i, n) a[i] *= b[i];
430f     ifwt(a, n);
95cf }

```

4.6 Number theoretic transform

```

4ab9 const int NMAX = 1<<21;
427e
427e // 998244353 = 7*17*2^23+1, G = 3
fb9a const int P = 1004535809, G = 3; // = 479*2^21+1
427e
87ab struct NTT{
c47c     int rev[NMAX];
0eda     LL omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
81af     int g, g_inv; // g: g_n = G^((P-1)/n)
9827     int K, N;
427e
2a2c     LL powmod(LL b, LL e){
95a2         LL r = 1;
3e90         while (e){
6624             if (e&1) r = r * b % P;
489e             b = b * b % P;
16fc             e >>= 1;
95cf         }
547e         return r;
95cf     }
427e
f420     NTT(int k){
e209         K = k; N = 1 << k;
7652         g = powmod(G, (P-1)/N);
4b3a         g_inv = powmod(g, N-1);
e04f         omega[0] = oinv[0] = 1;
b393         rep (i, N){

```

```

rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
if (i){
    omega[i] = omega[i-1] * g % P;
    oinv[i] = oinv[i-1] * g_inv % P;
}
}
}

void _ntt(LL* a, LL* w){
    rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);
    for (int l = 2; l <= N; l *= 2){
        int m = l/2;
        for (LL* p = a; p != a + N; p += l)
            rep (k, m){
                LL t = w[N/l*k] * p[k+m] % P;
                p[k+m] = (p[k] - t + P) % P;
                p[k] = (p[k] + t) % P;
            }
    }
}

void ntt(LL* a){_ntt(a, omega);}
void intt(LL* a){
    LL inv = powmod(N, P-2);
    _ntt(a, oinv);
    rep (i, N) a[i] = a[i] * inv % P;
}

void conv(LL* a, LL* b){
    ntt(a); ntt(b);
    rep (i, N) a[i] = a[i] * b[i] % P;
    intt(a);
}

};

```

4.7 Sieve of Euler

```

const int MAXX = 1e7+5;
bool p[MAXX];
int prime[MAXX], sz;

void sieve(){
    p[0] = p[1] = 1;

```

```

1ec8     for (int i = 2; i < MAXX; i++){
bf28         if (!p[i]) prime[sz++] = i;
e82c         for (int j = 0; j < sz && i*prime[j] < MAXX; j++){
b6a9             p[i*prime[j]] = 1;
5f51             if (i % prime[j] == 0) break;
95cf         }
95cf     }
95cf }

```

4.8 Miler-Rabin primality test

```

f16f bool test(LL n){
59f2     if (n < 3) return n==2;
427e     // ! The array a[] should be modified if the range of x changes.
3f11     const LL a[] = {2LL, 7LL, 61LL, LLONG_MAX};
c320     LL r = 0, d = n-1, x;
f410     while (~d & 1) d >>= 1, r++;
2975     for (int i=0; a[i] < n; i++){
ece1         x = powmod(a[i], d, n);
7f99         if (x == 1 || x == n-1) goto next;
e257         rep (i, r) {
d7ff             x = mulmod(x, x, n);
8d2e             if (x == n-1) goto next;
95cf         }
438e         return false;
d490 next;;
95cf     }
3361     return true;
95cf }

```

4.9 Pollard's rho algorithm

```

2e6b ULL gcd(ULL a, ULL b) {return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;}
427e
54a5 ULL PollardRho(ULL n){
45eb     ULL c, x, y, d = n;
d3e5     if (~n&1) return 2;
3c69     while (d == n){
0964         x = y = 2;
4753         d = 1;
5952         c = rand() % (n - 1) + 1;

```

```

while (d == 1){
    x = (mulmod(x, x, n) + c) % n;
    y = (mulmod(y, y, n) + c) % n;
    y = (mulmod(y, y, n) + c) % n;
    d = gcd(x>y ? x-y : y-x, n);
}
}
return d;
}

```

```

9e5b
33d5
e1bf
e1bf
a313
95cf
95cf
5d89
95cf

```

5 Graph Theory

5.1 Strongly connected component

