# 南京大学 ACM-ICPC 集训队代码模版库



Linux-4.15.0-45-generic-x86\_64-with-Ubuntu-18.04-bionic XeTeX 3.14159265-2.6-0.99998 (TeX Live 2017/Debian) CPython 2.7.15rc1 2019-02-27 21:26:29.160965, build 0034

CONTENTS

Co	ntents	5 Graph Theory		Graph Theory	13
				5.1 Strongly connected component	
1 (	General	3		5.2 Vertex biconnected component	
1	.1 Code library checksum	3		5.3 Cut vertices	
1	.2 Makefile	3		5.4 Minimum spanning arborescence, faster	
1	.3 .vimrc	3		5.5 Maximum flow (Dinic)	
1	.4 Stack	3		5.6 Maximum cardinality bipartite matching (Hungarian)	
	.5 Template			5.7 Maximum matching of general graph (Edmond's blossom)	
	Template	5		5.8 Minimum cost maximum flow	
2 N	Miscellaneous Algorithms	4		5.9 Global minimum cut (Stoer-Wagner)	
- ·	2.1 2-SAT			5.10 Fast LCA	
2	2.2 Knuth's optimization			5.12 Centroid decomposition	
2	-			5.13 DSU on tree	
2	2.3 Mo's algorithm	3		3.13 D30 on acc	<i>L</i> 1
3 5	String	5	6	Data Structures	22
	3.1 Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm	5		6.1 Fenwick tree (point update range query)	
	_			6.2 Fenwick tree (range update point query)	
	<u> </u>			6.3 Segment tree	
	3.3 Aho-corasick automaton	6		6.4 Treap	
	S.4 Suffix array	7		6.5 Link/cut tree	
3	3.5 Trie			6.6 Balanced binary search tree from pb_ds	
3	8.6 Rolling hash	8		6.7 Persistent segment tree, range k-th query	
				6.8 Block list	
4 N	Math	8		6.9 Persistent block list	
4	Extended Euclidean algorithm and Chinese remainder theorem	8		6.10 Sparse table, range minimum query	29
4	Matrix powermod	9	7	Geometrics	29
4	Linear basis	9	•	7.1 2D geometric template	
4	4.4 Gauss elimination over finite field	9			
4	Berlekamp-Massey algorithm	10	8		31
4	-6 Fast Walsh-Hadamard transform	10		8.1 Primes	
4	7.7 Fast fourier transform	11		8.1.1 First primes	
4	Number theoretic transform			8.1.2 Arbitrary length primes	
Δ	9.9 Sieve of Euler			$8.1.3 \sim 1 \times 10^9 \dots \dots$	31
7	1.10 Sieve of Euler (General)			$8.1.4 \sim 1 \times 10^{18} \dots$	
				8.2 Pell's equation	
	H.11 Miller-Rabin primality test			8.3 Burnside's lemma and Polya's enumeration theorem	
4	1.12 Pollard's rho algorithm	13		8.4 Lagrange's interpolation	32

CONTENTS 1. GENERAL

#### 1 General

## 1.1 Code library checksum

```
ab14
c502
import re, sys, hashlib
427e
f7db
ddf5
for line in sys.stdin.read().strip().split("\n") :
    print(hashlib.md5(re.sub(r'\s|//.*', '', line).encode('utf8')).hexdigest()
        [-4:], line)
```

#### 1.2 Makefile

#### 1.4 Stack

```
const int STK SZ = 2000000;
                                                                                   bebe
char STK[STK SZ * sizeof(void*)];
                                                                                   effc
void *STK BAK;
                                                                                   4e99
                                                                                   427e
#if defined( i386 )
                                                                                   7bc9
#define SP "%esp"
                                                                                   0894
#elif defined( x86 64 )
                                                                                   ac7a
#define SP "%%rsp"
                                                                                   a9ea
#endif
                                                                                   1937
                                                                                   427e
int main() {
                                                                                   3117
 asm volatile("mov_" SP ",%0;_mov_%1," SP: "=g"(STK_BAK):"g"(STK+sizeof(STK)):)
                                                                                   3750
                                                                                   427e
 // main program
                                                                                   427e
                                                                                   427e
 asm volatile("mov, %0," SP::"g"(STK BAK));
                                                                                   6856
 return 0;
                                                                                   7021
                                                                                   95cf
```

#### 1.3 .vimrc

```
914c
      set nocompatible
      syntax on
      colorscheme slate
6bbc
      set number
7db5
      set cursorline
b0e3
      set shiftwidth=2
      set softtabstop=2
8011
      set tabstop=2
a66d
      set expandtab
d23a
      set magic
5245
      set smartindent
740c
      set backspace=indent,eol,start
bee8
      set cmdheight=1
815d
      set laststatus=2
0a40
      set whichwrap=b,s,<,>,[,]
1c67
```

# 1.5 Template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                    302f
using namespace std;
                                                                                    421c
                                                                                    427e
#ifdef LOCAL DEBUG
                                                                                    426f
# define debug(fmt, ...) fprintf(stderr, "[%s]_" fmt "\n", \
                                                                                    3341
    __func__, ##__VA_ARGS__)
                                                                                    611f
#else
                                                                                    a8cb
# define _debug(...) ((void) 0)
                                                                                    e6b5
#endif
                                                                                    1937
#define rep(i, n) for (int i=0; i<(n); i++)</pre>
                                                                                    0d6c
#define Rep(i, n) for (int i=1; i<=(n); i++)
                                                                                    cfe3
#define range(x) begin(x), end(x)
                                                                                    3505
typedef long long LL;
                                                                                    5cad
typedef unsigned long long ULL;
                                                                                    b773
```

2. MISCELLANEOUS ALGORITHMS

#### **CONTENTS**

## 2.1 2-SAT

**Miscellaneous Algorithms** 

```
0f42
      const int MAXN = 100005;
      struct twoSAT{
03a9
5c83
          int n;
          vector<int> G[MAXN*2];
8f72
          bool mark[MAXN*2];
d060
          int S[MAXN*2], c;
b42d
427e
          void init(int n){
d34f
b985
              this->n = n;
              for (int i=0; i<n*2; i++) G[i].clear();</pre>
f9ec
              memset(mark, 0, sizeof(mark));
0609
          }
95cf
427e
          bool dfs(int x){
3bd5
bd70
              if (mark[x^1]) return false;
c96a
              if (mark[x]) return true;
fd23
              mark[x] = true;
              S[c++] = x;
4bea
              for (int i=0; i<G[x].size(); i++)</pre>
1ce6
                  if (!dfs(G[x][i])) return false;
d942
              return true;
3361
          }
95cf
427e
          void add clause(int x, bool xval, int y, bool yval){
5894
              x = x * 2 + xval;
6afe
              v = v * 2 + vval;
e680
              G[x^1].push back(y);
81cc
6835
              G[y^1].push back(x);
95cf
          }
427e
          bool solve() {
d0cb
              for (int i=0; i<n*2; i+=2){
7c39
                  if (!mark[i] && !mark[i+1]){
e63f
88fb
                      c = 0;
                      if (!dfs(i)){
f4b9
                          while (c > 0) mark[S[--c]] = false;
3f03
                          if (!dfs(i+1)) return false;
86c5
95cf
95cf
```

## 2.2 Knuth's optimization

```
int n;
                                                                                     5c83
int dp[256][256], dc[256][256];
                                                                                     d77c
                                                                                     427e
template <typename T>
                                                                                     b7ec
void compute(T cost) {
                                                                                     0bc7
 for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
                                                                                     0423
   dp[i][i] = 0;
                                                                                     8f5e
    dc[i][i] = i;
                                                                                     9488
                                                                                     95cf
  rep (i, n) {
                                                                                     be8e
   dp[i][i+1] = 0;
                                                                                     95b5
    dc[i][i+1] = i;
                                                                                     aa0f
                                                                                     95cf
 for (int len = 2; len <= n; len++) {</pre>
                                                                                     ec08
    for (int i = 0; i + len <= n; i++) {
                                                                                     88b8
      int j = i + len;
                                                                                     d3da
      int lbnd = dc[i][j-1], rbnd = dc[i+1][j];
                                                                                     9824
      dp[i][j] = INT_MAX / 2;
                                                                                     a24a
      int c = cost(i, j);
                                                                                     f933
      for (int k = lbnd; k <= rbnd; k++) {</pre>
                                                                                     90d2
        int res = dp[i][k] + dp[k][j] + c;
                                                                                     9bd0
        if (res < dp[i][j]) {
                                                                                     26b5
          dp[i][j] = res;
                                                                                     e6af
          dc[i][j] = k;
                                                                                     9c88
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     329b
```

CONTENTS 3. STRING

## 2.3 Mo's algorithm

All intervals are closed on both sides. When running functions enter() and leave(), the global l and r has not changed yet.

#### Usage:

```
\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{add\_query(id,\ 1,\ r)} & \operatorname{Add\ id-th\ query}\ [l,r]. \\ \operatorname{run()} & \operatorname{Run\ Mo's\ algorithm.} \\ \operatorname{init()} & \operatorname{TODO.\ Initialize\ the\ range}\ [l,r]. \\ \operatorname{yield(id)} & \operatorname{TODO.\ Yield\ answer\ for\ id-th\ query.} \\ \operatorname{enter(o)} & \operatorname{TODO.\ Add\ o-th\ element.} \\ \operatorname{leave(o)} & \operatorname{TODO.\ Remove\ o-th\ element.} \end{array}
```

```
constexpr int BLOCK SZ = 300;
5194
427e
      struct query { int 1, r, id; };
3ec4
      vector<query> queries;
d26a
427e
      void add query(int id, int 1, int r) {
1e30
        queries.push back(query{1, r, id});
54c9
95cf
427e
9f6b
      int 1, r;
427e
      // ---- functions to implement ----
427e
      inline void init();
62b4
      inline void vield(int id);
50e1
      inline void enter(int o);
b20d
      inline void leave(int o);
13af
427e
      void run() {
37f0
ab0b
        if (queries.empty()) return;
        sort(range(queries), [](query lhs, query rhs) {
8508
c7f8
          int lb = lhs.1 / BLOCK SZ, rb = rhs.1 / BLOCK SZ;
          if (lb != rb) return lb < rb;</pre>
03e7
0780
          return lhs.r < rhs.r;</pre>
        });
b251
        1 = queries[0].1;
6196
        r = queries[0].r;
9644
        init();
07e2
        for (query q : queries) {
5bc9
          while (1 > q.1) enter(1 - 1), 1--;
7bc7
          while (r < q.r) enter(r + 1), r++;
d646
          while (1 < q.1) leave(1), 1++;
13f0
          while (r > q.r) leave(r), r--;
e1c6
```

```
yield(q.id); 82f5
} 95cf
95cf
```

# 3 String

#### 3.1 Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm

```
const int SIZE = 10005;
                                                                                     2836
                                                                                     427e
struct kmp matcher {
                                                                                     d02b
  char p[SIZE];
                                                                                     2d81
  int fail[SIZE];
                                                                                     9847
 int len;
                                                                                     57b7
                                                                                     427e
  void construct(const char* needle) {
                                                                                     60cf
   len = strlen(p);
                                                                                     aaa1
    strcpy(p, needle);
                                                                                     3a87
   fail[0] = fail[1] = 0;
                                                                                     3dd4
    for (int i = 1; i < len; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                     d8a8
      int j = fail[i];
                                                                                     147f
      while (j && p[i] != p[j]) j = fail[j];
                                                                                     3c79
      fail[i + 1] = p[i] == p[j] ? j + 1 : 0;
                                                                                     4643
                                                                                     95cf
 }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
 inline void found(int pos) {
                                                                                     c464
    //! add codes for having found at pos
                                                                                     427e
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
  void match(const char* haystack) { // must be called after construct
                                                                                     2daf
    const char* t = haystack;
                                                                                     700f
   int n = strlen(t);
                                                                                     8482
   int j = 0;
                                                                                     8fd0
    rep(i, n) {
                                                                                     be8e
      while (j && p[j] != t[i]) j = fail[j];
                                                                                     4e19
      if (p[j] == t[i]) j++;
                                                                                     b5d5
      if (j == len) found(i - len + 1);
                                                                                     f024
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
};
                                                                                     329b
```

CONTENTS 3. STRING

## 3.2 Manacher algorithm

