

## DELIVERY TRACKING SYSTEM

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**Live Demonstration** 

Introduction

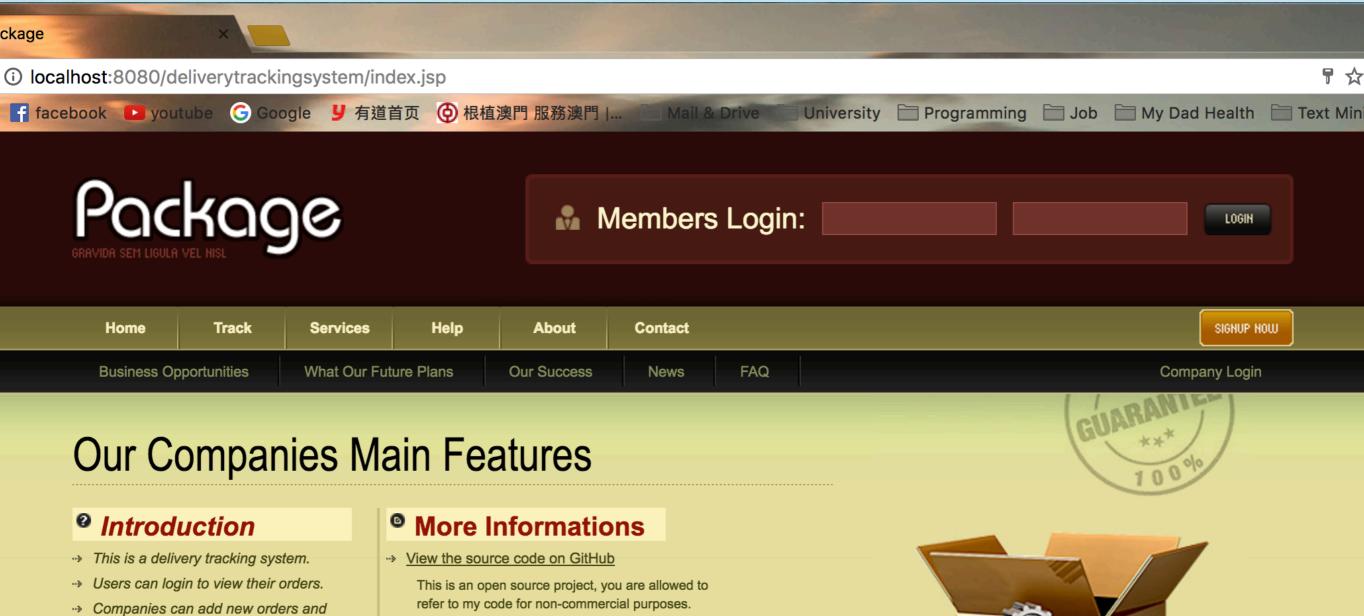
My Approach

**UML Diagrams** 

**Test Driven Development** 

**SOLID & Four Pillars** 

**Design Pattern** 



Companies can add new orders and update, check existing orders.

#### More Ideas

- This website has been builted using Java JPA and still in development stage.
- More functions such as request for orders will be implemented in the second stage.
- --> For more information, please refer to about index.

#### Contact Methods

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#### PROJECTS 2007



#### **Future Plans**

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# USER FUNCTIONS



- User-friendly Interface;
- Track a single order;
- User Register;
- Login/logout;
- Password Encryption;
- Update User Detail;
- Check User's Orders;

# COMPANY FUNCTIONS

- Company Login/Logout;
- View Company's processing Orders;
- Add Orders to any Registered Users;
- Update any Orders details;



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### INTRODUCTION

- Objective:
  - Establish a delivery tracking system which users (customers & companies) are able to see their placed orders.
  - Target on building one platform for multiple usages.
  - Companies can add and update the orders' details.

