

Zoom算法的若干种情况

要满足的条件

- α_{low} 和 α_{high} 组成的区间内存在满足强Wolfe条件的步长
- α_{low} 是所有生成的满足充分下降条件的步长中，函数值最小的
- $\phi'(\alpha_{low})(\alpha_{high} - \alpha_{low}) < 0$
- $\phi(\alpha_{low}) < \phi(\alpha_{high})$
- α_j 在 α_{low} 和 α_{high} 组成的区间内

情况1

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;



else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

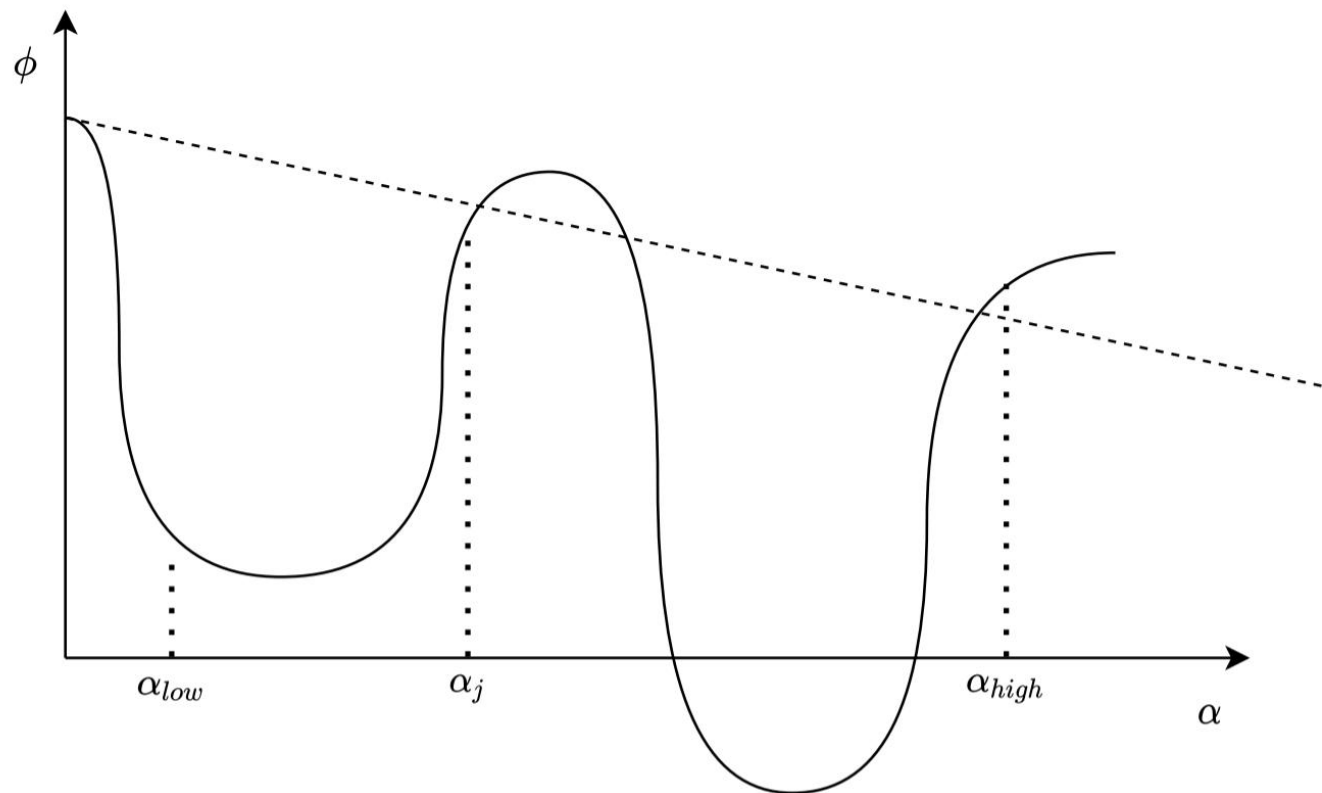
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