```

const int MAXV = 100005;

struct graph{
    vector<int> adj[MAXV];
    stack<int> s;
    int V; // number of vertices
    int pre[MAXV], lnk[MAXV], scc[MAXV];
    int time, sccn;

    void add_edge(int u, int v){
        adj[u].push_back(v);
    }

    void dfs(int u){
        pre[u] = lnk[u] = ++time;
        s.push(u);
        for (int v : adj[u]){
            if (!pre[v]){
                dfs(v);
                lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], lnk[v]);
            } else if (!scc[v]){
                lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], pre[v]);
            }
        }
        if (lnk[u] == pre[u]){
            sccn++;
            int x;
            do {

```

```

837c
427e
2ea0
88e3
9cad
3d02
8b6c
27ee
427e
bfab
c71a
95cf
427e
d714
7e41
80f6
18f6
173e
5f3c
002c
6068
d5df
95cf
95cf
8de2
660f
3c9e
a69f

```

```

3834         x = s.top(); s.pop();
b0e9         scc[x] = sccn;
6757     } while (x != u);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
4c88 void find_scc(){
f4a2     time = sccn = 0;
8de7     memset(scc, 0, sizeof scc);
8c2f     memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
6901     Rep (i, V){
56d1         if (!pre[i]) dfs(i);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
27ce vector<int> adjc[MAXV];
364d void contract(){
1a1e     Rep (i, V)
21a2         rep (j, adj[i].size()){
b730             if (scc[i] != scc[adj[i][j]])
b46e                 adjc[scc[i]].push_back(scc[adj[i][j]]);
95cf         }
95cf     }
329b };

```

5.2 Vertex biconnected component

```

0f42 const int MAXN = 100005;
2ea0 struct graph {
33ae     int pre[MAXN], iscut[MAXN], bccno[MAXN], dfs_clock, bcc_cnt;
848f     vector<int> adj[MAXN], bcc[MAXN];
6b06     set<pair<int, int>> bcce[MAXN];
427e
76f7     stack<pair<int, int>> s;
427e
bfab void add_edge(int u, int v) {
c71a     adj[u].push_back(v);
a717     adj[v].push_back(u);
95cf }
427e
7d3c int dfs(int u, int fa) {
9fe6     int lowu = pre[u] = ++dfs_clock;
ec14     int child = 0;

```

```

for (int v : adj[u]) {
    if (!pre[v]) {
        s.push({u, v});
        child++;
        int lowv = dfs(v, u);
        lowu = min(lowu, lowv);
        if (lowv >= pre[u]) {
            iscut[u] = 1;
            bcc[bcc_cnt].clear();
            bcce[bcc_cnt].clear();
            while (1) {
                int xu, xv;
                tie(xu, xv) = s.top(); s.pop();
                bcce[bcc_cnt].insert({min(xu, xv), max(xu, xv)});
                if (bccno[xu] != bcc_cnt) {
                    bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(xu);
                    bccno[xu] = bcc_cnt;
                }
                if (bccno[xv] != bcc_cnt) {
                    bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(xv);
                    bccno[xv] = bcc_cnt;
                }
                if (xu == u && xv == v) break;
            }
            bcc_cnt++;
        }
    } else if (pre[v] < pre[u] && v != fa) {
        s.push({u, v});
        lowu = min(lowu, pre[v]);
    }
}
if (fa < 0 && child == 1) iscut[u] = 0;
return lowu;
}

void find_bcc(int n) {
    memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
    memset(iscut, 0, sizeof iscut);
    memset(bccno, -1, sizeof bccno);
    dfs_clock = bcc_cnt = 0;
    rep (i, n) if (!pre[i]) dfs(i, -1);
}
};

```

5.3 Maximum flow (Dinic)

```

bcf8 struct edge{
60e2     int from, to;
5e6d     LL cap, flow;
329b };
427e
e2cd const int MAXN = 1005;
9062 struct Dinic {
4dbf     int n, m, s, t;
9f0c     vector<edge> edges;
b891     vector<int> G[MAXN];
bbb6     bool vis[MAXN];
b40a     int d[MAXN];
ddec     int cur[MAXN];
427e
5973 void add_edge(int from, int to, LL cap) {
7b55     edges.push_back(edge{from, to, cap, 0});
1db7     edges.push_back(edge{to, from, 0, 0});
fe77     m = edges.size();
dff5     G[from].push_back(m-2);
8f2d     G[to].push_back(m-1);
95cf }
427e
1836 bool bfs() {
3b73     memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
93d2     queue<int> q;
5d13     q.push(s);
2cd2     vis[s] = 1;
721d     d[s] = 0;
cc78     while (!q.empty()) {
66ba         int x = q.front(); q.pop();
3b61         for (int i = 0; i < G[x].size(); i++) {
b510             edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
bba9             if (!vis[e.to] && e.cap > e.flow) {
cd72                 vis[e.to] = 1;
cf26                 d[e.to] = d[x] + 1;
ca93                 q.push(e.to);
95cf             }
95cf         }
95cf     }
b23b     return vis[t];
95cf }
427e

```

