

南京大学 ACM-ICPC 集训队代码模版库



Contents

1 General	3	4 Graph Theory	7
1.1 Code library checksum	3	4.1 Strongly connected component	7
1.2 .vimrc	3	4.2 Vertex biconnected component	8
1.3 Template	3	4.3 Maximum flow (Dinic)	8
2 Miscellaneous Algorithms	3	4.4 Maximum cardinality bipartite matching (Hungarian)	9
2.1 Fast fourier transform	3	4.5 Minimum cost maximum flow	10
2.2 2-SAT	4	4.6 Global minimum cut (Stoer-Wagner)	11
2.3 Knuth's optimization	5	4.7 Heavy-light decomposition	11
3 String	5	5 Data Structures	12
3.1 Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm	5	5.1 Segment tree	12
3.2 Manacher algorithm	5	5.2 Link/cut tree	13
3.3 Aho-corasick automaton	6	5.3 Balanced binary search tree from pb_ds	14
		5.4 Persistent segment tree, range k-th query	14
		3.4 Trie	6

1 General

1.1 Code library checksum

```
c502 import re, sys, hashlib
427e
b41f def digest_line(s):
d74e     return hashlib.md5(re.sub(r'\s|//.*', '', s)).hexdigest()[-4:]
427e
f7db for line in sys.stdin.read().strip().split("\n"):
f335     print digest_line(line), line
```

1.2 .vimrc

```
914c set nocompatible
733d syntax on
6bbc colorscheme slate
7db5 set number
b0e3 set cursorline
061b set shiftwidth=2
8011 set softtabstop=2
a66d set tabstop=2
d23a set expandtab
5245 set magic
740c set smartindent
bee8 set backspace=indent,eol,start
815d set cmdheight=1
0a40 set laststatus=2
e458 set statusline=\ %<%F[%1%M%*%n%R%H]%=\ %y\ %0(%{&fileformat}\ %{&encoding}\ %c
      :%l/%L%)\
1c67 set whichwrap=b,s,<,>,[,]
```

1.3 Template

```
302f #include <bits/stdc++.h>
421c using namespace std;
427e
426f #ifdef __LOCAL_DEBUG__
3507 # define _debug(fmt, ...) fprintf(stderr, "\033[94m%s:␣" fmt "\n\033[0m", \
611f     __func__, ##__VA_ARGS__)
a8cb #else
```

```
# define _debug(...) ((void) 0)
#endif
#define rep(i, n) for (int i=0; i<(n); i++)
#define Rep(i, n) for (int i=1; i<=(n); i++)
#define range(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
typedef long long LL;
typedef unsigned long long ULL;

template <unsigned p>
struct Zp{
    unsigned x;
    Zp(unsigned x):x(x){}
    operator unsigned(){return x;}
    Zp operator ^ (ULL e) {
        Zp b=x, r=1;
        while (e) {
            if (e&1) r=r*b;
            b=b*b;
            e>>=1;
        }
        return r;
    }
    Zp operator + (Zp rhs) {return (x+rhs)%p;}
    Zp operator - (Zp rhs) {return (x+p-rhs)%p;}
    Zp operator * (Zp rhs) {return x*rhs%p;}
    Zp operator / (Zp rhs) {return Zp(x)*(rhs^(p-2));}
};

typedef Zp<1000000007> zp;

zp operator"" _ (ULL n){return n;}
```

2 Miscellaneous Algorithms

2.1 Fast fourier transform

```
const int NMAX = 1<<20;

typedef complex<double> cplx;

const double PI = 2*acos(0.0);
struct FFT{
```

```

c47c  int rev[NMAX];
27d7  cplx omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
9827  int K, N;
427e
1442  FFT(int k){
e209      K = k; N = 1 << k;
b393      rep (i, N){
7ba3          rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
1908          omega[i] = polar(1.0, 2.0 * PI / N * i);
a166          oinv[i] = conj(omega[i]);
95cf      }
95cf  }
427e
b941  void dft(cplx* a, cplx* w){
a215      rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);
ac6e      for (int l = 2; l <= N; l *= 2){
2969          int m = l/2;
b3cf          for (cplx* p = a; p != a + N; p += l)
c24f              rep (k, m){
fe06                  cplx t = w[N/l*k] * p[k+m];
ecbf                  p[k+m] = p[k] - t; p[k] += t;
95cf              }
95cf      }
95cf  }
427e
617b  void fft(cplx* a){dft(a, omega);}
a123  void ifft(cplx* a){
3b2f      dft(a, oinv);
57fc      rep (i, N) a[i] /= N;
95cf  }
427e
bdc0  void conv(cplx* a, cplx* b){
6497      fft(a); fft(b);
12a5      rep (i, N) a[i] *= b[i];
f84e      ifft(a);
95cf  }
329b  };