- 搜索区间变为 $[\alpha_{low}, \alpha_j]$

情况2

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$; ✓

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

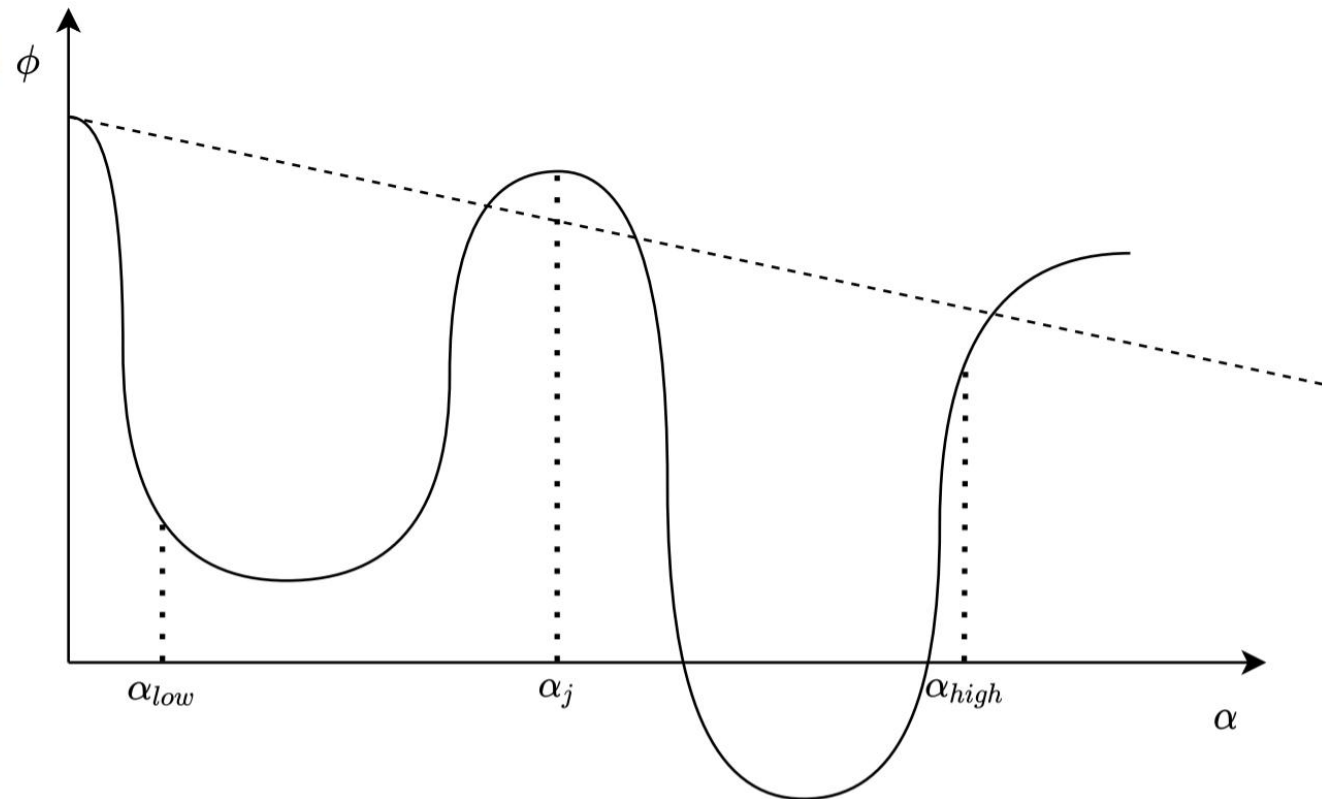
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



