

# The **COFE** Ecosystem

**GaNDLF**

Generally Nuanced  
Deep Learning  
Framework

[gandlf.org](https://gandlf.org)

ML  
● Commons

S. Pati, et al.,  
*Nature  
Communications  
Engineering*,  
2(23), 2023

**OpenVINO**

Model optimization for  
inference on  
low-resource  
environments

[openvino.ai](https://openvino.ai)

intel®

A. Demidovskij, et al.;  
*ICCV Workshop*,  
783-787, 2019

**HF Hub**

Model deployment  
across multiple  
platforms & ecosystems

[hf.co](https://hf.co)



S.M. Jain,  
*Introduction to  
Transformers for NLP*,  
51-67, Berkeley, 2022

**OpenFL**

Federated Learning  
Library

[openfl.io](https://openfl.io)



P. Foley, et al.,  
*Phys Med Biol (ITCR  
Special Issue)*, 67(21),  
214001, 2022

**MedPerf**

Governance &  
Orchestration

[medperf.org](https://medperf.org)

ML  
● Commons

A. Karargyris, et al.;  
*Nature Machine  
Intelligence*  
5:799-810, 2023



# An Open Benchmarking Platform for Medical Artificial Intelligence

Hasan Kassem

Software Engineer  
MLCommons

# MLCommons is a global community

## Founding Members



Academics from educational institutions including:

Harvard University  
Indiana University  
Polytechnique Montreal  
Peng Cheng Laboratory  
Stanford University  
University of California, Berkeley  
University of Toronto  
University of Tübingen  
University of York, United Kingdom  
Yonsei University

# MLCommons' Medical working group

Comprised of professionals from 20+ companies, 20+ academic institutions and 10 hospitals, across 13 countries and 5 continents

A\*STAR, Singapore  
Amazon, Seattle, WA  
Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA  
Broad Institute of MIT and Harvard, Cambridge, MA  
Cisco, San Jose, CA  
cKnowledge, Paris, France  
Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, MA  
Fast.ai, San Francisco, CA  
Flower Labs, Hamburg Germany  
Fondazione Policlinico A. Gemelli, Rome, Italy  
German Cancer Research Center, Heidelberg, Germany  
Google, Mountain View, CA  
Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA  
Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA  
Harvard University, Cambridge, MA  
Hugging Face, New York, NY  
IBM Research, San Jose, CA  
IHU Strasbourg, Strasbourg, France

Intel, Santa Clara, CA  
John Snow Labs, Lewes, DE  
Landing.AI, Palo Alto, CA  
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, CA  
Meta, Menlo Park, CA  
Microsoft, Redmond, WA  
MIT, Cambridge, MA  
MLCommons, San Francisco, CA  
Nutanix, San Jose, CA  
NVIDIA, Santa Clara, CA  
OctoML, Seattle, WA  
Perelman School of Medicine, Philadelphia, PA  
Red Hat, Raleigh, NC  
Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ  
Sage Bionetworks, Seattle, WA  
Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA  
Stanford University, Stanford, CA  
Supermicro, San Jose, CA

University of Cambridge, Cambridge, UK  
University of Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany  
University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA  
University of Queensland, Brisbane, Australia  
University of Strasbourg, Strasbourg, France  
University of Toronto, Toronto, Canada  
University of Trento, Trento, Italy  
University of York, York, UK  
Vector Institute, Toronto, Canada  
Weill Cornell Medicine, New York, NY  
Tata Medical Center, Kolkata, India

# Why real-world validation?

- AI models necessitate more extensive validation
- AI models need diverse data, but healthcare data sharing is difficult.

## Minority Patients Often Left Behind By Health AI

Adi Gaskell Contributor

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Listen to article 8 min

ACLU

### NEWS & COMMENTARY

## Algorithms Are Making Decisions About Health Care, Which May Only Worsen Medical Racism

Unclear regulation and a lack of transparency increase the risk that AI and algorithmic tools that exacerbate racial biases will be used in medical settings.

The Guardian

## An app could catch 98.5% of all Covid-19 infections. Why isn't it available?

When participants in their study provided data, the algorithm successfully detected 98.5% of all Covid-19 infections.