```

2.2 2-SAT

```

0f42  const int MAXN = 100005;
03a9  struct twoSAT{
5c83      int n;

```

```

vector<int> G[MAXN*2];
bool mark[MAXN*2];
int S[MAXN*2], c;

void init(int n){
    this->n = n;
    for (int i=0; i<n*2; i++) G[i].clear();
    memset(mark, 0, sizeof(mark));
}

bool dfs(int x){
    if (mark[x^1]) return false;
    if (mark[x]) return true;
    mark[x] = true;
    S[c++] = x;
    for (int i=0; i<G[x].size(); i++)
        if (!dfs(G[x][i])) return false;
    return true;
}

void add_clause(int x, bool xval, int y, bool yval){
    x = x * 2 + xval;
    y = y * 2 + yval;
    G[x^1].push_back(y);
    G[y^1].push_back(x);
}

bool solve() {
    for (int i=0; i<n*2; i+=2){
        if (!mark[i] && !mark[i+1]){
            c = 0;
            if (!dfs(i)){
                while (c > 0) mark[S[--c]] = false;
                if (!dfs(i+1)) return false;
            }
        }
    }
    return true;
}

inline bool value(unsigned i){return mark[2*i+1];}
};

```

2.3 Knuth's optimization

```

5c83 int n;
d77c int dp[256][256], dc[256][256];
427e
b7ec template <typename T>
0bc7 void compute(T cost) {
0423     for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
8f5e         dp[i][i] = 0;
9488         dc[i][i] = i;
95cf     }
be8e     rep (i, n) {
95b5         dp[i][i+1] = 0;
aa0f         dc[i][i+1] = i;
95cf     }
ec08     for (int len = 2; len <= n; len++) {
88b8         for (int i = 0; i + len <= n; i++) {
d3da             int j = i + len;
9824             int lbnd = dc[i][j-1], rbnd = dc[i+1][j];
a24a             dp[i][j] = INT_MAX / 2;
f933             int c = cost(i, j);
90d2             for (int k = lbnd; k <= rbnd; k++) {
9bd0                 int res = dp[i][k] + dp[k][j] + c;
26b5                 if (res < dp[i][j]) {
e6af                     dp[i][j] = res;
9c88                     dc[i][j] = k;
95cf                 }
95cf             }
95cf         }
95cf     }
329b };

```

3 String

3.1 Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm

```

2836 const int SIZE = 10005;
9847 int fail[SIZE];
57b7 int len;
427e
182f void construct(const char* p) {
aaa1     len = strlen(p);

```

```

fail[0] = fail[1] = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < len; i++) {
    int j = fail[i];
    while (j && p[i] != p[j]) j = fail[j];
    fail[i + 1] = p[i] == p[j] ? j + 1 : 0;
}
}

inline void found(int pos) {
    // ! add codes for having found at pos
}

void match(const char* t, const char* p) { // must be called after construct
    int n = strlen(t);
    int j = 0;
    rep(i, n) {
        while (j && p[j] != t[i]) j = fail[j];
        if (p[j] == t[i]) j++;
        if (j == len) found(i - len + 1);
    }
}

```

3.2 Manacher algorithm

```

struct Manacher {
    int Len;
    vector<int> lc;
    string s;

    void work() {
        lc[1] = 1;
        int k = 1;

        for (int i = 2; i <= Len; i++) {
            int p = k + lc[k] - 1;
            if (i <= p) {
                lc[i] = min(lc[2 * k - i], p - i + 1);
            } else {
                lc[i] = 1;
            }
            while (s[i + lc[i]] == s[i - lc[i]]) lc[i]++;
            if (i + lc[i] > k + lc[k]) k = i;
        }
    }
}