- 搜索区间变为 $[\alpha_{low}, \alpha_j]$

情况3

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$; ✓

✗

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

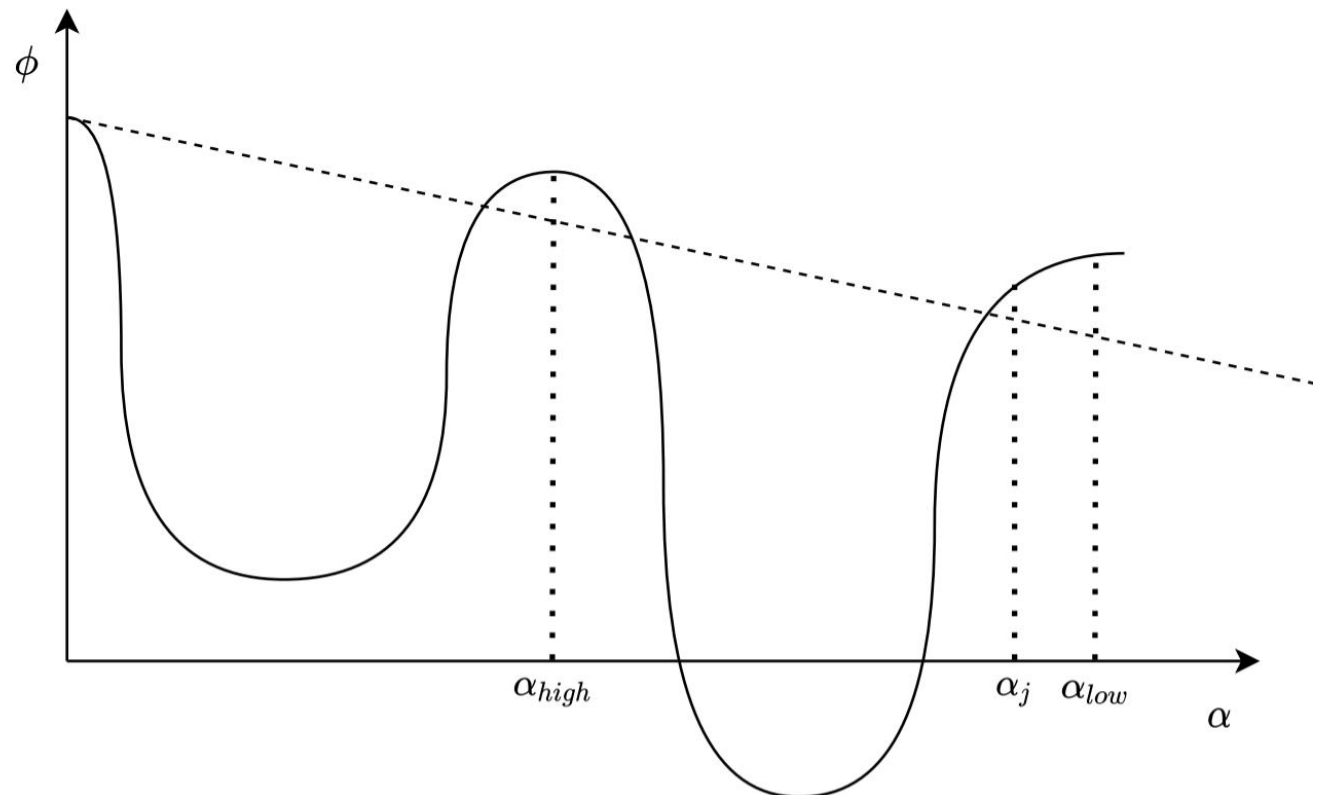
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



- 与 α_{low} 满足充分下降条件矛盾

情况4

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$; ✗ ✗

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

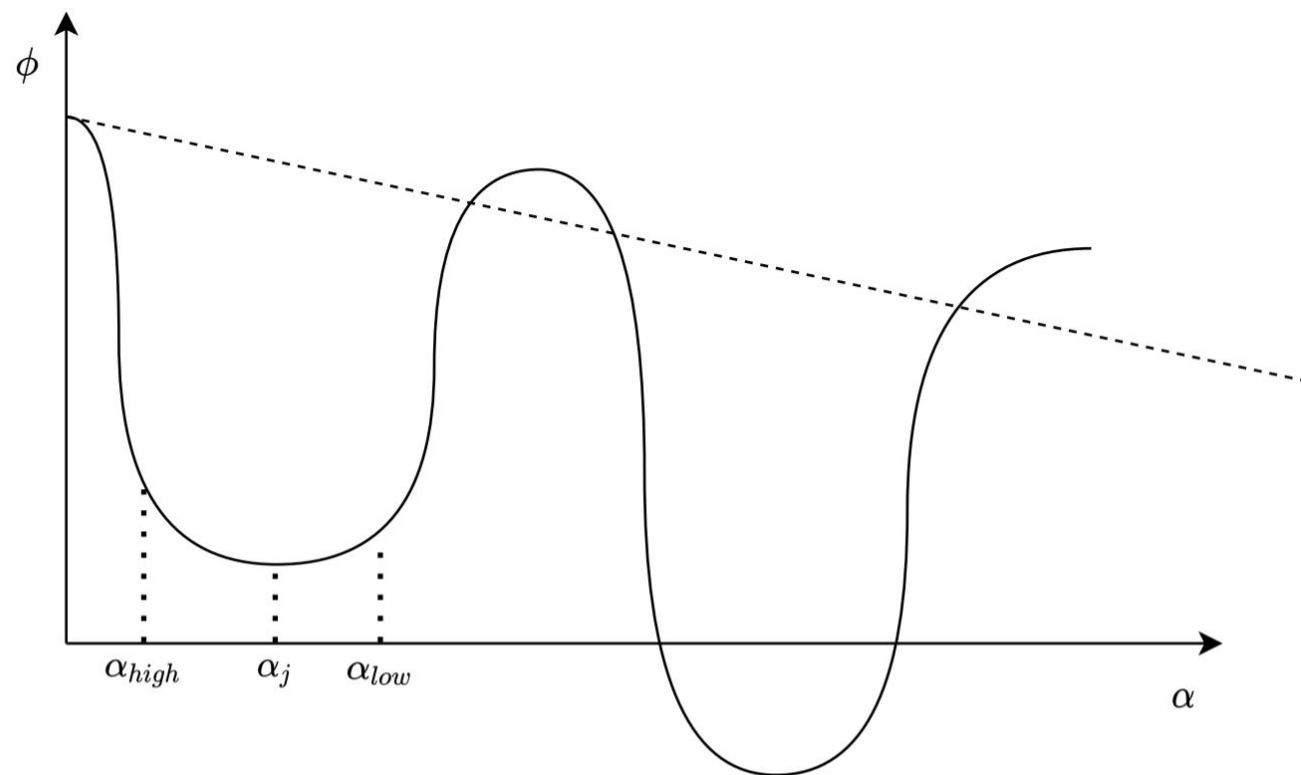
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