```
81d4
      struct Manacher {
        int Len;
cd09
9255
        vector<int> lc;
        string s;
b301
427e
ec07
        void work() {
c033
          lc[1] = 1;
          int k = 1;
6bef
427e
          for (int i = 2; i <= Len; i++) {
491f
7957
            int p = k + lc[k] - 1;
            if (i <= p) {
5e04
              lc[i] = min(lc[2 * k - i], p - i + 1);
24a1
            } else {
8e2e
e0e5
              lc[i] = 1;
95cf
74ff
            while (s[i + lc[i]] == s[i - lc[i]]) lc[i]++;
2b9a
            if (i + lc[i] > k + lc[k]) k = i;
95cf
95cf
427e
bfd5
        void init(const char *tt) {
          int len = strlen(tt);
aaaf
f701
          s.resize(len * 2 + 10);
          lc.resize(len * 2 + 10);
7045
          s[0] = '*';
8e13
          s[1] = '#';
ae54
1321
          for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {</pre>
            s[i * 2 + 2] = tt[i];
e995
69fd
            s[i * 2 + 1] = '#';
95cf
43fd
          s[len * 2 + 1] = '#';
          s[len * 2 + 2] = '\0';
75d1
          Len = len * 2 + 2;
61f7
          work();
3e7a
95cf
427e
        pair<int, int> maxpal(int 1, int r) {
b194
          int center = 1 + r + 1;
901a
ffb2
          int rad = lc[center] / 2;
          int rmid = (1 + r + 1) / 2;
ab54
```

#### 3.3 Aho-corasick automaton

```
struct AC : Trie {
                                                                                    a1ad
 int fail[MAXN];
                                                                                    9143
 int last[MAXN];
                                                                                    daca
                                                                                    427e
 void construct() {
                                                                                    8690
   queue<int> q;
                                                                                    93d2
   fail[0] = 0;
                                                                                    a7a6
   rep(c, CHARN) {
                                                                                    ce3c
     if (int u = tr[0][c]) {
                                                                                    b1c6
        fail[u] = 0;
                                                                                    a506
        q.push(u);
                                                                                    3e14
        last[u] = 0;
                                                                                    f689
                                                                                    95cf
    }
                                                                                    95cf
    while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                                    cc78
      int r = q.front();
                                                                                    31f0
      q.pop();
                                                                                    15dd
      rep(c, CHARN) {
                                                                                    ce3c
        int u = tr[r][c];
                                                                                    ab59
        if (!u) {
                                                                                    0ef5
          tr[r][c] = tr[fail[r]][c];
                                                                                    9d58
          continue;
                                                                                    b333
                                                                                    95cf
        q.push(u);
                                                                                    3e14
        int v = fail[r];
                                                                                    b3ff
        while (v && !tr[v][c]) v = fail[v];
                                                                                    d2ea
        fail[u] = tr[v][c];
                                                                                    c275
        last[u] = tag[fail[u]] ? fail[u] : last[fail[u]];
                                                                                    654c
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
  void found(int pos, int j) {
                                                                                    7752
```

CONTENTS 3. STRING

```
if (j) {
043e
            //! add codes for having found word with tag[j]
427e
            found(pos, last[j]);
4a96
95cf
95cf
427e
9785
        void find(const char* text) { // must be called after construct()
          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(text);
80a4
9c94
          rep(i, len) {
            c = id(text[i]);
b3db
f119
            p = tr[p][c];
            if (tag[p])
f08e
389b
             found(i, p);
            else if (last[p])
1e67
299e
              found(i, last[p]);
95cf
95cf
329b
      };
```

#### 3.4 Suffix array

The character immediately after the end of the string MUST be set to the UNIQUE SMALLEST element.

# Usage: s[]

```
s[] the source string
sa[i] the index of starting position of i-th suffix
rk[i] the number of suffixes less than the suffix starting from i
h[i] the longest common prefix between the i-th and (i-1)-th
lexicographically smallest suffixes
```

n size of source string m size of character set

```
void radix sort(int x[], int y[], int sa[], int n, int m) {
de09
ec00
          static int cnt[1000005]; // size > max(n, m)
          fill(cnt, cnt + m, 0);
6066
          rep (i, n) cnt[x[y[i]]]++;
93b7
          partial sum(cnt, cnt + m, cnt);
9154
          for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) sa[--cnt[x[y[i]]]] = y[i];
acac
95cf
427e
      void suffix array(int s[], int sa[], int rk[], int n, int m) {
c939
          static int y[1000005]; // size > n
a69a
          copy(s, s + n, rk);
7306
```

```
iota(y, y + n, 0);
                                                                                    afbb
    radix sort(rk, y, sa, n, m);
                                                                                    7b42
   for (int j = 1, p = 0; j <= n; j <<= 1, m = p, p = 0) {
                                                                                    c8c2
        for (int i = n - j; i < n; i++) y[p++] = i;
                                                                                    8c3a
        rep (i, n) if (sa[i] >= j) y[p++] = sa[i] - j;
                                                                                    9323
        radix_sort(rk, y, sa, n, m + 1);
                                                                                    9e9d
        swap ranges(rk, rk + n, y);
                                                                                    ae41
        rk[sa[0]] = p = 1;
                                                                                    ffd2
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                                                    445e
            rk[sa[i]] = ((y[sa[i]] == y[sa[i-1]]  and y[sa[i]+j] == y[sa[i-1]+j])
                                                                                    f8dc
               ? p : ++p);
        if (p == n) break;
                                                                                    02f0
                                                                                    95cf
    rep (i, n) rk[sa[i]] = i;
                                                                                    97d9
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
void calc height(int s[], int sa[], int rk[], int h[], int n) {
                                                                                    1715
   int k = 0;
                                                                                    c41f
   h[0] = 0;
                                                                                    f313
   rep (i, n) {
                                                                                    be8e
        k = max(k - 1, 0);
                                                                                    0883
        if (rk[i]) while (s[i+k] == s[sa[rk[i]-1]+k]) ++k;
                                                                                    527d
        h[rk[i]] = k;
                                                                                    56b7
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
```

#### **3.5** Trie

```
const int MAXN = 12000;
                                                                                    e6f1
const int CHARN = 26:
                                                                                    dd87
                                                                                    427e
inline int id(char c) { return c - 'a'; }
                                                                                    8ff5
                                                                                    427e
struct Trie {
                                                                                    a281
  int n:
                                                                                    5c83
  int tr[MAXN][CHARN]; // Trie tree, 0 denotes fail
                                                                                    f4f5
  int tag[MAXN];
                                                                                    35a5
                                                                                    427e
  Trie() {
                                                                                    4fee
    memset(tr[0], 0, sizeof(tr[0]));
                                                                                    3ccc
    tag[0] = 0;
                                                                                    4d52
    n = 1;
                                                                                    46bf
```

```
95cf
427e
        // tag should not be 0
427e
        void add(const char* s, int t) {
30b0
d50a
          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
9c94
          rep(i, len) {
3140
            c = id(s[i]);
            if (!tr[p][c]) {
d6c8
              memset(tr[n], 0, sizeof(tr[n]));
26dd
              tag[n] = 0;
2e5c
73bb
              tr[p][c] = n++;
95cf
f119
            p = tr[p][c];
95cf
          tag[p] = t;
35ef
95cf
427e
427e
        // returns 0 if not found
427e
        // AC automaton does not need this function
        int search(const char* s) {
216c
          int p = 0, c, len = strlen(s);
d50a
          rep(i, len) {
9c94
3140
            c = id(s[i]);
            if (!tr[p][c]) return 0;
f339
f119
            p = tr[p][c];
95cf
840e
          return tag[p];
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 3.6 Rolling hash

```
PLEASE call init hash() in int main()!
      Usage:
       build(str)
                                 Construct the hasher with given string.
                                 Get hash value of substring [l, r).
       operator()(1, r)
      const LL mod = 1006658951440146419, g = 967;
1e42
      const int MAXN = 200005;
9f60
      LL pg[MAXN];
0291
427e
      inline LL mul(LL x, LL y) { return int128 t(x) * y % mod; }
dfe7
427e
```

```
void init hash() { // must be called in `int main()`
                                                                                    599a
                                                                                    286f
    pg[0] = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i < MAXN; i++) pg[i] = mul(pg[i-1], g);
                                                                                    4af8
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
struct hasher {
                                                                                    7e62
   LL val[MAXN];
                                                                                    534a
                                                                                    427e
    void build(const char *str) { // assume lower-case letter only
                                                                                    4554
        for (int i = 0; str[i]; i++)
                                                                                    f937
            val[i+1] = (mul(val[i], g) + str[i]) \% mod;
                                                                                    9645
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    LL operator() (int 1, int r) \{ // [l, r) \}
                                                                                    19f8
        return (val[r] - mul(val[1], pg[r-1]) + mod) % mod;
                                                                                    9986
    }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
```

## 4 Math

#### 4.1 Extended Euclidean algorithm and Chinese remainder theorem

```
void exgcd(LL a, LL b, LL &g, LL &x, LL &y) {
                                                                                    4fba
   if (!b) g = a, x = 1, y = 0;
                                                                                    7db6
    else {
                                                                                    037f
        exgcd(b, a \% b, g, y, x);
                                                                                    ffca
        y -= x * (a / b);
                                                                                    d798
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
LL crt(LL r[], LL p[], int n) {
                                                                                    e491
   LL q = 1, ret = 0;
                                                                                    84e6
   rep (i, n) q *= p[i];
                                                                                    00d9
   rep (i, n) {
                                                                                    be8e
        LL m = q / p[i];
                                                                                    98b4
        LL d, x, y;
                                                                                    9f4f
        exgcd(p[i], m, d, x, y);
                                                                                    b082
        ret = (ret + y * m * r[i]) % q;
                                                                                    3cd3
   }
                                                                                    95cf
   return (q + ret) % q;
                                                                                    2e47
                                                                                    95cf
```

## 4.2 Matrix powermod

```
44b4
      const int MAXN = 105;
92df
      const LL modular = 1000000007;
      int n; // order of matrices
5c83
427e
      struct matrix{
8864
          LL m[MAXN][MAXN];
3180
427e
          void operator *=(matrix& a){
43c5
              static LL t[MAXN][MAXN];
e735
              Rep (i, n){
34d7
                  Rep (j, n){
4c11
                      t[i][j] = 0;
ee1e
                      Rep (k, n){
c4a7
                          t[i][j] += (m[i][k] * a.m[k][j]) % modular;
fcaf
199e
                          t[i][j] %= modular;
                      }
95cf
95cf
95cf
              }
dad4
              memcpy(m, t, sizeof(t));
95cf
329b
      };
427e
63d8
      matrix r;
      void m powmod(matrix& b, LL e){
3ec2
          memset(r.m, 0, sizeof(r.m));
83f0
          Rep(i, n)
a7c3
de64
              r.m[i][i] = 1;
3e90
          while (e){
              if (e & 1) r *= b;
5a0e
              b *= b:
35c5
              e >>= 1;
16fc
95cf
95cf
```

## 4.3 Linear basis

```
bool insert(LL v) {
                                                                                     1566
        for (int j = MAXD - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
                                                                                     9b2b
            if (!(v & (1ll << j))) continue;</pre>
                                                                                     de36
            if (b[i]) v ^= b[i]
                                                                                     ee78
            else {
                                                                                     037f
                for (int k = 0; k < j; k++)
                                                                                     7836
                    if (v \& (111 << k)) v ^= b[k];
                                                                                     f0b4
                for (int k = j + 1; k < MAXD; k++)
                                                                                     b0aa
                                                                                     46c9
                    if (b[k] & (111 << j)) b[k] ^= v;
                b[j] = v;
                                                                                     8295
                return true;
                                                                                     3361
            }
                                                                                     95cf
        }
                                                                                     95cf
        return false:
                                                                                     438e
    }
                                                                                     95cf
};
                                                                                     329b
```

#### 4.4 Gauss elimination over finite field

```
const LL p = 10000000007;
                                                                                    b784
                                                                                    427e
LL powmod(LL b, LL e) {
                                                                                    2a2c
 LL r = 1;
                                                                                    95a2
 while (e) {
                                                                                    3e90
   if (e \& 1) r = r * b % p;
                                                                                    1783
   b = b * b % p;
                                                                                    5549
   e >>= 1;
                                                                                    16fc
                                                                                    95cf
 return r;
                                                                                    547e
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
typedef vector<LL> VLL;
                                                                                    c130
typedef vector<VLL> WLL;
                                                                                    42ac
                                                                                    427e
LL gauss(WLL &a, WLL &b) {
                                                                                    2c62
 const int n = a.size(), m = b[0].size();
                                                                                    561b
 vector<int> irow(n), icol(n), ipiv(n);
                                                                                    a25e
 LL det = 1;
                                                                                    2976
                                                                                    427e
  rep (i, n) {
                                                                                    be8e
   int pj = -1, pk = -1;
                                                                                    d2b5
    rep (j, n) if (!ipiv[j])
                                                                                    6b4a
```

```
e582
            rep (k, n) if (!ipiv[k])
              if (pj == -1 || a[j][k] > a[pj][pk]) {
6112
a905
                pi = i;
657b
                pk = k;
95cf
          if (a[pj][pk] == 0) return 0;
d480
0305
          ipiv[pk]++;
          swap(a[pj], a[pk]);
8dad
          swap(b[pi], b[pk]);
aad8
          if (pj != pk) det = (p - det) % p;
be4d
          irow[i] = pj;
d080
          icol[i] = pk;
f156
427e
          LL c = powmod(a[pk][pk], p - 2);
4ecd
          det = det * a[pk][pk] % p;
865b
          a[pk][pk] = 1;
c36a
dd36
          rep (j, n) a[pk][j] = a[pk][j] * c % p;
          rep (j, m) b[pk][j] = b[pk][j] * c % p;
1b23
f8f3
          rep (j, n) if (j != pk) {
            c = a[j][pk];
e97f
c449
            a[j][pk] = 0;
            rep (k, n) a[j][k] = (a[j][k] + p - a[pk][k] * c % p) % p;
820b
            rep (k, m) b[j][k] = (b[j][k] + p - b[pk][k] * c % p) % p;
f039
95cf
95cf
427e
        for (int j = n - 1; j >= 0; j--) if (irow[j] != icol[j]) {
37e1
50dc
          for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) swap(a[k][irow[j]], a[k][icol[j]]);</pre>
95cf
f27f
        return det;
95cf
```