```

```

95cf    }
427e
bfd5    void init(const char *tt) {
aaaf        int len = strlen(tt);
f701        s.resize(len * 2 + 10);
7045        lc.resize(len * 2 + 10);
8e13        s[0] = '*';
ae54        s[1] = '#';
1321        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
e995            s[i * 2 + 2] = tt[i];
69fd            s[i * 2 + 1] = '#';
95cf        }
43fd        s[len * 2 + 1] = '#';
75d1        s[len * 2 + 2] = '\0';
61f7        Len = len * 2 + 2;
3e7a        work();
95cf    }
427e
b194    pair<int, int> maxpal(int l, int r) {
901a        int center = l + r + 1;
ffb2        int rad = lc[center] / 2;
ab54        int rmid = (l + r + 1) / 2;
17e4        int rl = rmid - rad, rr = rmid + rad - 1;
3908        if ((r ^ l) & 1) {
69f3            } else rr++;
69dc        return {max(l, rl), min(r, rr)};
95cf    }
329b };

```

3.3 Aho-corasick automaton

```

a1ad    struct AC : Trie {
9143        int fail[MAXN];
daca        int last[MAXN];
427e
8690    void construct() {
93d2        queue<int> q;
a7a6        fail[0] = 0;
ce3c        rep(c, CHARN) {
b1c6            if (int u = tr[0][c]) {
a506                fail[u] = 0;
3e14                q.push(u);
f689                last[u] = 0;

```

```

    }
    }
    while (!q.empty()) {
        int r = q.front();
        q.pop();
        rep(c, CHARN) {
            int u = tr[r][c];
            if (!u) {
                tr[r][c] = tr[fail[r]][c];
                continue;
            }
            q.push(u);
            int v = fail[r];
            while (v && !tr[v][c]) v = fail[v];
            fail[u] = tr[v][c];
            last[u] = tag[fail[u]] ? fail[u] : last[fail[u]];
        }
    }
}

void found(int pos, int j) {
    if (j) {
        // ! add codes for having found word with tag[j]
        found(pos, last[j]);
    }
}

void find(const char* text) { // must be called after construct()
    int p = 0, c, len = strlen(text);
    rep(i, len) {
        c = id(text[i]);
        p = tr[p][c];
        if (tag[p])
            found(i, p);
        else if (last[p])
            found(i, last[p]);
    }
}
};

```

3.4 Trie

```
const int MAXN = 12000;
```

```

95cf
95cf
cc78
31f0
15dd
ce3c
ab59
0ef5
9d58
b333
95cf
3e14
b3ff
d2ea
c275
654c
95cf
95cf
95cf
427e
7752
043e
427e
4a96
95cf
95cf
427e
9785
80a4
9c94
b3db
f119
f08e
389b
1e67
299e
95cf
95cf
329b

```

```
e6f1
```

```

dd87  const int CHARN = 26;
427e
8ff5  inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a'; }
427e
a281  struct Trie {
5c83      int n;
f4f5      int tr[MAXN][CHARN]; // Trie tree, 0 denotes fail
35a5      int tag[MAXN];
427e
4fee      Trie() {
3ccc          memset(tr[0], 0, sizeof(tr[0]));
4d52          tag[0] = 0;
46bf          n = 1;
95cf      }
427e
427e      // tag should not be 0
30b0      void add(const char* s, int t) {
d50a          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
9c94          rep(i, len) {
3140              c = id(s[i]);
d6c8              if (!tr[p][c]) {
26dd                  memset(tr[n], 0, sizeof(tr[n]));
2e5c                  tag[n] = 0;
73bb                  tr[p][c] = n++;
95cf              }
f119              p = tr[p][c];
95cf          }
35ef          tag[p] = t;
95cf      }
427e
427e      // returns 0 if not found
427e      // AC automaton does not need this function
216c      int search(const char* s) {
d50a          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
9c94          rep(i, len) {
3140              c = id(s[i]);
f339              if (!tr[p][c]) return 0;
f119              p = tr[p][c];
95cf          }
840e          return tag[p];
95cf      }
329b  };