• 进入下一个判定

情况4-1

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$; ✗ ✗

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$ ✓

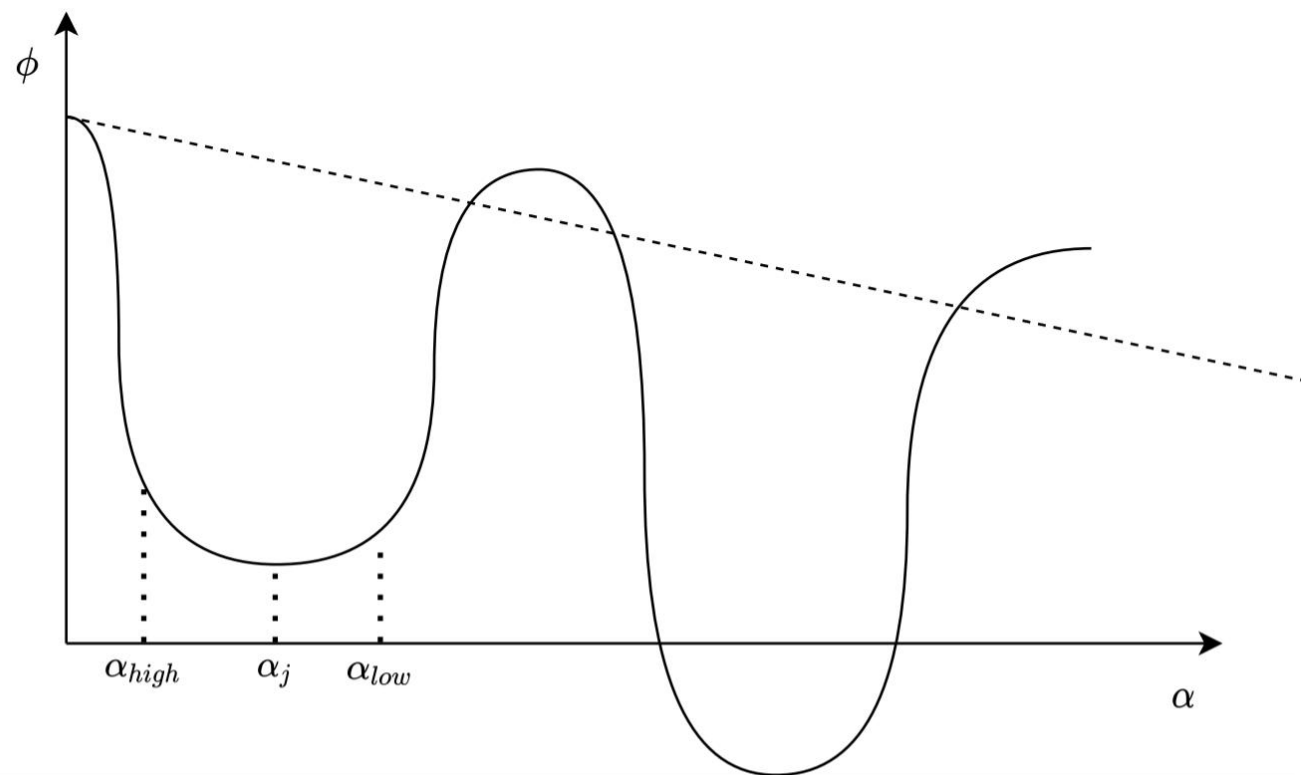
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