## 4.5 Berlekamp-Massey algorithm

Call berlekamp() with input sequence  $(x_0, x_1, \cdots, x_{n-1})$ . Return a vector of coefficients  $(c_0 = 1, c_1, \cdots, c_{m-1})$  with minimum m, such that  $\sum_{i=0}^m c_i x_{j-i} = 0$  for all possible j.

```
6e50
DLL mod = 1000000007;
97db
vector<LL> berlekamp(const vector<LL>& a) {
    vector<LL> p = {1}, r = {1};
    LL dif = 1;
8bc9
rep (i, a.size()) {
    LL u = 0;
```

```
rep (j, p.size()) u = (u + p[j] * a[i-j]) % mod;
                                                                                bd0b
    if (u == 0) {
                                                                                eae9
        r.insert(r.begin(), 0);
                                                                                b14c
    } else {
                                                                                8e2e
        auto op = p;
                                                                                0c78
        p.resize(max(p.size(), r.size() + 1));
                                                                                02f6
        LL idif = powmod(dif, mod - 2);
                                                                                0a2e
        rep (j, r.size())
                                                                                9b57
            p[j+1] = (p[j+1] - r[j] * idif % mod * u % mod + mod) % mod;
                                                                                dacc
        dif = u; r = op;
                                                                                bcd1
                                                                                95cf
}
                                                                                95cf
                                                                                e149
return p;
                                                                                95cf
```

#### 4.6 Fast Walsh-Hadamard transform

```
void fwt(int* a, int n){
                                                                                    061e
    for (int d = 1; d < n; d <<= 1)
                                                                                    5595
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += d << 1)
                                                                                    05f2
            rep (j, d){
                                                                                    b833
                int x = a[i+j], y = a[i+j+d];
                                                                                    7796
                // a[i+j] = x+y, a[i+j+d] = x-y;
                                                     // xor
                                                                                    427e
                // a[i+i] = x+v:
                                                     // and
                                                                                    427e
                // a[i+j+d] = x+y;
                                                     // or
                                                                                    427e
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
void ifwt(int* a, int n){
                                                                                    4db1
    for (int d = 1; d < n; d <<= 1)
                                                                                    5595
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i += d << 1)
                                                                                    05f2
            rep (j, d){
                                                                                    b833
                int x = a[i+j], y = a[i+j+d];
                                                                                    7796
                // a[i+j] = (x+y)/2, a[i+j+d] = (x-y)/2;
                                                             // xor
                                                                                    427e
                                                             // and
                // a[i+j] = x-y;
                                                                                    427e
                // a[i+j+d] = v-x:
                                                             // or
                                                                                    427e
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
void conv(int* a, int* b, int n){
                                                                                    2ab6
    fwt(a, n);
                                                                                    950a
    fwt(b, n);
                                                                                    e427
```

```
8a42 rep(i, n) a[i] *= b[i];

430f ifwt(a, n);

95cf }
```

#### 4.7 Fast fourier transform

```
4e09
      const int NMAX = 1<<20;</pre>
427e
      typedef complex<double> cplx;
3fbf
427e
      const double PI = 2*acos(0.0);
abd1
12af
      struct FFT{
          int rev[NMAX];
c47c
          cplx omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
27d7
          int K, N;
9827
427e
          FFT(int k){
1442
e209
              K = k; N = 1 << k;
b393
              rep (i, N){
7ba3
                  rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
                  omega[i] = polar(1.0, 2.0 * PI / N * i);
1908
                  oinv[i] = conj(omega[i]);
a166
95cf
              }
          }
95cf
427e
          void dft(cplx* a, cplx* w){
b941
              rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);</pre>
a215
              for (int 1 = 2; 1 <= N; 1 *= 2){
ac6e
2969
                  int m = 1/2;
                  for (cplx*p = a; p != a + N; p += 1)
b3cf
c24f
                      rep (k, m){
fe06
                          cplx t = w[N/1*k] * p[k+m];
ecbf
                           p[k+m] = p[k] - t; p[k] += t;
95cf
              }
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          void fft(cplx* a){dft(a, omega);}
617b
          void ifft(cplx* a){
a123
              dft(a, oinv);
3b2f
              rep (i, N) a[i] /= N;
57fc
95cf
```

#### 4.8 Number theoretic transform

```
const int NMAX = 1 << 21:
                                                                                    4ab9
                                                                                    427e
// 998244353 = 7*17*2^23+1, G = 3
                                                                                    427e
const int P = 1004535809, G = 3; // = 479*2^21+1
                                                                                    fh9a
                                                                                    427e
struct NTT{
                                                                                    87ab
   int rev[NMAX];
                                                                                    c47c
   LL omega[NMAX], oinv[NMAX];
                                                                                    0eda
   int g, g inv; // q: q n = G^{((P-1)/n)}
                                                                                    81af
   int K, N;
                                                                                    9827
                                                                                    427e
   LL powmod(LL b, LL e){
                                                                                    2a2c
        LL r = 1;
                                                                                    95a2
        while (e){
                                                                                    3e90
            if (e\&1) r = r * b % P;
                                                                                    6624
            b = b * b % P;
                                                                                    489e
            e >>= 1;
                                                                                    16fc
        }
                                                                                    95cf
        return r;
                                                                                    547e
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
   NTT(int k){
                                                                                    f420
        K = k; N = 1 << k;
                                                                                    e209
        g = powmod(G, (P-1)/N);
                                                                                    7652
        g inv = powmod(g, N-1);
                                                                                    4b3a
        omega[0] = oinv[0] = 1;
                                                                                    e04f
        rep (i, N){
                                                                                    b393
            rev[i] = (rev[i>>1]>>1) | ((i&1)<<(K-1));
                                                                                    7ba3
            if (i){
                                                                                    ad4f
                omega[i] = omega[i-1] * g % P;
                                                                                    8d8b
                oinv[i] = oinv[i-1] * g inv % P;
                                                                                    9e14
            }
                                                                                    95cf
```

```
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          void ntt(LL* a, LL* w){
9668
a215
              rep (i, N) if (i < rev[i]) swap(a[i], a[rev[i]]);
ac6e
              for (int 1 = 2; 1 <= N; 1 *= 2){
2969
                  int m = 1/2;
                  for (LL* p = a; p != a + N; p += 1)
7a1d
                      rep (k, m){
c24f
                          LL t = w[N/1*k] * p[k+m] % P;
0ad3
6209
                          p[k+m] = (p[k] - t + P) \% P;
                          p[k] = (p[k] + t) \% P;
fa1b
95cf
                      }
             }
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          void ntt(LL* a){_ntt(a, omega);}
92ea
          void intt(LL* a){
5daf
1f2a
             LL inv = powmod(N, P-2);
9910
              ntt(a, oinv);
a873
              rep (i, N) a[i] = a[i] * inv % P;
95cf
427e
          void conv(LL* a, LL* b){
3a5b
              ntt(a); ntt(b);
ad16
              rep (i, N) a[i] = a[i] * b[i] % P;
e49e
5748
              intt(a);
95cf
          }
329b
      };
```

#### 4.9 Sieve of Euler

```
cfc3
      const int MAXX = 1e7+5;
      bool p[MAXX];
5861
      int prime[MAXX], sz;
73ae
427e
9bc6
      void sieve(){
          p[0] = p[1] = 1;
9628
          for (int i = 2; i < MAXX; i++){
1ec8
              if (!p[i]) prime[sz++] = i;
bf28
              for (int j = 0; j < sz && i*prime[j] < MAXX; j++){</pre>
e82c
                  p[i*prime[i]] = 1;
b6a9
```

## 4.10 Sieve of Euler (General)

```
namespace sieve {
                                                                                    b62e
 constexpr int MAXN = 10000007;
                                                                                    6589
 bool p[MAXN]; // true if not prime
                                                                                    e982
 int prime[MAXN], sz;
                                                                                    6ae8
 int pval[MAXN], pcnt[MAXN];
                                                                                    cbf7
 int f[MAXN];
                                                                                    6030
                                                                                    427e
 void exec(int N = MAXN) {
                                                                                    76f6
   p[0] = p[1] = 1;
                                                                                    9628
                                                                                    427e
   pval[1] = 1;
                                                                                    8a8a
   pcnt[1] = 0;
                                                                                    bdda
   f[1] = 1;
                                                                                    c6b9
                                                                                    427e
   for (int i = 2; i < N; i++) {
                                                                                    a643
     if (!p[i]) {
                                                                                    01d6
        prime[sz++] = i;
                                                                                    b2b2
        for (LL j = i; j < N; j *= i) {
                                                                                    37d9
          int b = i / i;
                                                                                    758c
          pval[j] = i * pval[b];
                                                                                    81fd
          pcnt[j] = pcnt[b] + 1;
                                                                                    e0f3
          f[j] = ; // f[j] = f(i^pcnt[j])
                                                                                    a96c
        }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
     for (int j = 0; i * prime[j] < N; j++) {</pre>
                                                                                    34c0
        int x = i * prime[j]; p[x] = 1;
                                                                                    f87a
        if (i % prime[j] == 0) {
                                                                                    20cc
          pval[x] = pval[i] * prime[j];
                                                                                    9985
          pcnt[x] = pcnt[i] + 1;
                                                                                    3f93
        } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
          pval[x] = prime[j];
                                                                                    cc91
          pcnt[x] = 1;
                                                                                    6322
                                                                                    95cf
        if (x != pval[x]) {
                                                                                    6191
          f[x] = f[x / pval[x]] * f[pval[x]]
                                                                                    d614
```

## 4.11 Miller-Rabin primality test

```
bool test(LL n){
f16f
59f2
          if (n < 3) return n==2;
          //! The array a[] should be modified if the range of x changes.
427e
          const LL a[] = {2LL, 7LL, 61LL, LLONG MAX};
3f11
          LL r = 0, d = n-1, x;
c320
          while (\simd & 1) d >>= 1, r++;
f410
2975
          for (int i=0; a[i] < n; i++){</pre>
ece1
              x = powmod(a[i], d, n); // ! powmod must use for 64bit mulmod
              if (x == 1 | | x == n-1) goto next;
7f99
e257
              rep (i, r) {
                  x = mulmod(x, x, n);
d7ff
                  if (x == n-1) goto next;
8d2e
95cf
              return false;
438e
d490
      next::
95cf
3361
          return true;
95cf
```

## 4.12 Pollard's rho algorithm

```
2e6b ULL gcd(ULL a, ULL b) {return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;}
427e 54a5 ULL PollardRho(ULL n){
    ULL c, x, y, d = n;
```

```
if (~n&1) return 2:
                                                                                 d3e5
while (d == n){
                                                                                 3c69
   x = y = 2;
                                                                                 0964
   d = 1:
                                                                                 4753
   c = rand() % (n - 1) + 1;
                                                                                 5952
   while (d == 1){
                                                                                 9e5b
        x = (mulmod(x, x, n) + c) \% n;
                                                                                 33d5
       y = (mulmod(y, y, n) + c) % n;
                                                                                 e1bf
       y = (mulmod(y, y, n) + c) \% n;
                                                                                 e1bf
        d = gcd(x>y ? x-y : y-x, n);
                                                                                 a313
                                                                                 95cf
}
                                                                                 95cf
return d;
                                                                                 5d89
                                                                                 95cf
```

# 5 Graph Theory

#### 5.1 Strongly connected component

```
const int MAXV = 100005;
                                                                                    837c
                                                                                    427e
struct graph{
                                                                                    2ea0
   vector<int> adj[MAXV];
                                                                                    88e3
    stack<int> s;
                                                                                    9cad
   int V; // number of vertices
                                                                                    3d02
   int pre[MAXV], lnk[MAXV], scc[MAXV];
                                                                                    8b6c
    int time, sccn;
                                                                                    27ee
                                                                                    427e
    void add edge(int u, int v){
                                                                                    bfab
        adj[u].push back(v);
                                                                                    c71a
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    void dfs(int u){
                                                                                    d714
        pre[u] = lnk[u] = ++time;
                                                                                    7e41
        s.push(u);
                                                                                    80f6
        for (int v : adj[u]){
                                                                                    18f6
            if (!pre[v]){
                                                                                    173e
                dfs(v);
                                                                                    5f3c
                lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], lnk[v]);
                                                                                    002c
            } else if (!scc[v]){
                                                                                    6068
                lnk[u] = min(lnk[u], pre[v]);
                                                                                    d5df
```

```
95cf
95cf
              if (lnk[u] == pre[u]){
8de2
660f
                  sccn++;
3c9e
                  int x;
a69f
                  do {
3834
                      x = s.top(); s.pop();
                      scc[x] = sccn;
b0e9
6757
                  } while (x != u);
95cf
95cf
          }
427e
4c88
          void find scc(){
              time = sccn = 0;
f4a2
              memset(scc, 0, sizeof scc);
8de7
              memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
8c2f
6901
              Rep (i, V){
                  if (!pre[i]) dfs(i);
56d1
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          vector<int> adjc[MAXV];
27ce
          void contract(){
364d
              Rep (i, V)
1a1e
                  rep (j, adj[i].size()){
21a2
                      if (scc[i] != scc[adj[i][j]])
b730
                          adjc[scc[i]].push_back(scc[adj[i][j]]);
b46e
95cf
                  }
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 5.2 Vertex biconnected component