```

4 Graph Theory

4.1 Strongly connected component

```

const int MAXV = 100005;
837c

struct graph{
2ea0    vector<int> adj[MAXV];
88e3    stack<int> s;
9cad    int V; // number of vertices
3d02    int pre[MAXV], lnk[MAXV], scc[MAXV];
8b6c    int time, sccn;
27ee

427e    void add_edge(int u, int v){
bfab        adj[u].push_back(v);
c71a    }
95cf

427e    void dfs(int u){
d714        pre[u] = lnk[u] = ++time;
7e41        s.push(u);
80f6        for (int v : adj[u]){
18f6            if (!pre[v]){
173e                dfs(v);
5f3c                lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], lnk[v]);
002c            } else if (!scc[v]){
6068                lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], pre[v]);
d5df            }
95cf        }
95cf        if (lnk[u] == pre[u]){
8de2            sccn++;
660f            int x;
3c9e            do {
a69f                x = s.top(); s.pop();
3834                scc[x] = sccn;
b0e9            } while (x != u);
6757        }
95cf    }
95cf

427e    void find_scc(){
4c88        time = sccn = 0;
f4a2        memset(scc, 0, sizeof scc);
8de7        memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
8c2f        Rep (i, V){
6901

```

```

56d1         if (!pre[i]) dfs(i);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
27ce vector<int> adjc[MAXV];
364d void contract(){
1a1e     Rep (i, V)
21a2         rep (j, adj[i].size()){
b730             if (scc[i] != scc[adj[i][j]])
b46e                 adjc[scc[i]].push_back(scc[adj[i][j]]);
95cf         }
95cf     }
329b };

```

4.2 Vertex biconnected component

```

0f42 const int MAXN = 100005;
2ea0 struct graph {
33ae     int pre[MAXN], iscut[MAXN], bccno[MAXN], dfs_clock, bcc_cnt;
848f     vector<int> adj[MAXN], bcc[MAXN];
6b06     set<pair<int, int>> bcce[MAXN];
427e
76f7     stack<pair<int, int>> s;
427e
bfab     void add_edge(int u, int v) {
c71a         adj[u].push_back(v);
a717         adj[v].push_back(u);
95cf     }
427e
7d3c     int dfs(int u, int fa) {
9fe6         int lowu = pre[u] = ++dfs_clock;
ec14         int child = 0;
18f6         for (int v : adj[u]) {
173e             if (!pre[v]) {
e7f8                 s.push({u, v});
fdcf                 child++;
f851                 int lowv = dfs(v, u);
189c                 lowu = min(lowu, lowv);
b687                 if (lowv >= pre[u]) {
6323                     iscut[u] = 1;
57eb                     bcc[bcc_cnt].clear();
90b8                     bcce[bcc_cnt].clear();
a147                     while (1) {

```

```

        int xu, xv;
        tie(xu, xv) = s.top(); s.pop();
        bcce[bcc_cnt].insert({min(xu, xv), max(xu, xv)});
        if (bccno[xu] != bcc_cnt) {
            bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(xu);
            bccno[xu] = bcc_cnt;
        }
        if (bccno[xv] != bcc_cnt) {
            bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(xv);
            bccno[xv] = bcc_cnt;
        }
        if (xu == u && xv == v) break;
    }
    bcc_cnt++;
}
} else if (pre[v] < pre[u] && v != fa) {
    s.push({u, v});
    lowu = min(lowu, pre[v]);
}
}
if (fa < 0 && child == 1) iscut[u] = 0;
return lowu;
}

void find_bcc(int n) {
    memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
    memset(iscut, 0, sizeof iscut);
    memset(bccno, -1, sizeof bccno);
    dfs_clock = bcc_cnt = 0;
    rep (i, n) if (!pre[i]) dfs(i, -1);
}
};

```

4.3 Maximum flow (Dinic)

```

struct edge{
    int from, to;
    LL cap, flow;
};

const int MAXN = 1005;
struct Dinic {
    int n, m, s, t;