• $\alpha_* = \alpha_j$, 算法终止

情况4-2

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$; ✗ ✗

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$ ✗

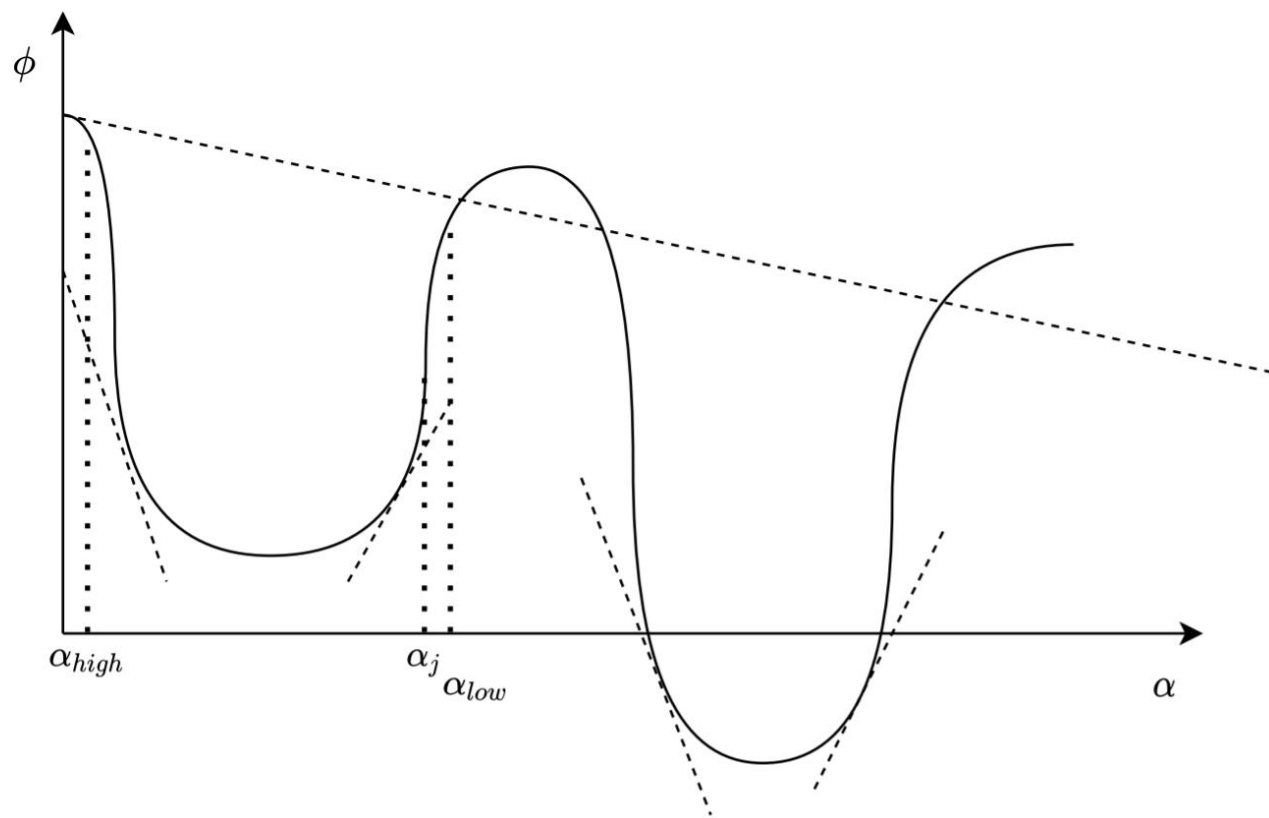
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