```
const int MAXN = 100005;
0f42
      struct graph {
2ea0
          int pre[MAXN], iscut[MAXN], bccno[MAXN], dfs clock, bcc cnt;
33ae
          vector<int> adj[MAXN], bcc[MAXN];
848f
          set<pair<int, int>> bcce[MAXN];
6b06
427e
          stack<pair<int, int>> s;
76f7
427e
          void add edge(int u, int v) {
bfab
```

```
adj[u].push back(v);
                                                                                 c71a
    adj[v].push back(u);
                                                                                 a717
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
int dfs(int u, int fa) {
                                                                                 7d3c
    int lowu = pre[u] = ++dfs clock;
                                                                                 9fe6
    int child = 0;
                                                                                 ec14
    for (int v : adj[u]) {
                                                                                 18f6
        if (!pre[v]) {
                                                                                 173e
            s.push({u, v});
                                                                                 e7f8
            child++;
                                                                                 fdcf
            int lowv = dfs(v, u);
                                                                                 f851
            lowu = min(lowu, lowv);
                                                                                 189c
            if (lowv >= pre[u]) {
                                                                                 b687
                iscut[u] = 1;
                                                                                 6323
                bcc[bcc cnt].clear();
                                                                                 57eb
                bcce[bcc cnt].clear();
                                                                                 90b8
                while (1) {
                                                                                 a147
                    int xu, xv;
                                                                                 a6a3
                    tie(xu, xv) = s.top(); s.pop();
                                                                                 a0c3
                    bcce[bcc_cnt].insert({min(xu, xv), max(xu, xv)});
                                                                                 0ef5
                    if (bccno[xu] != bcc cnt) {
                                                                                 3db2
                        bcc[bcc cnt].push back(xu);
                                                                                 e0db
                        bccno[xu] = bcc cnt;
                                                                                 d27f
                                                                                 95cf
                    if (bccno[xv] != bcc cnt) {
                                                                                 f357
                        bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(xv);
                                                                                 752b
                        bccno[xv] = bcc cnt;
                                                                                 57c9
                                                                                 95cf
                    if (xu == u && xv == v) break;
                                                                                 7096
                                                                                 95cf
                bcc cnt++;
                                                                                 03f5
                                                                                 95cf
        } else if (pre[v] < pre[u] && v != fa) {</pre>
                                                                                 7470
            s.push({u, v});
                                                                                 e7f8
            lowu = min(lowu, pre[v]);
                                                                                 f115
        }
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 95cf
    if (fa < 0 && child == 1) iscut[u] = 0;</pre>
                                                                                 e104
    return lowu;
                                                                                 1160
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
void find bcc(int n) {
                                                                                 17be
    memset(pre, 0, sizeof pre);
                                                                                 8c2f
```

#### 5.3 Cut vertices

If the graph is unconnected, the algorithm should be run on each component.

#### Usage:

tarjan(u, fa) Run Tarjan's algorithm on tree rooted at fa. Please call with identical u and fa.

```
const int MAXN = 200005:
9f60
      vector<int> adj[MAXN];
0b32
      int dfn[MAXN], low[MAXN], idx;
18e4
      bool cut[MAXN];
d39d
427e
      void add edge(int u, int v) {
bfab
          adj[u].push back(v);
c71a
a717
          adi[v].push back(u);
95cf
427e
      void tarjan(int u, int fa) {
50aa
          dfn[u] = low[u] = ++idx;
9891
          int child = 0;
ec14
          for (int v : adj[u]) {
18f6
              if (!dfn[v]) {
3c64
9636
                  tarjan(v, fa); low[u] = min(low[u], low[v]);
                  if (low[v] >= dfn[u] && u != fa) cut[u] = true;
f368
                  child += u == fa;
7923
95cf
              low[u] = min(low[u], dfn[v]);
769a
95cf
7927
          if (u == fa && child > 1) cut[u] = true;
95cf
```

## 5.4 Minimum spanning arborescence, faster

All vertices are 1-based. Clear the fields when reuse the struct. **Usage:** 

```
add_edge(u, v, w) Add an edge from u to v with weight w. Compute the total weight of MSA rooted at rt. If not exist, retun LLONG_MIN. 

Time Complexity: O((|E| + |V| \log |V|) \log |V|)
```

```
const int MAXN = 300005;
                                                                                    5ece
typedef pair<LL, int> pii;
                                                                                    2fef
struct MDST {
                                                                                    1495
   priority queue<pii, vector<pii>, greater<pii>> heap[MAXN];
                                                                                    01b2
   LL shift[MAXN];
                                                                                    321d
   int fa[MAXN], vis[MAXN];
                                                                                    fc06
                                                                                    427e
   int find(int x) { return fa[x] == x ? x : fa[x] = find(fa[x]); }
                                                                                    38dd
                                                                                    427e
   void unite(int x, int y) {
                                                                                    29b0
       x = find(x); y = find(y); fa[y] = x; if (x == y) return;
                                                                                    0c14
       if (heap[x].size() < heap[y].size()) {</pre>
                                                                                    6fa0
            swap(heap[x], heap[y]);
                                                                                    9c26
            swap(shift[x], shift[y]);
                                                                                    2ffc
                                                                                    95cf
       while (heap[y].size()) {
                                                                                    9959
            auto p = heap[y].top(); heap[y].pop();
                                                                                    175b
            heap[x].emplace(p.first - shift[y] + shift[x], p.second);
                                                                                    c0c5
                                                                                    95cf
   }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
   void add edge(int u, int v, LL w) { heap[v].emplace(w, u); }
                                                                                    0bbd
                                                                                    427e
   LL run(int n, int rt) {
                                                                                    a526
       LL ans = 0;
                                                                                    f7ff
       iota(fa, fa + n + 1, 0);
                                                                                    81f2
       Rep (i, n) if (find(i) != find(rt)) {
                                                                                    19b3
            int u = find(i);
                                                                                    a7b1
            stack<int, vector<int>> s;
                                                                                    010e
            while (find(u) != find(rt)) {
                                                                                    eff5
                if (vis[u]) while (s.top() != u) {
                                                                                    0dda
                    vis[s.top()] = 0; unite(u, s.top()); s.pop();
                                                                                    c593
                } else { vis[u] = 1; s.push(u); }
                                                                                    83c4
                while (heap[u].size()) {
                                                                                    c76e
                    ans += heap[u].top().first - shift[u];
                                                                                    b385
                    shift[u] = heap[u].top().first;
                                                                                    dde2
                    if (find(heap[u].top().second) != u) break;
                                                                                    da47
                    heap[u].pop();
                                                                                    9fbb
                }
                                                                                    95cf
```

```
if (heap[u].empty()) return LLONG_MIN;
u = find(heap[u].top().second);

for a second in the sec
```

## 5.5 Maximum flow (Dinic)

#### Usage:

add\_edge(u, v, c) Add an edge from u to v with capacity c.

max\_flow(s, t) Compute maximum flow from s to t.

**Time Complexity:** For general graph,  $O(V^2E)$ ; for network with unit capacity,  $O(\min\{V^{2/3}, \sqrt{E}\}E)$ ; for bipartite network,  $O(\sqrt{V}E)$ .

```
struct edge{
bcf8
60e2
          int from, to;
5e6d
          LL cap, flow;
      };
329b
427e
      const int MAXN = 1005:
e2cd
9062
      struct Dinic {
4dbf
          int n, m, s, t;
          vector<edge> edges;
9f0c
          vector<int> G[MAXN];
b891
          bool vis[MAXN];
bbb6
          int d[MAXN];
b40a
          int cur[MAXN];
ddec
427e
5973
          void add edge(int from, int to, LL cap) {
7b55
              edges.push back(edge{from, to, cap, 0});
1db7
              edges.push back(edge{to, from, 0, 0});
              m = edges.size();
fe77
              G[from].push back(m-2);
dff5
              G[to].push back(m-1);
8f2d
95cf
          }
427e
1836
          bool bfs() {
              memset(vis, 0, sizeof(vis));
3b73
              queue<int> q;
93d2
5d13
              q.push(s);
```

```
vis[s] = 1;
                                                                                 2cd2
    d[s] = 0;
                                                                                 721d
    while (!q.empty()) {
                                                                                 cc78
        int x = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                                                 66ba
        for (int i = 0; i < G[x].size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                                 3b61
            edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
                                                                                 b510
            if (!vis[e.to] && e.cap > e.flow) {
                                                                                 bba9
                vis[e.to] = 1:
                                                                                 cd72
                d[e.to] = d[x] + 1;
                                                                                 cf26
                q.push(e.to);
                                                                                 ca93
            }
                                                                                 95cf
        }
                                                                                 95cf
    }
                                                                                 95cf
    return vis[t];
                                                                                 b23b
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
LL dfs(int x, LL a) {
                                                                                 9252
    if (x == t || a == 0) return a;
                                                                                 6904
    LL flow = 0, f:
                                                                                 8bf9
    for (int& i = cur[x]; i < G[x].size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                                 f515
        edge& e = edges[G[x][i]];
                                                                                 b510
        if(d[x] + 1 == d[e.to] && (f = dfs(e.to, min(a, e.cap-e.flow))) > 0)
                                                                                 2374
            e.flow += f;
                                                                                 1cce
            edges[G[x][i]^1].flow -= f;
                                                                                 e16d
            flow += f;
                                                                                 a74d
            a -= f:
                                                                                 23e5
            if(a == 0) break;
                                                                                 97ed
                                                                                 95cf
    }
                                                                                 95cf
    return flow;
                                                                                 84fb
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
LL max flow(int s, int t) {
                                                                                 5bf2
    this->s = s; this->t = t;
                                                                                 590d
    LL flow = 0;
                                                                                 62e2
    while (bfs()) {
                                                                                 ed58
        memset(cur, 0, sizeof(cur));
                                                                                 f326
        flow += dfs(s, LLONG MAX);
                                                                                 fb3a
    }
                                                                                 95cf
    return flow;
                                                                                 84fb
}
                                                                                 95cf
                                                                                 427e
vector<int> min cut() { // call this after maxflow
                                                                                 c72e
```

## 5.6 Maximum cardinality bipartite matching (Hungarian)

```
302f
      #include <bits/stdc++.h>
      using namespace std;
421c
427e
      #define rep(i, n) for (int i = 0; i < (n); i++)
      #define Rep(i, n) for (int i = 1; i <= (n); i++)
cfe3
      #define range(x) (x).begin(), (x).end()
8843
      typedef long long LL;
5cad
427e
      struct Hungarian{
84ee
          int nx, ny;
fbf6
          vector<int> mx, my;
9ec6
9d4c
          vector<vector<int> > e;
          vector<bool> mark;
edec
427e
          void init(int nx, int ny){
8324
              this->nx = nx;
c1d1
              this->ny = ny;
f9c1
              mx.resize(nx); my.resize(ny);
ac92
              e.clear(); e.resize(nx);
3f11
1023
              mark.resize(nx);
95cf
          }
427e
          inline void add(int a, int b){
4589
              e[a].push back(b);
486c
95cf
427e
          bool augment(int i){
0c2b
              if (!mark[i]) {
207c
                  mark[i] = true;
dae4
                  for (int j : e[i]){
6a1e
                      if (my[j] == -1 || augment(my[j])){
0892
```

```
mx[i] = j; my[j] = i;
                                                                                     9ca3
                    return true;
                                                                                     3361
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
        return false;
                                                                                     438e
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
   int match(){
                                                                                     3fac
        int ret = 0;
                                                                                     5b57
        fill(range(mx), -1);
                                                                                     b0f1
        fill(range(my), -1);
                                                                                     b957
        rep (i, nx){
                                                                                     4ed1
            fill(range(mark), false);
                                                                                     13a5
            if (augment(i)) ret++;
                                                                                     cc89
        }
                                                                                     95cf
        return ret;
                                                                                     ee0f
    }
                                                                                     95cf
};
                                                                                     329b
```

## 5.7 Maximum matching of general graph (Edmond's blossom)

#### 

**Time Complexity:**  $O(|V|^3)$ , but extremely fast in practice.