```



```

9f0c    vector<edge> edges;
b891    vector<int> G[MAXN];
bbb6    bool vis[MAXN];
b40a    int d[MAXN];
ddec    int cur[MAXN];
427e
5973    void add_edge(int from, int to, LL cap) {
7b55        edges.push_back(edge{from, to, cap, 0});
1db7        edges.push_back(edge{to, from, 0, 0});
fe77        m = edges.size();
dff5        G[from].push_back(m-2);
8f2d        G[to].push_back(m-1);
95cf    }
427e
1836    bool bfs() {
3b73        memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
93d2        queue<int> q;
5d13        q.push(s);
2cd2        vis[s] = 1;
721d        d[s] = 0;
cc78        while (!q.empty()) {
66ba            int x = q.front(); q.pop();
3b61            for (int i = 0; i < G[x].size(); i++) {
b510                edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
bba9                if (!vis[e.to] && e.cap > e.flow) {
cd72                    vis[e.to] = 1;
cf26                    d[e.to] = d[x] + 1;
ca93                    q.push(e.to);
95cf                }
95cf            }
95cf        }
b23b        return vis[t];
95cf    }
427e
9252    LL dfs(int x, LL a) {
6904        if (x == t || a == 0) return a;
8bf9        LL flow = 0, f;
f515        for (int& i = cur[x]; i < G[x].size(); i++) {
b510            edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
2374            if(d[x] + 1 == d[e.to] && (f = dfs(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow))) > 0)
{
1cce                e.flow += f;
e16d                edges[G[x][i]^1].flow -= f;
a74d                flow += f;

```

```

a -= f;
if(a == 0) break;
}
}
return flow;
}

LL max_flow(int s, int t) {
this->s = s; this->t = t;
LL flow = 0;
while (bfs()) {
memset(cur, 0, sizeof(cur));
flow += dfs(s, LLONG_MAX);
}
return flow;
}

vector<int> min_cut() { // call this after maxflow
vector<int> ans;
for (int i = 0; i < edges.size(); i++) {
edge& e = edges[i];
if(vis[e.from] && !vis[e.to] && e.cap > 0) ans.push_back(i);
}
return ans;
}
};

```

4.4 Maximum cardinality bipartite matching (Hungarian)

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

#define rep(i, n) for (int i = 0; i < (n); i++)
#define Rep(i, n) for (int i = 1; i <= (n); i++)
#define range(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
typedef long long LL;

struct Hungarian{
int nx, ny;
vector<int> mx, my;
vector<vector<int>> > e;
vector<bool> mark;

```

```

8324 void init(int nx, int ny){
c1d1     this->nx = nx;
f9c1     this->ny = ny;
ac92     mx.resize(nx); my.resize(ny);
3f11     e.clear(); e.resize(nx);
1023     mark.resize(nx);
95cf }
427e
4589 inline void add(int a, int b){
486c     e[a].push_back(b);
95cf }
427e
0c2b bool augment(int i){
207c     if (!mark[i]) {
dae4         mark[i] = true;
6a1e         for (int j : e[i]){
0892             if (my[j] == -1 || augment(my[j])){
9ca3                 mx[i] = j; my[j] = i;
3361                 return true;
95cf             }
95cf         }
95cf     }
438e     return false;
95cf }
427e
3fac int match(){
5b57     int ret = 0;
b0f1     fill(range(mx), -1);
b957     fill(range(my), -1);
4ed1     rep (i, nx){
13a5         fill(range(mark), false);
cc89         if (augment(i)) ret++;
95cf     }
ee0f     return ret;
95cf }
329b };

```

4.5 Minimum cost maximum flow

```

bcf8 struct edge{
60e2     int from, to;
d698     int cap, flow;
32cc     LL cost;

```

```

};
427e
const LL INF = LLONG_MAX / 2;
const int MAXN = 5005;
cc3e
2aa8 struct MCMF {
c6cb     int s, t, n, m;
9ceb     vector<edge> edges;
9f0c     vector<int> G[MAXN];
b891     bool inq[MAXN]; // queue
f74f     LL d[MAXN]; // distance
8f67     int p[MAXN]; // previous
9524     int a[MAXN]; // improvement
b330
427e     void add_edge(int from, int to, int cap, LL cost) {
f7f2         edges.push_back(edge{from, to, cap, 0, cost});
24f0         edges.push_back(edge{to, from, 0, 0, -cost});
95f0         m = edges.size();
fe77         G[from].push_back(m-2);
dff5         G[to].push_back(m-1);
8f2d
95cf     }
427e
3c52     bool spfa(){
93d2         queue<int> q;
8494         fill(d, d + MAXN, INF); d[s] = 0;
fd48         memset(inq, 0, sizeof(inq));
5e7c         q.push(s); inq[s] = true;
2dae         p[s] = 0; a[s] = INT_MAX;
cc78         while (!q.empty()){
b0aa             int u = q.front(); q.pop(); inq[u] = false;
ddff             rep (i, G[u].size()){
c234                 edge& e = edges[G[u][i]];
3601                 if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] > d[u] + e.cost){
55bc                     d[e.to] = d[u] + e.cost;
0bea                     p[e.to] = G[u][i];
8249                     a[e.to] = min(a[u], e.cap - e.flow);
e5d3                     if (!inq[e.to]) q.push(e.to), inq[e.to] = true;
95cf                 }
95cf             }
95cf         }
6d7c         return d[t] != INF;
95cf     }
427e
71a4     void augment(){
06f1         int u = t;

```