• 进入下一个判定

情况4-2-1

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

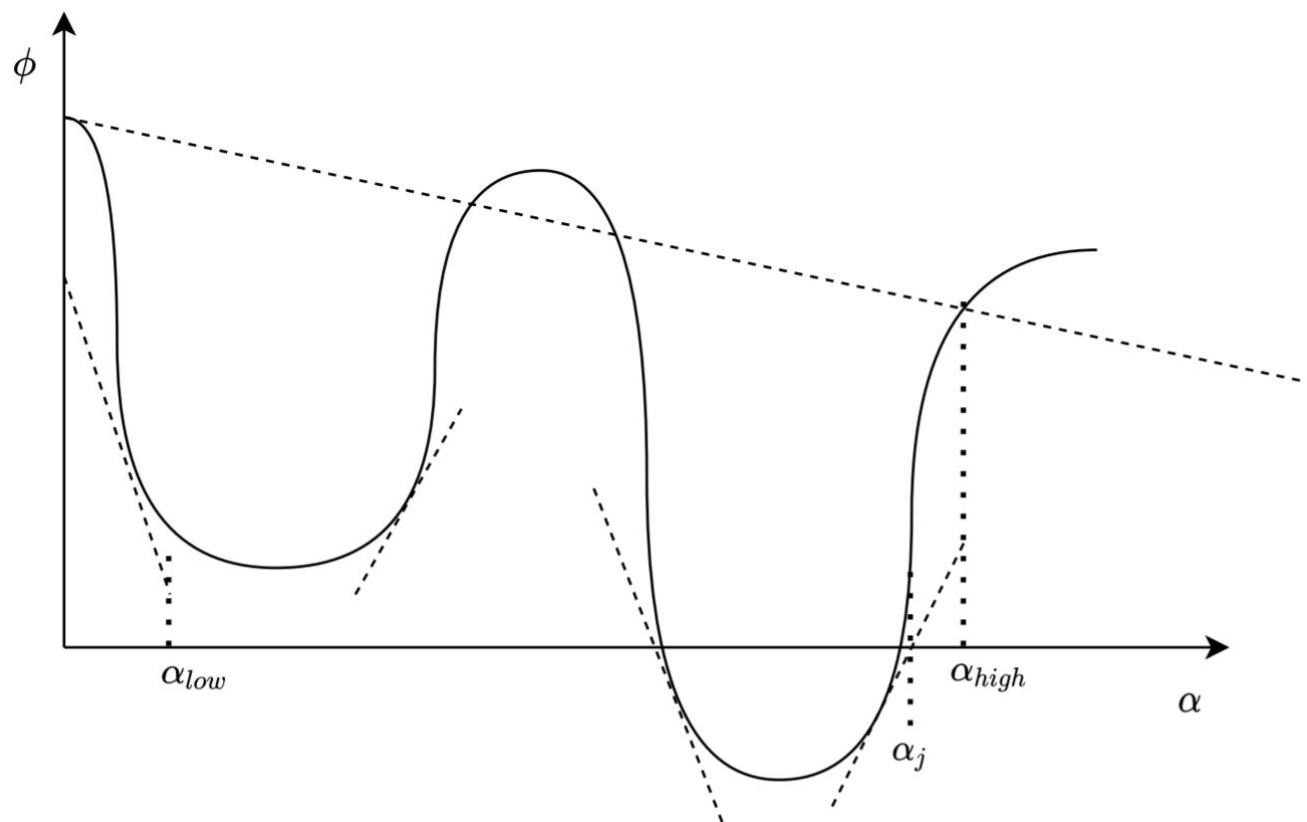
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



- 搜索区间变为 $[\alpha_{low}, \alpha_j]$

情况4-2-2

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$; ✗ ✗

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$ ✗

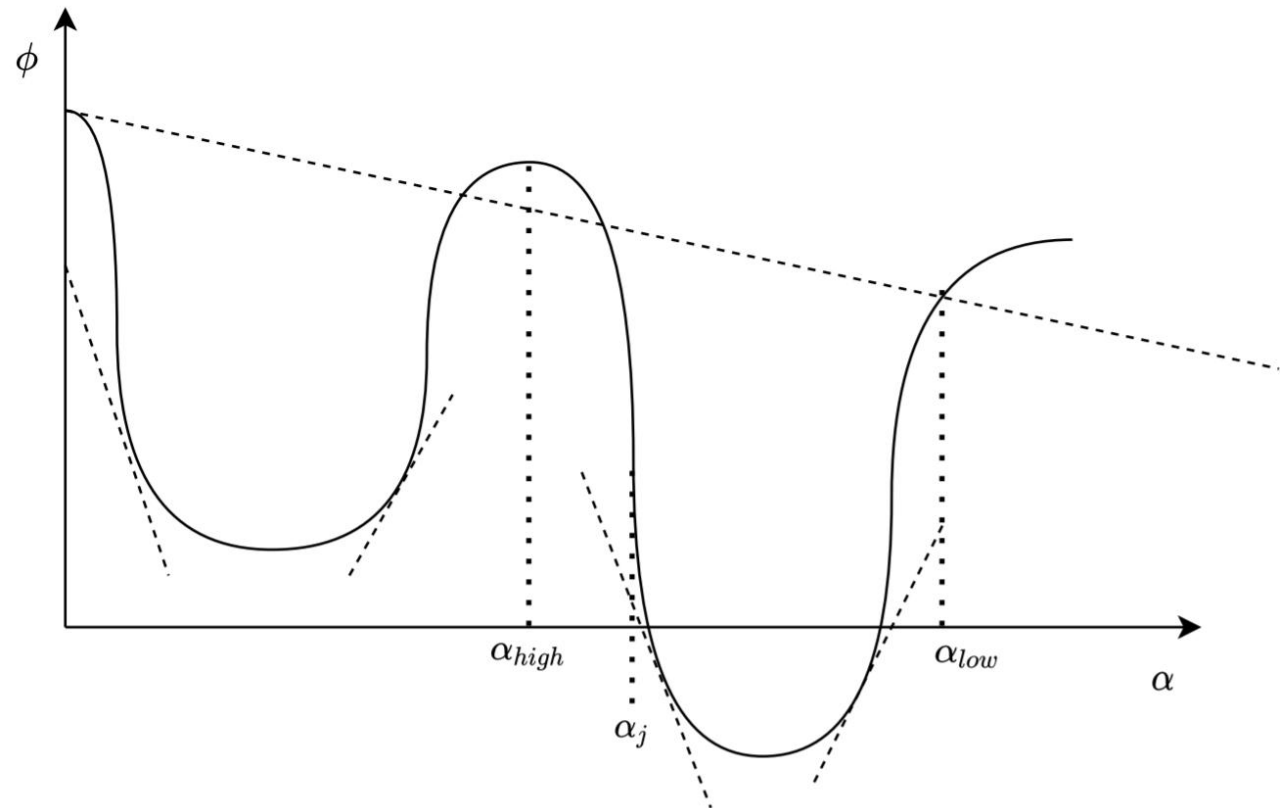
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$ ✓