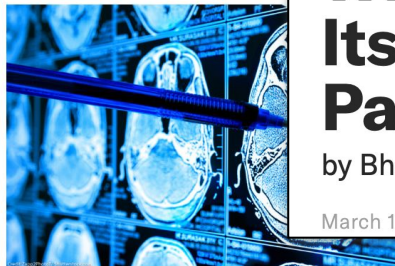


### Analytics And Data Science

## Why AI Failed to Live Up to Its Potential During the Pandemic

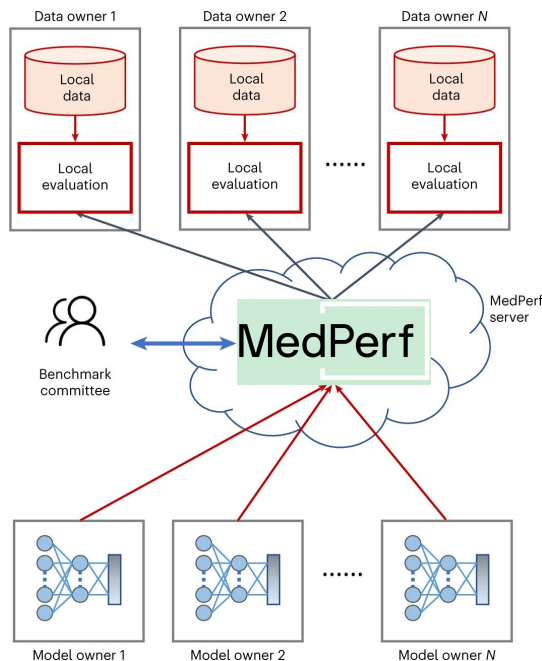
by Bhaskar Chakravorti

March 17, 2022



# Our approach to medical AI benchmarking

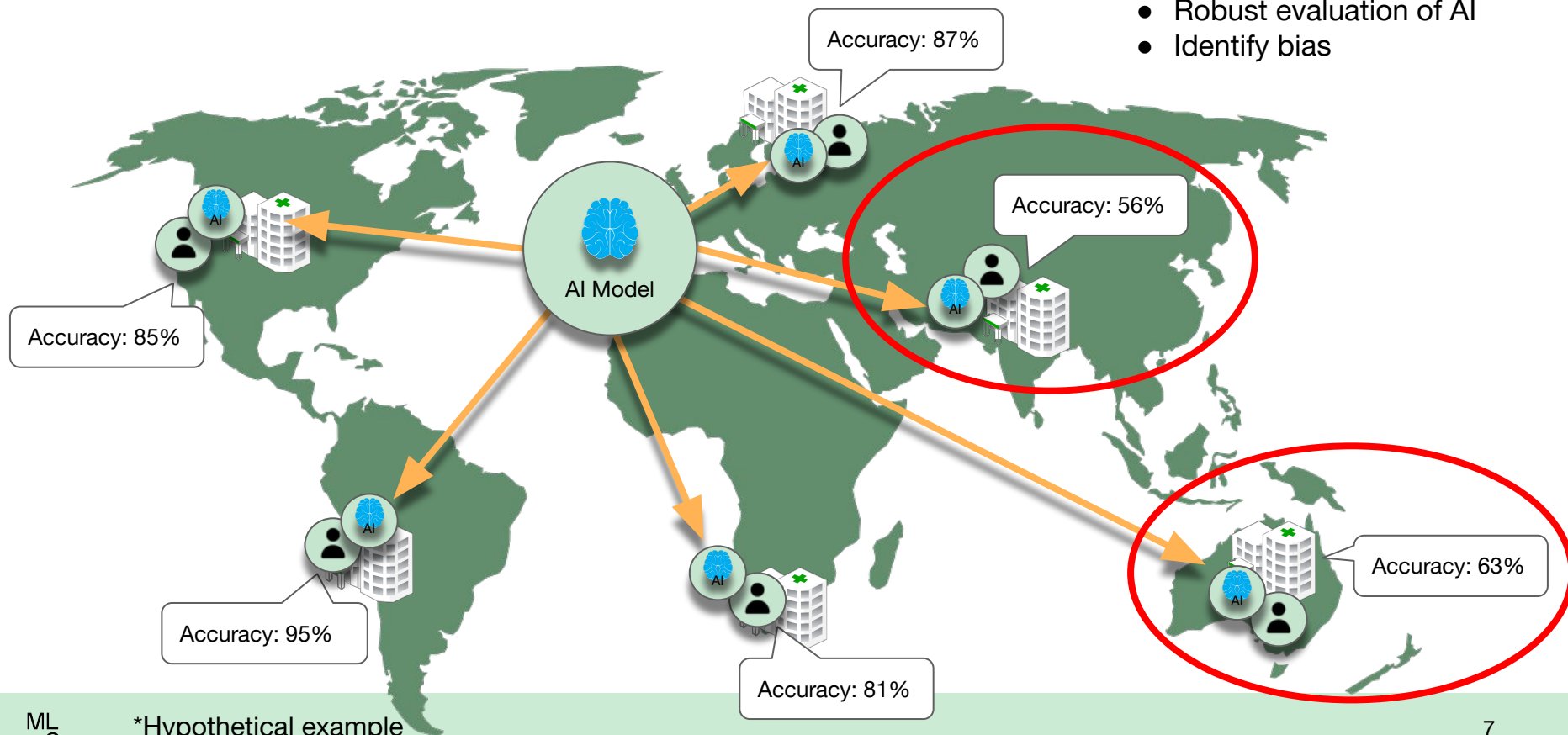
- MedPerf is an open community software platform that evaluates AI models on diverse real-world data for clinical impact
- Based on federated evaluation of AI
  - Driven by stakeholders (aka benchmark committee)
  - Runs on real-world data
  - Patient data is never shared. Models are remotely deployed and evaluated within the premises of data providers (i.e., hospitals)
  - Approach alleviates data privacy concerns
- Integrates human accountability and transparency from experts in the loop