```

b19d         while (u != s){
db09             edges[p[u]].flow += a[t];
25a9             edges[p[u]^1].flow -= a[t];
e6c9             u = edges[p[u]].from;
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e
6e20 #ifndef GIVEN_FLOW
5972     bool min_cost(int s, int t, int f, LL& cost) {
590d         this->s = s; this->t = t;
21d4         int flow = 0;
23cb         cost = 0;
22dc         while (spfa()) {
bcd8             augment();
a671             if (flow + a[t] >= f){
9c87                 cost += (f - flow) * a[t]; flow = f;
3361                 return true;
8e2e             } else {
2a83                 flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
95cf             }
95cf         }
438e         return false;
95cf     }
a8cb #else
f9a9     int min_cost(int s, int t, LL& cost) {
590d         this->s = s; this->t = t;
21d4         int flow = 0;
23cb         cost = 0;
22dc         while (spfa()) {
bcd8             augment();
2a83             flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
95cf         }
84fb         return flow;
95cf     }
1937 #endif
329b };

```

4.6 Global minimum cut (Stoer-Wagner)

```

f9d7 typedef vector<LL> VI;
045e typedef vector<VI> VVI;
427e
f012 pair<LL, VI> stoer(VVI &w) {

```

```

int n = w.size();
VI used(n), c, bestc;
LL bestw = -1;

for (int ph = n - 1; ph >= 0; ph--) {
    VI wt = w[0], added = used;
    int prev, last = 0;
    rep (i, ph) {
        prev = last;
        last = -1;
        for (int j = 1; j < n; j++)
            if (!added[j] && (last == -1 || wt[j] > wt[last]))
                last = j;
        if (i == ph - 1) {
            rep (j, n) w[prev][j] += w[last][j];
            rep (j, n) w[j][prev] = w[prev][j];
            used[last] = true;
            c.push_back(last);
            if (bestw == -1 || wt[last] < bestw) {
                bestc = c;
                bestw = wt[last];
            }
        } else {
            rep (j, n) wt[j] += w[last][j];
            added[last] = true;
        }
    }
}
return {bestw, bestc};
}

```

4.7 Heavy-light decomposition

```

const int MAXN = 100005;
vector<int> adj[MAXN];
int sz[MAXN], top[MAXN], fa[MAXN], son[MAXN], depth[MAXN], id[MAXN];

void dfs1(int x, int dep, int par){
    depth[x] = dep;
    sz[x] = 1;
    fa[x] = par;
    int maxn = 0, s = 0;
    for (int c: adj[x]){

```

```

fe45         if (c == par) continue;
fd2f         dfs1(c, dep + 1, x);
b790         sz[x] += sz[c];
f0f1         if (sz[c] > maxn){
c749             maxn = sz[c];
fe19             s = c;
95cf         }
95cf     }
0e08     son[x] = s;
95cf }
427e
ba54     int cid = 0;
3644     void dfs2(int x, int t){
8d96         top[x] = t;
d314         id[x] = ++cid;
c4a1         if (son[x]) dfs2(son[x], t);
c861         for (int c: adj[x]){
9881             if (c == fa[x]) continue;
5518             if (c == son[x]) continue;
13f9             else dfs2(c, c);
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e
0f04     void decomp(int root){
9fa4         dfs1(root, 1, 0);
1c88         dfs2(root, root);
95cf     }
427e
2c98     void query(int u, int v){
03a1         while (top[u] != top[v]){
45ec             if (depth[top[u]] < depth[top[v]]) swap(u, v);
427e             // id[top[u]] to id[u]
005b             u = fa[top[u]];
95cf         }
6083         if (depth[u] > depth[v]) swap(u, v);
427e         // id[u] to id[v]
95cf     }

```

5 Data Structures

5.1 Segment tree