```
const int MAXN = 1024;
                                                                                    c041
struct Blossom {
                                                                                    6ab1
   vector<int> adj[MAXN];
                                                                                    0b32
   queue<int> q;
                                                                                    93d2
                                                                                    5c83
    int label[MAXN], mate[MAXN], save[MAXN], used[MAXN];
                                                                                    0de2
                                                                                    427e
    void init(int nv) {
                                                                                    2186
        n = nv; for (auto& v : adj) v.clear();
                                                                                    3728
        fill(range(label), 0); fill(range(mate), 0);
                                                                                    477d
        fill(range(save), 0); fill(range(used), 0);
                                                                                    bb35
```

```
95cf
427e
          void add edge(int u, int v) { adj[u].push back(v); adj[v].push back(u); }
c2dd
427e
2a48
          void rematch(int x, int y) {
              int m = mate[x]; mate[x] = y;
8af8
              if (mate[m] == x) {
1aa4
                  if (label[x] <= n) {
f4ba
                      mate[m] = label[x]; rematch(label[x], m);
740a
                  } else {
8e2e
                      int a = 1 + (label[x] - n - 1) / n;
3341
                      int b = 1 + (label[x] - n - 1) \% n;
2885
ef33
                      rematch(a, b); rematch(b, a);
95cf
95cf
              }
          }
95cf
427e
8a50
          void traverse(int x) {
43c0
              Rep (i, n) save[i] = mate[i];
              rematch(x, x);
2ef7
34d7
              Rep (i, n) {
                  if (mate[i] != save[i]) used[i] ++;
62c5
                  mate[i] = save[i];
97ef
95cf
              }
          }
95cf
427e
          void relabel(int x, int y) {
8bf8
d101
              Rep (i, n) used[i] = 0;
              traverse(x); traverse(y);
c4ea
              Rep (i, n) {
34d7
                  if (used[i] == 1 and label[i] < 0) {</pre>
dee9
1c22
                      label[i] = n + x + (y - 1) * n;
eb31
                      q.push(i);
95cf
95cf
          }
95cf
427e
          int solve() {
a0ce
              Rep (i, n) {
34d7
                  if (mate[i]) continue;
a073
                  Rep (i, n) label[i] = -1;
1fc0
                  label[i] = 0; q = queue<int>(); q.push(i);
7676
                  while (q.size()) {
1c7d
                      int x = q.front(); q.pop();
66ba
```

```
for (int y : adj[x]) {
                                                                                    b98c
                    if (mate[v] == 0 and i != v) {
                                                                                    c07f
                        mate[y] = x; rematch(x, y); q = queue<int>(); break;
                                                                                    7f36
                                                                                    95cf
                    if (label[y] >= 0) { relabel(x, y); continue; }
                                                                                    d315
                    if (label[mate[y]] < 0) {
                                                                                    58ec
                        label[mate[y]] = x; q.push(mate[y]);
                                                                                    c9c4
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    95cf
       int cnt = 0;
                                                                                    8abb
       Rep (i, n) cnt += (mate[i] > i);
                                                                                    b52f
       return cnt:
                                                                                    6808
   }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
```

#### 5.8 Minimum cost maximum flow

```
struct edge{
                                                                                    bcf8
    int from, to;
                                                                                    60e2
    int cap, flow;
                                                                                    d698
    LL cost;
                                                                                    32cc
};
                                                                                    329b
                                                                                    427e
const LL INF = LLONG MAX / 2;
                                                                                    cc3e
const int MAXN = 5005:
                                                                                    2aa8
struct MCMF {
                                                                                    c6cb
    int s, t, n, m;
                                                                                    9ceb
    vector<edge> edges;
                                                                                    9f0c
    vector<int> G[MAXN];
                                                                                    b891
    bool inq[MAXN]; // queue
                                                                                    f74f
   LL d[MAXN];
                    // distance
                                                                                    8f67
                    // previous
    int p[MAXN];
                                                                                    9524
    int a[MAXN];
                    // improvement
                                                                                    b330
                                                                                    427e
    void add edge(int from, int to, int cap, LL cost) {
                                                                                    f7f2
        edges.push back(edge{from, to, cap, 0, cost});
                                                                                    24f0
        edges.push back(edge{to, from, 0, 0, -cost});
                                                                                    95f0
        m = edges.size();
                                                                                    fe77
        G[from].push back(m-2);
                                                                                    dff5
        G[to].push back(m-1);
                                                                                    8f2d
```

```
95cf
427e
          bool spfa(){
3c52
93d2
              queue<int> q;
8494
              fill(d, d + MAXN, INF); d[s] = 0;
fd48
              memset(inq, 0, sizeof(inq));
5e7c
              a.push(s); ing[s] = true;
              p[s] = 0; a[s] = INT_MAX;
2dae
              while (!q.empty()){
cc78
                  int u = q.front(); q.pop(); inq[u] = false;
b0aa
                  for (int i : G[u]) {
3bba
                      edge& e = edges[i];
56d8
                      if (e.cap > e.flow && d[e.to] > d[u] + e.cost){
3601
                          d[e.to] = d[u] + e.cost;
55bc
                          p[e.to] = G[u][i];
0bea
                          a[e.to] = min(a[u], e.cap - e.flow);
8249
                          if (!ing[e.to]) q.push(e.to), ing[e.to] = true;
e5d3
95cf
95cf
95cf
6d7c
              return d[t] != INF;
95cf
427e
          void augment(){
71a4
              int u = t;
06f1
              while (u != s){
b19d
                  edges[p[u]].flow += a[t];
db09
                  edges[p[u]^1].flow -= a[t];
25a9
                  u = edges[p[u]].from;
e6c9
95cf
95cf
427e
6e20
      #ifdef GIVEN FLOW
5972
          bool min cost(int s, int t, int f, LL& cost) {
              this->s = s: this->t = t:
590d
              int flow = 0;
21d4
              cost = 0;
23cb
              while (spfa()) {
22dc
                  augment();
bcdb
                  if (flow + a[t] >= f){
a671
                      cost += (f - flow) * d[t]; flow = f;
b14d
                      return true:
3361
                  } else {
8e2e
                      flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
2a83
```

```
95cf
        }
                                                                                     95cf
        return false;
                                                                                     438e
                                                                                     95cf
#else
                                                                                     a8cb
   int min cost(int s, int t, LL& cost) {
                                                                                     f9a9
        this->s = s; this->t = t;
                                                                                     590d
        int flow = 0:
                                                                                     21d4
        cost = 0;
                                                                                     23cb
        while (spfa()) {
                                                                                     22dc
            augment();
                                                                                     bcdb
            flow += a[t]; cost += a[t] * d[t];
                                                                                     2a83
        }
                                                                                     95cf
        return flow:
                                                                                     84fb
   }
                                                                                     95cf
#endif
                                                                                     1937
};
                                                                                     329b
```

#### 5.9 Global minimum cut (Stoer-Wagner)

#### Usage:

stoer(w)

Compute the global minimum cut of the graph specified by the **symmetric** adjacenct matrix w (0-based). Return the capaity of the cut and the indices of one part of the cut.

Time Complexity:  $O(|V|^3)$ 

```
typedef vector<LL> VI;
                                                                                    f9d7
typedef vector<VI> VVI;
                                                                                    045e
                                                                                    427e
pair<LL, VI> stoer(WI &w) {
                                                                                    f012
    int n = w.size();
                                                                                    66f7
   VI used(n), c, bestc;
                                                                                    4d98
   LL bestw = -1;
                                                                                    329d
                                                                                    427e
   for (int ph = n - 1; ph >= 0; ph--) {
                                                                                    cd21
        VI wt = w[0], added = used;
                                                                                    ec6e
        int prev, last = 0;
                                                                                    f20e
        rep (i, ph) {
                                                                                    4b32
            prev = last;
                                                                                    8bfc
            last = -1;
                                                                                    0706
            for (int j = 1; j < n; j++)
                                                                                    4942
                if (!added[i] && (last == -1 || wt[i] > wt[last]))
                                                                                    c4b9
```

```
887d
                          last = i:
                  if (i == ph - 1) {
71bc
                      rep (j, n) w[prev][j] += w[last][j];
9cfa
                      rep (j, n) w[j][prev] = w[prev][j];
1f25
5613
                      used[last] = true;
8e11
                      c.push back(last);
bb8e
                      if (bestw == -1 || wt[last] < bestw) {
                          bestc = c:
bab6
                          bestw = wt[last];
372e
95cf
                  } else {
8e2e
                      rep (j, n) wt[j] += w[last][j];
caeb
8b92
                      added[last] = true;
95cf
95cf
95cf
          return {bestw, bestc};
038c
95cf
```

#### 5.10 Fast LCA

All indices of the tree are 1-based.

#### Usage:

```
preprocess(root) Initialize with tree rooted at root.

1ca(u, v) Query the lowest common ancestor of u and v.
```

```
const int MAXN = 500005;
0e34
      vector<int> adj[MAXN];
0b32
      int id[MAXN], nid;
fccb
1356
      pair<int, int> st[MAXN << 1][33 - builtin clz(MAXN)];</pre>
427e
e16d
      void dfs(int u, int p, int d) {
0df2
          st[id[u] = nid++][0] = \{d, u\};
18f6
          for (int v : adj[u]) {
              if (v == p) continue;
bd87
              dfs(v, u, d + 1);
f58c
              st[nid++][0] = \{d, u\};
08ad
95cf
95cf
427e
      void preprocess(int root) {
3d1b
          nid = 0;
3269
          dfs(root, 0, 1);
91e1
```

```
int l = 31 - builtin clz(nid);
                                                                                  5e98
    rep (j, l) rep (i, 1+nid-(1<<j))
                                                                                  213b
        st[i][j+1] = min(st[i][j], st[i+(1<<j)][j]);
                                                                                  1131
                                                                                  95cf
                                                                                  427e
int lca(int u, int v) {
                                                                                  0f0b
    tie(u, v) = minmax(id[u], id[v]);
                                                                                  cfc4
    int k = 31 - builtin clz(v-u+1);
                                                                                  be9b
    return min(st[u][k], st[v-(1<k)+1][k]).second;
                                                                                  8ebc
                                                                                  95cf
```

## 5.11 Heavy-light decomposition

**Time Complexity:** The decomposition itself takes linear time. Each query takes  $O(\log n)$  operations.

```
const int MAXN = 100005;
                                                                                     0f42
vector<int> adi[MAXN]:
                                                                                     0b32
int sz[MAXN], top[MAXN], fa[MAXN], son[MAXN], depth[MAXN], id[MAXN];
                                                                                     42f2
                                                                                     427e
void dfs1(int x, int dep, int par){
                                                                                     be5c
    depth[x] = dep;
                                                                                     7489
    sz[x] = 1;
                                                                                     2ee7
    fa[x] = par;
                                                                                     adb4
    int maxn = 0, s = 0;
                                                                                     b79d
    for (int c: adj[x]){
                                                                                     c861
        if (c == par) continue;
                                                                                     fe45
        dfs1(c, dep + 1, x);
                                                                                     fd2f
        sz[x] += sz[c];
                                                                                     b790
        if (sz[c] > maxn){
                                                                                     f0f1
            maxn = sz[c];
                                                                                     c749
            s = c;
                                                                                     fe19
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
    son[x] = s;
                                                                                     0e08
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
int cid = 0;
                                                                                     ba54
void dfs2(int x, int t){
                                                                                     3644
    top[x] = t;
                                                                                     8d96
    id[x] = ++cid;
                                                                                     d314
    if (son[x]) dfs2(son[x], t);
                                                                                     c4a1
    for (int c: adi[x]){
                                                                                     c861
```

```
if (c == fa[x]) continue;
9881
              if (c == son[x]) continue;
5518
              else dfs2(c, c);
13f9
95cf
95cf
427e
      void decomp(int root){
0f04
          dfs1(root, 1, 0);
9fa4
          dfs2(root, root);
1c88
95cf
427e
      void query(int u, int v){
2c98
          while (top[u] != top[v]){
03a1
              if (depth[top[u]] < depth[top[v]]) swap(u, v);</pre>
45ec
427e
              // id[top[u]] to id[u]
              u = fa[top[u]];
005b
95cf
6083
          if (depth[u] > depth[v]) swap(u, v);
427e
          // id[u] to id[v]
95cf
```

## 5.12 Centroid decomposition

Note that the centroid here is not the exact centroid of the graph. It only guarantees that the size of each subtree does not exceed half of that of the original tree. This is enough to guarantee the correct time complexity. All vertices are numbered from 1. Call decomp(root) to use.

#### Usage:

decomp(u, p) Decompose the tree rooted at u with parent p. **Time Complexity:** The decomposition itself takes  $O(n \log n)$  time.