# How it works\*

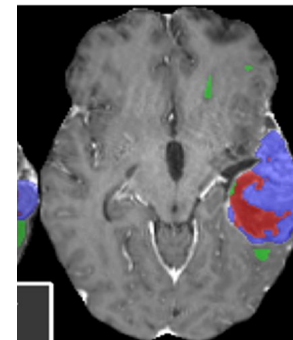
## Real-world diverse data

- Different patients and different clinical sites
- Robust evaluation of AI
- Identify bias



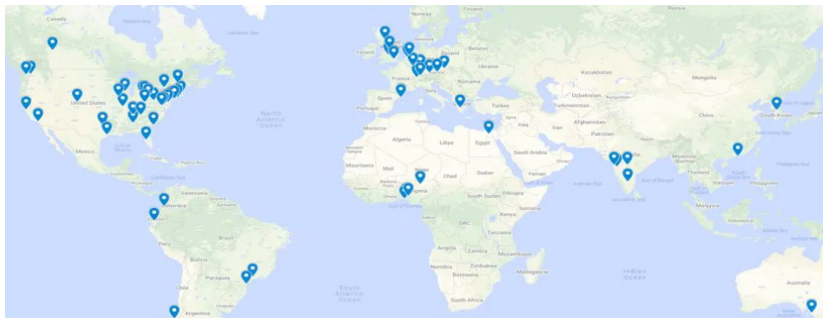
# MedPerf Use Cases

- MedPerf team includes the FeTS/OpenFL researchers that ran a 71 hospital federated training and evaluation experiment in 2021[1]
- Currently supporting neuro-oncology federation of ~100 hospitals, led by Indiana University, Duke University and the Response Assessment for Neuro-Oncology Working Group [2]