```

LL p;
const int MAXN = 4 * 100006;
struct segtree {
    int l[MAXN], m[MAXN], r[MAXN];
    LL val[MAXN], tadd[MAXN], tmul[MAXN];

#define lson (o<<1)
#define rson (o<<1|1)

    void pull(int o) {
        val[o] = (val[lson] + val[rson]) % p;
    }

    void push_add(int o, LL x) {
        val[o] = (val[o] + x * (r[o] - l[o])) % p;
        tadd[o] = (tadd[o] + x) % p;
    }

    void push_mul(int o, LL x) {
        val[o] = val[o] * x % p;
        tadd[o] = tadd[o] * x % p;
        tmul[o] = tmul[o] * x % p;
    }

    void push(int o) {
        if (l[o] == m[o]) return;
        if (tmul[o] != 1) {
            push_mul(lson, tmul[o]);
            push_mul(rson, tmul[o]);
            tmul[o] = 1;
        }
        if (tadd[o]) {
            push_add(lson, tadd[o]);
            push_add(rson, tadd[o]);
            tadd[o] = 0;
        }
    }

    void build(int o, int ll, int rr) {
        int mm = (ll + rr) / 2;
        l[o] = ll; r[o] = rr; m[o] = mm;
        tmul[o] = 1;
        if (ll == mm) {
            scanf("%lld", val + o);

```

```

3942
1ebb
451a
27be
4510
427e
ac35
1294
427e
1344
bbe9
95cf
427e
e4bc
5dd6
6eff
95cf
427e
d658
b82c
aa86
649f
95cf
427e
b149
3159
0a90
0f4a
045e
ac0a
95cf
1b82
9547
0e73
6234
95cf
95cf
427e
471c
0e87
9d27
ac0a
5c92
001f

```

```
e5b6     val[o] %= p;
8e2e     } else {
7293     build(lson, ll, mm);
5e67     build(rson, mm, rr);
ba26     pull(o);
95cf     }
95cf     }
427e
4406     void add(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
3c16         if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
db32             push_add(o, x);
8e2e         } else {
c4b0             push(o);
4305             if (m[o] > ll) add(lson, ll, rr, x);
d5a6             if (m[o] < rr) add(rson, ll, rr, x);
ba26             pull(o);
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e
48cd     void mul(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
3c16         if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
e7d0             push_mul(o, x);
8e2e         } else {
c4b0             push(o);
d1ba             if (ll < m[o]) mul(lson, ll, rr, x);
67f3             if (m[o] < rr) mul(rson, ll, rr, x);
ba26             pull(o);
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e
0f62     LL query(int o, int ll, int rr) {
3c16         if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
6dfe             return val[o];
8e2e         } else {
f7ff             LL ans = 0;
c4b0             push(o);
c5f8             if (m[o] > ll) ans += query(lson, ll, rr);
ef81             if (m[o] < rr) ans += query(rson, ll, rr);
a420             return ans % p;
95cf         }
95cf     }
4d99     } seg;
```

5.2 Link/cut tree

// about 0.13s per 100k ops @Luogu.org

```
namespace LCT {
    const int MAXN = 300005;
    int fa[MAXN], ch[MAXN][2], val[MAXN], sum[MAXN];
    bool rev[MAXN];

    bool isroot(int x) {
        return ch[fa[x]][0] == x || ch[fa[x]][1] == x;
    }

    void pull(int x) {
        sum[x] = val[x] ^ sum[ch[x][0]] ^ sum[ch[x][1]];
    }

    void reverse(int x) {
        swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]);
        rev[x] ^= 1;
    }

    void push(int x) {
        if (rev[x]) {
            if (ch[x][0]) reverse(ch[x][0]);
            if (ch[x][1]) reverse(ch[x][1]);
            rev[x] = 0;
        }
    }

    void rotate(int x) {
        int y = fa[x], z = fa[y], k = ch[y][1] == x, w = ch[x][!k];
        if (isroot(y)) ch[z][ch[z][1] == y] = x;
        ch[x][!k] = y; ch[y][k] = w;
        if (w) fa[w] = y;
        fa[y] = x; fa[x] = z;
        pull(y);
    }

    void pushall(int x) {
        if (isroot(x)) pushall(fa[x]);
        push(x);
    }
}
```