```

LL dfs(int x, LL a) {
    if (x == t || a == 0) return a;
    LL flow = 0, f;
    for (int& i = cur[x]; i < G[x].size(); i++) {
        edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
        if(d[x] + 1 == d[e.to] && (f = dfs(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow))) > 0)
        {
            e.flow += f;
            edges[G[x][i]^1].flow -= f;
            flow += f;
            a -= f;
            if(a == 0) break;
        }
    }
    return flow;
}

LL max_flow(int s, int t) {
    this->s = s; this->t = t;
    LL flow = 0;
    while (bfs()) {
        memset(cur, 0, sizeof(cur));
        flow += dfs(s, LLONG_MAX);
    }
    return flow;
}

vector<int> min_cut() { // call this after maxflow
    vector<int> ans;
    for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++) {
        edge& e = edges[i];
        if(vis[e.from] && !vis[e.to] && e.cap > 0) ans.push_back(i);
    }
    return ans;
}
};

```

5.4 Maximum cardinality bipartite matching (Hungarian)

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

#define rep(i, n) for (int i = 0; i < (n); i++)

```

```

cfe3 #define Rep(i, n) for (int i = 1; i <= (n); i++)
8843 #define range(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
5cad typedef long long LL;
427e
84ee struct Hungarian{
fbf6     int nx, ny;
9ec6     vector<int> mx, my;
9d4c     vector<vector<int> > e;
edec     vector<bool> mark;
427e
8324     void init(int nx, int ny){
c1d1         this->nx = nx;
f9c1         this->ny = ny;
ac92         mx.resize(nx); my.resize(ny);
3f11         e.clear(); e.resize(nx);
1023         mark.resize(nx);
95cf     }
427e
4589     inline void add(int a, int b){
486c         e[a].push_back(b);
95cf     }
427e
0c2b     bool augment(int i){
207c         if (!mark[i]) {
dae4             mark[i] = true;
6a1e             for (int j : e[i]){
0892                 if (my[j] == -1 || augment(my[j])){
9ca3                     mx[i] = j; my[j] = i;
3361                     return true;
95cf                 }
95cf             }
95cf         }
438e         return false;
95cf     }
427e
3fac     int match(){
5b57         int ret = 0;
b0f1         fill(range(mx), -1);
b957         fill(range(my), -1);
4ed1         rep (i, nx){
13a5             fill(range(mark), false);
cc89             if (augment(i)) ret++;
95cf         }
ee0f         return ret;

```

```

    }
};
95cf
329b

5.5 Minimum cost maximum flow

struct edge{
    int from, to;
    int cap, flow;
    LL cost;
};
bcf8
60e2
d698
32cc
329b
427e

const LL INF = LLONG_MAX / 2;
const int MAXN = 5005;
cc3e
2aa8

struct MCMF {
c6cb
    int s, t, n, m;
    vector<edge> edges;
    vector<int> G[MAXN];
    bool inq[MAXN]; // queue
    LL d[MAXN]; // distance
    int p[MAXN]; // previous
    int a[MAXN]; // improvement
    9ceb
    9f0c
    b891
    f74f
    8f67
    9524
    b330
    427e

    void add_edge(int from, int to, int cap, LL cost) {
f7f2
        edges.push_back(edge{from, to, cap, 0, cost});
24f0
        edges.push_back(edge{to, from, 0, 0, -cost});
95f0
        m = edges.size();
fe77
        G[from].push_back(m-2);
dff5
        G[to].push_back(m-1);
8f2d
    }
    95cf
    427e

    bool spfa(){
3c52
        queue<int> q;
93d2
        fill(d, d + MAXN, INF); d[s] = 0;
8494
        memset(inq, 0, sizeof(inq));
fd48
        q.push(s); inq[s] = true;
5e7c
        p[s] = 0; a[s] = INT_MAX;
2dae
        while (!q.empty()){
cc78
            int u = q.front(); q.pop(); inq[u] = false;
b0aa
            rep (i, G[u].size()){
ddff
                edge& e = edges[G[u][i]];
c234
                if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] > d[u] + e.cost){
3601
                    d[e.to] = d[u] + e.cost;
55bc
                    p[e.to] = G[u][i];
0bea
                }
            }
        }
    }