SCHOOL OF  
**MEDICINE**

Duke



[1] <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-022-33407-5>

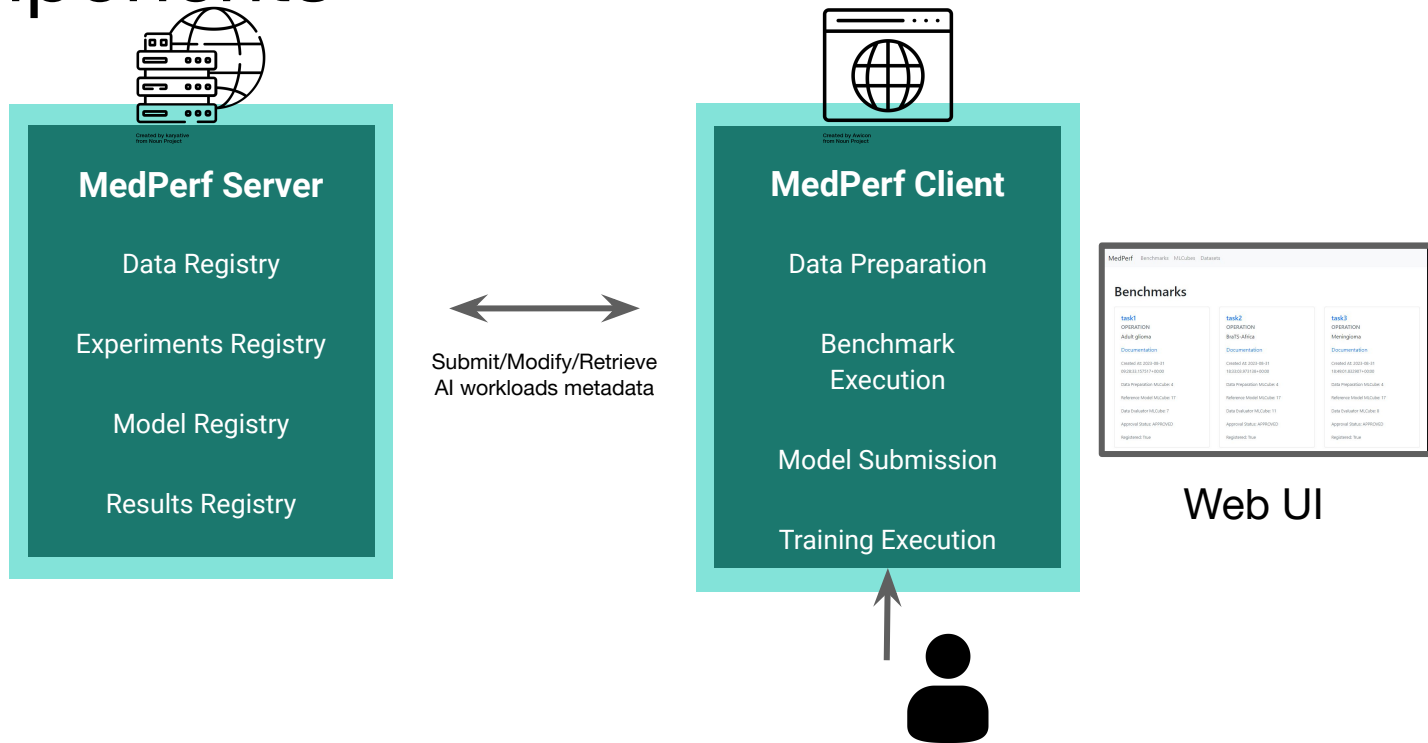
[2] <https://fets-ai.github.io/FL-PoST/>