```
1fb6
      vector<int> adj[100005];
88e0
      int sz[100005], sum;
427e
      void getsz(int u, int p) {
f93d
        sz[u] = 1; sum++;
5b36
        for (int v : adi[u]) {
18f6
          if (v == p) continue;
bd87
          getsz(v, u);
e3cb
8449
          sz[u] += sz[v];
95cf
95cf
427e
```

```
int getcent(int u, int p) {
                                                                                     67f9
  for (int v : adj[u])
                                                                                     d51f
   if (v != p \text{ and } sz[v] > sum / 2)
                                                                                     76e4
      return getcent(v, u);
                                                                                     18e3
 return u;
                                                                                     81b0
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
void decompose(int u) {
                                                                                     4662
 sum = 0; getsz(u, 0);
                                                                                     618e
 u = getcent(u, 0); // update u to the centroid
                                                                                     303c
                                                                                     427e
  for (int v : adj[u]) {
                                                                                     18f6
    // get answer for subtree v
                                                                                     427e
                                                                                     95cf
 // get answer for the whole tree
                                                                                     427e
 // don't forget to count the centroid itself
                                                                                     427e
                                                                                     427e
  for (int v : adj[u]) { // divide and conquer
                                                                                     18f6
    adj[v].erase(find(range(adj[v]), u));
                                                                                     c375
    decompose(v);
                                                                                     fa6b
    adj[v].push back(u); // restore deleted edge
                                                                                     a717
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     95cf
```

#### 5.13 DSU on tree

This implementation avoids parallel existence of multiple data structures but requires that the data structure is invertible. To use this template, implement merge, enter, leave as needed; first call decomp(root, 0), then call work(root, 0, false). Labels of vertices start from 1.

#### Usage:

```
decomp(u, p) Decompose the tree u.

work(u, p, keep) Work for subtree u. When keep is set, information is not cleared.
```

**Time Complexity:**  $O(n \log n)$  times the complexity for merge, enter, leave.

```
bd87
              if (v == p) continue:
              decomp(v, u);
a851
              sz[u] += sz[v];
8449
              if (sz[v] > sz[son[u]]) son[u] = v;
d28c
95cf
95cf
427e
      template <typename T>
      void trav(T fn, int u, int p) {
62f5
          fn(u);
4412
30b3
          for (int v : adj[u]) if (v != p) trav(fn, v, u);
95cf
427e
      #define for light(v) for (int v : adj[u]) if (v != p and v != son[u])
7467
      void work(int u, int p, bool keep) {
33ff
          for light(v) work(v, u, 0); // process light children
72a2
427e
427e
          // process heavy child
          // current data structure contains info of heavy child
427e
          if (son[u]) work(son[u], u, 1);
9866
427e
          auto merge = [u] (int c) { /* count contribution of c */ };
18a9
          auto enter = [] (int c) { /* add vertex c */ };
1ab0
          auto leave = [] (int c) { /* remove vertex c*/ };
f241
427e
          for light(v) {
3d3b
             trav(merge, v, u);
74c6
c13d
              trav(enter, v, u);
          }
95cf
427e
          // count answer for root and add it
427e
427e
          // Warning: special check may apply to root!
c54f
          merge(u);
9dec
          enter(u);
427e
          // Leave current tree
427e
          if (!keep) trav(leave, u, p);
4e3e
95cf
```

#### **6 Data Structures**

## 6.1 Fenwick tree (point update range query)

```
struct bit purq { // point update, range query
                                                                                    9976
    int N:
                                                                                    d7af
    vector<LL> tr;
                                                                                    99ff
                                                                                    427e
    void init(int n) { tr.resize(N = n + 5); }
                                                                                    456d
                                                                                    427e
    LL sum(int n) {
                                                                                    63d0
        LL ans = 0;
                                                                                    f7ff
        while (n) { ans += tr[n]; n &= n - 1; }
                                                                                    6770
        return ans:
                                                                                    4206
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
                                                                                    f4bd
    void add(int n, LL x){
        while (n < N) \{ tr[n] += x; n += n \& -n; \}
                                                                                    968e
    }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
```

## 6.2 Fenwick tree (range update point query)

```
struct bit rupq{ // range update, point query
                                                                                      3d03
    int N:
                                                                                      d7af
   vector<LL> tr;
                                                                                      99ff
                                                                                      427e
    void init(int n) { tr.resize(N = n + 5);}
                                                                                      456d
                                                                                      427e
    LL query(int n) {
                                                                                      38d4
        LL ans = 0;
                                                                                      f7ff
        while (n < N) { ans += tr[n]; n += n & -n; }</pre>
                                                                                      3667
        return ans;
                                                                                      4206
    }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      427e
    void add(int n, LL x) {
                                                                                      f4bd
        while (n) { tr[n] += x; n \&= n - 1; }
                                                                                      0a2b
    }
                                                                                      95cf
};
                                                                                      329b
```

## **6.3** Segment tree

```
3942
      LL p;
      const int MAXN = 4 * 100006;
1ebb
      struct segtree {
451a
27be
        int 1[MAXN], m[MAXN], r[MAXN];
4510
        LL val[MAXN], tadd[MAXN], tmul[MAXN];
427e
ac35
      #define lson (o<<1)
      #define rson (o<<1|1)
1294
427e
        void pull(int o) {
1344
bbe9
          val[o] = (val[lson] + val[rson]) % p;
95cf
427e
        void push add(int o, LL x) {
e4bc
5dd6
          val[o] = (val[o] + x * (r[o] - l[o])) % p;
6eff
          tadd[o] = (tadd[o] + x) \% p;
95cf
427e
d658
        void push mul(int o, LL x) {
          val[o] = val[o] * x % p;
b82c
          tadd[o] = tadd[o] * x % p;
aa86
649f
          tmul[o] = tmul[o] * x % p;
95cf
427e
        void push(int o) {
b149
3159
          if (1[o] == m[o]) return;
          if (tmul[o] != 1) {
0a90
0f4a
            push mul(lson, tmul[o]);
            push mul(rson, tmul[o]);
045e
ac0a
            tmul[o] = 1;
95cf
1b82
          if (tadd[o]) {
            push add(lson, tadd[o]);
9547
            push add(rson, tadd[o]);
0e73
            tadd[o] = 0;
6234
95cf
95cf
427e
        void build(int o, int ll, int rr) {
471c
          int mm = (11 + rr) / 2;
0e87
          1[o] = 11; r[o] = rr; m[o] = mm;
9d27
```

```
tmul[o] = 1;
                                                                                      ac0a
    if (11 == mm) {
                                                                                      5c92
      scanf("%11d", val + o);
                                                                                      001f
      val[o] %= p;
                                                                                      e5b6
    } else {
                                                                                      8e2e
      build(lson, ll, mm);
                                                                                      7293
      build(rson, mm, rr);
                                                                                      5e67
      pull(o);
                                                                                      ba26
                                                                                      95cf
  }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      427e
  void add(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
                                                                                      4406
    if (11 <= 1[0] && r[0] <= rr) {
                                                                                      3c16
      push add(o, x);
                                                                                      db32
    } else {
                                                                                      8e2e
      push(o);
                                                                                      c4b0
      if (m[o] > 11) add(1son, 11, rr, x);
                                                                                      4305
      if (m[o] < rr) add(rson, ll, rr, x);</pre>
                                                                                      d5a6
      pull(o);
                                                                                      ba26
                                                                                      95cf
  }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      427e
  void mul(int o, int ll, int rr, LL x) {
                                                                                      48cd
    if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
                                                                                      3c16
      push mul(o, x);
                                                                                      e7d0
    } else {
                                                                                      8e2e
      push(o):
                                                                                      c4b0
      if (ll < m[o]) mul(lson, ll, rr, x);</pre>
                                                                                      d1ba
      if (m[o] < rr) mul(rson, ll, rr, x);</pre>
                                                                                      67f3
      pull(o);
                                                                                      ba26
                                                                                      95cf
  }
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      427e
  LL query(int o, int ll, int rr) {
                                                                                      0f62
    if (ll <= l[o] && r[o] <= rr) {
                                                                                      3c16
      return val[o];
                                                                                      6dfe
    } else {
                                                                                      8e2e
      push(o);
                                                                                      c4b0
      if (rr <= m[o]) return query(lson, ll, rr);</pre>
                                                                                      462a
      if (ll >= m[o]) return query(rson, ll, rr);
                                                                                      5cca
      return query(lson, ll, rr) + query(rson, ll, rr);
                                                                                      bbf9
                                                                                      95cf
                                                                                      95cf
} seg;
                                                                                      4d99
```

#### 6.4 Treap

Self-balanced binary search tree which supports split and merge.

```
Usage:
```

```
push(x)
                            Push lazy tags to children.
                            Update statistics of node x.
pull(x)
                            Initialize node x with value v.
Init(x, v)
                           Apply addition to subtree x.
Add(x, v)
                           Apply reversion to subtree x.
Reverse(x)
                           Merge trees rooted at x and y. Return the root of new tree.
Merge(x, y)
Split(t, k, x, y)
                            Split out the left k elements of tree t. The roots of left part
                            and right part are stored in x and y, respectively.
                            Initialize the treap with array of size n.
init(n)
                            Range operation over [l, r).
work(op, 1, r)
```

```
Time Complexity: Expected O(\log n) per operation.

9f60 const int MAXN = 200005;
a7c5 mt19937 gen(time(NULL));
```

```
struct Treap {
9542
          int ch[MAXN][2];
6d61
3948
          int sz[MAXN], key[MAXN], val[MAXN];
          int add[MAXN], rev[MAXN];
5d9a
          LL sum[MAXN] = \{0\};
2b1b
          int maxv[MAXN] = {INT MIN}, minv[MAXN] = {INT MAX};
a773
427e
          void Init(int x, int v) {
a629
5a00
              ch[x][0] = ch[x][1] = 0;
              key[x] = gen(); val[x] = v; pull(x);
d8cd
95cf
          }
427e
3bf9
          void pull(int x) {
              sz[x] = 1 + sz[ch[x][0]] + sz[ch[x][1]];
e1c3
              sum[x] = val[x] + sum[ch[x][0]] + sum[ch[x][1]];
99f8
              \max(x) = \max(\{val[x], \max(ch[x][0]\}, \max(ch[x][1]\});
94e9
              minv[x] = min(\{val[x], minv[ch[x][0]], minv[ch[x][1]]\});
6bb9
          }
95cf
427e
          void Add(int x, int a) {
8c8e
              val[x] += a; add[x] += a;
a7b1
              sum[x] += LL(sz[x]) * a; maxv[x] += a; minv[x] += a;
832a
```

```
95cf
                                                                                    427e
    void Reverse(int x) {
                                                                                    aaf6
        rev[x] ^= 1;
                                                                                    52c6
        swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]);
                                                                                    7850
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    void push(int x) {
                                                                                    1a53
        for (int c : ch[x]) if (c) {
                                                                                    5fe5
            Add(c, add[x]);
                                                                                    fd76
            if (rev[x]) Reverse(c);
                                                                                    7a53
                                                                                    95cf
        add[x] = 0; rev[x] = 0;
                                                                                    49ee
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    int Merge(int x, int y) {
                                                                                    9d2c
        if (!x || !y) return x | y;
                                                                                    1b09
        push(x); push(y);
                                                                                    cd7e
        if (key[x] > key[y]) {
                                                                                    bffa
            ch[x][1] = Merge(ch[x][1], y); pull(x); return x;
                                                                                    a3df
        } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
            ch[y][0] = Merge(x, ch[y][0]); pull(y); return y;
                                                                                    bf9e
        }
                                                                                    95cf
    }
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
    void Split(int t, int k, int &x, int &y) {
                                                                                    dc7e
        if (t == 0) \{ x = y = 0; return; \}
                                                                                    6303
        push(t);
                                                                                    f26b
        if (sz[ch[t][0]] < k) {
                                                                                    3465
            x = t; Split(ch[t][1], k - sz[ch[t][0]] - 1, ch[t][1], y);
                                                                                    ffd8
        } else {
                                                                                    8e2e
            y = t; Split(ch[t][0], k, x, ch[t][0]);
                                                                                    8a23
                                                                                    95cf
        if (x) pull(x); if (y) pull(y);
                                                                                    89e3
    }
                                                                                    95cf
} treap;
                                                                                    b1f4
                                                                                    427e
int root;
                                                                                    24b6
                                                                                    427e
void init(int n) {
                                                                                    d34f
    Rep (i, n) {
                                                                                    34d7
        int x; scanf("%d", &x);
                                                                                    7681
        treap.Init(i, x);
                                                                                    0ed8
        root = (i == 1) ? 1 : treap.Merge(root, i);
                                                                                    bcc8
```

```
95cf
95cf
427e
      void work(int op, int 1, int r) {
d030
6639
          int tl, tm, tr;
b6c4
          treap.Split(root, 1, t1, tm);
8de3
          treap.Split(tm, r - 1, tm, tr);
          if (op == 1) {
3658
c039
              int x; scanf("%d", &x); treap.Add(tm, x);
          } else if (op == 2) {
1dcb
              treap.Reverse(tm);
ae78
          } else if (op == 3) {
581d
e092
              printf("%lld %d %d\n",
                     treap.sum[tm], treap.minv[tm], treap.maxv[tm]);
867f
95cf
          root = treap.Merge(treap.Merge(tl, tm), tr);
6188
95cf
```

#### 6.5 Link/cut tree

Dynamic connectivity of undirected acyclic graph. Support single-vertex update, path aggregation and relative LCA query. Vertices are numbered from 1. Zero initialization is enough except for the statistic information.

#### Usage:

```
pull(x) Update statistics of node x.