```

f69c void splay(int x) {
d095     int y = x, z = 0;
8ab3     pushall(y);
f244     while (isroot(x)) {
ceef         y = fa[x]; z = fa[y];
4449         if (isroot(y)) rotate((ch[y][0] == x) ^ (ch[z][0] == y) ? x : y);
cf90         rotate(x);
95cf     }
78a0     pull(x);
95cf }
427e
6229 void access(int x) {
1548     int z = x;
ba78     for (int y = 0; x; x = fa[y = x]) {
8fec         splay(x);
b05d         ch[x][1] = y;
78a0         pull(x);
95cf     }
7afd     splay(z);
95cf }
427e
502e void chroot(int x) {
766a     access(x);
cb0d     reverse(x);
95cf }
427e
471a void split(int x, int y) {
3015     chroot(x);
29b5     access(y);
95cf }
427e
d87a int Root(int x) {
766a     access(x);
874d     while (ch[x][0]) {
a97b         push(x);
b83a         x = ch[x][0];
95cf     }
8fec     splay(x);
d074     return x;
95cf }
427e
70d3 void Link(int u, int v) { // assume unconnected before
b8a5     chroot(u);
2448     fa[u] = v;

```

```

}
95cf
427e
void Cut(int u, int v) { // assume connected before
c2f4     split(u, v);
e8ce     fa[u] = ch[v][0] = 0;
fd95     pull(v);
743b     }
95cf
427e
int Query(int u, int v) {
6ca2     split(u, v);
e8ce     return sum[v];
a5ba     }
95cf
427e
void Update(int u, int x) {
eaba     splay(u);
46ce     val[u] = x;
1d62     }
95cf
329b };

```

5.3 Balanced binary search tree from pb_ds

```

#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;

tree<int, null_type, less<int>, rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>
rkt;
// null_tree_node_update

// SAMPLE USAGE
rkt.insert(x); // insert element
rkt.erase(x); // erase element
rkt.order_of_key(x); // obtain the number of elements less than x
rkt.find_by_order(i); // iterator to i-th (numbered from 0) smallest element
rkt.lower_bound(x);
rkt.upper_bound(x);
rkt.join(rkt2); // merge tree (only if their ranges do not intersect)
rkt.split(x, rkt2); // split all elements greater than x to rkt2

```

5.4 Persistent segment tree, range k-th query

```

struct node {
f1a7

```

```

2ff6  static int n, pos;
427e
7cec  int value;
70e2  node *left, *right;
427e
20b0  void* operator new(size_t size);
427e
3dc0  static node* Build(int l, int r) {
b6c5      node* a = new node;
ce96      if (r > l + 1) {
181e          int mid = (l + r) / 2;
3ba2          a->left = Build(l, mid);
8aaf          a->right = Build(mid, r);
8e2e      } else {
bfc4          a->value = 0;
95cf      }
5ffd      return a;
95cf  }
427e
5a45  static node* init(int size) {
2c46      n = size;
7ee3      pos = 0;
be52      return Build(0, n);
95cf  }
427e
93c0  static int Query(node* lt, node *rt, int l, int r, int k) {
d30c      if (r == l + 1) return l;
181e      int mid = (l + r) / 2;
cb5a      if (rt->left->value - lt->left->value < k) {
8edb          k -= rt->left->value - lt->left->value;
2412      return Query(lt->right, rt->right, mid, r, k);

```

```

      } else {
          return Query(lt->left, rt->left, l, mid, k);
      }
  }

  static int query(node* lt, node *rt, int k) {
      return Query(lt, rt, 0, n, k);
  }

  node *Inc(int l, int r, int pos) const {
      node* a = new node(*this);
      if (r > l + 1) {
          int mid = (l + r) / 2;
          if (pos < mid)
              a->left = left->Inc(l, mid, pos);
          else
              a->right = right->Inc(mid, r, pos);
      }
      a->value++;
      return a;
  }

  node *inc(int index) {
      return Inc(0, n, index);
  }
} nodes[8000000];

int node::n, node::pos;
inline void* node::operator new(size_t size) {
    return nodes + (pos++);
}

```

```

8e2e
0119
95cf
95cf
427e
c9ad
9e27
95cf
427e
b19c
5794
ce96
181e
203d
f44a
649a
1024
95cf
2b3e
5ffd
95cf
427e
e80f
c246
95cf
865a
427e
99ce
1987
bb3c
95cf

```