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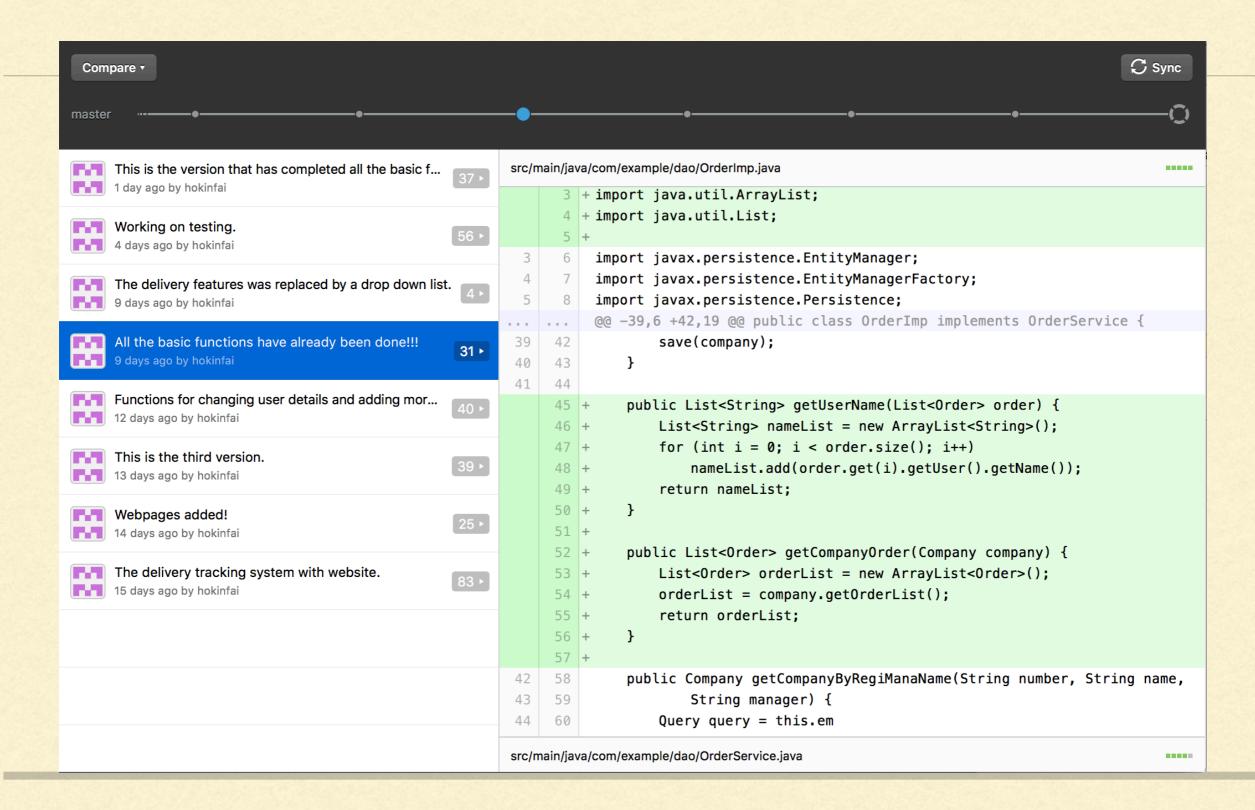
#### MY APPROACH

- Decided to work on delivery tracking system;
- Research on the most common functions that a system should have;
- Decided technologies that needed in this project:
  - JPA and Hibernate as the Data access framework;
  - Tomcat as the Server;
  - MySQL/Oracle as the database;
  - HTML/CSS as the user interface;

### MY APPROACH

- Agile software development (backend, database working at the same time);
- The use of Kanban board to monitor the development progress;
- I-2 days sprints (12 hours per day in the first week);
- More functions can be easily added in the future;