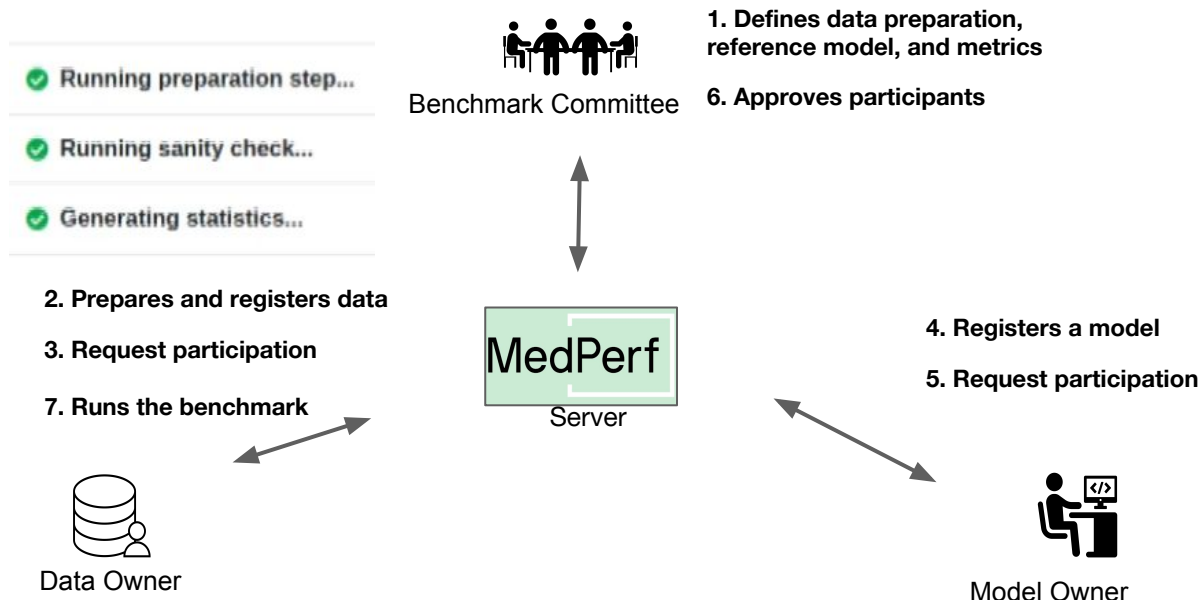
# Technical Description

# Core Components



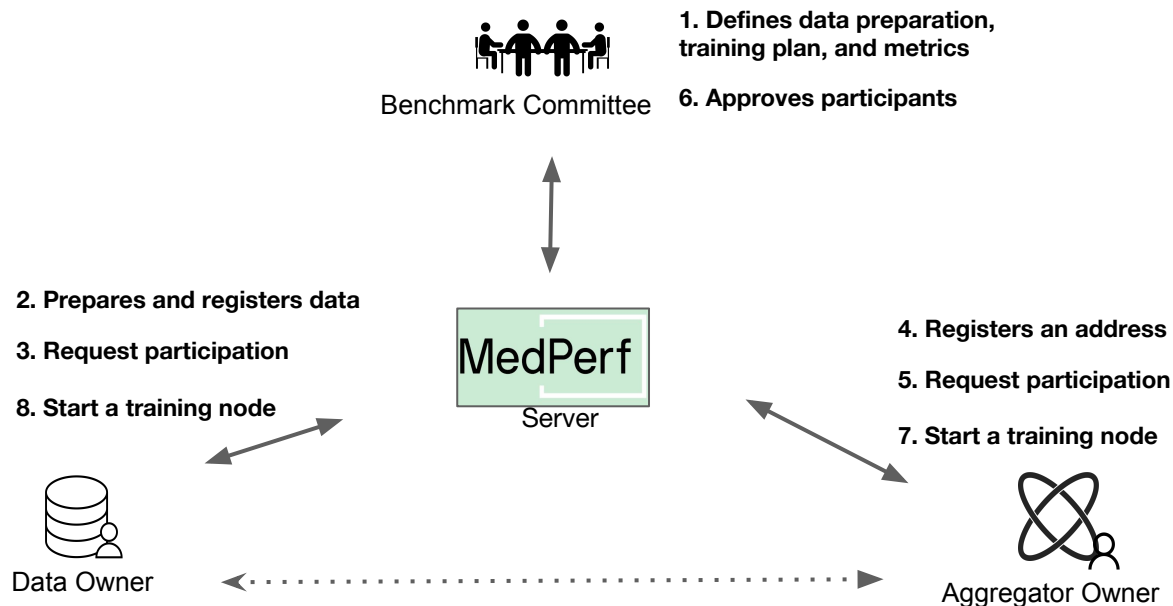
# Evaluation Workflow

- MedPerf is an open community software platform that evaluates AI models on diverse real-world data for clinical impact