```

```

8249         a[e.to] = min(a[u], e.cap - e.flow);
e5d3         if (!inq[e.to]) q.push(e.to), inq[e.to] = true;
95cf     }
95cf     }
95cf     }
6d7c     return d[t] != INF;
95cf }
427e
71a4 void augment(){
06f1     int u = t;
b19d     while (u != s){
db09         edges[p[u]].flow += a[t];
25a9         edges[p[u]^1].flow -= a[t];
e6c9         u = edges[p[u]].from;
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
6e20 #ifndef GIVEN_FLOW
5972     bool min_cost(int s, int t, int f, LL& cost) {
590d         this->s = s; this->t = t;
21d4         int flow = 0;
23cb         cost = 0;
22dc         while (spfa()) {
bcd8             augment();
a671             if (flow + a[t] >= f){
9c87                 cost += (f - flow) * a[t]; flow = f;
3361                 return true;
8e2e             } else {
2a83                 flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
95cf             }
95cf         }
438e         return false;
95cf     }
a8cb #else
f9a9     int min_cost(int s, int t, LL& cost) {
590d         this->s = s; this->t = t;
21d4         int flow = 0;
23cb         cost = 0;
22dc         while (spfa()) {
bcd8             augment();
2a83             flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
95cf         }
84fb         return flow;
95cf     }

```

```

#endif
};
1937
329b

5.6 Global minimum cut (Stoer-Wagner)

typedef vector<LL> VI; f9d7
typedef vector<VI> WVI; 045e
427e
pair<LL, VI> stoer(WVI &w) { f012
    int n = w.size(); 66f7
    VI used(n), c, bestc; 4d98
    LL bestw = -1; 329d
    427e
    for (int ph = n - 1; ph >= 0; ph--) { cd21
        VI wt = w[0], added = used; ec6e
        int prev, last = 0; f20e
        rep (i, ph) { 4b32
            prev = last; 8bfc
            last = -1; 0706
            for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) 4942
                if (!added[j] && (last == -1 || wt[j] > wt[last])) c4b9
                    last = j; 887d
            if (i == ph - 1) { 71bc
                rep (j, n) w[prev][j] += w[last][j]; 9cfa
                rep (j, n) w[j][prev] = w[prev][j]; 1f25
                used[last] = true; 5613
                c.push_back(last); 8e11
                if (bestw == -1 || wt[last] < bestw) { bb8e
                    bestc = c; bab6
                    bestw = wt[last]; 372e
                } 95cf
            } else { 8e2e
                rep (j, n) wt[j] += w[last][j]; caeb
                added[last] = true; 8b92
            } 95cf
        } 95cf
    } 95cf
    return {bestw, bestc}; 038c
} 95cf

```

5.7 Heavy-light decomposition

```

0f42  const int MAXN = 100005;
0b32  vector<int> adj[MAXN];
42f2  int sz[MAXN], top[MAXN], fa[MAXN], son[MAXN], depth[MAXN], id[MAXN];
427e
be5c  void dfs1(int x, int dep, int par){
7489      depth[x] = dep;
2ee7      sz[x] = 1;
adb4      fa[x] = par;
b79d      int maxn = 0, s = 0;
c861      for (int c: adj[x]){
fe45          if (c == par) continue;
fd2f          dfs1(c, dep + 1, x);
b790          sz[x] += sz[c];
f0f1          if (sz[c] > maxn){
c749              maxn = sz[c];
fe19              s = c;
95cf          }
95cf      }
0e08      son[x] = s;
95cf  }
427e
ba54  int cid = 0;
3644  void dfs2(int x, int t){
8d96      top[x] = t;
d314      id[x] = ++cid;
c4a1      if (son[x]) dfs2(son[x], t);
c861      for (int c: adj[x]){
9881          if (c == fa[x]) continue;
5518          if (c == son[x]) continue;
13f9          else dfs2(c, c);
95cf      }
95cf  }
427e
0f04  void decomp(int root){
9fa4      dfs1(root, 1, 0);
1c88      dfs2(root, root);
95cf  }
427e
2c98  void query(int u, int v){
03a1      while (top[u] != top[v]){
45ec          if (depth[top[u]] < depth[top[v]]) swap(u, v);
427e          // id[top[u]] to id[u]
005b          u = fa[top[u]];
95cf      }