## SOURCE CONTROL - GITHUB



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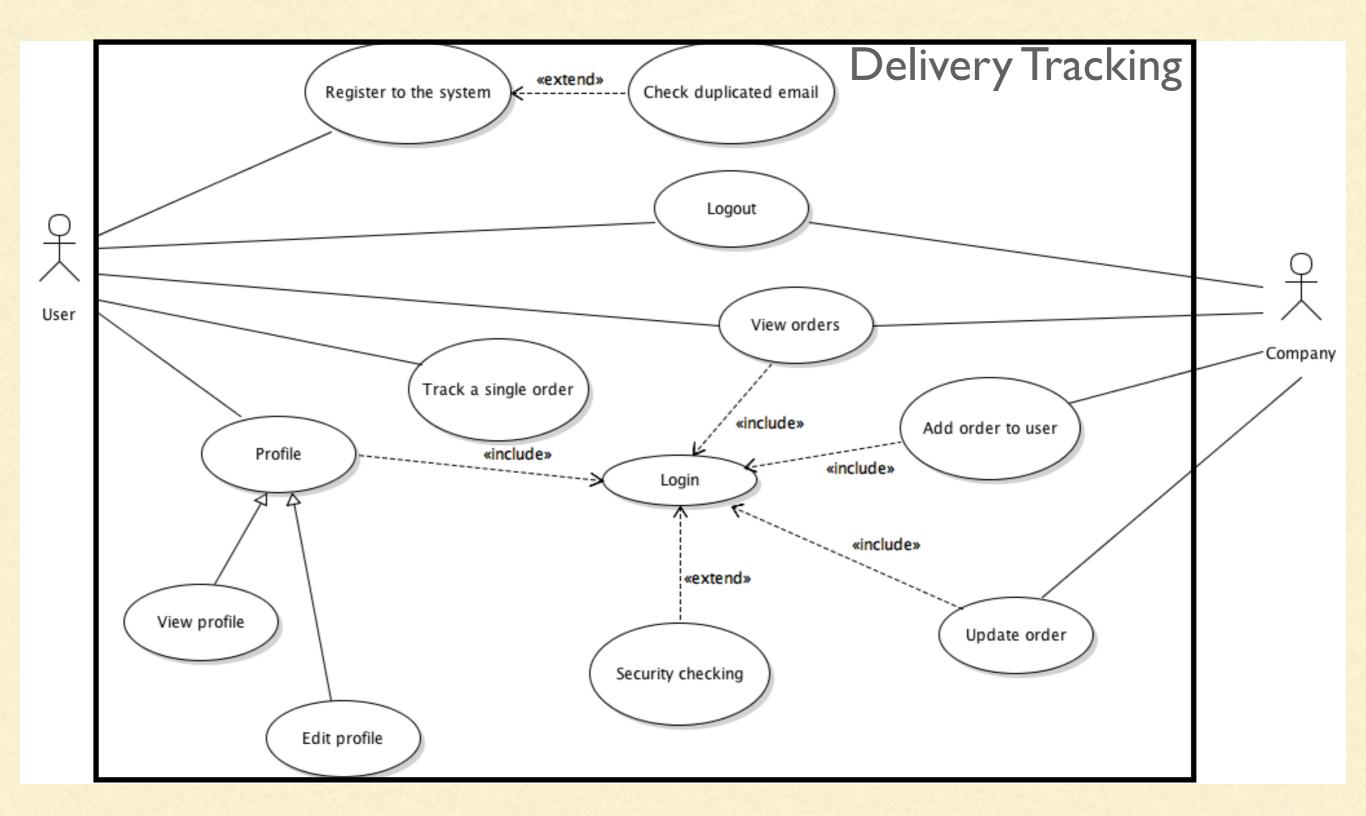
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**Test Driven Development** 