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



- 搜索区间变为 $[\alpha_{low}, \alpha_j]$

情况4-2-3

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

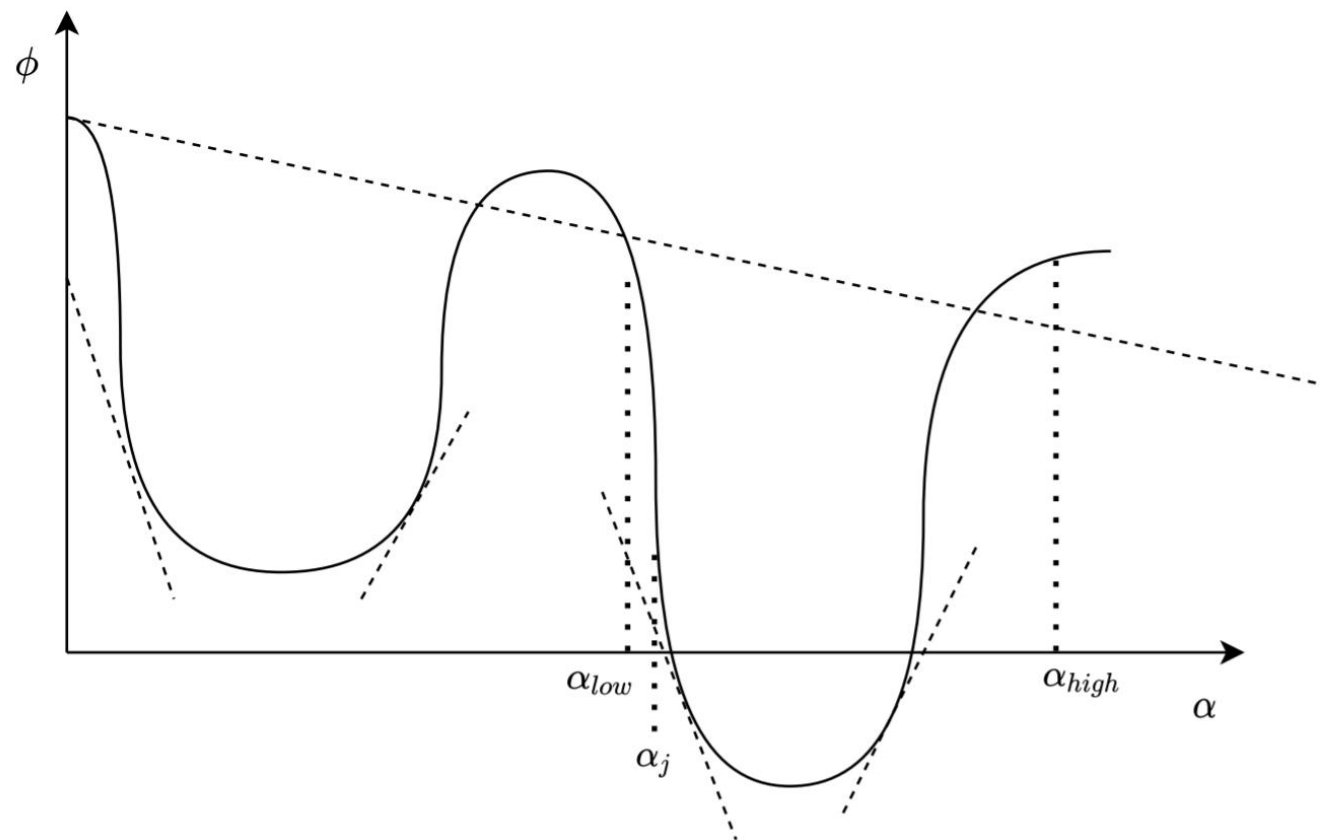
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