```

```

        if (depth[u] > depth[v]) swap(u, v);
        // id[u] to id[v]
    }

```

6083
427e
95cf

6 Data Structures

6.1 Segment tree

```

LL p;
const int MAXN = 4 * 100006;
struct segtree {
    int l[MAXN], m[MAXN], r[MAXN];
    LL val[MAXN], tadd[MAXN], tmul[MAXN];

#define lson (o<<1)
#define rson (o<<1|1)

    void pull(int o) {
        val[o] = (val[lson] + val[rson]) % p;
    }

    void push_add(int o, LL x) {
        val[o] = (val[o] + x * (r[o] - l[o])) % p;
        tadd[o] = (tadd[o] + x) % p;
    }

    void push_mul(int o, LL x) {
        val[o] = val[o] * x % p;
        tadd[o] = tadd[o] * x % p;
        tmul[o] = tmul[o] * x % p;
    }

    void push(int o) {
        if (l[o] == m[o]) return;
        if (tmul[o] != 1) {
            push_mul(lson, tmul[o]);
            push_mul(rson, tmul[o]);
            tmul[o] = 1;
        }
        if (tadd[o]) {
            push_add(lson, tadd[o]);
            push_add(rson, tadd[o]);

```

3942
1ebb
451a
27be
4510
427e
ac35
1294
427e
1344
bbe9
95cf
427e
e4bc
5dd6
6eff
95cf
427e
d658
b82c
aa86
649f
95cf
427e
b149
3159
0a90
0f4a
045e
ac0a
95cf
1b82
9547
0e73


```

6234     tadd[o] = 0;
95cf     }
95cf     }
427e
471c void build(int o, int ll, int rr) {
0e87     int mm = (ll + rr) / 2;
9d27     l[o] = ll; r[o] = rr; m[o] = mm;
ac0a     tmul[o] = 1;
5c92     if (ll == mm) {
001f         scanf("%lld", val + o);
e5b6         val[o] %= p;
8e2e     } else {
7293         build(lson, ll, mm);
5e67         build(rson, mm, rr);
ba26         pull(o);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
4406 void add(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
3c16     if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
db32         push_add(o, x);
8e2e     } else {
c4b0         push(o);
4305         if (m[o] > ll) add(lson, ll, rr, x);
d5a6         if (m[o] < rr) add(rson, ll, rr, x);
ba26         pull(o);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
48cd void mul(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
3c16     if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
e7d0         push_mul(o, x);
8e2e     } else {
c4b0         push(o);
d1ba         if (ll < m[o]) mul(lson, ll, rr, x);
67f3         if (m[o] < rr) mul(rson, ll, rr, x);
ba26         pull(o);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
0f62 LL query(int o, int ll, int rr) {
3c16     if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
6dfe         return val[o];
8e2e     } else {

```

```

LL ans = 0;
push(o);
if (m[o] > ll) ans += query(lson, ll, rr);
if (m[o] < rr) ans += query(rson, ll, rr);
return ans % p;
}
}
} seg;

```

6.2 Link/cut tree

// about 0.13s per 100k ops @Luogu.org

```

namespace LCT {
const int MAXN = 300005;
int fa[MAXN], ch[MAXN][2], val[MAXN], sum[MAXN];
bool rev[MAXN];

bool isroot(int x) {
return ch[fa[x]][0] == x || ch[fa[x]][1] == x;
}

void pull(int x) {
sum[x] = val[x] ^ sum[ch[x][0]] ^ sum[ch[x][1]];
}

void reverse(int x) {
swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]);
rev[x] ^= 1;
}

void push(int x) {
if (rev[x]) {
if (ch[x][0]) reverse(ch[x][0]);
if (ch[x][1]) reverse(ch[x][1]);
rev[x] = 0;
}
}

void rotate(int x) {
int y = fa[x], z = fa[y], k = ch[y][1] == x, w = ch[x][!k];
if (isroot(y)) ch[z][ch[z][1] == y] = x;
ch[x][!k] = y; ch[y][k] = w;