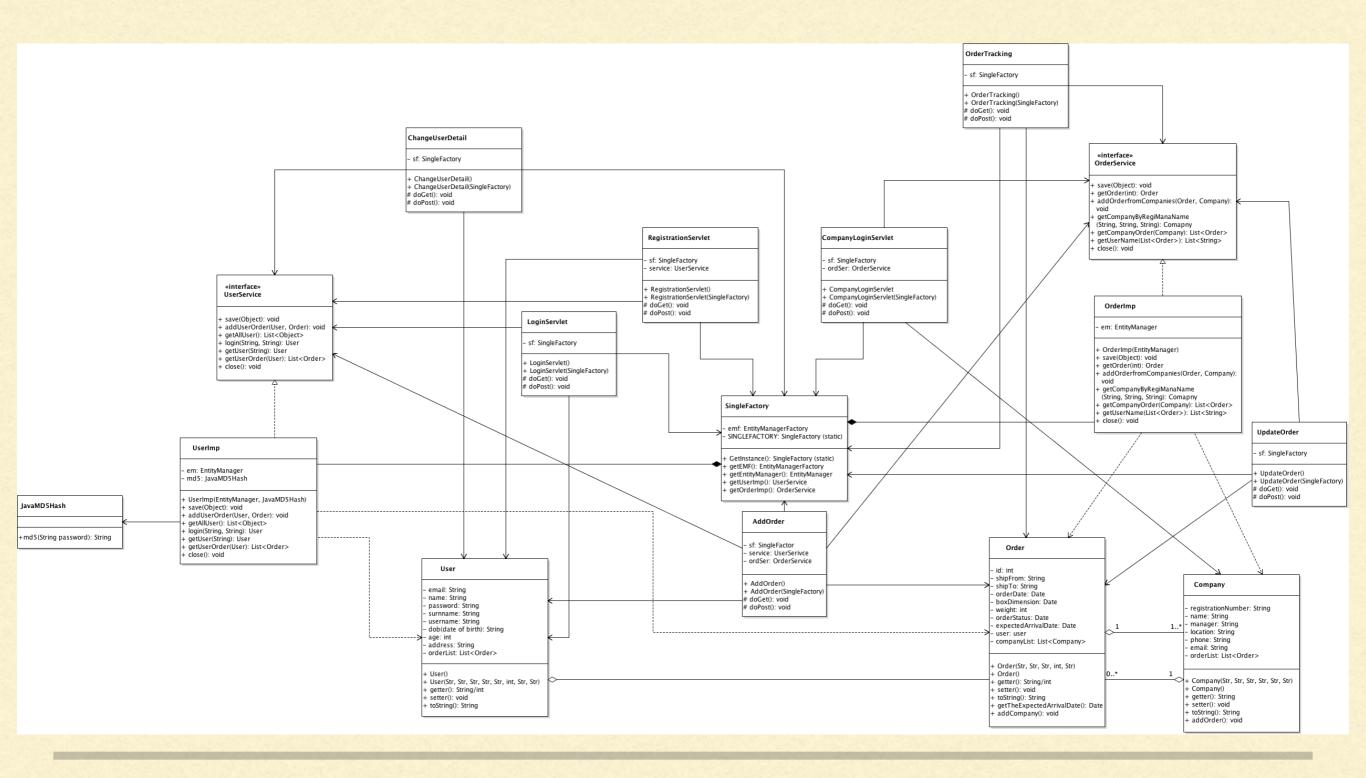
**SOLID & Four Pillars** 

**Design Pattern** 

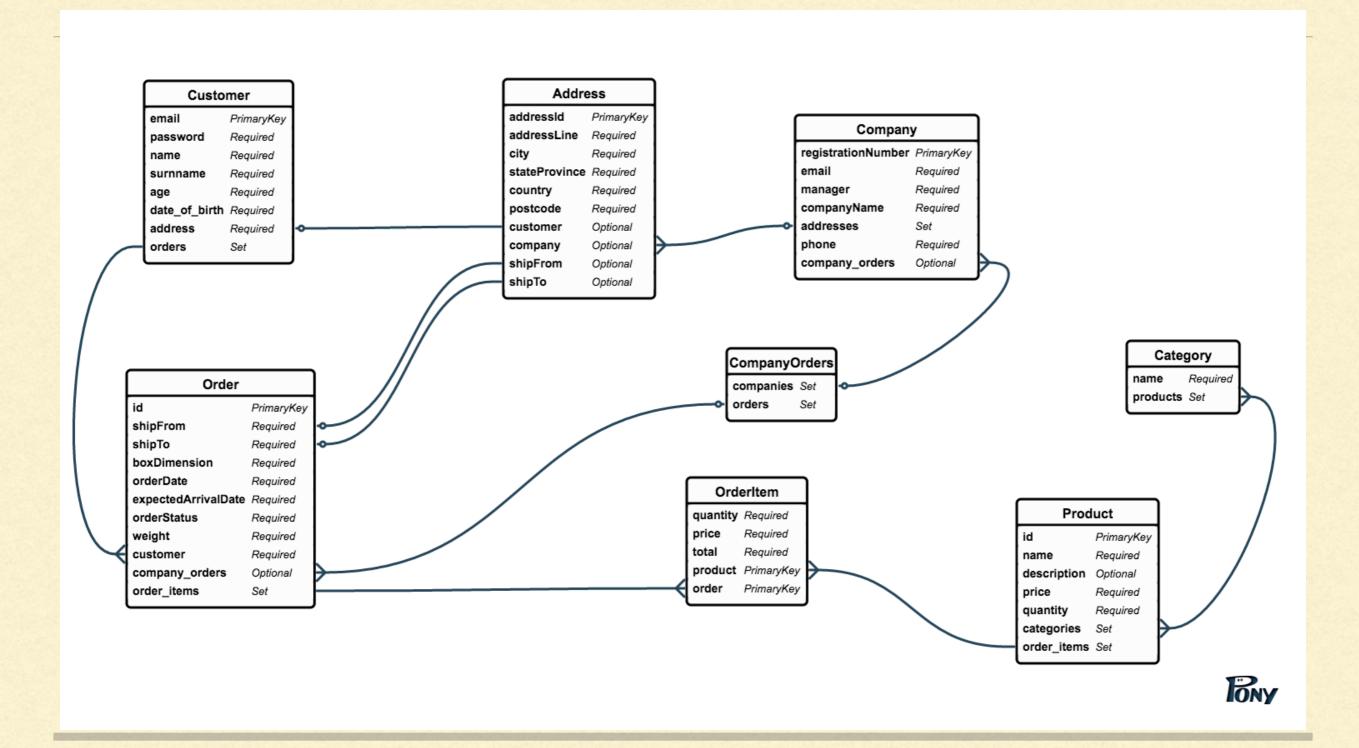
## UML - USE CASE DIAGRAM



# UML - CLASS DIAGRAM



## UML - ERD DIAGRAM



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#### TEST DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

- JUnit4 and Mockito are the framework used to test the whole system;
- Has been implemented for all the models and data access objects, and servlets;
- Easy for models, but required constant rewriting for other classes;
- The coverage rate has reached 88% for 104 test cases;
- Using Mockito to mock the database and HttpRequest and Response;
- The use of Mockito is a time-consuming process since we have to mock every single object in that class;
- It is hard to mock static methods;
- Not available for GUI.

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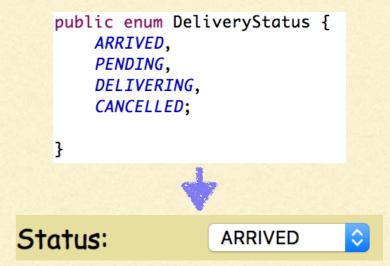
**Design Pattern** 

#### Single responsibility

- One controller is doing one job, e.g.:
  - LoginServlet
  - RegisterServlet
  - CompanyLoginServlet
- Model classes, e.g.:
  - User
  - Order
  - Company

#### Open/Closed Principle

Enum class stores the Delivery Status



- Possible Delivery Status can be easily added to the system and show on the website;
- There are only one header and one footer jsp. All pages share the same header and footer.

Liskov substitution

Interface Segregation Principle

- There are three interfaces: UserService, OrderService, and CompanyService;
  - Each Interface only contains the methods that are specific for similar purpose so that classes/users will never implement unnecessary methods that they don't need.

#### Dependency Inversion Principle

 High-level modules should not depend on low-level modules. Both should depend on abstractions.

Interface - Concrete Class

- UserService UserImp
- OrderService OrderImp
- CompanyService CompanyImp
- UserService service = new UserImp();

# FOUR PILLARS

Abstraction

Polymorphism

Inheritance - the use of interface;

Encapsulation - Interface inversion;