• 搜索区间变为 $[\alpha_j, \alpha_{high}]$

情况4-2-4

repeat

Interpolate (using quadratic, cubic, or bisection) to find
a trial step length α_j between α_{lo} and α_{hi} ;

Evaluate $\phi(\alpha_j)$;

if $\phi(\alpha_j) > \phi(0) + c_1\alpha_j\phi'(0)$ or $\phi(\alpha_j) \geq \phi(\alpha_{lo})$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

else

Evaluate $\phi'(\alpha_j)$;

if $|\phi'(\alpha_j)| \leq -c_2\phi'(0)$

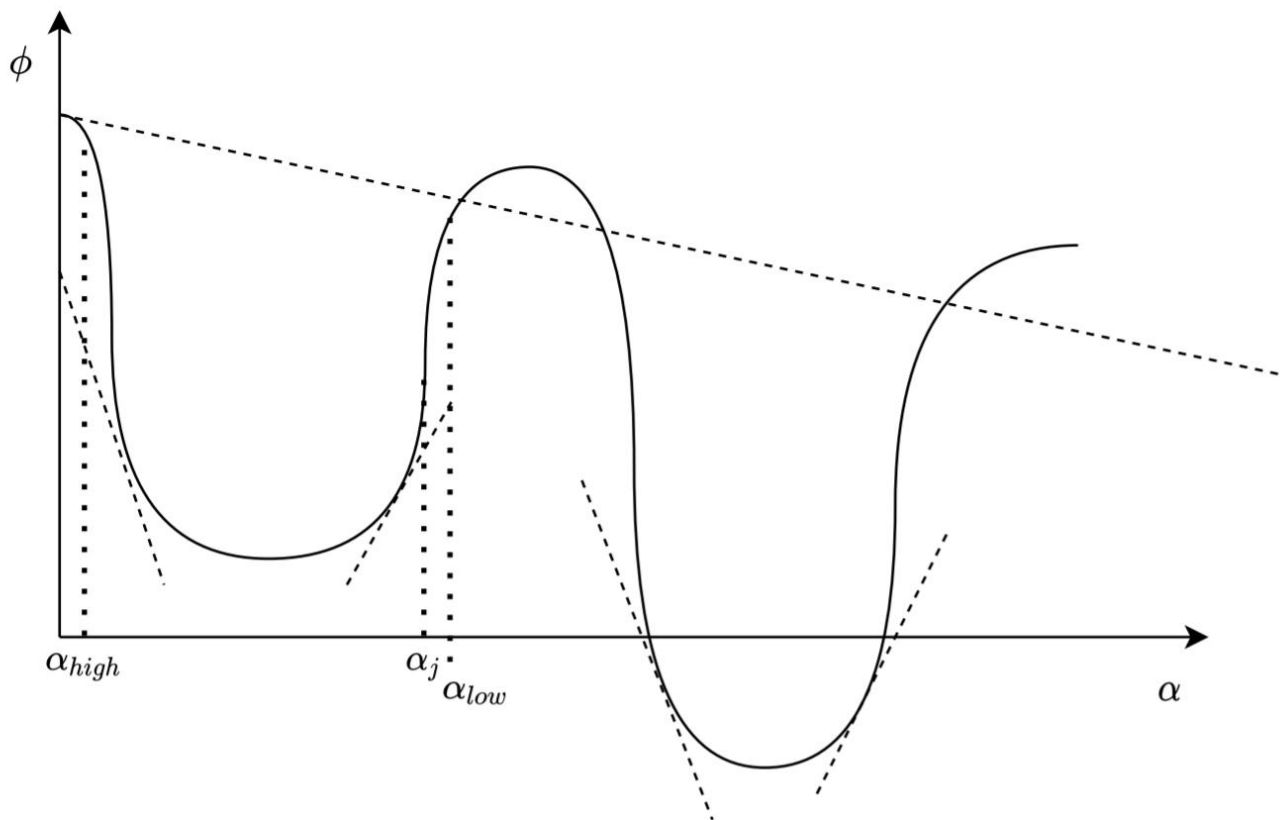
Set $\alpha_* \leftarrow \alpha_j$ and **stop**;

if $\phi'(\alpha_j)(\alpha_{hi} - \alpha_{lo}) \geq 0$

$\alpha_{hi} \leftarrow \alpha_{lo}$;

$\alpha_{lo} \leftarrow \alpha_j$;

end (repeat)



• 搜索区间变为 $[\alpha_{high}, \alpha_j]$