Root(u) Get the root of tree where vertex u is in.

Link(u, v) Link two unconnected trees.

Cut (u, v) Cut an existent edge.

Query(u, v) Path aggregation.

Update(u, x) Single point modification.

LCA(u, v, root) Get the lowest common ancestor of u and v in tree rooted at root.
```

Time Complexity:  $O(\log n)$  per operation

```
const int MAXN = 1000005;
struct LCT {
    int fa[MAXN], ch[MAXN][2], val[MAXN], sum[MAXN];
    bool rev[MAXN];

bool isroot(int x) { return ch[fa[x]][0] == x || ch[fa[x]][1] == x; }

void pull(int x) { sum[x] = val[x] ^ sum[ch[x][0]] ^ sum[ch[x][1]]; }

void reverse(int x) { swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]); rev[x] ^= 1; }
```

```
void push(int x) {
                                                                                    1a53
        if (rev[x]) rep (i, 2) if (ch[x][i]) reverse(ch[x][i]); rev[x] = 0;
                                                                                    89a0
                                                                                    95cf
   void rotate(int x) {
                                                                                    425f
        int y = fa[x], z = fa[y], k = ch[y][1] == x, w = ch[x][!k];
                                                                                    51af
        if (isroot(y)) ch[z][ch[z][1] == y] = x;
                                                                                    e1fe
        ch[x][!k] = y; ch[y][k] = w; if (w) fa[w] = y;
                                                                                    1e6f
        fa[y] = x; fa[x] = z; pull(y);
                                                                                    6d09
                                                                                    95cf
   void pushall(int x) { if (isroot(x)) pushall(fa[x]); push(x); }
                                                                                    52c6
    void splay(int x) {
                                                                                    f69c
        int y = x, z = 0;
                                                                                    d095
        for (pushall(y); isroot(x); rotate(x)) {
                                                                                    c494
            y = fa[x]; z = fa[y];
                                                                                    ceef
            if (isroot(y)) rotate((ch[y][0] == x) \land (ch[z][0] == y) ? x : y);
                                                                                    4449
        }
                                                                                    95cf
        pull(x);
                                                                                    78a0
                                                                                    95cf
   void access(int x) {
                                                                                    6229
        int z = x;
                                                                                    1548
        for (int y = 0; x; x = fa[y = x]) { splay(x); ch[x][1] = y; pull(x); }
                                                                                    8854
                                                                                    7afd
        splay(z);
    }
                                                                                    95cf
    void chroot(int x) { access(x); reverse(x); }
                                                                                    a067
    void split(int x, int y) { chroot(x); access(y); }
                                                                                    126d
                                                                                    427e
    int Root(int x) {
                                                                                    d87a
        for (access(x); ch[x][0]; x = ch[x][0]) push(x);
                                                                                    f4f1
        splay(x); return x;
                                                                                    0d77
                                                                                    95cf
    void Link(int u, int v) { chroot(u); fa[u] = v; }
                                                                                    9e46
    void Cut(int u, int v) { split(u, v); fa[u] = ch[v][0] = 0; pull(v); }
                                                                                    7c10
    int Query(int u, int v) { split(u, v); return sum[v]; }
                                                                                    0691
    void Update(int u, int x) { splay(u); val[u] = x; }
                                                                                    a999
    int LCA(int x, int y, int root) {
                                                                                    1f42
        chroot(root); access(x); splay(y);
                                                                                    6cb2
        while (fa[y]) splay(y = fa[y]);
                                                                                    02e5
        return y;
                                                                                    c218
    }
                                                                                    95cf
};
                                                                                    329b
```

#### 6.6 Balanced binary search tree from pb\_ds

```
#include <ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
332d
      using namespace gnu pbds;
427e
      tree<int, null type, less<int>, rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>
43a7
        rkt;
427e
      // null tree node update
427e
      // SAMPLE USAGE
427e
                              // insert element
      rkt.insert(x);
190e
      rkt.erase(x);
                              // erase element
05d4
      rkt.order of kev(x);
                             // obtain the number of elements less than x
add5
                            // iterator to i-th (numbered from 0) smallest element
      rkt.find by order(i);
      rkt.lower bound(x);
c103
      rkt.upper bound(x);
4ff4
b19b
      rkt.join(rkt2);
                              // merge tree (only if their ranges do not intersect)
      rkt.split(x, rkt2);
                              // split all elements greater than x to rkt2
cb47
```

## 6.7 Persistent segment tree, range k-th query

```
struct node {
f1a7
2ff6
        static int n, pos;
427e
        int value;
7cec
        node *left, *right;
70e2
427e
        void* operator new(size t size);
20b0
427e
3dc0
        static node* Build(int 1, int r) {
          node* a = new node:
b6c5
ce96
          if (r > 1 + 1) {
181e
            int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
3ba2
            a->left = Build(1, mid);
            a->right = Build(mid, r);
8aaf
8e2e
          } else {
            a->value = 0;
bfc4
95cf
5ffd
          return a;
95cf
427e
        static node* init(int size) {
5a45
          n = size;
2c46
```

```
pos = 0:
                                                                                     7ee3
    return Build(0, n);
                                                                                     be52
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
  static int Ouery(node* lt, node *rt, int l, int r, int k) {
                                                                                     93c0
    if (r == 1 + 1) return 1;
                                                                                     d30c
    int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                                                     181e
   if (rt->left->value - lt->left->value < k) {</pre>
                                                                                     cb5a
      k -= rt->left->value - lt->left->value;
                                                                                     8edb
      return Ouery(lt->right, rt->right, mid, r, k);
                                                                                     2412
    } else {
                                                                                     8e2e
      return Ouerv(lt->left, rt->left, l, mid, k);
                                                                                     0119
                                                                                     95cf
 }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
 static int querv(node* lt, node *rt, int k) {
                                                                                     c9ad
    return Query(lt, rt, 0, n, k);
                                                                                     9e27
 }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
  node *Inc(int 1, int r, int pos) const {
                                                                                     b19c
   node* a = new node(*this);
                                                                                     5794
   if (r > 1 + 1) {
                                                                                     ce96
      int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
                                                                                     181e
      if (pos < mid)</pre>
                                                                                     203d
        a->left = left->Inc(1, mid, pos);
                                                                                     f44a
      else
                                                                                     649a
        a->right = right->Inc(mid, r, pos);
                                                                                     1024
                                                                                     95cf
   a->value++;
                                                                                     2b3e
    return a;
                                                                                     5ffd
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
 node *inc(int index) {
                                                                                     e80f
    return Inc(0, n, index);
                                                                                     c246
                                                                                     95cf
} nodes[8000000];
                                                                                     865a
                                                                                     427e
int node::n, node::pos;
                                                                                     99ce
inline void* node::operator new(size t size) {
                                                                                     1987
 return nodes + (pos++);
                                                                                     bb3c
                                                                                     95cf
```

#### 6.8 Block list

All indices are 0-based. All ranges are left-closed right-open.

```
Usage:
```

```
block::fix()

Init(1, r)

Reverse(1, r)

Add(1, r, x)

Query(1, r)

Apply tags to the current block.

Range initializer.

Reverse the range.

Add x to the range.

Range aggregation.
```

```
const int BLOCK = 800:
      typedef vector<int> vi;
76b3
427e
a771
      struct block {
          vi data;
8fbc
          LL sum; int minv, maxv;
e3b5
          int add; bool rev;
41db
427e
          block(vi&& vec) : data(move(vec)),
d7eb
1f0c
              sum(accumulate(range(data), 011)),
              minv(*min element(range(data))),
8216
              maxv(*max_element(range(data))),
527d
              add(0), rev(0) { }
6437
427e
b919
          void fix() {
              if (rev) reverse(range(data));
0694
                                                       rev = 0;
              if (add) for (int& x : data) x += add; add = 0;
0527
          }
95cf
427e
          void merge(block& another) {
8bc4
              fix(); another.fix();
b895
              vi temp(move(data));
f516
d02c
              temp.insert(temp.end(), range(another.data));
              *this = block(move(temp));
88ea
95cf
          }
427e
          block split(int pos) {
42e8
              fix();
3e79
              block result(vi(data.begin() + pos, data.end()));
ccab
              data.resize(pos); *this = block(move(data));
861a
              return result;
56b0
          }
95cf
      };
329b
427e
```

```
tvpedef list<block>::iterator lit:
                                                                                     2a18
                                                                                     427e
struct blocklist {
                                                                                     ce14
    list<block> blk:
                                                                                     5540
                                                                                     427e
   void maintain() {
                                                                                     7b8e
        lit it = blk.begin();
                                                                                     3131
        while (it != blk.end() && next(it) != blk.end()) {
                                                                                     4628
            lit it2 = it;
                                                                                     852d
            while (next(it2) != blk.end() &&
                                                                                     188c
                    it2->data.size() + next(it2)->data.size() <= BLOCK) {</pre>
                                                                                     3600
                it2->merge(*next(it2));
                                                                                     93e1
                blk.erase(next(it2));
                                                                                     e1fa
            }
                                                                                     95cf
            ++it;
                                                                                     5771
                                                                                     95cf
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
   lit split(int pos) {
                                                                                     b7b3
        for (lit it = blk.begin(); ; it++) {
                                                                                     2273
            if (pos == 0) return it;
                                                                                     5502
            while (it->data.size() > pos)
                                                                                     8e85
                blk.insert(next(it), it->split(pos));
                                                                                     2099
            pos -= it->data.size();
                                                                                     a5a1
                                                                                     427e
                                                                                     95cf
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
   void Init(int *1, int *r) {
                                                                                     1c7b
        for (int *cur = 1; cur < r; cur += BLOCK)</pre>
                                                                                     9919
            blk.emplace back(vi(cur, min(cur + BLOCK, r)));
                                                                                     8950
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    void Reverse(int 1, int r) {
                                                                                     a22f
        lit it = split(1), it2 = split(r);
                                                                                     997b
        reverse(it, it2);
                                                                                     dfd0
        while (it != it2) {
                                                                                     8f89
            it->rev ^= 1;
                                                                                     6a06
            it++;
                                                                                     5283
                                                                                     95cf
        maintain();
                                                                                     b204
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    void Add(int 1, int r, int x) {
                                                                                     3cce
```

```
lit it = split(1), it2 = split(r);
997b
              while (it != it2) {
8f89
                  it->sum += LL(x) * it->data.size();
e927
                  it->minv += x; it->maxv += x;
03d3
4511
                  it->add += x; it++;
              }
95cf
b204
              maintain();
          }
95cf
427e
          void Ouerv(int 1, int r) {
3ad3
997b
              lit it = split(1), it2 = split(r);
              LL sum = 0; int minv = INT MAX, maxv = INT MIN;
c33d
8f89
              while (it != it2) {
                  sum += it->sum:
e472
72c4
                  minv = min(minv, it->minv);
                  maxv = max(maxv, it->maxv);
e1c4
5283
                  it++;
95cf
b204
              maintain():
              printf("%lld %d %d\n", sum, minv, maxv);
8792
95cf
      } lst;
958e
```

#### 6.9 Persistent block list

Block list that supports persistence. All indices are 0-based. All ranges are left-closed right-open. std::shared\_ptr is used to ease memory management. One should modify the constructor of block to maintain extra information. Here we use this policy that the size of each block does not exceed BLOCK, while the sum of sizes of two adjacent blocks does not less than BLOCK.

When some operation that breaks block list property, please call maintain in time to restore the property.

#### Usage:

```
maintain() Maintain the block list property. Split (pos) Split the block list at position pos. Returns an iterator to a block starting at pos. sum(1, r) An example function of list traversal between [l,r). Time Complexity: When BLOCK is properly selected, the time complexity is O(\sqrt{n})
```

**Time Complexity:** When BLOCK is properly selected, the time complexity is  $O(\sqrt{n})$  per operation.