```

```

fa6f     if (w) fa[w] = y;
3540     fa[y] = x; fa[x] = z;
72ef     pull(y);
95cf     }
427e
bc1b     void pushall(int x) {
a316         if (isroot(x)) pushall(fa[x]);
a97b         push(x);
95cf     }
427e
f69c     void splay(int x) {
d095         int y = x, z = 0;
8ab3         pushall(y);
f244         while (isroot(x)) {
ceef             y = fa[x]; z = fa[y];
4449             if (isroot(y)) rotate((ch[y][0] == x) ^ (ch[z][0] == y) ? x : y);
cf90             rotate(x);
95cf         }
78a0         pull(x);
95cf     }
427e
6229     void access(int x) {
1548         int z = x;
ba78         for (int y = 0; x; x = fa[y = x]) {
8fec             splay(x);
b05d             ch[x][1] = y;
78a0             pull(x);
95cf         }
7afd         splay(z);
95cf     }
427e
502e     void chroot(int x) {
766a         access(x);
cb0d         reverse(x);
95cf     }
427e
471a     void split(int x, int y) {
3015         chroot(x);
29b5         access(y);
95cf     }
427e
d87a     int Root(int x) {
766a         access(x);
874d         while (ch[x][0]) {

```

```

        push(x);
        x = ch[x][0];
    }
    splay(x);
    return x;
}

void Link(int u, int v) { // assume unconnected before
    chroot(u);
    fa[u] = v;
}

void Cut(int u, int v) { // assume connected before
    split(u, v);
    fa[u] = ch[v][0] = 0;
    pull(v);
}

int Query(int u, int v) {
    split(u, v);
    return sum[v];
}

void Update(int u, int x) {
    splay(u);
    val[u] = x;
}
};

```

6.3 Balanced binary search tree from pb_ds

```

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

tree<int, null_type, less<int>, rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>
    rkt;
// null_tree_node_update

// SAMPLE USAGE
rkt.insert(x); // insert element
rkt.erase(x); // erase element
rkt.order_of_key(x); // obtain the number of elements less than x
rkt.find_by_order(i); // iterator to i-th (numbered from 0) smallest element

```

```

c103 rkt.lower_bound(x);
4ff4 rkt.upper_bound(x);
b19b rkt.join(rkt2);      // merge tree (only if their ranges do not intersect)
cb47 rkt.split(x, rkt2);  // split all elements greater than x to rkt2

```

6.4 Persistent segment tree, range k-th query

```

f1a7 struct node {
2ff6     static int n, pos;
427e
7cec     int value;
70e2     node *left, *right;
427e
20b0     void* operator new(size_t size);
427e
3dc0     static node* Build(int l, int r) {
b6c5         node* a = new node;
ce96         if (r > l + 1) {
181e             int mid = (l + r) / 2;
3ba2             a->left = Build(l, mid);
8aaf             a->right = Build(mid, r);
8e2e         } else {
bfc4             a->value = 0;
95cf         }
5ffd         return a;
95cf     }
427e
5a45     static node* init(int size) {
2c46         n = size;
7ee3         pos = 0;
be52         return Build(0, n);
95cf     }
427e
93c0     static int Query(node* lt, node *rt, int l, int r, int k) {
d30c         if (r == l + 1) return l;

```

```

181e         int mid = (l + r) / 2;
cb5a         if (rt->left->value - lt->left->value < k) {
8edb             k -= rt->left->value - lt->left->value;
2412             return Query(lt->right, rt->right, mid, r, k);
8e2e         } else {
0119             return Query(lt->left, rt->left, l, mid, k);
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e
c9ad     static int query(node* lt, node *rt, int k) {
9e27         return Query(lt, rt, 0, n, k);
95cf     }
427e
b19c     node *Inc(int l, int r, int pos) const {
5794         node* a = new node(*this);
ce96         if (r > l + 1) {
181e             int mid = (l + r) / 2;
203d             if (pos < mid)
f44a                 a->left = left->Inc(l, mid, pos);
649a             else
1024                 a->right = right->Inc(mid, r, pos);
95cf         }
2b3e         a->value++;
5ffd         return a;
95cf     }
427e
e80f     node *inc(int index) {
c246         return Inc(0, n, index);
95cf     }
865a     } nodes[8000000];
427e
99ce     int node::n, node::pos;
1987     inline void* node::operator new(size_t size) {
bb3c         return nodes + (pos++);
95cf     }

```