# Training Workflow

- MedPerf has been extended to orchestrate federated training experiments





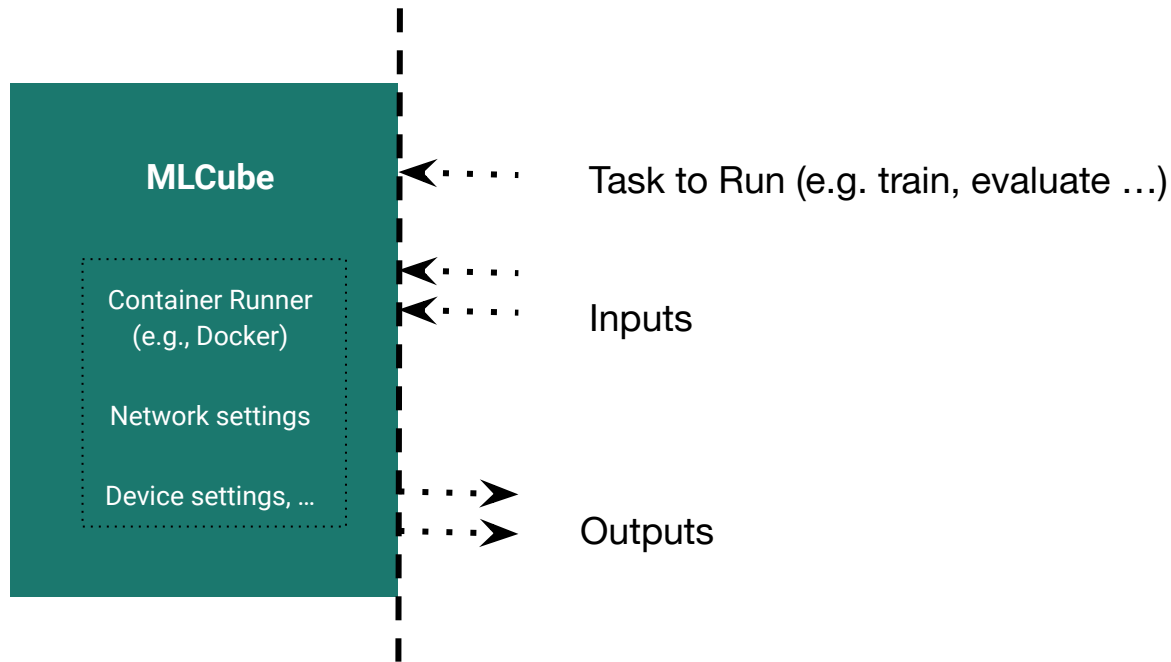
# The OpenFL-GaNDLF MLCube

# What is an MLCube?



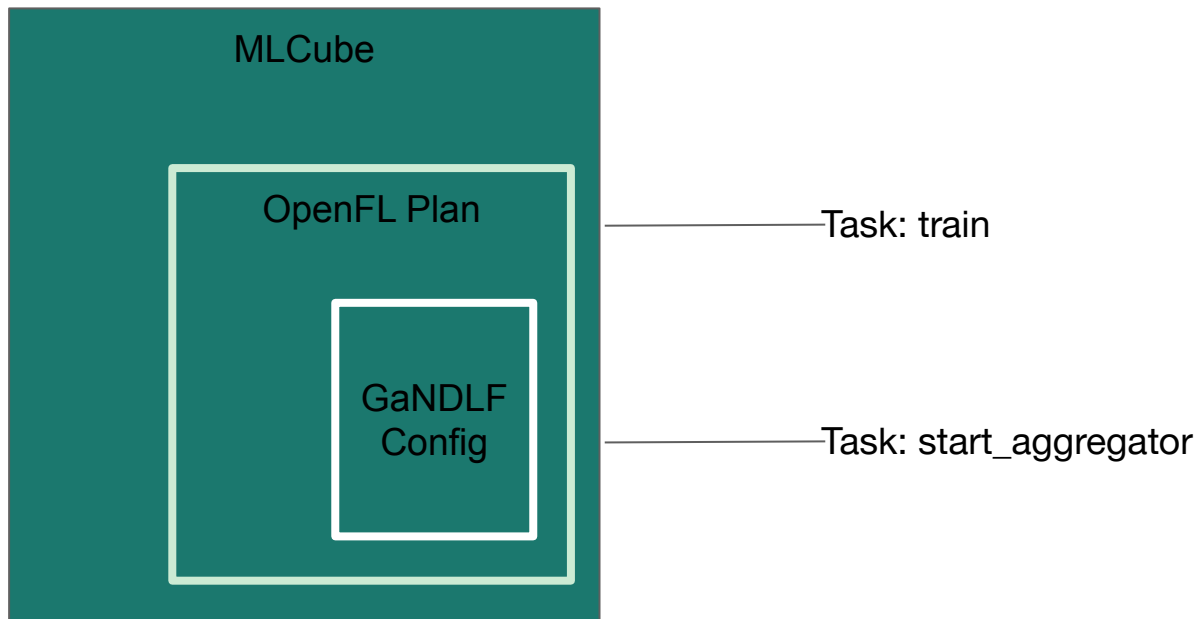
Benchmark Committee

**1. Defines data preparation,  
reference model, and metrics**



Standard Interface across runners

# The OpenFL-GaNDLF MLCube





# What's Coming Next?



# MedPerf

## Web UI

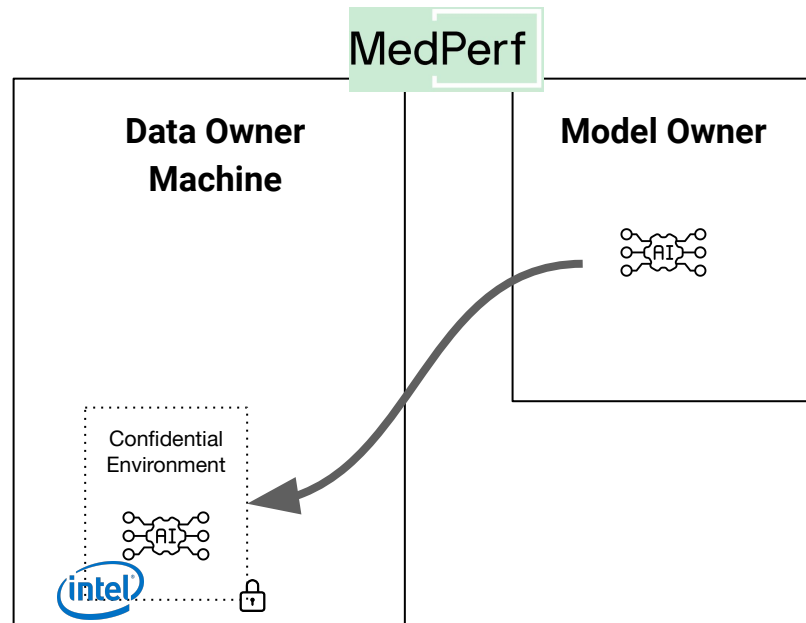




# Security Features

# Confidential Compute

- Run MedPerf workloads in a secure environment on the data owner machine.
  - IP is protected. No need to trust data owners.
- Our partners are helping us support running workloads with confidential compute.



# Data Policies

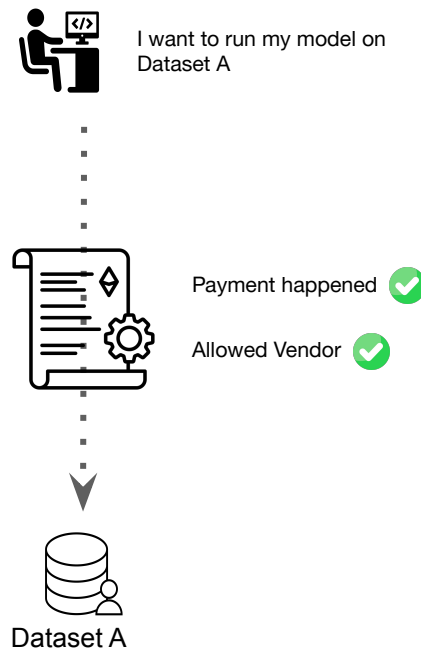
Integrating smart contracts to enforce policies in benchmarks between stakeholders

Value:

- Policies are designed and co-developed with community.
- Automation of policy evaluation
- With SGX, no one can tamper with the contract execution.

Examples:

- Which AI vendor can run a model on a certain dataset
- How many times a model is executed
- Membership agreements between stakeholders



# We welcome people who want to make ML better.

- Join our mailing list
- Attend community events
- Become a member (free for academics)
- Participate in working groups

Join us at [\*\*mlcommons.org\*\*](https://mlcommons.org)

Visit [\*\*medperf.org\*\*](https://medperf.org)

Email us at [\*\*medperf-hello@mlcommons.org\*\*](mailto:medperf-hello@mlcommons.org)

Try the hands-on session at [\*\*https://fl-tutorials.org/\*\*](https://fl-tutorials.org/)