```
a19e constexpr int BLOCK = 800;
76b3 typedef vector<int> vi;
```

```
typedef shared ptr<vi> pvi:
                                                                                     0563
typedef shared ptr<const vi> pcvi;
                                                                                     013b
                                                                                     427e
struct block {
                                                                                     a771
   pcvi data;
                                                                                     2989
   LL sum;
                                                                                     8fd0
                                                                                     427e
    // add information to maintain
                                                                                     427e
    block(pcvi ptr) :
                                                                                     a613
        data(ptr),
                                                                                     24b5
        sum(accumulate(ptr->begin(), ptr->end(), 011))
                                                                                     0cf0
   { }
                                                                                     e93b
                                                                                     427e
    void merge(const block& another) {
                                                                                     5c0f
        pvi temp = make shared<vi>(data->begin(), data->end());
                                                                                     0b18
        temp->insert(temp->end(), another.data->begin(), another.data->end());
                                                                                     ac21
        *this = block(temp);
                                                                                     6467
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
    block split(int pos) {
                                                                                     42e8
        block result(make shared<vi>(data->begin() + pos, data->end()));
                                                                                     dac1
        *this = block(make shared<vi>(data->begin(), data->begin() + pos));
                                                                                     01db
        return result;
                                                                                     56b0
    }
                                                                                     95cf
};
                                                                                     329b
                                                                                     427e
tvpedef list<block>::iterator lit:
                                                                                     2a18
                                                                                     427e
struct blocklist {
                                                                                     ce14
    list<block> blk;
                                                                                     5540
                                                                                     427e
   void maintain() {
                                                                                     7b8e
        lit it = blk.begin();
                                                                                     3131
        while (it != blk.end() and next(it) != blk.end()) {
                                                                                     5e44
            lit it2 = it:
                                                                                     852d
            while (next(it2) != blk.end() and
                                                                                     0b03
                     it2->data->size() + next(it2)->data->size() <= BLOCK) {</pre>
                                                                                     029f
                it2->merge(*next(it2));
                                                                                     93e1
                blk.erase(next(it2));
                                                                                     e1fa
                                                                                     95cf
            ++it;
                                                                                     5771
                                                                                     95cf
    }
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
```

CONTENTS 7. GEOMETRICS

```
b7b3
          lit split(int pos) {
              for (lit it = blk.begin(); ; it++) {
2273
5502
                  if (pos == 0) return it;
                  while (it->data->size() > pos) {
d480
2099
                      blk.insert(next(it), it->split(pos));
95cf
a1c8
                  pos -= it->data->size();
              }
95cf
95cf
          }
427e
fd38
          LL sum(int 1, int r) { // traverse
              lit it1 = split(l), it2 = split(r);
48b4
ac09
              LL res = 0;
              while (it1 != it2) {
9f1d
8284
                  res += it1->sum;
                  it1++:
61fd
95cf
b204
              maintain();
244d
              return res;
95cf
329b
      };
```

## 6.10 Sparse table, range minimum query

The array is 0-based and the range is left-closed right-open.

```
dh63
      const int MAXN = 100007:
      int a[MAXN], st[MAXN][30];
cefd
427e
      void init(int n){
d34f
c73d
          int 1 = \log_2(n);
cf75
          rep (i, n) st[i][0] = a[i];
426b
          rep (j, l) rep (i, 1+n-(1<<j))
              st[i][j+1] = min(st[i][j], st[i+(1<<j)][j]);
1131
95cf
427e
      int rmq(int 1, int r){
c863
f089
          int k = log2(r - 1);
          return min(st[1][k], st[r-(1<<k)][k]);</pre>
6117
95cf
```

## 7 Geometrics

#### 7.1 2D geometric template

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                                    302f
using namespace std;
                                                                                    421c
                                                                                    427e
typedef int T;
                                                                                    4553
typedef struct pt {
                                                                                    c0ae
                                                                                    7a9d
   T x, y;
    T operator , (pt a) { return x*a.x + y*a.y; } // inner product
                                                                                    ffaa
    T operator * (pt a) { return x*a.y - y*a.x; } // outer product
                                                                                    3ec7
    pt operator + (pt a) { return {x+a.x, y+a.y}; }
                                                                                    221a
    pt operator - (pt a) { return {x-a.x, y-a.y}; }
                                                                                    8b34
                                                                                    427e
    pt operator * (T k) { return {x*k, y*k}; }
                                                                                    368b
    pt operator - () { return {-x, -y};}
                                                                                    90f4
} vec:
                                                                                    ba8c
                                                                                    427e
typedef pair<pt, pt> seg;
                                                                                    0ea6
                                                                                    427e
bool ptOnSeg(pt& p, seg& s){
                                                                                    8d6e
    vec v1 = s.first - p, v2 = s.second - p;
                                                                                    ce77
    return (v1, v2) <= 0 && v1 * v2 == 0;
                                                                                    de97
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
// 0 not on seament
                                                                                    427e
// 1 on segment except vertices
                                                                                    427e
// 2 on vertices
                                                                                    427e
int ptOnSeg2(pt& p, seg& s){
                                                                                    8421
    vec v1 = s.first - p, v2 = s.second - p;
                                                                                    ce77
    T ip = (v1, v2);
                                                                                    70ca
    if (v1 * v2 != 0 || ip > 0) return 0;
                                                                                    8b14
    return (v1, v2) ? 1 : 2;
                                                                                    0847
                                                                                    95cf
                                                                                    427e
// if two orthogonal rectangles do not touch, return true
                                                                                    427e
inline bool nIntRectRect(seg a, seg b){
                                                                                    72bb
    return min(a.first.x, a.second.x) > max(b.first.x, b.second.x) |
                                                                                    f9ac
           min(a.first.y, a.second.y) > max(b.first.y, b.second.y) ||
                                                                                    f486
           min(b.first.x, b.second.x) > max(a.first.x, a.second.x) |
                                                                                    39ce
           min(b.first.y, b.second.y) > max(a.first.y, a.second.y);
                                                                                    80c7
                                                                                    95cf
```

CONTENTS 7. GEOMETRICS

```
427e
      // >0 in order
427e
      // <0 out of order
427e
      // =0 not standard
427e
      inline double rotOrder(vec a, vec b, vec c){return double(a*b)*(b*c);}
7538
427e
31ed
      inline bool intersect(seg a, seg b){
          //! if (nIntRectRect(a, b)) return false; // if commented, assume that a
427e
            and b are non-collinear
          return rotOrder(b.first-a.first, a.second-a.first, b.second-a.first) >= 0 &&
cb52
059e
                 rotOrder(a.first-b.first, b.second-b.first, a.second-b.first) >= 0;
95cf
427e
      // 0 not insersect
427e
      // 1 standard intersection
427e
      // 2 vertex-line intersection
427e
      // 3 vertex-vertex intersection
427e
      // 4 collinear and have common point(s)
427e
4d19
      int intersect2(seg& a, seg& b){
          if (nIntRectRect(a, b)) return 0;
5dc4
          vec va = a.second - a.first, vb = b.second - b.first;
42c0
          double j1 = rotOrder(b.first-a.first, va, b.second-a.first),
2096
                 j2 = rotOrder(a.first-b.first, vb, a.second-b.first);
72fe
          if (j1 < 0 || j2 < 0) return 0;
5ac6
          if (j1 != 0 && j2 != 0) return 1;
9400
          if (j1 == 0 && j2 == 0){
83db
              if (va * vb == 0) return 4; else return 3;
6b0c
fb17
          } else return 2;
95cf
427e
      template <typename Tp = T>
2c68
5894
      inline pt getIntersection(pt P, vec v, pt Q, vec w){
          static assert(is same<Tp, double>::value, "must_be_double!");
6850
          return P + v * (w*(P-Q)/(v*w));
7c9a
95cf
427e
      // -1 outside the polygon
427e
      // 0 on the border of the polygon
427e
      // 1 inside the polygon
427e
      int ptOnPoly(pt p, pt* poly, int n){
cbdd
5fb4
          int wn = 0;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
1294
427e
             T k, d1 = poly[i].y - p.y, d2 = poly[(i+1)%n].y - p.y;
3cae
```

```
if (k = (poly[(i+1)%n] - poly[i])*(p - poly[i])){
                                                                                     b957
            if (k > 0 \&\& d1 <= 0 \&\& d2 > 0) wn++;
                                                                                     8c40
            if (k < 0 && d2 <= 0 && d1 > 0) wn--;
                                                                                     3c4d
        } else return 0:
                                                                                     aad3
                                                                                     95cf
    return wn ? 1 : -1;
                                                                                     0a5f
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
istream& operator >> (istream& lhs, pt& rhs){
                                                                                     d4a3
    lhs >> rhs.x >> rhs.y;
                                                                                     fa86
    return lhs;
                                                                                     331a
                                                                                     95cf
                                                                                     427e
istream& operator >> (istream& lhs, seg& rhs){
                                                                                     07ae
    lhs >> rhs.first >> rhs.second;
                                                                                     5cab
    return lhs:
                                                                                     331a
                                                                                     95cf
```

# 8 Appendices

## 8.1 Primes

## 8.1.1 First primes

p	g(p)								
2	1	3	2	5	2	7	3	11	2
13	2	17	3	19	2	23	5	29	2
31	3	37	2	41	6	43	3	47	5
53	2	59	2	61	2	67	2	71	7
73	5	79	3	83	2	89	3	97	5
101	2	103	5	107	2	109	6	113	3
127	3	131	2	137	3	139	2	149	2
151	6	157	5	163	2	167	5	173	2
179	2	181	2	191	19	193	5	197	2
199	3	211	2	223	3	227	2	229	6

## 8.1.2 Arbitrary length primes

$\log p$	p	g(p)	p	g(p)
3	967	5	1031	14
4	9859	2	10273	10
5	96331	10	102931	3
6	958543	6	1031137	5
7	9594539	2	10169651	2
8	96243449	3	103211039	7
9	980483981	2	1042484357	2
10	9858935453	2	10261276009	7
11	95748666809	3	101759940101	2
12	950781833849	3	1012797784423	5
13	9739822952371	7	10037217092377	7
14	96181051140397	5	104974966380359	11
15	981030138360889	13	1029038416465403	2
16	9655206098080843	3	10116299875820773	2
17	97687777921994419	3	101506415998163437	2

#### **8.1.3** $\sim 1 \times 10^9$

p	g(p)	p	g(p)	p	g(p)
954854573	3	967607731	2	973215833	3
975831713	3	978949117	2	980766497	3
983879921	3	985918807	3	986608921	29
991136977	5	991752599	13	997137961	11
1003911991	3	1009775293	2	1012423549	6
1021000537	5	1023976897	7	1024153643	2
1037027287	3	1038812881	11	1044754639	3
1045125617	3	1047411427	3	1047753349	6

## **8.1.4** $\sim 1 \times 10^{18}$

p	g(p)	p	g(p)
951970612352230049	3	963284339889659609	3
967495386904694119	3	969751761517096213	2
983238274281901499	2	984647442475101409	23
989286107138674069	11	1002507954383424641	3
1006658951440146419	2	1020152326159075903	3
1034876265966119449	7	1042753851435034019	2
1043609016597371563	2	1045571042176595707	2
1048364250160580293	2	1049495624119026949	2

# 8.2 Pell's equation

 $x^2 - ny^2 = 1$ , where n is a positive nonsquare integer.

Let  $(x_0, y_0)$  be the smallest positive solution of the equation, then the k-th solution is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_k \\ y_k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 & ny_0 \\ y_0 & x_0 \end{pmatrix}^k \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Some smallest solutions to Pell's equation:

n	2	3	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20
x	3	2	9	5	8	3	19	10	7	649	15	4	33	17	170	9
y	2	1	4	2	3	1	6	3	2	180	4	1	8	4	39	2

CONTENTS 8. APPENDICES

# 8.3 Burnside's lemma and Polya's enumeration theorem

The Burnside's lemma says that

$$|X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} |X^g|$$

where G is a group acting on X,  $X^g$  is the set of elements in X that are fixed by g, i.e.  $X^g = \{x \in X : gx = x\}.$ 

The unweighted version of Pólya enumeration theorem says that

$$|Y^X/G| = \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} m^{c_g}$$

where m = |X| is the number of colors,  $c_g$  is the number of the cycles of permutation g.

#### 8.4 Lagrange's interpolation

For sample points  $(x_0, y_0), \dots, (x_k, y_k)$ , define

$$l_j(x) = \prod_{0 \le m \le k, m \ne j} \frac{x - x_m}{x_j - x_m}$$

then the Lagrange polynomial is

$$L(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{k} y_j l_j(x).$$

To use the script below, type two lines

```
x0 x1 x2 ... xn
y0 y1 y2 ... yn
```

the script will print the fractional coefficient of the polynomial in ascending exponent order.

```
#!/usr/bin/python2
                                                                                    6dc9
from fractions import *
                                                                                    4b2b
                                                                                    427e
def polymul(a, b) :
                                                                                    796b
   p = [0] * (len(a)+len(b)-1)
                                                                                    83e4
   for e1, c1 in enumerate(a) :
                                                                                    f697
       for e2, c2 in enumerate(b) :
                                                                                    156c
            p[e1+e2] += c1*c2
                                                                                    dfce
   return p
                                                                                    5849
                                                                                    427e
x, y = [map(Fraction, raw_input().split()) for _ in 0,0]
                                                                                    f06d
n = len(x)
                                                                                    e80a
lj = [reduce(polymul, [[-x[m]/(x[j]-x[m]), 1/(x[j]-x[m])]
                                                                                    a649
   for m in range(n) if m != j]) for j in range(n)]
                                                                                    9dfa
print '_'.join(map(str, map(sum, zip(*map(
                                                                                    3cae
   lambda a, b : [x*a for x in b], y, lj)))))
                                                                                    7c0d
```