10. 
$$dV = C_{V,m}dT - pdV$$

$$U = \int_{V_0}^{U} U = C_{V,m}(T - T_0) + pT \ln \frac{V_m}{V_0} + a(\frac{1}{V_m} - \frac{1}{V_0})$$

$$U = C(T - T_0) + \frac{V_m^{\perp} - V_0^{\perp}}{2b} + \frac{(v_0 + aT)(V_0 - V_m)}{b}$$

$$12. (1) O(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T})_p = (\frac{\partial H}{\partial T})_p - \frac{P(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_p}{2T}$$

$$= C_p - \alpha PV$$

$$= C_p - \alpha PV$$

$$= T(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_T = T(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P})_T + kPV$$

$$= T(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T})_P + kPV$$

$$= C_p - C_V + kPV$$

$$= C_p - C_V + kPV$$

$$= C_p - C_V + kPV$$

$$= P(C_p - C_V) + kPV$$

$$= kPV - (C_p - C_V) + kPV$$

$$(1) \oplus (\frac{\partial V}{\partial \rho})_{V} = C_{V} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \rho}\right)_{V} = C_{V} \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial \Gamma}\right)_{V} = \frac{C_{V}}{\beta P}$$

$$= \frac{kC_{V}}{\alpha}$$

$$(2) \oplus (\frac{\partial V}{\partial V})_{P} = (\frac{\partial H}{\partial V})_{P} - P = (\frac{\partial H}{\partial \Gamma})_{P} (\frac{\partial T}{\partial V})_{P} - P$$

$$= C_{P} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial V}\right)_{P} = \frac{C_{P}}{\alpha V} - P$$